"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today; tomorrow, fair and slightly warmer.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 71; min., 54.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXIII....No. 24,332. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1924. TWO CENTS in Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

BIG ROCKFORD CROWD HEARS DAVIS URGE 'COMMON HONESTY'

In First Speech of Western Tour He Promises to Expose "Maladministration."

"ALL" WILL KNOW HIS VIEWS

Attacks Klan and Upholds Religious Freedom Before 7,000 at Dubuque.

STARTS OUT FULL OF FIGHT

Announces on Leaving Chicago That He Will Battle for Every State and Concede None.

Special to The New York Times.

ON THE DAVIS SPECIAL TRAIN AT FREEPORT, Ill., Sept. 5.—A promise to carry his issue of common honesty throughout the country and to call the attention of the American people to the corruption and maladministration under the Republican Administration was made tonight by John W. Davis, Democratic nominee for President, in a speech at Rockford, Ill., the first of a series of five rear-platform speeches on his way from Chicago to Omaha.

An enthusiastic crowd of at least 5,000 met Mr. Davis at the railroad station for one of the most encouraging meetings thus far in the campaign. The train pulled a short distance past the station and the men and women in the crowd broke into a run to crowd about the rear of Mr. Davis's car.

"I am delighted to meet face to face, so many of the citizens of Rockford and to feel that I have given them an evening of such delightful exercise," Mr. Davis said. "I shall not pretend to discuss with you at length tonight all the issues of the campaign.

"On behalf of the Democratic Party I have but three things to offer to the people of the United States.

"We offer them first a Government of common honesty and we insist that political parties cannot escape responsibility for the things they have done or that they have permitted to be done. We shall call the attention of the American people to the things that have occurred in the last three years and a half, to the corruption that has attended the leasing of their naval oil reserves, to the maladministration in the Veterans Bureau and shall insist that the Republican Party shall answer before them for those things.

Demands "Common Justice."

"We offer to the American people, a government of common justice that knows neither rich nor poor, high nor low, but intends to treat all citizens as equal before an equal law.

"And we propose to offer them a government of common courage which knows its mind and is not afraid to declare it.

"I am not at all sure that the views which I entertain—indeed I cannot hope that the views I entertain will meet the approval of all the citizens of these United States, but I am resolved that no man and no woman shall vote for me in this campaign ignorant of the views I entertain on any public question.

"It is my purpose frankly, fairly and candidly to lay before the people of this country the views and the principles and the program of the Democratic Party, and to give them, in the exercise of their judgment and discretion, an opportunity to make their choice when election day arrives.

"Now, let me say that I appreciate very greatly your coming tonight in such large numbers, whatever your politics may be, Democratic or Republican, Progressive or Socialist, I urge you to perform your duty as American citizens and on election day to go to the polls and express your real convictions. I thank you most heartily for your courtesy and your attention."

"We'll elect you!" shouted an auditor just as the train began moving, and the crowd yelled approval. Mr. Davis smiled and waved his hand in acknowledgment as the train moved on.

Attacks Klan at Dubuque.

The sanctity of freedom of conscience and religious worship was emphasized by Mr. Davis in his speech at Dubuque, Iowa, made at 11 o'clock tonight. He coupled this reference to the Ku Klux Klan, on his entrance into a section in which it is reputed to be strong, with a denunciation of the theory that would curtail the power of the United States Supreme Court, which he declared was established to see that this and other fundamental rights were preserved.

Fully 7,000 persons gathered at the Dubuque Station and gave an enthusiastic reception to the nominee.

Starts on Tour in Fighting Mood.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 5.—Just before leaving here tonight for Omaha, where he will deliver his farm relief speech tomorrow night, John W. Davis, Democratic nominee for President, expressed satisfaction over the information he had received here concerning the political situation in the Middle West, characterized as "Republican propaganda" reports that the fight in this section was between President Coolidge and Senator La Follette and announced his intention of making a vigorous fight to carry these States.

Mr. Davis was in an optimistic mood after a conference with down-State Illinois Democratic leaders when interviewed in his rooms at the Congress Hotel.

"I am really much encouraged by the conferences held here," he said. "I have seen people from Indiana, Illinois, Mis-

Continued on Page Three.

Bandits Kidnap Rich Depositor After Looting Missouri Bank

MOBERLY, Mo., Sept. 5.—Three bandits this afternoon held up the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank at La Plata, took a small amount of money and kidnapping Fred Wolfe, a farmer depositor, escaped in an automobile. Bank officials said the loot would not exceed $3,000.

Wolfe is said to be one of the bank's largest depositors. "If any one gets shot, it will be you," his captors told him.

The bandits appeared headed for rough country where pursuit would be difficult.

TEXTILE FINANCES STIR UP POLITICS

Passing of Dividend by American Woolen Co. Gives Weapon to Democratic Leaders.

DECLARE TARIFF A FAILURE

Republican Chairman Issues a Statement Denying Report of Conference on Political Results.

Democratic and Third Party campaign managers yesterday pounced eagerly upon the notice of the Directors of the American Woolen Company that it had passed its quarterly dividend payment upon common stock, while the Republican managers were plainly perturbed and avoided discussion of the matter.

Democratic managers insisted that the action of the American Woolen Company proved conclusively that the Republican cry of prosperity was a myth and afforded evidence, if any were needed, of the complete breakdown of the Fordney-McCumber Tariff bill.

William M. Butler, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, issued the following statement last night:

"My attention has been called to a statement in one of the New York papers, as follows:

"'It is known that Mr. Butler and his fellow manufacturers contemplated a wage cut of 20 per cent., and even had prepared the notices of it for posting, and it is believed his reversal of attitude followed a conference with Secretary of War John W. Weeks, who pointed out that such action might have unpleasant political consequences.'

"This statement is untrue. I know nothing about any contemplated wage cut of 20 per cent., and know nothing of any notices which have been prepared for posting. I have had no discussion with reference to the subject with any one. I have had no conference with Secretary of War John W. Weeks about this subject, nor has it been alluded to in any conversation I have had with him."

"There has been general depression in the entire textile industry in the United States," said Thomas J. Spellacy, Democratic Eastern campaign manager, at headquarters in the Belmont Hotel. "We have been constantly told by the Republican press and Republican orators that a Republican tariff means prosperity. The Republican Party obtained Congressional control of the country in 1918. They operated until 1922 under a Democratic tariff. In 1922 they passed the Fordney-McCumber Tariff bill. This tariff gave the woolen industry the highest protection ever given, even exceeding the famous and iniquitous Schedule K. of the Payne-Aldrich Tariff bill. The American people repudiated Schedule K. and the Payne-Aldrich tariff in 1910, and that year, for the first time since Grover Cleveland, a Democratic Congress was elected largely on that issue.

"In the Senate of the United States there is one Senator who owns so many sheep that it has been said of him that he is the greatest shepherd since Abraham. He and his Republican colleagues gave to the American Woolen Company an amount of protection that has exceeded even that of Schedule K of the Payne-Aldrich tariff. Notwithstanding this protection the textile industry has lowered wages, has closed its shops in some instances, and in other instances has been running on part time. The workers certainly have not benefited by the tariff schedule that they were told was passed for their protection. In

Continued on Page Four.

FIRST WATERSPOUT COMES WITH STORM; BOLT KILLS ACTOR

Fifty-Foot Fountain Off Statue of Liberty Throws Lighter's Cargo Overboard.

RAYMOND CRANE A VICTIM

Musical Comedy Star Struck by Lightning While Playing Golf at Jackson Heights.

SCORNED FRIEND'S WARNING

"All Poppycock," He Said, When Told It Was Dangerous to Take Refuge Under a Tree.

Heavy rain squalls swept the metropolitan district yesterday afternoon and brought the first waterspout ever reported in New York harbor. Lightning struck in various quarters, and one bolt killed Raymond Crane, an actor, on the Community Golf Club course at Jackson Heights.

The disturbance was "spotty," according to the weather experts, who observed that the rains seemed to fall in a local radius, then moved on only to double back and fall again in their own rear. The only storm warning was the following, issued at 2 P. M.:

"Disturbance over Eastern Quebec, moving northeastward, increasing in intensity; fresh southerly winds will shift to strong northwesterly early tonight, probably reaching moderate gale force."

The waterspout occurred yesterday afternoon at 3:15 and lasted four minutes. Thousands of persons watched the strange sight from offices along State Street, the Custom House, U. S. Barge Office and the lower end of Broadway.

Shot Up 50 Feet in the Air.

The spectators saw a dark, threatening cloud hanging like a pendant toward the water and moving northeast at terrific speed. When it was near the Statue of Liberty a commotion was seen in the water, which rose with heavy spray about fifty feet into the air and met the cloud.

The waterspout made a hissing noise as it traveled along Governors Island to the south end, where it sheared off toward the United States Barge Office and broke up with a dull boom near Castle Williams.

Two municipal ferryboats, one coming from and the other going to Staten Island, passed within 200 to 300 feet of the waterspout. The only craft in the path of the waterspout was a steam lighter, which had a deckload of lumber and barrels, the greater part of which was washed overboard.

For fully five minutes after the waterspout collapsed the waves dashed with great force against the Battery sea wall and the piers at the United States Barge Office, causing the craft tied up there to roll and pitch heavily.

Expert Describes Phenomenon.

In an official account of the occurrence, James H. Kimball, the observer on duty in the United States Weather Bureau, said:

"A partial waterspout formed over the upper bay at 3:15 P. M. and disappeared at 3:19 P. M. on the surface of the water about 1,000 feet west of the most southerly point of Governors Island. A circular body of mist and spray approximately one hundred feet in diameter formed and rose to a height of fifty feet. This drifted northeastward a few hundred feet off the west shore of the island at the rate of perhaps 1,000 feet a minute.

"Associated with but not visibly attached to the mass of the spray was a grayish pendant portion projecting from the black base of a cumulo-nimbus cloud, that overspread the entire bay. As the cloud mass drifted northward the pendant portion gradually drew away from the body of mist and when the former had passed clear of the island and the mist and spray had reached nearly to Castle Williams, the whole phenomenon quickly disappeared.

"The cloud base was at an elevation of 1,000 feet, while the pendant extended downward to within five hundred feet of the water surface, taper-

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Wild West Show Offers Pershing a Job; He Says He's Best at Shooting Glass Balls

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—General Pershing has received an offer to join a Wild West show upon his retirement from active duty in the army on Sept. 12.

The General stated today that he had not been informed as to whether the outfit wished him to lead the parade, ride bucking broncos or shoot glass balls from horseback after the manner of the late Colonel William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill). He is confident that he could manage the last-named feat with success.

The General said he had not yet answered the communication, but smilingly indicated that he would not accept. The name of the show was not divulged.

General Pershing said this offer was the most notable of the many proposals he has received from the movies and various business organizations. He has not yet made up his mind as to what activity, if any, he will enter after leaving the War Department.

He is writing his memoirs of the World War at present, and probably will make no business connection until those are finished. He is not certain when this work will be accomplished, he said, as he is proceeding on the task in leisurely fashion, writing only when he feels in the mood.

General Pershing is convinced that Defense Test Day will be a success. The controversy which was aroused in the General's opinion has served to clarify the situation and bring home to many persons throughout the United States the real purpose of the demonstration.

In addition to its designation as Defense Day, Sept. 12, the anniversary of the battle of St. Mihiel, will mark the retirement of General Pershing at the age limit of 64.

ARREST OF FIRPO ASKED BY CURRAN

As Result of Investigation Here a Request for a Warrant Is Sent to Washington.

RICKARD READY WITH BAIL

Boxer's Attorney Says Bout Will Be Held, but Chase Will Fight Granting of Bond.

Immigration Commissioner Henry H. Curran announced last evening at Ellis Island that he had requested the Department of Labor in Washington to issue a warrant for the arrest of Luis Angel Firpo, the Argentine pugilist, who is scheduled to fight Harry Wills, negro heavyweight, in this city next Thursday night.

This recommendation, said the Commissioner, was the result of evidence presented to him in his investigation of charges brought by Canon William Sheafe Chase, the Brooklyn clergyman, and Canon Chase's attorney, Bernard H. Sandler. Canon Chase has been trying to have the bout stopped, alleging that the evidence in hand should compel Firpo's deportation because of his relations with Blanca Lourdes Picart, who arrived here on the same ship with Firpo, but who was refused admittance and sent to Cuba.

Commissioner Curran said he expected to receive authorization by telegraph today to serve a warrant on Firpo. In that event, he said, he would order Firpo's arrest forthwith. The fighter would be taken to Ellis Island for a hearing before the Commissioner. It is understood that bail will be permitted and a date set for the hearing, though Canon Chase and his attorney intend to demand that bail be refused.

Tex Rickard, promoter of the Firpo-Wills fight, said last night he was proceeding with his plans for the fight, that he was prepared to furnish a bond in any amount and that he would go to the courts if necessary. Hyman Bushel, attorney for Firpo, said his client wanted his day in court and would be on hand at any time. He said he would apply for bail and was confident the fight would be held.

Canon Chase Goes to Washington.

Canon Chase left last evening for Washington, saying he intended to ask the Department of Labor to appoint three inspectors from other ports to form the board before which Firpo would be examined. Canon Chase said he wanted the hearing to be before a board uninfluenced by Commissioner Curran.

Firpo himself made no comment on the turn of events. He visited Police Commissioner Enright during the afternoon, presenting a letter of introduction from the Police Chief of Buenos Aires. He said he would attend the police field games at Jamaica today and next Saturday and promised to give a boxing exhibition at the games Saturday. He is now out in $2,000 bail, awaiting a hearing before Federal Commissioner Hitchcock on the charge that he committed perjury in gaining admittance to the United States on his first trip to this country a year ago. Hearing on this charge is to be held Sept. 20.

Examination of three witnesses yesterday completed Commissioner Curran's investigation. At the close of the inquiry, Commissioner Curran said he was forwarding to Washington by mail his report with a recommendation, the nature of which he refused to make known. Later, however, he told reporters he had talked it over with the Department of Labor by telephone and had been authorized to make known his recommendation.

"On the basis of evidence obtained within the last day or so, I have applied for a warrant for the arrest of Firpo," was his announcement.

Asked to comment on assertions made during the day about him by Attorney Sandler and Canon Chase, the Commissioner said, "Chase and his lawyer have skated very near the line of criminal libel and this is a warning to them not to get over the line."

Canon Chase himself took issue with a statement of Sandler that the Canon "feels that Curran is acting in Firpo's interest and not that of the United States." Mr. Chase said: "That was a little more emphatic than I would make it. I don't want to be put in the position of criticising Mr. Sandler, but that statement he gave out is not true."

"Regardless of whether or not a warrant is issued, I am absolutely certain the fight will take place," said Bushel when told of the recommendation for the warrant. "Firpo is entitled to bail and the inspection of the evidence on which any warrant is issued, and he would be allowed a reasonable time to

Continued on Page Eight.

When you think of Writing, Think of Waiting.—Adv.

FIRST POLO MATCH OFF TILL TUESDAY

Field at Meadow Brook Rain-soaked and Today's Contest Is Postponed.

PRINCE'S TEAM WINS AGAIN

But Royal Visitor Disappoints Style Experts by Wearing Only Two Suits Here.

The first of the series of three international polo matches for the International Challenge Cup between the United States and England, to have been played this afternoon on International Field at Meadow Brook, L. I., has been postponed until Tuesday. Announcement was sent out last night by the United States Polo Association, through Secretary Walker Vick, that on account of the condition of the field, muddy from the continuous rainfall yesterday afternoon, it would be impossible to play the match today and the postponement was ordered.

Chairman Louis Stoddard of the association and Captain Devereux Milburn of the American team, accompanied by Captain Frank Miller of the Meadow Brook Club, who recently came over from England and is assisting the club in staging the matches, inspected the field last night at 7:30 o'clock. According to Captain Miller, it began teeming at Meadow Brook about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and at the time the field was inspected the rain was coming down hard. No member of the English team was present, but according to the Captain it was so obvious that the match could not be played that it was not necessary to get in touch with Captain Luis Lacey.

"We hated to call the game off," said Mr. Stoddard last night, "but it would be impossible to play it. The field is a sea of mud and it wouldn't be a fair test to play under the condition. It wouldn't even be a polo game. Neither side would be benefited by playing the match on such heavy going. It may be just our luck that the sun will come out strong tomorrow, but you can't spend a year getting ready for a match like this and then throw it away."

The postponement, according to Mr. Stoddard, will not jeopardize in any way the success of the matches. The first game will begin at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon and the second probably will take place the following Saturday, although the date of the second had not been definitely decided upon last night. "We expect as big a crowd for the match Tuesday," said the association head, "as we looked for tomorrow."

40,000 Expected at Game.

An attendance of 40,000 was anticipated today, and it has been estimated that the advance sale of tickets for the series has reached the $400,000 mark. No such distinguished gathering has ever assembled for a sporting event in this country as was expected to fill the great blue stands and boxes at Meadow Brook this afternoon.

The fact that the Prince of Wales came to the United States for the special purpose of witnessing the renewal of the historic struggle for the challenge cup has acted as a magnet to draw foreign dignitaries, high officials of the army and navy, members of the Cabinet and leaders of society to New York, all prepared to take their places in an assemblage of brilliance and color that promised to be without parallel in polo history. Many of these undoubtedly will be inconvenienced by the postponement and plans for their entertainment in numerous house parties on Long Island will be interfered with.

Among those expected to be in attendance, in addition to the Prince of Wales, were Lord and Lady Mountbatten, who accompanied the Prince over on the Berengaria; Lord Wimborne, the British Ambassador and Lady Howard, the Duke of Ala, the personal representative of King Alfonso of Spain; the Spanish Ambassador, the Argentine Ambassador and Mrs. Pneyrredon, the Duke of Panarenda, Secretary of War Weeks, Acting Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt, Attorney General Harlan F. Stone, Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Wallace.

Others are Assistant Secretary of State Davis, Governor Smith of New York, General Pershing, Chief of Staff; Major Gen. John L. Hines, Deputy Chief of Staff; Major Gen. Mason M. Patrick, Chief of the Army Air Service; Major Gen. Robert L. Bullard, commanding the Second Corps Area; Major Gen. Robert Davis, Inspector General; Major Gen. Frederick W. Sladen, Superintendent of the United States Military Academy; Captain R. Andrews, U. S. N., Naval Aid to the President; Captain Albert Land, U. S. N., and some of the most distinguished leaders in the social world.

The postponement of the match will be a big disappointment to the players

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FLIERS FORCED DOWN BY FOG OFF MAINE IN JUMP TO BOSTON

They Land in Casco Bay in Late Afternoon After Flying From Pictou, N. S.

PLAN TO GO ON TODAY

Flight Commander Reports All Well Over Telephone to Air Service Chiefs.

BOSTON WELCOME UPSET

Airplane Escort Puts Out, but Is Turned Back by Fog—Thousands Wait In Vain.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 5.—A dense fog along the coast forced the American round-the-world fliers, winging their way from Pictou, N. S., to Boston, to come down on the waters of Casco Bay late this afternoon, and thus the first American State to greet them was Maine instead of Massachusetts.

The three planes came down near Orr's Island and just off the quiet little Summer colony of Mere Point, thirty-five miles from here, and south of Brunswick, where the cottagers, astonished at this sudden but nevertheless pleasant invasion, rushed from every direction to see the airmen, who soon will have circled the globe.

It was just five months to a day from the time they soared from the water at Seattle that Lieutenant Lowell H. Smith, commander of the expedition, and his comrades, who have been accorded all the honors befitting conquering heroes in foreign capitals, come back to their own country, and their first stop was in one of the prettiest places along the Atlantic seaboard, after they had become lost in the vicinity of Orr's Island and had circled about for some time trying to get their bearings.

Continue to Boston Today.

They remained at Mere Point tonight and planned to hop off early tomorrow for Boston. The Summer folk remaining there arranged a little entertainment for them and the returned fliers modestly accepted the tribute paid them by their countrymen.

Meantime, a convoy of airplanes setting out from Boston in command of Major Gen. Mason M. Patrick with the intention of meeting the three from Pictou at Old Orchard was compelled to turn back at Portsmouth for the same reason that the globe circlers descended off the Maine coast—fog—with the exception of the plane in which General Patrick was flying. That machine kept on until it reached Prouts Neck in the town of Scarboro, and, finding the fog conditions did not improve, General Patrick also returned to the East Boston base.

Off Scarboro, during the late afternoon, when it became known that three planes were coming up the coast, the destroyer McFarland began to send up a sort of smoke screen to serve as a guide for the airmen, and it was at about the same time that the machines were off their course and were endeavoring in vain to get back again.

When they had given up all hope of reaching Boston and had telephoned from Mere Point that they had stopped there for the night, the McFarland left her station and put into Portland Harbor, where she was to remain until morning. The destroyer Lawrence, which had been off Bar Harbor awaiting the coming of the fliers, left there early in the evening and was on her way to Newport, R. I.

Planes Circle to Find a Landing.

The three planes were flying as prettily as one could wish when they reached Orr's Island, which is a part of the town of Harpswell. Moving in a straight line, they followed the inner route, coming through the gut, so-called, between Orr's and Bailey Islands.

Residents of Orr's Island who were on the lookout for the machines ran to the shore and watched them as they passed at the rate of about seventy-five miles an hour, headed in the direction of Old Orchard. They were flying so low that at times the planes were partially hidden by the foliage of the trees, and within a few minutes they had passed out of sight.

The trio of planes circling back came over West Harpswell and Orr's, and as they passed over the island they were so low that they barely skimmed the roofs of some of the houses.

It was at 4:40 o'clock, Daylight Saving Time, that the machines first made

Continued on Page Three.

Coolidge Deaf-and-Dumb Clubs To Be Organized in All States

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Coolidge deaf-and-dumb clubs will be organized in all the States, William F. Garcelon of Boston, director of Coolidge and Dawes clubs, announced today.

"Mrs. Coolidge was a teacher in a deaf and dumb school before she married Mr. Coolidge," said Mr. Garcelon. "There are thousands of deaf and dumb voters in New York State alone. The work of organizing them has already been started."

Mr. Garcelon was here to arrange for the opening of Western headquarters, probably by tomorrow, of the Coolidge and Dawes clubs.

SHANGHAI BATTLE GOES ON UNABATED

Artillery and Airplanes Used in War of Factions, but Results Are Small.

FLEETS REMAIN INACTIVE

Wu and Chang, Rivals for Mastery of China, Say They Are Not Interfering.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—General Chi Hsieh-yuan, the Kiangsu leader, continued today to throw his strength against the right wing of the Chekiang army, self-styled defenders of Shanghai, which rests on the estuary of the Yangtze River at the little town of Liuho, west of Woosung, the outer anchorage for Shanghai. His immediate objective is believed to be Woosung, where he hopes to secure assistance from warships for his advance up the Whangpoo to Shanghai.

He failed to make any headway there yesterday, despite the use of artillery, which both sides have now brought into action, and again today was being held, according to the headquarters staff of the Chekiang army.

Whether the main battle is to be fought on this wing is not yet clear. Apparently General Lu Yung-siang, the commander of the Chekiang forces, feels that his left wing at Nwangtu on the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, east of Shanghai, where he has established his headquarters and whence he is sending reinforcements, needs guarding to prevent the enemy from penetrating into his province and menacing the Sungkiang-Hangchow Railway. This line gives him an easy means of communication southward into Chekiang.

Some wounded have arrived in Shanghai, there being no field hospitals at the front and the Chinese Red Cross units having retired. Therefore the seriously wounded have come to this city for treatment.

Airplanes in Active Use.

The fighting was in three sectors today, contesting for possession of Shanghai. Added fury was given to the battles by the movement of airplanes into the war zone.

The major engagement appeared to centre between Kiating-hsien and Liuho, about thirty miles northwest of Shanghai. The outcome of this engagement was still doubtful, according to the Lungwha military headquarters of the defending Chekiang military Governor.

Troops were proceeding from the Lungwha headquarters of General Lu Yung-hsiang, Chekiang tuchun, to reinforce his defending troops at Hwangtu, fifteen miles west of here, where fighting continues.

Naval craft from Peking were reported moving down the Yangtse to aid the Fukien fleet, ready to support the invading Kiangsu forces.

The Fukien fleet was reported to be in the Chusan Archipelago, southeast of Shanghai, several days ago, waiting to intercept any aid from Chang Tso-lin, the Manchurian war lord. Chang, who is supporting the Chekiang Governor General Lu, was expected to dispatch aid to Hanchow by sea.

Chinese naval forces on the Yangtse River showed no sign of activity, while foreign war craft guarding Shanghai from any anticipated bombardment from the sea continued to stand by inactive.

The conspiration gang continues to be busy here. The work is carried out by groups of soldiers with ropes and handcuffs, who seize likely looking Chinese for military duty, roping five or six of them together and handcuffing those who resist.

The Chinese authorities here closed the Shanghai-Woosung line this afternoon as a precaution against a possible land attack on the forts in the event of the Kiangsu army breaking through at Liuho, fifteen miles northwest of Woosung.

Refugees continued today to pour into the two Foreign Settlements here.

The populace continued to rest upon the assurance of security lent by the

Continued on Page Two.

HERRIOT PLEDGES ARBITRATION POLICY BUT WANTS SECURITY

French Premier Backs MacDonald's Plea Before League, but Insists on Guarantees.

LOOKS FOR US TO COOPERATE

He Wants a Disarmament Conference and Says the League Must Handle It.

SMALL NATIONS BACK HIM

League Is Now Expected to Undertake Revision of the Covenant's Security Clauses.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Sept. 5.—Premier Herriot of France told the League of Nations Assembly today that France welcomes the principle of compulsory arbitration in international differences.

To that extent he supported the stand yesterday of Premier MacDonald of Great Britain, but he went further in asserting his belief that arbitration without power to enforce its verdicts could not affect security and that France could not afford to disarm without material assurances of protection against aggression.

Premier Herriot praised the League, and said France placed in it her hope for the establishment of peace.

Getting right into the debate, he declared that France believed the treaty of mutual guarantees prepared by League experts, and rejected by England, a sound guarantee against aggression and that it supplied the basis for the necessary transition period, during which each country could reduce its armies and try out arbitration without fear of suffering from attack.

Either this treaty or some similar arrangement was needed, he said, if any successful effort toward a reduction of armaments was to be made.

Declares for Arbitration.

Turning then to arbitration, he said:

"I am particularly glad to hear the distinguished representative of Great Britain support arbitration among the nations. When we were in London we suggested arbitration as the solution of problems concerning reparations. We accept arbitration, and we follow the traditions of France."

M. Herriot proposed that an aggressor be defined as the party to a dispute which refused to submit to arbitrate or accept an award which was against it. The French Premier said the details of what sort of tribunals should conduct arbitrations could be left to experts.

"Arbitration," said M. Herriot, "is necessary, but arbitration is not sufficient. Arbitration, security, disarmament—those are three things inseparable. We must create something more than an abstract form of words. Arbitration shows good faith, but we must protect good faith. We must protect those States which show their good faith by accepting arbitration. When a nation has given an example by accepting freely and voluntarily the principle that all its disputes shall be dealt with by arbitration then whatever else that State, large or small, it had the right to security and the right to justice.

"Mr. MacDonald says arbitration is justice without passion. I agree. But you cannot have justice without some force behind it. We must combine right and might. We must make what is mighty just, and what is just, mighty. If we are to give to people what they desire, if we are to save them a repetition of their sufferings, we have got to provide for their security."

Cites the Tragedy of Belgium.

M. Herriot pointed to the case of Belgium, which had done everything possible to trust to international justice, but which had suffered despite her being in the right.

"Remember, it is 2,000 years since the message of love and peace was given to mankind, yet that has not prevented wars since that time," he said. "Our virtuous counsels must be tempered by the spirit of practical common sense.

"We in France favor an international conference for disarmament. We think it necessary to hold such a conference, but an improvised conference would be worse than useless. Let us not repeat the history of the Tower of Babel. It is so very easy to fail, but so hard to accomplish something.

"We think the League of Nations the only body fitted and properly equipped to carry through such a conference. If you were to succeed outside the League in creating a body to do so, would you not have a conflict between two bodies, each fighting the other in the name of peace? I know it is claimed that the League is not general enough; that it doesn't include all the world. I continue to hope that the United States, which has already given us such useful collaboration, will not refuse collaboration now, especially as arbitration is the keynote of our plan."

Replying to Premier MacDonald's expressed wish that Germany at once be made a member of the League, M. Herriot said:

"When we fought Germany we were fighting the destructive spirit of militarism—that spirit which was expressed publicly in the German Parliament, and which is the very antithesis of the principles for which we are working here. But never have we in France feared the misery or the wretchedness of the German people. France does not stand [illegible]. France does not live for hate. France hates the spirit of militarism, but she hates no nation. We are ready for conciliation. The [illegible] which we stand is [illegible].

"Germany has entered [illegible] tions with us and from

1 Killed, Another Hurt When Still Blows Up; Alcohol Explodes in Garage, Burning Owner

William Kroll of Secaucus, N. J., one of two men burned in the explosion of a seventy-five gallon still in a barn off the Paterson plank road, Secaucus, early yesterday, died at his home last night. Ernest Oltmans Jr., the other victim, who is a son of a former Town Councilman, is in a critical condition at his home. Both men were found in a meadow some distance from the barn.

Oltmans told detectives assigned to the case by John Milton, County Prosecutor, that he was not in the barn at the time of the explosion. He said he was burned when he tried to extinguish Kroll's flaming clothing, and that he first saw Kroll in the meadow. Federal officers seized the still and a quantity of alcohol found in the barn. No arrests were made.

Two barrels of illicitly made alcohol exploded yesterday in a garage at 3,610 Bronxwood Avenue, the Bronx. Frank Daleo, the proprietor, was severely burned by the flaming liquid, and it was said last night at the Fordham Hospital that his condition was critical.

Following the explosion the police and firemen found two 100-gallon stills in the bedroom of the Daleo apartment in the two-story stucco house occupied by five Italian families, adjoining the garage. One of the stills was in operation and the other ready to be set up. The police said they found an underground pipe through which Daleo pumped with an electric motor the alcohol he manufactured into barrels stored in the garage. There were fifteen barrels of the alcohol there yesterday morning and Daleo slept on a cot beside them.

The explosion occurred soon after 9 o'clock and the entire neighborhood was shaken. The door of the garage burst open and Daleo, screaming with pain and his clothing in flames, ran out. His most severe burns were from his hips to his feet.

A second explosion followed almost immediately and residents of near-by houses ran to the street in alarm. Patrolman Voight of the Wakefield station called an ambulance and Dr. Cramer arrived from Fordham Hospital. Firemen moved the remaining thirteen barrels of alcohol from the garage before the flames could reach it.

An investigation developed two theories as to the cause of the explosion. One was that Daleo had lighted a cigarette in the almost air-tight garage, igniting the fumes of alcohol which filled the building. The other theory was that the explosion was due to backfire from the motor used to pump the alcohol from the stills in the bedroom to the barrels in the garage.

The police notified the prohibition authorities who seized what remained of the alcohol and placed Daleo under arrest at the hospital.

Gas Bomb Is Hurled at Polish President; Political Opponents Accused of Outrage

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WARSAW, Sept. 5.—At 4 o'clock this afternoon, while President Wojciechowski was driving through the streets of Lemberg, after opening the Eastern Fair, two men threw a bomb at his motor car.

The bomb did not explode immediately. When it did, nobody was hurt and the President was several yards away.

It proved to be filled with an evil smelling chemical compound. One man was arrested and a second escaped.

LEMBERG, Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—The bomb hurled at President Wojciechowski fell to the ground, exploding when the car was thirty yards away. Therefore the President was spared the full force of the odor.

Nearby spectators fled in panic when the bomb was thrown. When they had recovered from their consternation they seized one of the men implicated in the attack on the President and the police had difficulty in protecting him from serious harm. The second miscreant escaped during the ensuing confusion.

The incident is regarded as having been a tactless manifestation of hostility on the part of the President's political opponents.

Stanislas Wojciechowski was elected President of Poland immediately after the assassination of President Gabriel Narutowicz in December, 1922. Under the Polish Constitution, the National Assembly acts as an electoral college and out of the 319 votes cast he received 298.

He is a member of the Middle, or Moderate Party, and has been Minister of the Interior and Ambassador at London. He is a firm upholder of the sanctity of treaties and, as Commander-in-Chief of the Army, has forbidden dueling among officers.

scheme by which she will be able to pay reparations. The rules for admission to the league are clearly laid down, and they apply to Germany as well as to other nations."

By this M. Herriot is taken to have meant that, if Germany applied, the League experts would be asked to say whether she was fulfilling her international obligations, especially the military terms of the treaty. This, it is believed, indicates that the French are not favorable to the admission of Germany this year.

M. Herriot expressed the hope that Russia would eventually get back to the family of nations, but he evinced little hope of this development in the near future.

Offers French Friendship.

Concluding, M. Herriot returned to the subject of security. He said:

"Arbitration, security and disarmament are three pillars of the temple of peace you are building here, and if that temple is to rise the foundations must be solid. France offers everything she has to offer to help, her heart, her brain, her experience of centuries. We know what has happened in the past, and we have had experience of insecure frontiers. We now want peace with honor.

"We do not think of France only. France, innocent, attacked in the past, wounded and still suffering from her recent war, reaches out her sisterly hands to all other countries. France hopes that out of the ruins of the World War we may yet see blossoming the white flower of peace."

M. Herriot received an ovation comparable to that given to Mr. MacDonald yesterday.

He was followed by ex-Premier Salandra of Italy, who pledged Italy to the principle of arbitration, to which, he said, Italy had often had recourse.

"We don't conceal, however, the fact that it will be impossible for Italy or any other country to renounce force, which is a necessary guarantee for the security of its own territory," he said. "We, therefore, regard disarmament as indissolubly linked with security. If we can find a way by which the League of Nations, covering many members, can solve the problem of security, we will have made a great step now. Italy is most desirous of being the cement in the great structure of peace and justice you are attempting to build."

Lord Parmoor of England spoke next and repeated on general lines Mr. MacDonald's declaration of yesterday.

"We can look forward to the certain success of those great principles of Christian ethics and Christian charity which alone can bring peace and comfort to the world," he said. "We desire not the application of force, but the supremacy of international law. It is in law that we can find equality. It is in law we can find justice. In military force we can never find one or the other."

Lord Parmoor took the stand that England would have nothing to do with any protocol to which she pledged to use force, and he found the Covenant contained ample sanctions to deal with offending nations. He said that in the nineteenth century there were 700 arbitrations, and all were accepted without any sanctions behind. He thought there really was no use bothering about security, because with arbitration working no one would need any other protection.

He found the treaty of mutual assistance a militaristic plan, with which England would have nothing to do because the British Government wanted to establish a new régime in which force would have no part.

Lord Parmoor's speech, which closed the morning session, was not well received by the French. One French delegate was heard to ask why Mr. MacDonald, if he had such a horror of force, didn't sink the British fleet and arbitrate the issues in which it might serve.

"How does it happen," this man asked, "that a cannon on wheels is militaristic, and one on a boat is pacific? Ask Mr. MacDonald that."

Benes for Security.

In a forceful speech following M. Herriot, the Foreign Minister of Czechoslovakia, M. Benes declared that the smaller nations of Europe couldn't take the chance Mr. MacDonald asked them to take in disarming and trusting to the safety of a new international morality, which might or might not come.

As one of the authors of the compact of mutual assistance, he said he couldn't understand why the English were so much against it, because if Mr. MacDonald's supreme confidence in the effectiveness of arbitration was justified the mutual defense compact would never become operative.

He said the whole world recognized that security and disarmament were parts of the same problem. He said the English plan offered no security against bad faith, and that was what the small nations wished to be guarded against.

M. Benes argued that modern warfare could be prepared by the larger nations with extraordinary speed, and the small nation despoiled before help arrived. What the English were trying to do, he said, was to regard disarmament as a separate issue, whereas the European nations without sea protection couldn't see the matter in the same light.

"What his country wished to know, said M. Benes, was what Belgium asked, namely, if an arbitration agreement were violated as other agreements had been violated, and some disarmed country were suddenly invaded by military machinery prepared in secret, what would happen? He thought Mr. MacDonald assumed an international morality which didn't exist in the measure which the Prime Minister thought.

"You've got to have sanctions," he said, "and you've got to have sanctions of force, for they are the only sanctions efficacious against a nation which would break its word. The day may come when we can trust in the justice of all nations. That day hasn't yet come."

"Belgium Can't Trust Promises."

In the afternoon Premier Theunis of Belgium made an eloquent plea in support of the French idea for security. He said one look at the map of Belgium showed various spots marked with two little crossed swords, which meant that a big battle had been fought there. Belgium, he said, had for a long time been the cockpit of Europe, and often in violation of all sorts of moral commitments by her neighbors.

"If there was a nation in the world that didn't dream of conquest and asked only to work in peace, it was Belgium.

"We want peace," he said, "but we want peace with security. We want some other arrangement than signatures on a piece of paper, from which those suffer most who respect their signature most."

M. Theunis said what Belgium wanted to know was if any nation refused to submit to arbitration, and started a war, what would happen?

"Tell me," he said to Mr. MacDonald, "that if again in violation of agreements solemnly made, Belgium is invaded, we will be protected, and I will not try to make military treaties with our friends. But Belgium asks more than promises of good will on the part of all nations. That is the lesson of our experience. What we went through in the World War we very definite ideas about security, and we cannot change them easily. It has been a long time since peace on earth was promised to men of good will, but Belgium has been several times invaded since then.

"Assure us of our safety and we will disarm. If you cannot do that, Belgium must keep her army. That is the opinion of all Belgians."

This held here that M. Herriot's speech of today in reply to Mr. MacDonald's declaration that the nations should all agree to disarm and to arbitrate, showed France willing to accept arbitration, but that she believed in retaining the means of protection until convinced that arbitration would prevent all aggression.

His idea of protection was national armies or treaties of guarantee.

League members have all accepted the formula that security is connected with disarmament and comes before disarming. The basic divergence between the British and French views of security remains unchanged by the negotiations here so far, but what is significant is the important growth of the arbitration idea, so that if nothing can now be done directly toward a reduction of armaments, it may turn out that the development of arbitration may of itself bring a feeling of security. Mr. MacDonald thinks it will, and the result may be that disarmament will wait until the years pass.

In this connection it may be pointed out that the much-voiced idea that Europe now has more soldiers than before the World War—a million more, a great many misinformed people say—is all wrong. There are about 400,000 fewer troops in Europe than in 1913, and the French army is soon to be further reduced.

All Now Committed to Arbitration.

GENEVA, Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—Great events, which in League of Nations circles it is firmly believed are destined to affect the future of the whole world, including the people of the United States, occurred at today's session of the Assembly of the League.

France joined Great Britain in pledging support for the principle of compulsory arbitration, and through her Premier, M. Herriot, in removing the doubts of those who feared that France would hesitate to weaken her force as a great Continental military power.

M. Herriot announced unequivocably that France favors an international conference on disarmament. In a calm, masterly oration, like that Premier MacDonald of Great Britain delivered before the Assembly on Thursday, M. Herriot made the men and women present sit stock still in rigid attention and seemingly thrilled them through and through.

The Premier told the world through the Assembly that henceforth that nation which refused to submit disputes to arbitration would be stigmatized as an aggressor nation.

Tonight the one supreme topic for speculation among the delegates gentle-dining at the reception on the last two days in the Assembly would have on the United States. Next to definite commitments to the policy of arbitration, one thing stands out clearly—that is that all Europe, led by Great Britain and France, now has proclaimed that it is through the League of Nations, and no other body, that the peace of the world must be solidified.

France, like Great Britain, has made it clear that the next disarmament conference must be convoked by the League of Nations, because it is regarded as the only body fitted and properly equipped to carry through such a conference.

"If you were to succeed outside the League," declared M. Herriot today in his speech, "in creating any body to carry on this conference, would you not have conflict between two bodies, each claiming the other in the name of peace?"

Apparently, in the opinion of many of the delegates, the United States must come to Europe, and probably Geneva, before the League deals with questions if that country desires to take any part in the next international effort to reduce armaments on land and sea. Tonight the general impression exists that the United States will participate in such a conference.

M. Herriot, speaking of the necessity of universality in the League membership and after paying tribute to the useful collaboration of the United States in the past, voiced the hope that now that arbitration was to be the keystone of the future, the United States would not refuse her collaboration.

Great as are the new hopes eagerly discussed by the delegates tonight as to the outcome of the transitory situation of the great European powers, the way to fulfillment is recognized as filled with peril and pitfalls. That great difficulties lie in the way was made evident both in the discourse of M. Herriot and the addresses of others who followed him, like Lord Parmoor of Great Britain, M. Theunis of Belgium, M. Benes of Czechoslovakia and Signor Salandra of Italy.

Arbitration alone is not sufficient, M. Herriot eloquently argued. "For it does not meet the requirements of the Covenant of the League, which declares that armaments should be reduced to a point compatible with national security.

To the French Premier arbitration must be inseparably joined with the security of disarmament. Arbitration, he declared, showed good faith, but good faith must be protected. He then quoted the words of Pascal, the noted French philosopher, "Justice without force is power; force without justice is tyranny."

To Revise Covenant.

Concretely, the situation stands tonight as follows:

Compulsory arbitration is agreed upon by the leading powers of Europe in principle. Realising that arbitration cannot stand alone, the powers probably will agree to work out a system of economic and financial sanctions. The rock upon which the new movement for world peace may split is, in the opinion of some of the observers, the military sanctions upon which France and Belgium and some of the other smaller States insist as necessary for real security.

With regard to disarmament, the work now facing the assembly is: A commission will study the covenant and bring it into harmony with modern conditions and formulate a plan of guarantees, keeping in mind the excellent American suggestions. The commission will prepare the way for a disarmament conference, which will not be convoked, however before there are reasonable probabilities for success.

The commission will accurately define and elucidate the compulsory arbitration clause of the protocol of the International Court of Justice, so that all States may sign it knowing exactly to what they commit them.

"In attacking these problems with courage," declared M. Benes, the Czechoslovakian Foreign Minister, "and solving them, we will earn the gratitude of future generations and quiet the fears of tormented humanity."

In other words, the League's subcommission next week will inaugurate what seems likely to be a revision of the entire covenant. Premiers MacDonald and Premier Herriot will be gone; but many of the greatest minds of Europe will remain in Geneva and labor in this task.

In some quarters the idea is growing that it finally may be found that an independent compact of mutual assistance may not be necessary at all, and that a way will be discovered to link the compulsory arbitration clause of the World Court with a system of sanctions satisfying all States which fear for their security.

While rejoicing over the orientation toward compulsory arbitration, the delegates of almost a half hundred lands dwell tonight upon the supreme significance of another tendency they find pervading the entire assembly—a sincere will to set up definite formulas which will insure world peace.

Premier MacDonald and Premier Herriot, addressing a luncheon given in their honor today by the International Association of Journalists accredited to the League of Nations, appealed to the world press to help in the movement to establish peace on a firm foundation, declaring nothing could be accomplished without the press, which was the bridge to public opinion.

Both Premiers indicated in their addresses that they intended steadfastly to continue their efforts to elaborate a practical arbitration project.

FRENCH PRESS ASSAILS MACDONALD'S ADDRESS

Nationalist Newspapers Accuse Him of Hypocrisy, and Radicals Express Disappointment.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 5.—Premier Ramsay MacDonald's speech of yesterday before the League Assembly has raised a real storm of criticism in the Paris press, which in some cases is of an extremist type.

The Nationalist papers and others opposing the Herriot Government, while satisfied that they are able to say "I told you so," express grave fears that little good can come of the present trend of events. Papers hitherto manifesting a friendly confidence in the British Premier now ask:

"So this is what we have been waiting for?"

Of the three principal supporters of Premier Herriot, the official organ of his party, Ere Nouvelle, says:

"We should be failing in our habitual desire for impartiality did we not point out that Ramsay MacDonald's words are far from what we expected of this great British democrat."

L'Ecuvre, also a whole-hearted supporter of M. Herriot, uses stronger terms and asks:

"What? No mutual aid, on the pretext of an ideal that justice reigns supreme through its own force and prestige? Hardly veiled reproaches regarding the Silesian verdict? An unfortunate phrase concerning responsibility for the war? Was it this one awaited? Was this the message Mr. MacDonald brought from England to fifty-four nations assembled on the eve of the day on which France will express her will for justice and peace and her need for security?"

The Quotidien, organ of M. Caillaux and his friends, which also strongly supports the present government policy, says:

"The speech is terribly disappointing."

The Opposition press, Nationalist as well as non-political papers, are almost unanimous in the verdict. Mr. MacDonald's address saps the very foundations of the Versailles Treaty and cannot fail greatly to encourage Chancellor Marx, who a few days ago asked that the part of the treaty laying down responsibility for the war should be scrapped. The Matin's editor, Stephane Lausanne, thinks Mr. MacDonald's theories full of amazing contradictions. He says:

"No security without justice, cries Mr. MacDonald. 'No justice without arbitration.' Then, with a sweep of his hand, he knocks down the finest act accomplished by the League of Nations—an act which was unanimously regarded as its greatest honor, precisely because it was an act of arbitration—and declares the Silesian settlement an error.

"So there are acts of arbitration which are errors? What are the justice and security in that case for those over whom the arbitration was pronounced?

"Mr. MacDonald's discourse bristles with such strange contradictions, and even contains graver heresies.

"Is it one concerning the impossibility of defining aggression and laying down responsibilities. Was it, perhaps, Belgium which in 1914 attacked Germany? But one mustn't forget that Mr. MacDonald, under his idealist exterior, hides consummate hypocrisy.

"He was obliged to explain yesterday why England throws down the compact of mutual assistance which the League has been elaborating for four years, to which Lord Robert Cecil, a Minister of the King, affixed his signature, and concerning which unanimity had been reached in Geneva. He preferred to lead us elsewhere, promising to build for us sumptuous palaces. That dispensed him from explaining why the demolished the building which the League had taken four years to build, and which, after all, in the desert which surrounds us, was the first place of shelter."

Pertinax, in the Echo de Paris, writes:

"The English Premier reveals himself on this occasion the impenitent friend of the Germans we always suspected him to be. The man before us today really was the same man who ignored the German crime of 1914, and declared himself during four years, under all circumstances, a devoted friend of the Germans, and with all his power and his heart to hamper the manufacture and transport of arms and munitions; who prepared at Stockholm to enter a movement of which the sole purpose was to save the Central Empires from defeat."

Pertinax concludes by saying he hopes Ramsay MacDonald will not be allowed to leave Geneva without having clearly recalled to him that he cannot have a free hand to destroy the territorial order existing today. He says:

"It is essential that many firm declarations be made, for while it is possible that nothing of MacDonald's program may remain except, maybe, a few more committees, don't let us for one minute forget that the Germans are pricking their ears and that a formidable lift up has been given to their insurrection against the treaties."

The general irritation manifested in the French press over Mr. MacDonald's speech is little influenced by the British Premier's subsequent explanations, and while such papers as the Journal des Débats and the Temps are less angrily outspoken, voicing more guarded opinions, they, too, are critical in their attitude toward his utterances. The Temps says all who placed their faith in Mr. MacDonald cannot help feeling disappointment over "this strange discourse, which makes one realise the influence exercised by certain popular heroes over crowds, who are subjugated by facile charm, sonorous words and picturesque images."

Generally speaking, says the Temps, Mr. MacDonald's speech contains ideas he was credited with after his recent declarations, and says: "But Ramsay MacDonald wasn't afraid to contradict himself frequently at Geneva. While declaring for arbitration as the supreme argument in favor of disarmament and peace, he promptly qualified the Silesian arbitration as an 'error.' The subsequent correction of the Premier's words, nevertheless, is perhaps insufficient to dissipate the awkward feeling they aroused in the Assembly. We would like to think that feelings were similarly moved when Mr. MacDonald declared that only the historians of fifty years hence could decide on the responsibilities for the war. How could the British Premier overlook, even when interpreted in a general sense, the grist that these words supply to the German mills at a moment when Germany is desiring to retract the confession of responsibility she made when signing the Versailles Treaty?

"Ramsay MacDonald certainly was quite right when he appealed to the United States to increase the authority and influence of the League by adhering, but when he asks that Germany should be admitted at the present session he forgets that Germany herself doesn't seem in any hurry so far to undertake the necessary steps to that effect."

The Temps says the "whole question is whether the disarmament conference can be called next year, and what task it may usefully fulfill, seeing that the disarmament problem must remain indissolubly linked with the security problem."

Asks What Signature Is Worth.

Commenting on Premier Herriot's speech at Geneva Stephane Lauzanne in The Matin tomorrow morning asks what status, following Premier MacDonald's disavowal of the security compact of the Treaty of Versailles, his signature to any future engagement can have.

"M. Herriot in perfect terms formulated the doctrine of France—a better doctrine of common sense," he says. "But should we congratulate ourselves? He recalled the words of Pascal, 'justice without force is powerless; force without justice is tyranny.' Is it sure MacDonald could understand Pascal?

"Herriot, who is clear, forceful, emotional, is also generous—too generous. It is at the same time his virtue and his fault. He is content with affirming 'France remained faithful to the letter as well as the spirit of the compact.'

"Let us not forget that in this compact Article X. reads: 'Members of the League engage themselves to maintain against all exterior aggression territorial integrity and the present political independence of all members of the League—in a case of aggression, of menace, or danger of aggression the Council shall decide means of assuring the execution of this obligation.'

"If only M. Herriot had demanded of Mr. MacDonald if he had been faithful. If this article after five years is not worth anything, what is? And if Mr. MacDonald today has the right to disavow the signature of Mr. Lloyd George at the bottom of this compact of common defense, as he disavows the signature of Lord Robert Cecil affixed to the project of mutual assistance, who can tell but that tomorrow another British Premier will have the right to disavow the signature of Mr. MacDonald to the project of arbitration?

"It is not a question of juridic technique which presents itself at Geneva; it is a question of public morality. What will the future signatures and engagements be worth?"

CABINET HEARS HERRIOT.

Radio Also Brings Geneva Applause to Meeting in Paris.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 5.—Despite the fact that Herriot is at Geneva, there was held this morning in Paris a Cabinet meeting at which the Premier delivered an address of great importance.

Instead of being held as customarily at the Quai d'Orsay, today's paradoxical meeting of the Cabinet took place in the laboratory of the high school of the Ministry of Posts and Telegraphs. All the Ministers, Under Secretaries and high officials of the Government attended.

At 10:30 o'clock an employe of the laboratories adjusted certain instruments and the voice of the French Premier was heard making an address to the League Assembly on security. So perfectly were the instruments attuned that every word spoken by Herriot was heard distinctly by the members of his Government.

That is not all. The group of French officials were able to hear the applause and to know exactly the manner in which the discourse of their chief was being received.

At the end of the speech it was decided unanimously to send Herriot a telegram expressing satisfaction on hearing his message and profound gratification over the enthusiastic reception by the Geneva audience.

LABOR FOR MACDONALD IN HIS GENEVA STAND

Hull Trades Union Congress Discusses Universal Strike as War Preventive.

HULL, England, Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—The British Trades Union Congress in session here today aligned itself strongly in support of Premier MacDonald's attitude at Geneva and also in behalf of the Anglo-Soviet treaty which is considered in danger of nullification when it comes before the British Parliament at the Autumn session through a combination of the antagonistic votes of the Conservative and Liberal parties.

The congress also discussed means of preventing wars by industrial action. As to pacifist methods, one delegate voiced the opinion that the congress could trust Ramsay MacDonald as Premier because "he is certain to stand by the ideals for which he suffered in the last war." The congress voted that a telegram be sent to the Premier congratulating him on his speeches in favor of arbitration and disarmament.

After discussing how a universal strike of workers could suffice to prevent wars, the congress unanimously carried a resolution, emanating from the Miners' Federation, instructing the General Council to call a special congress to decide on the industrial action to be taken whenever war is threatened.

Another resolution congratulating the British Government on signing the Soviet treaty and calling on the General Council to take all possible steps to counteract misrepresentations of the treaty was carried unanimously, as a means of showing Russia that "British workers are solidly behind the treaty."

Other resolutions adopted demanded legislation to abolish the employment of cheap Chinese and other Asiatic laborers aboard British ships, urged the Government to press legislation establishing a maximum forty-eight-hour week and, in view of existing unemployment to institute a temporary forty-four-hour week for all workers.

HUBER HEADS WORLD COURT

Swiss Jurist Is Elected at The Hague—Weiss Vice President.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Max Huber, legal adviser of the Political Department of Switzerland and a member of the Court of International Justice, was elected President of the court today at a sitting of the court, according to a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from The Hague.

Dr. André Weiss of France, also a member of the court, was elected Vice President. Their terms will run from 1925 to 1927.

HOUGHTON SEES COOLIDGE.

Ambassador to Germany Reports Dawes Plan Succeeding.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Ambassador Houghton, home on vacation from Germany, called to pay his respects to Mr. Coolidge today and gave a glowing account of the success of the Dawes reparations plan in so far as it already has been tried.

"We must get more capital into Germany," he said, "and the loan, which is wonderfully secured, will accomplish that."

DISARMING OF GERMANY LAID TO LLOYD GEORGE

Berlin Gives Documents Showing Foch Agreeable to Larger Force —Notes on Wilson Coming.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—It was not Marshal Foch but Mr. Lloyd George who limited Germany's army to 100,000 men, according to what purports to be a publication of hitherto unpublished documents dealing with the preliminary steps toward the Versailles Treaty. The publication of these documents has just begun in the leading newspapers of Munich, Leipsic and Hanover.

Subsequent instalments, it is announced, will include hitherto unpublished material on how Woodrow Wilson was forced to abandon his "fourteen points" and conform to the desires of M. Clemenceau and other allied statesmen.

In the first instalment it is stated that Marshal Foch expressed a willingness to allow Germany a maximum army of 200,000 men, to be based on conscription, but that Mr. Lloyd George objected, since thus Germany might soon turn millions of Germans into trained soldiers, ready for a war of revenge. He proposed, instead, that Germany be allowed an army of professional soldiers, aggregating 100,000 men, who were to serve a long term in the ranks, thus rendering far more difficult the training of large bodies of men.

Marshal Foch's objections were overruled, it is stated, and Mr. Lloyd George won out.

JAPAN SOON TO PICK ENVOY TO AMERICA

Tanaka Is Mentioned as the Probable Successor of Ambassador Hanihara.

TOKIO, Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—The Japanese vernacular press today says the appointment of an Ambassador from Japan to the United States to succeed M. Hanihara is imminent.

Tokichi Tanaka, former Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs, former Counselor of the Japanese Embassy at Washington and ex-Consul at Seattle, Wash., is mentioned as the probable appointee.

Eki Hioki, former Ambassador from Tokio to Berlin, and Tyunso Matsudaira, present Vice Minister in the Japanese Cabinet, are also being considered as potential appointees.

It was stated in authoritative quarters that added impetus was given to the selection of an Ambassador to succeed M. Hanihara by the appointment of Edgar A. Bancroft recently by President Coolidge as Ambassador to Japan.

GRETNA GREEN AN AIR BASE.

Mecca for Runaway Marriages to Be an Aerial Trade Centre.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Gretna Green, long famous for romantic runaway marriages, is preparing to become an important air centre as a base for travel to Ireland. Travelers will cross to Belfast in an hour and a quarter, and business men of Northern Ireland believe the new service will do much to bring Ulster into closer relationship with England and Scotland.

The former managing director of Krupps has written an article called "The Foundation of a New Germany" in September Current History Magazine, 25c.—Adv.

YOUNG BELIEVES GERMANY WILL PAY

Declares the 83,000,000 Gold Marks Due This Month Will Be Forthcoming.

CONFERS WITH SCHACHT

Agent General Says the Country Is Practically on a Gold Basis Now.

By T. R. YBARRA.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—Owen D. Young spent a great part of his time today talking with President Schacht of the Reichsbank regarding the carrying out of his work as Temporary Agent General for receiving German reparation payments under the Dawes plan. He also talked with Finance Minister Luther and left cards for Chancellor Marx and Foreign Minister Stresemann, who are out of town to recuperate from the London Conference and the recent Reichstag crisis.

At the Foreign Office, Mr. Young talked with Baron von Maltzahn, who is in charge there during Minister Stresemann's absence. After his round of visits, Mr. Young said that he was much pleased with the spirit which he had found here for fulfilling the stipulations of the London accord and the Dawes report.

"There is no reason for doubt that Germany will pay the stipulated 83,000,000 gold marks this month in compliance with the Dawes plan," Mr. Young stated.

Furthermore, he said, that much German capital had already returned to Germany from abroad in anticipation of the successfull carrying out of the Dawes plan, and that much more would return if the proposed loan to Germany should be partly placed in Europe and over-subscribed in America.

When asked whether he believed that the loan would be over-subscribed in America, Mr. Young refused to commit himself.

"I find a greatly improved spirit in Germany since I was last here in February," he said.

He declared that one of the best developments during the last few months was the redeeming of the provisional currencies by Germans themselves, which would save those who are carrying out the Dawes plan much trouble.

"Germany is practically on a gold basis," Mr. Young said. "The moment she gets a new currency she actually will be on a gold basis."

The Agent General proposes to remain here for about ten days. Then he will return to Paris to define a program for the further establishment of the machinery for the transition period.

BERLIN, Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—The Interallied Control Commission and the German military authorities agreed today that control of German armaments would begin Monday and the Government issued a communiqué appealing to the people to avoid any obstruction of the work of the commission or hostile action which "would involve the danger of perpetuating the present state of affairs with all of its humiliating accompaniments."

Henry M. Robinson, the Los Angeles banker, who with General Dawes and Owen D. Young made up the American membership in the experts' committee which worked out the Dawes plan, will sail today on the Leviathan for Paris, where he will meet Mr. Young and assist in putting the Dawes plan into operation.

In the Ritz-Carlton last night Mr. Robinson discussed briefly the prospects for the success of the Dawes plan in operation. He stipulated that he must speak very generally, as those engaged in setting up the machinery for international adjustment must not to discuss their work in detail. Mr. Robinson's work will be principally in connection with setting up the central bank of issue, with railroad bonds and with industrial debentures.

"We have had the best of luck," he said. "There has been a curious sort of series of happenings that from the very start has turned out most fortunate for the work of the Dawes Committee and the Dawes plan. It was most fortunate that Mr. Young, with his extraordinary ability as a negotiator, should have been at the conferences in London, where he was a great factor. And most fortunate that he could be available to work out the setting up of the machinery of the plan, for he knew it so well.

"Another of the things that lead me to the conclusion that luck stands behind the Dawes plan is that they can get men like Seymour Parker Gilbert and Gates McGarrah to carry on the work.

"I have a strong feeling that when the Dawes plan is put into operation its benefits to the countries of the world generally will far exceed any difficulties that may be attributed to it."

ITALY AIMS TO KEEP MOST OF CONSTITUTION

Naming of Fifteen Moderates on Amendments Reassures the Liberals.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Sept. 5.—The first step toward modifying the Italian Constitution, which has never been amended since it was granted by King Charles Albert more than three-quarters of a century ago, was taken today when the Directorate of the Fascist Party nominated a committee of fifteen members to study means of bringing the Constitution into line with developments and progress in Italy since 1848.

The committee, which is composed of five Senators, five Deputies, three university professors, one Judge and one journalist, must, in Premier Mussolini's own words, "leave the main walls of the Constitution as they are," limiting itself to amending some of its details which are no longer applicable to modern conditions of life.

This means that no change will be made in the Chamber, Senate or parliamentary form of government, but that the Constitution will be amended to take into due account two of the greatest powers which have arisen in the world in the last century, namely, the press and labor organizations.

When the National Council of the Fascismo discussed the necessity of constitutional amendments, several orators spoke of the advisability of "consolidating the Fascist revolution" and of "completing the Fascist conquest of the Italian State." This naturally alarmed the Liberals, who interpreted these phrases as meaning that the Fascisti proposed to modify the Constitution in such a way as to render their stay in power permanent.

The nomination of the fifteen members of the committee, who are all old and experienced men and who may be expected to take the lead instantly against anything disruptive of the Constitution, has greatly calmed their fears.

The Giornale d'Italia, the chief Liberal organ in Rome, today prints an article on constitutional reform entitled, "We, too, are Sawed," expressing its approval of the choice made by the Directorate of the Fascist Party.

The extreme section of the Fascisti are, of course, correspondingly disappointed. Empero, the chief Fascist organ in Rome, says:

"The committee is not in accordance with the spirit of the resolutions passed by the National Council of the Fascismo.

SHANGHAI BATTLE GOES ON UNABATED

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

comforting presence of more than twenty foreign battle craft in the harbor, and the organization of a land force cordon to defend the city should the Chi Haich-yuan army be successful.

Chang and Wu May Fight.

The background possibility that the Shanghai conflict would furnish the long-awaited opportunity and excuse for a battle between Chang Tso-lin, Manchurian war lord, and Wu Pei-fu, the man behind the Peking Government, loomed large in the last twenty-four hours.

This was interpreted as presaging a battle between the forces of Wu and Chang in a separate conflict centring around Peking, from which General Chang was driven into Manchuria in his last battle with Wu.

Chang is supporting General Lu Yung-hsiang, while Wu has lent his aid to Chi Haich-yuan in the conflict around Shanghai.

However, General Wu Pei-fu, military chief of the Peking Government, has denied that any of his soldiers are fighting with the Kiangsu forces.

The Peking Government also denies the report issued by a Japanese news agency yesterday that Chang Tso-lin had issued an ultimatum to the Government, declaring that he would "mediate by force" unless the Government ceased its "attack" upon General Lu Yung-hsiang, the Chekiang tuchun. The head of a Chinese news agency which also circulated the story has been arrested.

Sharp Combat Around Liuho.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 5.—Tonight General Ho Fung-lin, Defence Commissioner of Shanghai and Lu Yung-hsiang's right-hand man, dispatched troops to Liuho on the Yangtse, fifteen miles from Shanghai, which the Kiangsu forces captured yesterday. After the sharpest fighting there has been thus far they succeeded in retaking it tonight.

Up to the present the fighting has generally been inconclusive.

A long manifesto has been issued by Lu Yung-hsiang, the Chekiang military Governor, declaring war on Tsao Kun, the President of the Republic, whom he denounced as an illegal President and an arch-robber. It warns the peacemakers that there is no way to peace except by resolute war. This is held to suggest the preliminary stage to the coming in of Chang Tso-lin.

It is said here that preparations for war have been actively pursued in Manchuria, and that troops have been concentrated in the region of Shan-hai-kwan. It is doubtful, however, many observers say, whether Chang dare risk diverting his forces to the South, which would expose him to an attack by the Russians on the Chinese-Eastern Railway.

There is great indignation here owing to the murdered kidnapping of residents of thousands of peaceable Chinese for transport work and trench digging. The male inhabitants of the surrounding areas have flocked in a state of terror into the settlements to escape the conscription gangs.

Defenders Said to Have Fallen Back.

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SHANGHAI, Sept. 5.—The superior forces of Kiangsu today pushed back towards Shanghai the Chekiang troops about two miles on a ten-mile front. The most severe fighting took place today and last night, when the village of Liuho more than 400 were killed on the Kiangsu side and about 100 were killed and wounded on the Chekiang side.

In spite of the loss of ground at Hwangtu, on the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, Chekiang claims a victory on the southern end of the line at Liuho, and tonight the town of Liuho was free of Kiangsu troops.

All day it had been impossible for the Chekiang troops to run trains to Hwangtu on account of the artillery fire of the Kiangsu forces, directed at the railway. The large supply base of the Chekiang forces at the rail head was moved back to prevent its being captured.

In the fighting at Liuho the Chekiang forces captured a considerable number of Kiangsu troops. In spite of the setback, the Chekiang men were still confident.

Miss A. R. Waters, a member of the American Methodist Episcopal Mission, was brought in today in a wheelbarrow from the town of Nanking in a serious condition, due to nervous strain and fatigue. She refused to leave her work until the town got in direct line of the fire and the soldiers started pulling down buildings.

In view of the practical stalemate in the line in the vicinity of Shanghai, it is believed here now that the fighting may be transferred to west of Lake Taiho, where the Kiangsu forces plan a drive through the rough country in the direction of Hangchow, capital of Chekiang and the headquarters of General Lu Yung-hsiang. The Chekiang tactics now are to hold out until General Chang Tso-lin is able to drive down the Peking-Mukden Railway in the direction of Tientsin to force General Wu Pei-fu to cease sending reinforcements to Kiangsu.

Calls General Wu a Peacemaker.

PEKING, Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—"No troops of Wu Pei-fu, Military Governor of Chihli Province and a most powerful influence in the Peking Government, are engaged in the present hostilities in a manner contrary to Wu's rôle as peacemaker," the correspondent of Chung Mei [Chinese news agency] today quotes Wu's Chief of Staff as saying.

"Lu Yung-hsiang's appointments of Chang-Tsi-ting and Yang Hwai-sao as respectively Chief of Staff and commanding officer of troops designated for an expedition against the neighboring provinces naturally aroused suspicions in Fukien, Kiangsu, Anhwei and Kiangsi [the four provinces bordering Lu's province of Chekiang], which considered it necessary to take precautions," the Chief of Staff was reported to have said.

"We at this end repeatedly requested the Inspecting Commissioner of said provinces not to attach any importance to the appointments, which could not be considered antagonistic to them; but the provinces refused to believe us and insisted that they must make preparations for self-defense.

"We communicated with Lu, suggesting the cancellation of the appointments and the disbandment of the troops under Chang and Yang, but our efforts were fruitless.

"Our attitude toward Chekiang is one of peace, and we may say that, apart from these four provinces, the others all are keeping out of the quarrel. We exceedingly deplore that such a situation as this should have developed."

It is denied that Chang Tso-lin had threatened to meditate by force unless the fighting was stopped was made today by the Chinese Foreign Office.

The Foreign Office admitted that it had received a communication from General Chang, but asserted that instead of being of a threatening nature, its tone was the friendliest. In the letter Chang was said to have deprecated the fact that civil war should be added to the sufferings of the Chinese people already harassed by a series of devastating floods.

It was definitely stated that the letter did not contain the slightest intimation that General Chang intended to participate in the struggle now being waged by the rival Military Governors of Kiangsu and Chekiang Provinces.

Foreign observers, including an American, who have just returned from a trip to Mukden, asserted today that they had seen no evidence of any war activities on the part of General Chang's troops.

Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo, Minister of Foreign Affairs, replied today to representations made by the foreign powers concerning the fighting around Shanghai. He sent to the secretaries of all interested legations the assurances of the Government that all precautions would be taken for the protection of the lives and property of foreigners in the battle zone.

Reports Foreigners Safe for the Present.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—American lives and property in the zone of civil warfare in China are safe, and, in the Shanghai district at least, there is apparently no cause for apprehension in the immediate future, according to official cables today to the State Department.

Consul John K. Davis at Nanking, in his cable dated yesterday, says that up to that time conditions in his district were quiet, and that American lives and property are safe.

Consul General Edwin S. Cunningham at Shanghai, in his cable of today, said that there is virtually no danger to Americans in Shanghai, and that there should be no uneasiness in the United States in regard to the safety of residents in that port. He added that Americans are being requested not to visit the zone of military activities.

Miss Burdick Is From Alfred, N. Y.

WESTERLY, R. I., Sept. 5.—Miss Grace I. Crandall and Miss Susie Burdick, who were under fire in the fighting yesterday near Liuhu, China, are missionaries sent out by the Seventh Day Baptist Missionary Society, which has its headquarters here. The Rev. Clayton A. Burdick, head of the society, had no word from them today.

Miss Crandall, whose home is in Milton, Wis., and Miss Burdick, who comes from Alfred, N. Y., have been connected for years with the mission hospital and the Grace School for Girls at Liuhu, the former as a medical missionary and the latter as a teacher and nurse. Dr. Rosa Palmborg, also of Milton, is head of the hospital.

G. O. P. IN NEW ROW FOR ASSEMBLYMAN

Organization Candidate in 15th District Opposed by F. M. Davenport Jr.

SENATE FIGHT ALSO IS HOT

Philip J. Roosevelt Accepts Chairmanship of S. F. Hofstadter's Campaign.

Only ten days before the primary election, the Fifteenth Assembly District, Manhattan, is again in a turmoil as far as the Republicans are concerned, with a prospect of some hot last-minute fighting among contending factions.

There is a fight over the Republican nomination for the State Senate between Courtlandt Nicoll, the choice of the organization, and Assemblyman Joseph Steinberg. Nicoll and Steinberg have been exchanging compliments for many weeks, and the result in the primary is expected to be close. It now appears there is to be a real contest, too, over the nomination for the Assembly.

For this nomination the organization has selected Samuel H. Hofstadter. Announcement was made yesterday that Philip J. Roosevelt has accepted the Chairmanship of the Hofstadter Campaign Committee. Frederick M. Davenport Jr. is opposing Hofstadter. His candidacy was not taken seriously until last Tuesday, when he held a meeting of his friends and announced that he would make the fight lively.

The two district leaders, Frank J. Coleman and Mrs. John T. Pratt, are to cooperate with Mr. Roosevelt. Among others who will be active in behalf of Mr. Hofstadter are Winthrop W. Aldrich, Gordon Knox Bell, Charles L. Bernheimer, Alice Hill Chittenden, Mary J. Schieffelin, George W. Wickersham, James R. Sheffield, Charles D. Hilles, Henry W. Taft, William G. Demorest, Lawrence B. El

BOTH SIDES CLAIM NEW ENGLAND VOTE

Thomas J. Spellacy Says Democrats Will Even Cut Heavily Into Vermont.

REPUBLICANS ALSO SURE

Representative Tillson Declares He Found Nothing but Coolidge Sentiment.

Both Democratic and Republican campaign managers made claims yesterday that their parties would carry the New England States in the November election. Returning from a four-day trip through New England, Representative John Q. Tillson, Director of the Republican Speakers' Bureau, declared that the Coolidge-Dawes ticket would make a clean sweep of that territory, while Thomas J. Spellacy, Eastern campaign manager for the Democrats, said his party would carry Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, and even cut down the normal Republican plurality in Vermont. This is what Mr. Spellacy said about Maine:

"Maine elected a Democratic Governor in 1910. This was followed by the election in the nation of a Democratic Congress, the first since the Administration of Grover Cleveland. Maine is normally a Republican State. Republicans should carry Maine on a straight party vote by 40,000 majority. This would indicate in the nation no decided trend to either party. Any reduction below 40,000 indicates a Democratic trend. Four years ago Maine was carried by the Republican nominee for Governor by more than 65,000. This was followed by a landslide for the Republican Party in the nation. Two years ago the Democratic candidate for Governor in Maine was defeated by more than 25,000. This was followed by a very close election in the Congressional contests throughout the country. Maine is a very good barometer. If the Democratic nominee for Governor, William R. Pattangall, is defeated in Maine by 40,000, it would seem to indicate that the country at large will vote according to old party alignments. If the Democratic nominee for Governor is defeated by 25,000 in Maine, it would indicate a very close national election. If the Democratic nominee for Governor is defeated by 15,000, it will indicate a Democratic national victory."

Democracy Well Organized.

"If Mr. Pattangall is successful in Maine, it will be a positive indication of Democratic success in the nation. The State of Maine is better organized today than it ever has been from a Democratic standpoint. We are advised from that State that Mr. Pattangall, who has made a whirlwind campaign and against overwhelming odds, will carry the Democratic standard to victory. His election will be a positive assurance of Democratic victory in the nation in November."

Mr. Spellacy said he had received word from Edward M. Freeman, Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee in Connecticut, that the Democrats had the best chance to carry that State since 1912. His information about Rhode Island was that the party there was absolutely harmonious and would elect a United States Senator besides carrying it in November. Regarding Massachusetts, Mr. Spellacy said:

"The Republicans there are engaged in a very bitter contest over the nomination of a United States Senator. It is understood the Administration is backing one candidate. The probabilities are that that candidate will be defeated, and this in itself will be a repudiation of President Coolidge by the Republican voters of his own State. The Democrats are united on United States Senator Walsh. He will be renominated, and, in my opinion, re-elected. Mayor Curley of Boston will be the Democratic nominee for Governor. He is a wonderful campaigner, a great vote-getter, and will be elected. In addition to the regular Democratic votes in Massachusetts, Mr. Davis has attracted to himself thousands of independents. Our information justifies the opinion that in Massachusetts the Democrats will be victorious, not only with the national but also with the State ticket."

Of New Hampshire Mr. Spellacy said he had no doubt whatever. "It was carried by President Wilson in 1916," he said, "and Governor Brown, a Democrat, was elected in 1922. He is a candidate this year to succeed himself and it may be positively stated that New Hampshire will be carried by the Davis-Bryan ticket and by Governor Brown.

"Vermont," said Mr. Spellacy, "will be carried by President Coolidge by a greatly reduced majority."

Representative Tillson said he had gone to New England in response to invitations from local and State committees planning receptions for the Coolidge-Dawes caravan tour which will start from Plymouth, Vt., on Tuesday, Sept. 9, and proceed over the Lincoln Highway to the Pacific Coast.

"While the reason for visiting the New England States," said Mr. Tillson, "was primarily to assist with the arrangements for the automobile tour, nevertheless I took this occasion to make a survey of the political situation as it has developed in the past few weeks. The reports from both State and local chairmen were particularly gratifying. I talked not only with town committeemen and State Chairmen, but also with candidates, editors of local papers, laboring men, business men and with women workers as well. Without exception I found nothing but Coolidge sentiment.

"The situation in New Hampshire, Vermont and Massachusetts may well be illustrated by an incident in a small town, where the father-in-law of the storekeeper, an elderly man who has been a rock-ribbed Democrat, declared his intention of voting the Republican ticket for the first time in his life. The son-in-law tried to get him to vote in the Republican primary, but the old gentleman drew the line at this. He was willing to cast his vote for Coolidge, and his Democratic friends were going to do likewise, although they took a position that they thought it best to remain affiliated with the Democratic Party.

Expects to Win Democrats.

"In my home city of New Haven, where I stopped on the way back, I talked with a very prominent Democratic lawyer, a man who has been a consistent Democrat from boyhood days, who declared that while he would cast his vote for Davis, he feared a loss of strength in the Democratic Party through Democrats going over to Coolidge, even to the extent of breaking up the old two-party lines. He blamed the La Follette movement for this.

"Almost every man I talked to has told me that every vote La Follette gets over and above his Socialist following will be taken from those professional discontent who otherwise might have voted for Davis. In New England this will be a negligible quantity. In other word, the reports show that we can count not only on the regular solid Republican vote, but also on a tremendous following from the Democratic Party itself."

Among the callers at Republican headquarters, 2 West Forty-sixth Street, yesterday was former Representative Thomas S. Crage of Pennsylvania, who is scheduled to speak at Worcester, Mass., today. He will address meetings in New Jersey next week. Speaking of conditions in Pennsylvnia, he said:

"There is no excuse even for the Progressive Republican to leave his party this year and we are looking forward, consequently, to not only a normal Republican vote but also an addition to the vote for Coolidge through the alienation of Democrats who are strongly opposing the La Follette movement.

"In Pennsylvania the Democrats are not organized, and workmen have not forgotten the hard times of 1914, which followed the inauguration of a Democratic tariff. They are especially interested in the tariff question at this time in view of the expected competition of German products.

"I have also found the sentiment abroad that our Government is doing much more effective work in the settlement of European problems through its maintenance of an independent position, instead of associating itself with the League of Nations."

MAINE RIVALS CONFIDENT.

Both Parties Predict Victory in State Election Monday.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 5.—Pre-election predictions of victory at the State election on Monday were made tonight by the rival candidates and committee chairmen as the campaign neared its close.

Maine will go Democratic by between 25,000 and 30,000, according to Dan W. Cony of Augusta, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee. George L. Emery of Biddeford, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, stated that United State Senator Fernald would be re-elected by 50,000 plurality and that State Senator Brewster, candidate for Governor, would have a plurality only slightly less.

DAVIS FOR HONESTY IN ROCKFORD SPEECH

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

souri, Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa. The situation in all these States is not only as good as I thought it was, but it is a good deal better.

"I am not prepared to announce now how many of these States I am going to carry or by what majorities, but I am going to make a fight in every one of them.

"Then you do not regard any one of them as hopeless," he was asked.

"Assuredly, I do not regard any of them as hopeless," Mr. Davis replied. "I really think the four days I have spent here have been as profitable as any four days I have spent since I was nominated."

In discussing the suggestion that published reports of his intention to abandon his fight in the Middle West as being due to Republican propaganda, Mr. Davis said he did not believe that any one would doubt its source.

"Undoubtedly the reason for it is to spread the idea that the fight in the West on its face is a fight between Coolidge and La Follette with the hope that the vote will be split between the radicals and the conservatives and that La Follette will get all of the one and Coolidge all of the other," he said. "I expect to hold all of the Democrats of the West and I hope to add to their number before it is over."

Will Discuss the Issues.

Mr. Davis made it clear that he did not intend to attack President Coolidge during his campaign or discuss personalities at any time.

"I am not going to discuss any movement," he said in reply to a question, as to whether he would attack the third party movement in any of his speeches. "I am going to discuss the issues of the campaign."

Mr. Davis said he did not intend to discuss Senator La Follette's proposal to curtail the power of the United States Supreme Court in his Omaha speech. It will be devoted to a discussion of the agricultural relief issue. He was informed that the voters of German descent in Nebraska had resented Senator La Follette's attack on the Supreme Court because the Court had held the act prohibiting the teaching of the German language to be unconstitutional.

"Of course they felt very deeply about that particular decision; they had a right to," Mr. Davis said, "I do not plan to touch on this subject at Omaha. Of course, I have spoken on the same subject so often and in so many places that my personal record on it is made up."

Mr. Davis said that he had arranged definitely to speak at Chicago on Sept. 18 on his way back from Denver. The meeting probably will be held at the Dexter Pavilion, near the Stock Yards, depending upon what arrangements may be made by the local committee.

During the forenoon Mr. Davis saw about fifty "down-State" Democratic leaders whom he had invited to meet him here. The meeting was held at the Democratic Headquarters in the Auditorium Hotel and Mr. Davis urged them to "get busy" on the work of the campaign.

Some comment was caused by the failure of Judge Norman L. Jones of Carrollton, Democratic nominee for Governor, to appear, and the report was current that Judge Jones and other nominees on the State ticket were somewhat reluctant to tie themselves too closely to the Democratic national campaign in the hope that factional troubles among the Republicans might bring about their election on purely State issues.

This report was denied by local Democratic leaders. When asked about the failure of Judge Jones to visit him Mr. Davis said:

"I expected to see Judge Jones here this morning. He sent a man up to see me and to say that he was detained down in the State and could not get here. I will see him, of course, when I get back. I sent back word to him that it was much more important that he should stay down there and look after his campaign if he was needed there, simply to come up here and see me."

Mr. Davis refused to get excited over the attack upon him by Representative Wood of Indiana, Chairman of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee, for failure as Solicitor General to prosecute alleged war frauds, which charge has been answered by Democratic campaign officials, who showed that criminal prosecution was no part of the Solicitor General's duties.

"I do not know whether it is worth noticing," Mr. Davis said. "Of course, it was absurd on its face. I have been in politics long enough not be surprised at this type of campaign."

SEES KANSAS FOR DAVIS.

Jouett Shouse Reports the Situation There Similar to 1916.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Jouett Shouse, former member of Congress from the Seventh Congressional District of Kansas, and also former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, brought today to Chairman Shaver of the Democratic National Committee the encouraging report that Kansas may swing into the Democratic electoral column for John W. Davis in 1924, as for Wilson eight years ago.

"The political situation in Kansas thus far is not definitely defined," said Mr. Shouse. "Of course, the natural tendency of the State is toward the Republican Party, but perhaps in no other State in the Union, have voters become used to voting a split ticket to a greater extent than in Kansas.

"If an election were held at this time it is probable that Mr. Coolidge would carry the State, but it would go to him more by default than through any active interest in his candidacy, on the part of the voters generally.

"It is my judgment that Kansas is in as receptive a mood toward the Democratic candidate as it was in the same corresponding perod in 1916. At the present time, Kansas has a Democratic Governor elected in 1922. His chance of re-election is excellent. Further, the State is certain to increase its Democratic representation in Congress."

Coolidge and Davis: Intimate snapshots which give interesting sidelights on these two candidates, Mid-Week Pictorial, now on sale.—Adv.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Rate 65 cents an agate line.

MY WIFE, ROSE SALZMAN, HAVING left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for her debts. MORRIS SALZMAN, 186 South First St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SMITH'S DECISION IS DUE NEXT WEEK

He Will Announce Whether He Will Run After Conference at Syracuse.

OTHER BOOMS MORE ACTIVE

Supporters of Vogel and Connolly Ready for Contest if the Governor Declines.

Although the Democratic political situation in New York State is as yet unsettled, due to the uncertainty regarding the attitude of Governor Alfred E. Smith toward renomination, booms for other aspirants became active yesterday.

Following the announcement of Martin Vogel of Westchester County that he was a candidate, friends of Maurice Connolly, Borough President of Queens County, declared empatically that he would seek the nomination at the Democratic State Convention at Syracuse on Sept. 23. Both candidates made their action contingent upon the plans of Governor Smith.

"While my hat is in the ring, you can rest assured that if 'Al' Smith can be prevailed upon to accept renomination it will be jerked right out again," said Mr. Vogel. "Under no circumstances would I be a candidate against him."

Governor Smith, at Albany, made it plain yesterday that he would not leave his friends long in doubt regarding his intention. He said that he would make known his plans after a conference with up-State Democrats at Syracuse next Thursday, which is Governor's Day at the State Fair.

"I am going to Syracuse Wednesday and I am coming back Friday," the Governor was quoted as saying. "I expect to see the up-State leaders there on Governor's Day and after we have talked things over I expect to be able to say what I am going to do."

To Speak for Davis Oct. 6.

According to those in the Governor's confidence he will remain in Albany over the week-end when he returns from Syracuse and then come to New York to remain until the State convention at Syracuse. The Governor is expected to begin his speaking tour in support of John W. Davis, Democratic Presidential nominee, on Oct. 6 at Hartford, Conn., although it was said that a speech in support of Mr. Davis, or of himself for Governor, provided he decides to run again, might be made here on Oct. 2. Other speaking dates include Boston, Oct. 7; Providence, R. I., Oct. 8; Waterbury, Conn., Oct. 9; New York, Oct. 10; Baltimore, Oct. 13; Wilmington, Del., Oct. 14; Trenton, N. J., Oct. 15; Jersey City or Newark, Oct. 16; Dayton or Toledo, Ohio, Oct. 17, and Chicago, Oct. 18.

The announcement of Mr. Vogel's candidacy for the Democratic Gubernatorial nomination was made by Benjamin W. Moore of Yonkers, Chairman of the Westchester County Democratic Committee. For eight years Mr. Vogel was an Assistant Treasurer of the United States in charge of the New York Subtreasury, and as such was in charge of all Liberty Loan drives in the New York District. He is a graduate of Columbia University and Columbia Law School and was one of the group of financiers who joined with Thomas W. Lamont in the purchase of The Evening Post before it was purchased by its present owner. At present he is Assistant Director of Finance at the Eastern headquarters of the Democratic National Campaign Committee at the Hotel Belmont.

"Mr. Vogel is splendidly equipped to take up the work that Governor Smith has begun and carry it through to completion," said Mr. Moore yesterday.

"He was an Assistant Secretary of the United States under President Wilsons' Administration and he has taken a deep interest in all of the great welfare and forward-looking measures so strongly advocated by Governor Smith.

Davis Sentiment Growing.

"During the past week reports have come to me from various sections of Westchester County that there is an undercurrent of feeling for John W. Davis. Men who have never taken interest in politics in Westchester County have not only expressed their intention of voting for but in getting out and working for John W. Davis. The organization of the county is proceeding satisfactorily and a large increase in the Democratic vote is expected."

Sheriff Mason O. Smedley, Democratic leader of Queens County made the announcement of Borough President Connolly's candidacy. The Sheriff was visited yesterday by a delegation of thirty Democrats who sought to learn Mr. Connolly's attitude and whether the Democratic organization in Queens could be expected to support him if he ran for Governor. The delegation consisted of members of the newly-organized Connolly-for-Governor Club, headed by Joseph Powers, Democratic leader in the Fifth Ward, Queens. Powers asked Smedley if he thought it advisable for the club to proceed with plans for obtaining the nomination for Mr. Connolly.

"You can go right ahead," said the Sheriff. "Mr. Connolly will positively be a candidate for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination. Ever since Mayor Hylan referred to Mr. Connolly as a progressive Democrat and one who should be considered for the nomination our borough head has been receiving assurances of support. The Democrats of Queens are solidly behind him. Reports from up-State indicate that he is liked and respected there and that delegations of Democrats in different parts of the State have already begun to work for him. His name will certainly be presented to the convention."

Both Nassau and Suffolk Democratic organizations are said to look favorably on the Connolly boom.

The boom for Lieut. Gov. George R. Lunn which was launched some time ago is still being carefully nursed by his friends. They said yesterday that the Lieutenant Governor would make his position clear as soon as it was definitely learned what Governor Smith's intentions were. Mr. Lunn, a visitor at Democratic National Headquarters yesterday, was asked what his attitude was toward the Ku Klux Klan in the State.

"I haven't the slightest hesitancy in stating my position on this matter," he said. "The Ku Klux Klan is a new political party, acting behind a hooded mask, fomenting religious and racial bigotry in order to accomplish an un-American purpose. Any believer in American institutions must recognize the unequivocal menace of such an organization.

"There is no question in my mind but that the Democratic convention to be held at Syracuse will make a clear-cut pronouncement against the Ku Klux Klan. I sincerely hope that the Republican convention at Rochester will take similar action. But, regardless of what the Republicans do, the Democratic Party still adheres to the Constitution of the United States. This great Republic of ours includes men and women of all faiths and racial origin, and any organization—Ku Klux Klan or any other with the same sinister purpose—must be openly and unequivocally condemned. Our forefathers laid down in the Constitution and Bill of Rights sacred principles under which every creed can build its own temple and every man and woman worship God according to his or her own conscience. The Ku Klux Klan strikes at the foundation of American liberty.

"Let the Republican Party of New York State in convention assembled face this issue squarely as the Democratic Party will do, and we will hear very little more regarding the obnoxious K. K. K. in this State."

M. R. McAdoo Corrects Statement.

Malcolm R. McAdoo, brother of William Gibbs McAdoo, who announced that he would support the La Follette ticket, yesterday corrected an error in his statement in which he said that two signers of the Declaration of Independence, Thomas Jefferson and Benjamin Harrison, subsequently became President. "This should have read, 'One of the signers, Thomas Jefferson, subsequently became President,'" said Mr. McAdoo. "Two of the direct decendants of Benjamin Harrison, also a signer, William Henry Harrison and Benjamin Harrison, subsequently became President."

FLIERS FORCED DOWN IN JUMP TO BOSTON

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

their appearance at Orr's Island, and a short time after they were reported over Yarmouth. They were then flying about in an effort to discover how far they were off their course or with the apparent intention of finding a favorable location to make a descent. From Yarmouth they sped in the direction of Freeport, and then nothing more was heard from them until they were reported at Mere Point.

Circling about over the Point, as they had previously done at Orr's and Yarmouth, Lieutenant Smith finally came down, and at 5:10 rested in a pretty little cove off the western shore. And then it was not long before the airmen set foot on United States soil for the first time since they hopped off at Seattle.

Scarcely had the planes struck the water when a flotilla of motor boats and rowboats put off to them.

When Lieutenant Smith landed the first thing he did was to communicate with General Patrick at the Boston air base and tell of his safe arrival in Maine. Lieutenant Smith expressed his pleasure at the reception accorded him and the rest of the fliers by the Summer cottagers and stated that with good weather conditions he would be ready to hop off again at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning.

"We encountered fog and rain all the way down the coast from the St. John River," said Lieutenant Smith. "It was the first time our planes had gone really astray on the trip. The machines are in fine shape with the exception of Lieutenant Wade's, which has wet batteries. This trouble can be remedied easily before we start off in the morning."

Rain May Delay Today's Flight.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—Rain began to fall here late tonight, causing doubt in some quarters whether the world fliers would be able to resume their flight tomorrow as planned.

The Weather Bureau in Washington today ordered storm warnings from Sandy Hook to Eastport, advising that a disturbance reported over Eastern Quebec was moving northeastward and increasing in intensity.

Over the telephone tonight Lieutenant Smith gave to The Associated Press a brief account of the experiences of the fliers.

"We ran into fog most of the way down the coast," he said. "When we reached Casco Bay it was dense, but we hoped we could make our way along a little further, in the thought that we might strike clear weather. It couldn't be done, and he looked around for a landing place.

"After circling about the bay for a while we discovered a good place near Mere Point. We made an easy landing at 5:10 P. M., Daylight Time, and anchored so near shore that we had no difficulty in getting on dry land, our first actual touch with United States soil since we left Seattle.

"We are all very glad to be here. We have been working a long time to get here. It seems good to be back with our people again.

"We shall spend the night at Summer cottages on Mere Point, and I hope we can hop off for Boston between 9 and 10 o'clock tomorrow morning."

Then the flight commander said that he couldn't talk longer at this time because he wanted to go out and look over the planes once more before going to bed.

Summer cottagers at Mere Point, among them a number of members of the Faculty of Bowdain College, were host to four of the fliers at an old-fashioned Maine shore dinner tonight. Lieutenant Smith and his mechanician, Lieutenant Leslie P. Arnold, elected to remain near the planes while the others went to New Meadows Inn where they were served with fried clams, broiled live lobster and other sea delicacies. The men said they had but two eggs each during their flight.

In describing their flight to their hosts the officers said they had encountered heavy fog all the way from St. John, N. B. The visibility was low and they were oblided to fly so close to the water that several times they narrowly escaped colliding with buoys and other obstructions.

The men had many invitations for the night and it was finally decided that two of them should remain at the home of Captain F. F. Turner of Brunswick; two at the home of Nelson Chase of Arlington, Mass.; one at the home of Professor Frederick Brown of Bowdoin, and one at the home of Dr. Joseph Stetson of Brunswick, all of whom have cottages at Mere Point.

It was estimated tonight that the army airmen in their hop from Pictou, N. S., to Casco Bay had covered 405 miles. They have yet 125 miles to fly before reaching Boston.

Boston Is Disappointed.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 5.—The army aviators who are flying around the world set foot on American soil again, not at Boston as officially planned, however, but in a forced landing near Brunswick, Me. Fog brought them down, but they are safe and well, and if the weather is reasonably clear they will fly here tomorrow.

Failure of the fliers to arrive was a bitter disappointment to Boston, which had planned a rousing welcome and was out in force. Crowds waited for them all afternoon and did not turn away until they knew that reports of their landing elsewhere were true. Officials of the army flew to meet them, but turned back before the fog that brought the airmen down. Nevertheless Boston will not admit that the fliers have landed officially until they land here.

The fliers were reached over the long-distance telephone by Major Gen. Mason M. Patrick, chief of the Air Service, and General Patrick told waiting newspaper men that the fliers would take the air probably at 5:30 o'clock tomorrow morning, and with anything like favorable weather should reach Boston about 10:30.

"The fliers were forced down by fog in Casco Bay," General Patrick said. "They are somewhere near Brunswick, Me., but I am not exactly sure where. The telephone number indicates that it is probably some farmhouse not very far away from where they landed.

General Patrick was genuinely disappointed at the unforseen turn of events. He had been at the East Boston airport all day receiving radio flashes of their take-off at Pictou and their progress down the New England Coast. Confident that they would come through, he had led twelve airplanes out to meet them only to run into fog and so turn back.

Major A. Stuart MacLaren, the British aviator who tried to fly around the world, had also arrived to welcome the aviators. He was accompanied by Lieutenant W. N. Plenderleith and Sergeant R. H. Andrews, who were with him when he crashed in a fog in the Bering Islands. All had nothing but praise for the Americans. "Jolly good sportsmen," MacLaren called them.

Boston Flocks to Air Port.

Boston had planned to make the arrival of the fliers a holiday. The news of the take-off from Pictou at 11:30 o'clock this morning seemed to become generally known even before the newspapers announced it in extra editions, and then the pilgrimage to the East Boston airport began. On foot, in street cars and by automobile several thousand persons went out to see the airmen land. Soldiers had to be called out to keep the crowds in hand and special details of city and State police to do traffic duty. By 3 o'clock the rush was over and the long and fruitless wait began.

At that time, however, there was every indication that the airmen would come through. The destroyer Barry at Pictou reported the start at 11:30 o'clock daylight saving time. Then the destroyer Lawrence flashed the word that they had passed St. John. Eastport saw them at 1:20, Machiasport at 2:40 and Bar Harbor at 3:15.

There the story ended at least for a time, but although an hour passed and no more bulletins came the crowd did not lack for thrills.

Twelve Airplanes Start Out.

In the meantime Dwight Davis, Assistant Secretary of War, had come to the airport and had inspected the seventeen machines lined up there. It was expected now that the airmen would arrive between 5 and 6 o'clock, and at 4:15 General Patrick, slipping into flying togs, climbed into his machine and, with Captain St. Clair Street as pilot, took the air. Then, one by one, twelve airplanes took off and circled over the crowd and ranged themselves in formation and then flew off to escort the world fliers in.

That was the signal for the officials to repair to a flag-draped barge that had been prepared for the reception of the airmen. A band played and the crowd surged around. Everywhere there was anticipation.

It was a sudden turn in the weather that aroused apprehensions. The afternoon was sunny until just about 4 o'clock. Then the sky became overcast, rain threatened and at last it did rain a little. Still the crowd remained.

At 5:30 a rumor spread around that the fliers had been forced down. Nobody paid very much attention to it at first, but at 6 o'clock more definite word was received. The fliers were down in Casco Bay and the destroyer McFarland at Portsmouth had been ordered to proceed to Portland at full speed.

In the headquarters of the airport an officer appealed to the telephone company to try to get in touch with any one at Casco Bay who might be able to reach the fliers. "If possible," he said, "get Lieutenant Smith on the wire."

How it happened that officer does not know tonight, but within ten minutes a voice on the other end of the wire said, "This is Smith talking."

And of the many Smiths whose names are in the telephone book this was the one Smith whose voice America wanted to hear. But the news that he gave was disappointing. Fog, that enemy that conquers all fliers, had brought him down. He had made a successful flight and all six airmen and all three planes were safe. It was then that the promise to call up General Patrick at 8:30 was given.

At that time General Patrick was flying along the coast in the hope of escorting the world fliers to Boston. But he, too, encountered fog and realizing that it was such that the world fliers would not try to pass through he ordered the escort to turn back. They reached the field at 6:45.

The band stopped playing then. The soldiers formed up and marched away. The crowd wandered off. The automobiles fell into line. The refreshment booths packed up. The Red Cross girls went home. Boston was ready to admit that the world fliers had indeed landed on American soil, but was determined not to lose one whit of its enthusiasm for the official landing tomorrow.

NEW PLANE DELAYS START.

Take-Off From Pictou Provides an Interesting Sight.

PICTOU, Nova Scotia, Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—The American Army round-the-world fliers left foreign soil for the last time on their long and arduous aerial circumnavigation of the globe when they took off from Pictou Harbor for Boston at 10:35 o'clock this morning on the last over-water lap of their journey.

The Chicago, bearing Lieutenant Lowell H. Smith, the flight commander, and Lieutenant Leslie P. Arnold, led the trip, and following came the New Orleans, with Lieutenants Erik H. Nelson and John Harding Jr., and the Boston II., which had been sent here to permit Lieutenants Leigh Wade and H. H. Ogden to resume their flight, which had been interrupted by the wreck of their original plane off the Faroe Islands.

The take-off, perhaps one of the most spectacular of the globe tour, was delayed by the difficulty Lieutenant Wade experienced in getting his heavily laden plane off the water.

Wade first experienced trouble in starting his motor after the new propeller, brought here by the United States destroyer Coghlan, had been fitted to his machine. Both the Chicago and the New Orleans had been warming up their engines for some time and Lieutenants Smith and Nelson crossed to the Boston II. in a navy motor boat to see if they could assist Lieutenants Wade and Ogden.

In stepping from the boat to the Boston's pontoon Lieutenant Nelson slipped into the water and was soaked to the waist. After a few minutes Lieutenant Wade got his motor started and it functioned properly after Lieutenant Nelson made light of his wetting and he and Smith returned to their planes, in which they took their places.

The three machines taxied into a V formation at the Pictou mouth of the bay and, at a signal from Smith, who was leading, started their take-off simultaneously. The New Orleans forged ahead, with the Chicago following. The Boston II., heavily laden with gasoline because she carried two more tanks than either of her sister ships, roared across the entire width of the bay without taking the air.

There was no wind to help her off the water and Lieutenant Wade turned and attempted to take off in the opposite direction. The motor appeared to be developing full power but the pontoons refused to lift from the water.

A third trial failed, but on the fourth Lieutenant Wade chose a longer course, rocked his ship back and forth to break the surface tension of the glassy water and headed for the inlet of the harbor.

Spectators on shore said the plane left the water on the first part of the run and settled back again. At the end of two miles, the Boston II. took the air and started climbing slowly. The Chicago and New Orleans, which had been circling over her and swooping to break the air ahead so that she could get up easier, joined her in formation and the trio disappeared over Pictou Island, heading west over Northumberland Strait.

At 10:50 o'clock the machines passed River John and at 11:16 o'clock they passed over the mouth of Pugwash Harbor, about fifty miles from their starting point. They were flying abreast and going very fast.

Watchers on the shore off Wallace Harbor, which the airmen passed before reaching Pugwash Harbor, asserted that the Boston II. dropped very low, followered by the Chicago, while the New Orleans slackened its pace and hovered overhead. For a time it looked as though the Boston II. had alighted, but a few minutes later she gained altitude again and the three machines disappeared from view.

At 11:45 o'clock, the airmen passed over Amherst, about twenty-five miles beyond Pugwash Harbor. The skies were cloudy following a slight rain this morning.

At 12:05 o'clock the planes passed over Albert, New Brunswick, flying at a fast rate of speed towards the southwest. They were quite high and abreast of one another.

At 12:30 o'clock the fliers were sighted from St. Martins, N. B., about twenty-five miles from St. John.

Ten minutes later the machines passed over the lighthouse at St. Martins. They were flying in a V formation, about 500 feet above the level of the sea. The weather was clear and the planes had the advantage of a following wind.

Shortly before 1 o'clock the American airmen, flying low in triangular formation, passed over St. John and continued down the coast toward Maine.

Flight Along Maine Coast.

EASTPORT, Me., Sept. 5.—The world circling fliers reached the United States at 1:20 P. M. (Eastern Standard Time) today. The three planes passed over the West Quoddy Head coastguard station on the boundary line between Maine and New Brunswick at that hour. The wind was light from the southeast and there was a light fog.

MACHIASPORT, Me., Sept. 5.—The world flying planes passed here at 1:40 P. M.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Sept. 5.—The world fliers passed the Naval Radio Station at Otter Cliffs, near here, at 2:05 P. M. A light rain was falling.

SOUTHWEST HARBOR, Me., Sept. 5.—The world fliers passed over this port at 2:18 P. M. Owing to thick weather they could not been seen but their engines were heard plainly.

DEER ISLE, Me., Sept. 5.—The American fliers passed over Isle Au-Haut, at the Eastern entrance to Penobscot Bay, at 2:35 P. M.

NEW FEATURES FOR RECEPTION

Fliers Expected to Broadcast Stories From Mitchel Field.

New York's welcome to the world flight aviators, due to land at Mitchel Field at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, will be of spectacular nature and tremendous proportions.

Secretary of War Weeks, according to the Citizens' Reception Committee, of which F. Trubee Davison is Chairman, will be on hand. Senator James W. Wadsworth Jr. of New York, who will speak tonight at Washington Mo., will board an airplane there at dawn tomorrow, planning to arrive at noon at Mitchel Field, where he will make the address of welcome. Lieutenant Antonio Locatelli, the Italian aviator rescued off Greenland by the U. S. S. Richmond, will be among those meeting Lieutenants Smith, Nelson and Wade.

Weather and time permitting, the fliers will circle over New York before proceeding to the field, so that the city may have a view of the world flight planes.

Between 5 and 6 o'clock the day of their arrival, the fliers will submit to medical tests. Then they will broadcast narratives of their experiences. They will sleep either at the Officers' Club or at residences of officers.

Over the entrance to the field have been strung signal flags spelling out, "Welcome, U. S. Round-the-World Fliers." Over the operations office signal flags have been strung out spelling, "Welcome U. S. Army World Fliers." Some 1,500 flags of all nations have been placed on the buildings of Mitchel Field.

Major Hensley will leave this morning for Boston to join the escort party, which is to be led to New York by Major Gen. Patrick. Twenty-two planes, drawn from Mitchel Field, Rolling Field at Washington and Selfridge Field in Michigan, will serve as an escort.

Arrangements are under way through WJZ for a radio conversation among the world fliers, General Patrick and Major Hensley and the planes near Mitchel Field. If the plan in this respect is carried out the machines will be equipped with apparatus and on the ground at Mineola will be set up a receiving machine which will transmit the conversation to the throng through amplifiers. WJZ at the same time broadcasting the conversations.

Mr. Davison will present the fliers to Senator Wadsworth, to whose address of welcome Lieutenant Smith will make response. Smith, Nelson and Wade will receive especially made souvenirs. The souvenirs will be solid gold cigarette cases.

On behalf of a committee of Italian-American citizens, Congressman Fiorello F. H. LaGuardia, who was a war aviator, is to present a trophy signifying appreciation of the rescue of Lieutenant Locatelli by the Richmond and the efforts made by Lieutenants Smith and Nelson to find him. The trophy was subscribed for by a committee headed by Luigi Barzini and operating through an Italian paper, the Corriere d'America.

Following the official greetings an informal reception will be held at the Officers' Club, at which the Prince will be a guest. A buffet dinner will be served.

The general public will be admitted without tickets. A limited number of tickets will be issued for the grandstand before which the ceremonies will take place. A special press tent with tables will be erected. Three bands have been engaged for the occasion.

Within an hour after the aviators have landed sixteen mechanics will begin the work of overhauling the machines in preparation for the flight to Washington.

Mayor Hylan last night issued this statement anent the flight:

"The American round-the-world fliers have accomplished the tremendously arduous task of making the first air circumnavigation of the globe. They are expected to reach Mitchel Field next Sunday afternoon.

Lieutenant Lowell H. Smith, comanding the American airmen, and his gallant and able assistants have earned for themselves the plaudits and felicitations of the world. For the unexampled display of hardihood and courage, and the persistent efforts to accomplish the purpose of their mission, despite most trying and adverse factors, universal applause will be given. The long preliminaries, involving the marking of routes, the establishment of supply stations and other features incident to the flight, were carefully planned as the ultimate success of the long air journey has proved. Toward all who participated in this essential preparatory work, generous appreciation will also be manifested.

"Every American will rejoice that the proud distinction of having completed the first round-the-world flight by air has been won by America, the birthplace of aeronautics. The demonstration of the practicability of encircling the globe by airships has been made by American fliers in air cruisers designed by Americans. The American flag has been carried into the icy wastes of polar regions, and far-away inhabitants of the globe, who have never gazed upon the white man of the symbol of his mastery of the air, have beheld our hardy adventurers on their pioneering air flight.

"The successful accomplishment of the signal achievement of blazing an air trail around the globe establishes a record which ranks among the highest in the long list of achievements which have made America notable among the nations of the world."

Announcement was made yesterday that Lieutenant Locatelli would be the guest of honor at a dinner on Monday evening aboard the Lloyd Sabaudo liner Conte Rosso, under the direction of the New York branch of the Italian Veterans' National Association.

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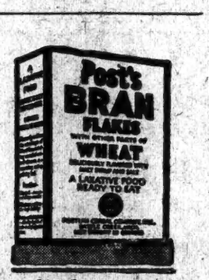

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BLAMES FARM ILLS ON THE REPUBLICANS

Shaver Contradicts Secretary Wallace, Who Said the Democrats Deflated Agriculture.

RECALLS MOVE IN SENATE

McCormick Resolution, Harding's Indorsement of Platform Plank and the Tariff Are Cited.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Contradicting Secretary Wallace, Clem L. Shaver, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, charged this afternoon that the Republican and not the Democratic Administration was responsible for the deflation of farm prices and the resulting agricultural distress. Mr. Shaver accused Secretary Wallace of trying to shift the blame because the Secretary found that the Republican Party was in distress.

"It is apparent that the exigencies of partisan politics have pressed Secretary of Agriculture Wallace to reverse and stultify himself in the statement he issued on Sept. 4, charging the last Democratic Administration with responsibility for the deflation of agricultural prices and the consequent distress among American farmers," Mr. Shaver said. "Mr. Wallace's latest explanation of the farmers' bankruptcy and poverty during the nearly four years of the Harding-Coolidge régime at least adds variety to his contributions on the subject. It is the fourth or fifth version of the farmers' sad plight he has offered since 1921.

"The true cause of the present and recent condition of agriculture is to be found in the deliberate policy of deflation pursued by Republicans themselves. The written record of their culpability will be cited. It begins with the resolution adopted by the Republican Sixty-sixth Congress. This resolution was offered by Senator McCormick, Republican, of Illinois. Here it is:

Resolved, That the Federal Reserve Board be directed to advise the Senate what steps it proposes to take or to recommend to the member banks of the Federal Reserve System to meet the existing inflation in currency and credit and the consequent high prices, and what further steps it proposes to take or recommend to mobilize credits in order to move the 1919 crops.

"This resolution was not merely the undertaking of Senator McCormick as an individual Republican. It was part and parcel of the policy of his party. The Republican platform of 1920, adopted more than a year after the passage of Senator McCormick's resolution, contained this declaration:

We pledge ourselves to an earnest and consistent attack upon the high cost of living by rigorous avoidance of further inflation of our Government borrowing and by courageous and intelligent deflation of our overexpanded credit and currency.

"Senator Harding, Republican candidate for the Presidency, in his speech of acceptance (July 22, 1920), made this policy his own:

"'Gross expansion of currency and credit has depreciated the dollar,' said Mr. Harding. 'Deflation on the one hand and restoration of the 100 per cent. dollar on the other ought to have been begun on the day after the armistice—we pledge that earnest and consistent attack which the platform covenants. We will attempt intelligent and courageous deflation and strike at Government borrowing, which enlarges the evil.'

"Secretary Wallace must know these facts. And apparently because he is and has been aware of them he has heretofore refrained from recounting them in his official publications and statements. Now, when the Harding-Coolidge Administration is in straits Mr. Wallace attempts to shift the blame to other shoulders.

"Not only is the Republican Administration chargeable with the policy and practices which have resulted in the destructive deflation of agricultural prices and value; they are equally responsible for legislation which continues the farmers' bankruptcy and misery. When agriculture had reached its worst pass the Republican Administration enacted the Fordney-McCumber tariff, which added outrageously to the cost of everything the farmer bought without increasing the price of anything he had for sale.

"The Republicans began deflation of agriculture; they are continuing it."

Salesmen Endorse Roosevelt.

The Salesmen's Roosevelt League, said to represent 100,000 traveling salesmen in New York State, with headquarters at the Hotel Pennsylvania, met yesterday and endorsed Colonel Roosevelt's candidacy for the Republican Gubernatorial nomination. Resolutions unanimously adopted pledged the league to work for his nomination and election.

TEXTILE FINANCES STIR UP POLITICS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

other words, under the Democratic tariff the textile industry was prosperous, the workers were employed full time on full wages. Under the Republican tariff they have not been working at all, or only part time and at decreased wages.

"In many textile centres there has been a depression that has placed many of the people engaged in that industry as workers in almost a position of absolute dependence on public charity for support. This is true of many of the States in this Eastern District. Particularly in Eastern Connecticut, Massachusetts and New Hampshire, where many thousands of people are engaged as workers in the textile industry, has the depression been acute.

"Of course I do not know why the American Woolen Company passed its dividend. It has in the past accumulated a very large surplus. Its dividend is small in comparison with this surplus. It is quite possible that they are attempting to offset the dissatisfaction with the lack of employment and the decreased wages by showing that capital itself is suffering in this industry. If capital as well as labor is suffering, it is because of the Republican tariff schedule that has made the price of wool so high that it has caused a decreased consumption on the part of the people of the United States.

"When neither the worker, the employer nor the consumer benefits by a tariff schedule, the common sense that we hear so much about in this campaign should be changed to common honesty to repeal the act and substitute for it one that will be beneficial to the entire people."

"Do you think the passing of this dividend is paving the way for a further wage cut?" Mr. Spellacy was asked.

"They have wages now down to a starving point," he replied.

"Do you agree with Chairman Butler of the Republican National Committee, that there will not be any further reduction in wages in the woolen industry?"

"My answer to that," said Mr. Spellacy, "is that Mr. Butler, of course, knows more about the textile industry than I do. He has a very large amount of capital, so I am informed, in this industry. However, I will agree with him that there will be no further reduction of wages in the textile industry, because if wages are further reduced they will disappear entirely."

Norman Thomas, Socialist candidate for Governor, made this comment:

"The passing of the American Woolen Company dividend creates a dilemma for President Coolidge and that eminent textile manufacturer, his national campaign manager. Either business conditions compelled it, in which case what becomes of the Republican talk about prosperity, or else it was not necessary to pass the dividend, in which case it must have been preliminary to an attack upon the wage scale or for the purpose of speculative advantage on the inside.

"The close relations of the American Woolen Company to the Republican Party, which has fed it so long at the high tariff trough, makes it imperative that we learn which horn of the dilemma the company and the Republicans wish to take."

STOCKS TUMBLE ON MARKET.

Decline Continues as Selling Orders Pour Into Wall Street.

Wall Street did not recover yesterday from the shock received on the previous day when the directors of the American Woolen Company passed the dividend on the common stock, which has been paid continuously since 1919. The market was weak, erratic and nervous all day, with American Woolen shares the centre of attack. The nervousness appeared to spread, too, as the day advanced, and after a period of moderate firmness at the opening, stock prices slid off easily and quickly, large blocks of United States Steel common, American Can and Baldwin Locomotive coming to market, along with the specialties, faster than they could be absorbed.

Closing prices were practically at the lowest of the day on a turnover of 3,186,000 shares. American Woolen lost an additional 3⅝ points, American Can 3⅛, Baldwin Locomotive 2, Chandler Motors 3½, Famous Players 3⅛, General Electric 4⅛, United States Rubber 2⅛, United States Cast Iron Pipe 3⅛, United States Industrial Alcohol 3⅛, Woolworth 3, and less active trading issues showed proportionate losses.

It cannot be said that the passing of the American Woolen dividend was entirely responsible for all of the declines which were recorded. However, the action of the directors of one of the largest factors in the textile industry in passing the dividend drew sharp attention to the affairs of corporations engaged in other lines which have not been doing well, and speculative "gunners" began selling stocks in which some readjustment in the dividend rate is a possibility. This selling, coupled with the actual liquidation which was going on at the same time, formed a pressure too severe for the market to withstand, and at times during the day the market had the appearance of having been seized by a severe case of "nerves."

The attitude of the speculative element of the financial district has undergone a very quick change since midweek. The Street was "bullish" up to the middle of the week. Developments since that time, however, have had a sobering effect. As outlined by most commentators, the unfavorable factors at the moment are ranged as follows: continued unsatisfactory conditions and sales in many important lines; price cutting in some directions; the possibility that further dividend readjustments are not far off; the pressure of profit-taking by those who have followed the market on its long upswing. On the other side, those who believe the present reaction to be merely a temporary affair give as their reasons easy money, the probability of no political upsets in the Maine election next Monday and the desirability of good markets for the German and other near-by loans of importance.

The fact that the textile industry has been in an unsatisfactory position all year has, of course, been generally known, but it was quite generally believed that the American Woolen Company, with a surplus of approximately $33,000,000, would pay the current dividend out of this surplus.

AMERICAN WOOLEN MAY REDUCE WAGES

It Is Operating on a Small Margin of Profit and at Only 40 Per Cent. of Capacity.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 5.—While the official statement issued in connection with the passing of the American Woolen common dividend merely attributed the action to the "severe depression in the textile business," there was considerable conjecture today as to what the situation really is and what the prospects are. In the wool trade it is generally believed that American Woolen has the cheapest stock of wool on hand in the United States and that it is fully covered, at least for its lightweight goods season.

This is reassuring in view of the extensive advance in wool prices lately, but operations are at a low ebb and the prices for its Spring lines indicate that the company is operating on a narrow margin of profit.

In view of the feeling in the cotton manufacturing end of the textile industry that wages are too high, it is possible that American Woolen officials may have in mind some wage readjustments and in fairness to their employes are merely requiring stockholders to take their loss first.

It is doubtful whether foreign competition was an important factor in reaching yesterday's decision.

For the time being American Woolen common as a non-dividend paying issue is regarded as too high compared with other paying stocks, but this does not take into consideration the valuable equity in the company represented by the common stock.

While production in 1923 was the largest on record for any peace year and was exceeded only in two war years, the goods openings last Winter were disappointing and resulted in unsatisfactory operations during the first half of the year. Present operations are believed to be 40 per cent. of capacity, as compared with 61 per cent. last June.

Two of the company's largest mills, the Ayer and the Wood mills, have been practically shut down all Summer, although ordinarily a two weeks' shutdown is sufficient to take up the slack in business. Heavy cancellations, especially in women's lines, have been reported from time to time.

Rumors of a possible cut or omission in the dividend were current three months ago, but were set at rest by President W. M. Wood, who stated then that while earnings were negligible, a sufficient surplus had been set up to take care of dividends. This probably accounted for the scant attention paid to unfavorable dividend rumors when they made their appearance this week. Two weeks ago it was reported that the average price of the company's new lines for the Spring of 1925 was 7 per cent. lower than for the Spring of this year and 2½ per cent. lower than for the Spring of 1923.

Additional confirmation of reports of depression in the textile industry was furnished this week by the non-payment of the interest on the outstanding first mortgage 7 per cent. bonds of R. B. and R. Knight, large cotton manufacturers, and the postponement of dividend action on the common stock of the Daniel Boone Woolen Mills.

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Sept. 5.—With the American Woolen Mills running about 40 per cent. capacity and the prospects not bright for any immediate resumption of full time schedules, a bad Winter is being looked for by mill workers. The passing of the American Woolen Company dividend by the directors of the company will work hardships on many of the operatives of the company, for thousands of them had invested heavily in the stock and were keeping it for a nest egg to fall back on in case of continued hard times.

The stock in the company was sold to the employes on the partial payment plan and thousands of shares have already been delivered. The bright side of the situation comes from one of the officials of the American Woolen Company, who when asked whether the company planned a reduction in wages stated that no cut in wages would come at this time, nor was any being considered.

The Everett Mills, employing about 2,500 hands, resumed operations after being closed down several weeks. The mill goes on the three days a week schedule.

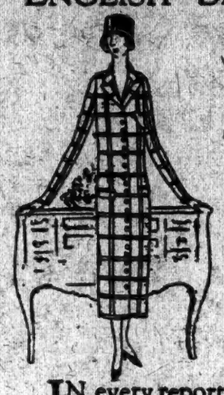
The present conditions of the members of the Hohenzollern family are intimately detailed by Lieut. Col. Henry D. Thomasson, U. S. A., retired, in September Current History Magazine, 25c.—Advt.

The Store will be Open all day today

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th St.—N. Y.

For Miss 14 to 20

THE *BERNARD* COAT-FROCK IN ENGLISH BLOCK TWEED



Bernard's coup of the season makes its New York debut at Best's

79.50

IN every report of what smatt Paris is wearing one sees mention of the Bernard coat-frock, that newest of cloth dresses, made like a coat (like the Prince of Wales' Chesterfield, to be exact) with notch collar, and many buttons down the front. We have reproduced it exactly and predict for it a repetition for its Paris success.

Double-breasted model in the same material - - - 75.00

THE CLOTHES TAKE THE BEATING

IT'S a terrible battle a boy gives his clothes. Only it isn't quite fair. The clothes invariably come out second best. And they haven't the come-back the boy has.

Best's has been watching the battle for forty-five years and it has spent that time rooting for the under dog—the clothes—and putting resistance into them where they need it most.

The long-standing war is waged now on terms that are at least a little more even. And it's because of the extra care that Best's puts into every piece of the school outfit. Best's clothes for boys and young men wear just a little longer than you hoped they would.

Common copyright, 1924 • BEST & COMPANY • 5th Avenue at 35th Street

The McCreery Men's Shop

Fall Showing!

Men's

Four Piece Suits

(coat, vest, long trousers and knickers)

48.00

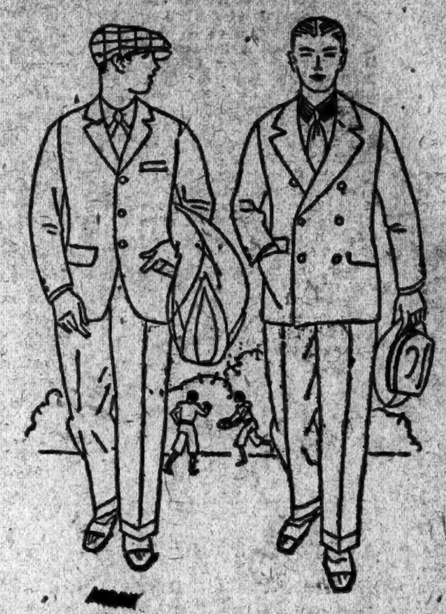
Most New York men find a four piece suit as essential as a hat. We have therefore taken great pains to make this showing one that you'll find very attractive. The suits were tailored overseas—expressly for us—and come in fine, long-wearing, Shetlands, Tweeds and Cheviots. Models have straight sack business coats or belted backs, for sportsmen. Exceptional value at 48.00.

MEN'S SHOP, SECOND FLOOR—ANNEX
(Use the Special Fifth Avenue Entrance)

Store hours 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

James McCreery & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE 35TH STREET

Saks-Herald Square
Broadway at 34th Street



For the Regular Fellow of High School and Prep School Age—

ALL WOOL SUITS

With Extra Trousers or Knickers

At 30.00 35.00 38.00

If you're 16 to 20, or thereabouts—

If you're a crank about your clothes—

If you want suits designed especially for you—not just smaller editions of Dad's styles nor larger sizes of your kid brother's—

You're the Fellow These Suits of Cheviot and Unfinished Worsted Are For!

Single or double breasted styles in blue, brown or fancy mixtures.

Saks-Herald Square—Fifth Floor

Fur Trimmed Coats
for Women

$95 *and* $110

TWO SPECIALLY PRICED GROUPS
Smart new models. Straightline, Tuxedo and Wrap-around effects in the new suede finished fabrics—Cuir de Laine, Duvetyn, Veloria, and Drongo.

New Colors—Oxblood, Dust, Rosewood, Cranberry, Lebanon, Penny, Navy, Black.

Furs—Natural Squirrel, Beaver, Wolf, Kit Fox, Hudson Seal, Sable Squirrel, Muskrat.

Stern Brothers—Third Floor.

Stern Brothers
West Forty-second and West Forty-third Streets

WOULD RAISE FUND TO AID IMMIGRANTS

Judge Cotillo Proposes to Tax Sons of Italy to Further Alien Education.

ORDER MEETS IN YONKERS

899 Delegates Attend 15th Annual Convention of New York Grand Lodge.

With 800 delegates from all parts of the State in attendance, the fifteenth annual convention of the Grand Lodge of the Sons of Italy, Inc., of New York State was opened in Yonkers yesterday with an address by Supreme Court Justice Salvatore A. Cotillo of New York City, Grand Master of the order.

Judge Cotillo spoke about good citizenship among his countrymen, outlined the educational program for the order and suggested a plan to tax members of the order for the furtherance of education among immigrants.

The convention is being held at Columbus Hall, Yonkers, and is expected to last until Saturday night. Many delegates have never been in the metropolis before and a night-seeing trip in New York has been arranged for them.

Justice Cotillo said, in part:

"The need of the hour is more education for our immigrant population. It is not only through legislation that we can check their exploitation, but it is essentially a matter of education, in order that they may become citizens and make their wants known and respected.

"It is by exercising their right of suffrage that they will receive their just representation and insure that their children shall have the same opportunity as those of the other nationalities that have preceded them. It is not by fostering foreign customs or foreign political principles in our foreign communities that we can win respect either for ourselves or our motherland, but by taking an active part in the welfare of the community where we reside and by the loyalty that we render to the city, State and nation.

"The recent example in Washington of the unjust discrimination toward a noble country such as Italy, with her 40,000,000 population, whose sturdy sons to the number of 3,500,000 are in this country and whose labor has contributed so much to make this a greater America, is sufficient warning that mere declamation as to our ancient and modern contribution to civilization is ineffective to obtain the consideration to which we feel ourselves justly entitled.

"At the time the so-called Johnson bill was under consideration I appeared before the Congressional Committee on Immigration in opposition thereto. I stated to the committee that while I was not against some scientific principle of restrictive immigration, the bill contained certain features which seemed to me inequitable and discriminatory against some races—particularly the Italian race—and filed a memorandum with both the Senate and House committees incorporating these objections. My views with reference to this bill have not changed, but now that it has become a law I bow to the will of Congress. It would be well, I think, for all of us to do likewise.

"The fires of racial prejudice have also been lighted by an organization which fosters hatred toward the foreigners. This organization, whose aims are so opposed to the ideals of the founders of this Republic, who were actuated in the creation of the Government by a desire to provide equal opportunity for all, should never be permitted to exist.

"We know it does not reflect the real American attitude, and with that knowledge we shall not falter in our loyalty to the country of our adoption and obedience to its laws, nor shall we cease in our efforts to bring home to our people that only by becoming a real part of this country can we serve America and at the same time see that no injustice is done to our motherland."

FIRST WATER SPOUT COMES WITH STORM

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

foot from a diameter of five hundred feet at the cloud level to one hundred feet at the tip.

"Neither thunder nor lightning occurred during the presence of the waterspout and the rain and wind at the time were light. But immediately preceding and following the phenomenon short showers occurred and moderate electrical displays with fresh winds prevailed at 2:11 P. M. Southward winds shifted to west and north winds and continued from northwest until 3:17 P. M. when it suddenly backed to west and southwest.

"The whirling mass of mist and spray was at first quite opaque but it soon became transparent and on reaching the neighborhood of Castle Williams only a thin ring remained on the surface of the water and rotated in a counter clockwise direction.

"In the centre of the white mass a violent up-draft prevailed, and this whirling but invisible column extended up and became part of the pendant cloud.

"Something of the violence of the waterspout is shown in the experience of a small vessel that entered it when off the south end of Governors Island. The distance was too great to observe the details of this experience, but when the boat emerged a considerable portion of the deck load, which may have been lumber, was seen to be floating in the neighborhood."

Raymond Crane, who is no relative of James L. Crane, the former husband of Alice Brady, was playing a threesome on the Jackson Heights course with Lester Austen, a film actor, and Arnold Sayer, private secretary to Judge Charles C. Nott Jr. of General Sessions. They were well toward the west cliff of the links when the rain caught them. The sky blackened and threw a pall of darkness over the Heights, and as the torrents began pouring down, automobile lights and lights in houses appeared. The men made for a clump of five trees which divide the fairways, when Austen warned that trees were dangerous in a rainstorm.

"Oh, I've always heard that, too," Austen said Crane called back, "but that's all poppycock."

They took shelter in the little grove, Austen and Sayer crowding against a trunk, Crane out near the fringe of the branches. There was a sudden flash and a blast of thunder and all were thrown headlong.

Austen was the first to regain consciousness, and he said later that he at first was amused as he saw the other two men stretched on the ground. When he could not rouse them he became alarmed and, though feeling shaky himself, ran out through the rain in time to intercept a passing ambulance from Flushing Hospital bound on another call.

Dr. Lieberman returned with Austen to find that Crane had been killed instantly. The surgeon turned his attention to Sayer, and after working over him for the greater part of an hour finally brought him back to consciousness. He took him to the hospital with his limbs temporarily paralyzed.

Crane, who was 34 years old, was hurrying through the game to join his wife and child for dinner at his home near by at 136 Nineteenth Street. He got back Wednesday from St. Louis, where he had filled a successful Summer engagement there with the Municipal Opera Company. He had appeared here in various Broadway productions, including "Irene," "Going Up," "The Clinging Vine" and a revival of "The Merry Widow." Austen was in support of Barbara La Marr in a recent picturization of "Sandra" by the First National group.

The storm in the Queens district reached almost cloudburst proportions. In addition to the electrical effects in the intense gloom, the downpour flooded many thoroughfares and marooned several automobiles axle deep in water on Roosevelt Avenue.

Vivacious Mlle. Lucienne Herval, youngest star of the French stage, comes to classic Broadway. Full-page cover portrait in Mid-Week Pictorial, now on sale. Advt.

From the Founder's Writings

A Room Which Flowers Have Made Sweet

Is sweet long after the flowers are gone.

The sky glows long after the sun disappears.

There are people who visit us that make us feel happier and richer, and leave us lonelier and poorer when they go away.

Few of us understand each other. Little some people know how dependent we are on something outside of ourselves. Often a single word or look would have changed an entire day.

So many of us stand before each other only as closed books—contents unknown.

All the Summer long we knew when we came near the sweetness of the odorous honeysuckle along the back road, or the scent of the magnolia and the smell of the lemon trefolia bushes.

Even an old-fashioned shrub bush gives out of its sweet self to all comers who pass by it.

We aim to make our homes and our Store and our way of doing business a pleasure to people.

(Signed) John Wanamaker

THE John Wanamaker STORE NEWS

Astor Place at Ninth Street — Formerly A. T. Stewart — Telephone Stuyvesant 4700 — Store Hours: 9 to 5:30

New Store Hours

The Store is now open from 9 A. M. to 5.30 P. M., every business day including Saturday.

Take Advantage of This First Saturday Shopping Day---Today

From Our London House

"Redleaf" Chamois Gloves

for Men

Just off the steamer in time for the Polo season!

The very kinds that well-dressed Londoners wear—rather, carry—these days.

One-button gloves—hand sewn, $4.50; machine sewn, $4.

Saxe slip-on gloves—hand sewn, $5; machine sewn, $4.50.

Street Floor, New Bldg.

Fur Jackets in the Sale

In the Smart Lengths Sponsored by Paris

The Wanamaker Fur Salon presents a distinctive collection of fur jackets which have been made to our order of soft, carefully selected pelts in an exquisite color which assumes new importance in the mode—BROWN.

Nutria — *American Broadtail*
Caracul — *Canadian Beaver*

$195 to $395

Russet Brown Fox Scarfs, $45

Lovely large animal scarfs that will perfectly complete the Autumn ensemble. We have been very fortunate in obtaining a limited number to sell at a remarkably low price for scarfs of so fine a quality.

Terms of payment will be arranged and furs may be held in our Cold Dry Air Fur Storage Vault until needed. Second Floor, Old Building

15,000 yards of Woolen

Dress Fabrics and Coatings

For the New Season

At Less than Half Price

The very materials that are being used by important dressmakers on both sides of the Atlantic for all manner of smart new fashions. These have been carefully arranged in dress, suit and coat lengths—1½ to 4½ yards.

$1.45 yd. $2.50 yd. $3.75 yd.

Flannels in fine plain weaves and in stunning new striped, checked and plaided patterns jersey cloth; crepes; duvetyn; suede cloth velours de laine in exquisite plain weaves and in effective new plaided designs; English tweeds; Scotch homespuns; chinchilla cloth; broadcloth; Poiret twill; serge and Kasha cloth. Black, of course, for this "color" never loses favor as seasons come and go, and the lovely new colorings that will be in great demand right through the Autumn and Winter seasons. Street Floor, Old Building

Women's Autumn Footwear

Specialized at $7.85

Four very attractive new models that will undoubtedly be worn by smart women right through the season with their tailleurs and afternoon frocks.

Trig buckle-trimmed pumps of dull black calfskin.

Two-strap pumps of soft black kidskin.

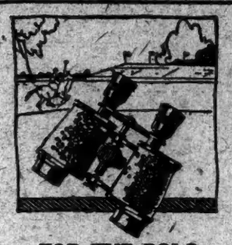
Two-eyelet tongue pumps of tan calfskin—a very lovely new shade.

Three-strap pumps with extremely simple cut-out work at either side, in patent leather or black satin. First Floor, Old Building

Polo Exhibition

A most interesting and unusual collection of prints, pictures, drawings, and sculpture, has been assembled in Belmaison in connection with the international polo matches.

Wanamaker Gallery of Modern Decoration, Fifth Gallery of the New Building.



FOR THE POLO

Colmont Prism Binoculars, $25

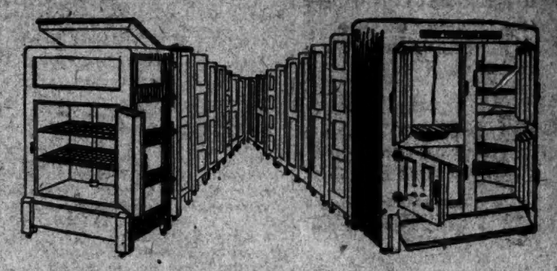
French Field Glasses of Extra Vision

Exquisite workmanship distinguishes these binoculars. There are several points of technical superiority also.

Through wider spacing of the objective lenses than in field glasses, the field of vision is much wider and distant objects are seen more sharply.

Focusing is by a center turn wheel. The binoculars are adjustable according to the variations in individuals' eyes. The magnifying strength is eight times.

The instruments come in a velvet-lined leather case with shoulder straps. Street Floor, Old Building



Refrigerators

Average One-third Less

Hundreds of these efficient refrigerators went out to our patrons during the passing summer.

They are of hardwood finished golden oak; have nickel plated locks and hinges, tinned woven wire shelves and removable traps and drain pipes.

Provision chambers are lined with white enamel and have seamless rounded corners for easy cleaning.

26 Apartment House Type

Width	Depth	Height	Ice Capacity	Grade	Sale Price
20	17½	48½	65	$26.50	$17.50
22	18½	52	75	$30.50	$20.25
24	19½	56	100	$34.00	$23.00

56 Three-door Side Icers

Width	Depth	Height	Ice Capacity	Grade	Sale Price
30	18½	42	75	$35.00	$23.25
32	19½	45	90	$39.75	$26.50

23 Lift-cover Top Icers

Width	Depth	Height	Ice Capacity	Grade	Sale Price
21	16½	39	40	$21.00	$14.00
31	18½	45	100	$34.00	$22.75

24 White Mountain 3-door Side Icers

Provision chambers lined with one piece porcelain enamel.

Width	Depth	Height	Ice Capacity	Grade	Sale Price
33	20	47	100	$60.00	$40.00
35	22	48	125	$70.00	$45.00

Seventh Gallery, New Building

Off to School--by Way of Wanamaker's

Three Charming New Frocks

That Miss 14 to 20 is Choosing to Take Back to School

Specialized at $35

The new version of the "MIMI" frock—a Wanamaker exclusivity—which is always a tremendous success because Miss 14 to 20 knows it perfectly expresses the newest tendencies of the mode. The material is a fine quality charmeen, and may be selected in rosin, henna, green, nut brown, navy blue or black.

Faille—a material that is being used extensively by great dressmakers here and abroad—fashions another new frock, which ingeniously interprets the tailored feeling of the mode. Navy blue, brown or black are the colors.

The third frock—a tunic frock of an exquisitely fine serge—uses in rather a clever manner for its chic trimming details a beautiful Scotch plaid woolen material. It comes in two of the season's new favorite colors—brown and navy blue.

Two Favorite Coats at only $59.50

The perfectly straight coat—the most important coat fashion of the new season—beautifully interpreted in Mafalda—a new dull-finished, soft pile fabric from one of the finest woolen houses in America. One model, which introduces a touch of gay-colored plaid in its beautifully-fitted lining, may be chosen with its new and attractively shaped collar in either soft beaver or squirrel. The second coat—and need we say it is equally as chic as the first model—is trimmed in quite an effective manner with plate mink or plate squirrel.

Paragraphs could be devoted to the colors they are so exceedingly attractive—Cinabar brown, Cossack green, Hinoki—a lovely rust shade, rosewood, dusk or cranberry. Second Floor, Old Building

A Timely Clearaway In the Children's Store

Light-weight Woolen Coats for Miss 3 to 6—$5 and $10

The original prices of these coats were from $17.50 to $29.50.

Frocks for Miss 2 to 6—75c to $2.95

Until today these have been $1.95 to $8.95.

Creepers and Rompers, 75c to 95c

For children 1, 2 and 3—the very creepers that have been very successful at $1.25 to $2.50.

$2.95 Sweaters, $1.95

Pullover sweaters, for boys and girls 2 to 6.

Third Floor, Old Building

Girls' Finely Tailored Coats $15.75 to $39.50

Scores of smart models, and it is indeed an accomplishment to present so great a variety at the very beginning of the new season. The collection includes the boyish double-breasted models that are still very important in the wardrobe of young schoolgirls 6 to 17, as well as stunning coats, trimmed with fitch, opossum, raccoon or beaver, that introduce many interesting phases of the mode in their clever lines and details.

Soft woolen materials in new plain weaves and striking plaided patterns, plaid-back woolens, chinchilla cloth, angora cloth and Bedford velours, in the lovely new colorings that Paris sponsors for the new season for her younger generation.

Fascinating Frocks of Smart Woolens $5.95 to $19.75

for girls 6 to 17

Wool crepes, flannel, French serge, checked velours, and challis are the materials we have chosen for the new school frocks for girls 6 to 17. All manner of lovely new fashions from new versions of the practical bloomer frock to perfectly straight frocks, charming in their simplicity, that make ingenious use of buttons, pipings and pretty lingerie collars and cuffs to achieve a very smart effect.

Wonderful new browns, rust, coral, beige, cocoa, exquisite reds and navy blue. Second Floor, Old Building

Smart Two-Knicker Suits, $17.50

For Boys 7 to 18 years

Tweeds, cheviots and herringbones in the colors for Fall—tan, brown, gray, green and mixtures. Coats are in the Norfolk or plain sack model, tailored and finished to our exacting standards. All-wool, of course.

Redleaf London Boys' Suits

—a limited number—are included also. These are one-trouser suits with vests to match.

Youths' Long Trousers Suits, $35

Two Pairs of Trousers

Third Floor, Old Building

Boys' School Shoes, $6.50 pr.

Comfort and style and service in these fine shoes for boys. And a very low price, too, for these are shoes of high quality, made of good leathers by experts in the making of boys' footwear.

There are six models in all, in black or tan leathers; calfskin or Norwegian grain. The soles have an inlay sole of rawhide which makes them virtually waterproof. The toes are sensibly rounded on both oxfords and high shoes.

Special attention is given to fitting the growing foot of the small boy; our salesmen have had years of experience in this most important phase of properly outfitting your boy.

Sizes 1 to 6. Street Floor, New Building

New Blouses, $2.95

To Accompany the Autumn Tailleur

A fresh-looking blouse that young girls are now choosing to complete their school tailleurs is finely made of good quality English broadcloth—the kind that will retain its lovely lustrous finish even after many launderings. Quite tailored, to be sure, for this type of blouse is a great favorite with girls who are now assembling their school wardrobes.

White only. Sizes 32 to 44.

Other English broadcloth blouses—overblouses and tuck-ins—in a great choice of attractive new models, $2 to $6.95. Second Floor, Old Building

Adorable New Hats

For the Schoolgirl

$5 to $20

Small hats with smart upturned brims, new versions of the cloche—with square crowns, of course, mushrooms, tam o' shanters, and a very chic upturned brim sailor that we have had made in England exclusively for us. The collection has been very carefully chosen to include the types of hats the young girl can wear very smartly with many types of school costumes.

Light-weight fur felt, scratch felt, velvet, and velvet combined in very attractive fashions with silk and felt.

Second Floor, Old Building

New Shoes

For the Younger Generation

It is truly an achievement to present at the very beginning of the new school term shoes such as these—sturdily built of the best leathers and materials by one of the foremost makers—at prices which have not been equalled for many, many months.

Sensible high lace shoes of tan or black calfskin, or of patent leather with black kidskin tops that have been carefully lasted to conform to the natural lines of the growing child's foot.

Sizes 8½ *to* 11
Low flat leather heels, $4.45.

Sizes 11½ *to* 2
Rubber heels, $4.85.

First Floor, Old Building

WANAMAKER

Shops for Men

Ready for the New Fall Season

The Men's Shops at Wanamaker's—where a man can outfit himself from top to toe at his leisure or in haste, as his mood dictates. Where he can buy a complete and correct outfit for dress wear, for sports wear, for business.

Men's Suits, $40 to $75
Men's Top Coats, $40 to $75
Men's Hats, $2.95 to $8
Men's Shirts, $2 to $7
Men's Neckties, 65c to $5
Men's Socks, $1.15 to $5
Men's Golf Socks, $2.50 to $10
Men's Underwear, $1 to $5
Men's Sweaters, $8.50 to $30
Men's Shoes, $6.35 to $14
Men's Golf Shoes, $8 to $14
Men's Dinner Suits, $50 to $75
Men's Dress Vests, $8.50 to $15
Men's Dress Ties, $1.50 to $5
Men's Dress Shirts, $4 to $10

* * *

And These Special Offerings Begin Today

1,800 Soft Felt Hats, $2.95

Every One Silk-lined—Every One New This Year

Months ago we planned a pleasant surprise for you this Fall. We found a well-known maker who agreed to co-operate with us. And so, at the very beginning of the season, we are able to offer this unusual group of hats at a most remarkable price.

Every hat is in the accepted smart shapes for Fall and Winter wear. Gray is the leading color this year—and most of these hats are gray. But there are several shades of brown, and a very good-looking olive green. Edges are bound, welted or cut, as you prefer. And the range of sizes is wide—from 6⅝ to 7¾.

* * *

2,800 Prs. Pure Silk Socks, 55c pr.

Every pair is perfect—every pair the $1 grade

One of the best-known makers of men's silk socks has decided to discontinue one of his numbers because the cost of production has mounted too high. Our Hosiery Chief happened in at just the right time to pick up a rare prize. Plain weave socks or socks with a raised striped weave of self color. Lisle cuff tops and double lisle heel and toe. In black and several of the most popular colors—and in sizes from 9½ to 11½.

SPECIALIZED SERVICE—STREET FLOOR—NEW BUILDING

SEE THE INTERNATIONAL POLO MATCH WITH A FOTH (FROTH) BINOCULAR (IMPORTED)

$15.75 WITH LEATHER CASE

Regularly Sold at $25

Other stores charge this price for an ordinary field glass with no power of distance. The Foth has six-time magnification with large objective. Central focusing adjustment. Complete in every detail.

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Sale This Week Only

HERE'S an unusual opportunity to buy a 1924 model Special-Six Touring car or a Big-Six Speedster at a handsome reduction from the new car price. These cars have been carefully driven, look like new and carry Studebaker's famous thirty-day certification.

It's your chance to own a fifty or sixty horse-power car, comfortable on the longest trips; at the price of a small cheap car.

Don't pay $500.00 or more for any automobile, new or used, until you have examined these certified cars:—

STUDEBAKER 1924 Big-Six 5-passenger Sport Speedster; completely equipped; maroon finish.

STUDEBAKER 1924 Big-Six Touring; completely equipped; blue finish.

STUDEBAKER 1924 Big-Six Touring; completely equipped; gray finish.

STUDEBAKER 1924 Special-Six Touring; completely equipped; Standard blue finish.

STUDEBAKER 1924 Special-Six Touring; completely equipped; Standard maroon finish.

STUDEBAKER 1924 Special-Six Touring; completely equipped; two-tone brown finish.

Genuine bargain prices.

The Studebaker Corporation of America
Broadway at 54th Street
Broadway at 70th Street

BATHING BEAUTIES DRAW BIG CROWD

"Miss Manhattan" Passes 16 Others in One Division of Atlantic City Contest.

CHOOSE WINNER TOMORROW

Four New York Girls Survive the Eliminations—Judges Held Private Sessions.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 5.—Four New York girls survived today's eliminations in the contest to decide who will be the "Miss America" of 1924. The title will be conferred tomorrow night on the Million Dollar Pier, when the remaining twenty-five aspirants will compete with Miss Mary Katharine Campbell of Columbus, Ohio, "Miss America" of last year.

Miss Beatrice Roberts of the Hotel Endicott, the "Miss Manhattan" of the National Beauty Contest, was selected as the most beautiful bathing girl in the New York and New England States division over sixteen other entrants. Last night Miss Roberts was selected as the most beautiful girl in evening dress.

Miss Margie Booth of Brooklyn, as "Miss Greater New York"; Miss Mary Carlson of Astoria, as "Miss Queens," and Miss Agnes I. Leonard of 100 West Fifty-ninth Street, as "Miss Coney Island," were the other New York survivors.

Beauty in bathing suits ruled the Boardwalk this afternoon as representatives of nearly fifty cities, with their trains of attendant nymphs, were reviewed by crowds in the grandstands.

The board of artists held a private judging this morning at the Atlantic City High School. The board is composed of Howard Chandler Christy, Norman Rockwell, Dr. Robert A. Bachman, U. S. N., Earl Carroll, Rupert Sueen, Joseph Cummings Chase, J. Knowles Hare, Charles E. Chambers, Dean Cornwall, C. D. Williams, Charles W. Duke, William G. Krieghoff, Frank Godwin, W. Victor Guiness and Will Foster.

Results of selections in other geographical divisions follow:

Mid-Atlantic—First, "Miss Philadelphia"; second, "Miss Cape May"; third, "Miss Newark"; fourth, "Miss Somers Point"; fifth, "Miss Johnstown."

Southern—First, "Miss Atlanta"; second, "Miss Washington"; third, "Miss New Orleans"; fourth, "Miss West Palm Beach"; fifth, "Miss Louisville."

Mid-Western—First, "Miss Chicago"; second, "Miss Youngstown"; third, "Miss Milwaukee"; fourth, "Miss St. Louis"; fifth, "Miss Columbus."

Western—First, "Miss Los Angeles"; second, "Miss Santa Cruz"; third, "Miss Oakland"; fourth, "Miss Wichita"; fifth, "Miss Tulsa."

The silver seashell for the outstanding amateur beauty was won by Miss Lillian Mae Erbs of Philadelphia. Miss Margaret Gorman, "Miss America" of 1921, took second award.

FIRST POLO MATCH OFF TILL TUESDAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

of the two teams, all of whom have been practicing assiduously over a long period and have tapered off in their training so as to reach their best form today. The delay necessarily carries the danger of their going a bit stale, although the preparation has not been for a single game but for a series of three.

Footing Bad for Ponies.

For the English to have gone on a muddy field today undoubtedly would have been more of a disadvantage than it would have been for the Americans. The greatest hope of the foreign team, by general consensus, lies in their mounts. If the British are to win, it is their ponies that must carry them to victory. Jimmie Faulkner, the trainer of the English string of ponies, has brought his charges along to the best of condition and predicted yesterday that they would carry England to victory. It is not likely that the 70-year-old trainer would be pleased to see his ponies go on the field with the footing insecure.

The delay in starting the matches may improve the chances of the British considerably in that it will give Captain Lacey the opportunity to bring his injured shoulder along. For a while it was not known whether the brilliant back from the Argentine would be able to take his place on the British team. An injury in practice to his shoulder, which had been hurt in play abroad and had not healed sufficiently, threatened to keep him out of the matches, but at the eleventh hour on Thursday night a switch was made and Lacey put back into the line-up.

The combination that was to have gone on the field today wit hthe Argentine as its leader has never played together before and although the invaders felt that they had formed the strongest team possible by the last-minute switch their failure to practice could not but have militated against their chances. The postponement not only gives Lacey's shoulder more time to heal but affords the challengers the opportunity to get the new combination to working more smoothly.

The American team was the heavy favorite to retain the trophy in yesterday's betting. Although there were few wagers made at the usual places where heavy betting is done on big sporting events, the scattered bets which have been reported have been at odds ranging from 3 to 1 as high as 6 to 1, with the American team the favorite.

PRINCE BAFFLES STYLISTS.

They Give Up Trying to Copy the Only Two Suits He Wears.

When the Prince of Wales appeared yesterday in the same gray suit that he wore on the ship and most of the week on Long Island, the last of the style men who have been attempting to study the royal habit and make notes on it took a train out of Syosset and said he would not return.

Putting aside evening clothes and his polo costume, the Prince of Wales has worn only two suits since he left England, one a gray plaid and the other a gray with a fine stripe. This, together with the fact that the Prince has never stayed long enough in one place to allow any part of his costume to be sketched by a style man, finally routed the entire fellowship of fashion experts who met the Prince on the ship and followed him to Long Island.

It was a source of profound depression to style specialists who met the Prince at Quarantine last week to learn that he had only worn two suits in the daytime during the entire trip across the ocean. It caused something near to despair when the seven designers and copyists who followed the Prince to Syosset found the royal wardrobe apparently restricted to those same two suits.

Several stylists who lingered about Syosset were credited with "the photographic eye," which is supposed to enable them to register mentally any new ideas in the hang of a coat, the cut of a lapel or the spaciousness of a trousers leg, but these men had no opportunities to exercise their genius on the Prince, as he flashed by in fast cars, surrounded by Scotland Yard men, guards and troopers. Some of the cleverest fashion detectives in the country admitted that they were thwarted completely. They hung on until yesterday, however, in the hope of pirating a hint or two and then finally gave it up as useless.

The bad luck of the style men, it was hinted, probably will change the fate of many thousand yards of woolen and worsted in the United States. Within a few weeks after his last visit shop windows in clothing stores all over the East exhibited what were said to be conscientious and exact reproductions of the suits the Prince wore on his visit. In some sections of the country those styles still prevail. It has been estimated that the 1919 trip of the Prince influenced the cut of a million suits.

The legend that the Prince of Wales changes his suits from hour to hour, or from minute to minute, was thoroughly shattered by yesterday. The last of the style experts said the Prince had been of no use to him whatever, but that he had obtained a few clues by observing the attire of Inspector J. E. Clarkson of Scotland Yard, the smartest-dressed member of the Prince's party.

Clothing and haberdashery experts also received a setback when the Prince appeared again yesterday in a brown sweater. His earlier appearance in such a garment was accounted for conjecturally on the theory that some of the Prince's twenty-two tons of baggage had become mixed up, and that circumstances had compelled his use of this rough garment.

The Prince wore his brown sweater at polo when he drove in one of the eight goals which won a victory for his team in a scrub match on the estate of W. R. Grace, at Westbury, L. I. The Prince's team won by the score of 8 to 6. His mates were William G. Holloway, Robert E. Strawbridge Jr. and Vivian Lockett. Opposed to them were John G. Phipps, Major Frederick Post, William G. Loew and Robert E. Strawbridge Jr.

The Prince drove in his goal in the sixth chukker and throughout the match played high-class polo. It was a hard fought game, with each man driving his ponies to the limit. No deference was shown to the Prince on the polo field. He showed again that he could ride.

"The Prince knows the game and I have seen him play," said Major Edward Metcalfe, his equerry, after the contest.

He was asked if any of the Prince's opponents ever let down a little bit in order to ingratiate himself with royalty.

"Not a bit of it," he said. "If the Prince ever sensed anything of that kind he would ask for a substitute and leave the field."

The first six chukkers were played under threatening skies and the last two in rain. The field did not become wet enough to be dangerous and the game was played to the end.

The Prince changes ponies every chukker, but his ponies were always harnessed, after the fashion of India, with an unwound turban in place of a martingale. This bright scarlet, extending from the bit to the breast of the horse, made it easy to distinguish the Prince and his pony.

The Prince had a unique method resting up between chukkers. He would bend over, touch his toes with his knuckles and remain in that position for the full minute and a half between periods. Then he would leap into the saddle, apparently completely refreshed. Most of the few hundred persons at the field were deeply interested in the Prince's use of setting-up exercises to counteract the fatigue of more strenuous exertion.

The crowd shouted for the Prince every time he did a neat piece of work. There was a big hand when he shot through the goal and another big one when he foiled his opponents, the so-called Red Team, by riding furiously and driving a ball to safety when it was only eighteen inches from his own goal and prettily set up for a stroke from an enemy mallet.

During some of the thickest scrimmages, admirers of the Prince thought his opponents were not only respecting his incognito but were administering a little extra roughing to the Prince by way of bending backward from the temptation to handle their royal antagonist with gloves.

Photographers began to pursue their lawful calling as the Prince left the field for his motor car. Inspecter Burt of Scotland Yard waved his arm at them.

"I don't mind, Burt," said the Prince, and he let the photographers fire at will.

"You're imposing on his generosity," said the Inspector, but the session did not end until the heir of England had been snapped most exhaustively. According to the photographers, the Prince does not mind cameras in the least and never tries to dodge this sort of fire except when the camera corps has behind it thousands of curious persons crushing forward for a look at him.

The Prince dined last night at the home of Rodman Wanamaker at Oyster Bay. He will be the dinner guest tonight of Clarence H. Mackay at his estate at Roslyn. There will be eighty-five guests for the dinner and 1,000 for the reception that follows.

The tale that the Prince made of an escape from his own retinue on Thursday night and spent the evening at a club in New York was denied by the Prince and by the club.

Captain Lascelles deprecated the "crank letter" that came into the hands of the police yesterday and caused them some concern because it contained a threat against the Prince. The Captain declared that such things are not unknown to the Prince's entourage, and that they caused no uneasiness as they came from harmless, weak-minded individuals. He said the Prince did not know of the letter.

It was learned that he would leave Long Island for Canada on Sept. 14, to spend a while on his E-P ranch at High River, Alberta. Emphasis was laid upon the fact that his ideas about details of his vacation in Canada are just as indefinite as those about his stay here. It is possible that he will spend only three or four days on the ranch. There has been some talk of a visit to the magnificent Canadian Rocky Mountains.

On about Oct. 12 the Prince will arrive at Ottawa, Canada, for a stay of two or three days at Rideau Hall, the official residence of Lord Byng, the Governor General of the Dominion. Some time during his stay in Canada the Prince will visit Toronto, Montreal and Quebec. The Prince has a leaning toward Vancouver also.

Some account of the string of ponies the royal visitor is using in his polo activities was made public yesterday for the first time. The stable he brought with him consists of eight blooded animals of choicest stock.

Three of these, Tyneside Lassie, Kitty and Mermaid, are registered in the English stud book. A fourth, Jacinto, was purchased in California last Spring from Earl Hoppin. The others here are Joey, Polly, Lady Pap and Ashby.

Major Metcalfe, who is of the Royal entourage, made known that the average cost of Edward Albert's ponies is £450 (roughly, about $2,000), but that some of the animals cost him as much as £600.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday on the Cunarder Mauretania was Sir Walter Peacock, financial secretary to the Prince of Wales, who is on his way to the Prince's ranch in Northwest Canada, whither the Prince will go after the polo games. Sir Walter said that the ranch contained about 4,000 acres, but that the Duchy of Cornwall, with 1,000,000 acres, was more remunerative.

According to Hazell's Almanac for 1922 the net income for the Prince of the Duchy of Cornwall is about £87,000 (nearly $400,000). In 1920 the revenue of the Duchy was £467,407 (about $750,000), but deductions under various acts of Parliament and other charges greatly reduced this total.

Sir Ernest Horlick, another passenger on the liner, was accompanied by Captain George H. Lyall, his legal adviser, and said he expected to see the international polo games. Afterward he will leave for Racine, Wis., to inspect the Horlick Malted Milk plants in that city.

ATTACKS PRINCE'S PURSUERS.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The press is in danger of becoming a public nuisance because of the scandalous way in which the Prince of Wales has been pursued almost into his own bathroom by cameramen and interviewers, "Ocellus" writes in the weekly review, The Outlook.

"The Prince," the writer declares, "is a public character, but he is entitled to his privacy and to his private friendships just as the rest of us are. This applies also to the King and Queen and Princess Mary, who can hardly move outdoors without finding themselves in the next day's picture papers.

"On official functions this is well enough, but when private visits are concerned, the thing is an outrage. Royalty is proverbially long-suffering, but it must hate the man who invented the portable camera."

PRINCE WINS PRIZE OF $501.

SASKATOON, Saskatchewan, Sept. 5.—When the Prince of Wales arrives on his Alberta ranch, among the many letters awaiting him will be one containing a prize check of $501, the Saskatoon Industrial Board announced today.

The amount represents the prize money won by his horse, Highness's entry at the Saskatoon Fair this year.

"Topcoats have a certain swing and newness that will appeal to you. Powerful shoulders that are softened by loose lines. See the new ones at $35"

© Hart Schaffner & Marx

You get a new fall suit at $40

You want a suit that has the new style ideas—but you want long wear and quality, too. We had Hart Schaffner & Marx make such suits; good, all wool fabrics, splendidly tailored.

EVERY STYLE—EVERY SIZE

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*Our Harlem stores open evenings

EIGHTY-ONE YEARS OF FAITHFUL SERVICE

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET—BROADWAY—33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

Men's FALL SUITS With EXTRA TROUSERS

Once Again Gimbels Men's Shop Produces Values of Singular Importance

SPECIALLY PRICED

$34.50

—All-wool fabrics of the finest qualities.

—Models that conform to fall requirements.

—Handsomely tailored and beautifully finished.

—Every Suit with Extra Trousers.

Of unusual interest to Men and Young Men is this very special offering of new Fall Suits. Typical of the remarkable values to be found in Gimbels Men's Shop. Available in most desirable fall models and patterns. In a complete range of sizes.

Worsteds: Cassimeres: Cheviots: Unfinished Worsteds: Serges: New Fall Novelties.

Other New Fall Suits with Extra Trousers: $29.50 and $39.50

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SHOP—Fourth Floor

For Tender Faces

The creamy lather of the Cuticura Shaving Stick, with its delicate medication and soothing properties, enables men with tender, easily irritated skins to shave in comfort, even twice a day, and leaves the skin smooth and fresh.

Samples Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 6M, Malden, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Price 25c. per Stick.

For School Opening

MAN O' WAR MIDDIES

This Middy is the very last word for school and gym wear. Its sloped sides make it fit. Fashioned of white super jean, the most durable of cloths. Sizes 8 to 22 years.

$1.75

BLACK SATEEN BLOOMERS, cut, side pockets, adjustable waist. Sizes 8 to 22 years..... Full Sizes $1.95

At our Commodore Store we carry a complete line of high-grade gymnasium and school apparel, including dresses, bloomers, middies, shoes, etc. We specialize in outfitting schools.

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United Sport Shops

111 E. 42nd St. (Hotel Commodore)

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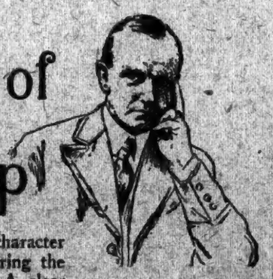
The Book of the Hour

CALVIN COOLIDGE

His Ideals of Citizenship



A clear analysis of the President's character as found in his own utterances covering the whole range of his public career. A clear exposition of his political ideals and his vision of government.

EVERY CITIZEN SHOULD READ IT. Price $2.00 net.

By Edward Elwell Whiting
Of Whiting's Column, Boston Herald

For sale at all Bookstores

Publishers W. A. WILDE COMPANY *Boston and Chicago*

GRATIFYING RESULTS FROM ROTOGRAVURE SECTION

September 5, 1924.

The New York Times:

It is always a great pleasure to pay tribute to the gratifying results obtained from rotogravure advertising in The New York Times. I attribute a generous share of our success to it. For an advertising problem such as ours the rotogravure is an ideal medium.

The proof of the prestige built up by this individualistic and artistic presentment is demonstrated by the inquiries from all over the world which can be traced to our rotogravure advertising in The Times.

From my observation it would seem that the rotogravure section of The New York Times is seldom overlooked.

I congratulate The New York Times on the splendid development of its Rotogravure Section. As dean of the graphic, it has ever justified its leadership both in its advertising and editorial columns.

H. R. MALLINSON,
President.

H. R. Mallinson & Company, Inc., 511 Ave. A (1st St.), New York.

EIGHTY-ONE YEARS OF FAITHFUL SERVICE

GIMBEL BROTHERS

$6

A Typical Selz Shoe

For Growing Boys and Young Men

Other Selz Shoes Priced up to $10

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

Now—when Boys and Youths are getting back from vacations—they require a sturdy, comfortable shoe such as the one illustrated. The snug-fitting arch and narrow heel construction helps the foot to get back in shape—and stay that way. This shoe developed in Black Calfskin, Brown Calf, Black Kid and Brown Kid. $6

32ND STREET—BROADWAY—33RD STREET—NEW YORK CITY

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Consult the Business Opportunities columns of The New York Times every day to avoid missing a good chance to make an advantageous business connection. Each advertiser must furnish bank and business references.

SEE THE RETURN of the AMERICAN ARMY WORLD CIRCLING AVIATORS

MITCHEL FIELD

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7th, 3 P. M.

On the above date, in addition to regular service to Garden City, special trains direct to the field will leave New York (Pennsylvania Station, Eastern Saving Time): 12:30 P. M. and at intervals until 2:30 P. M., stopping at Jamaica to receive passengers. Passengers from Brooklyn will use regular trains to Jamaica, thence special trains from that point.

RETURNING, special trains will leave Mitchel Field for New York (Pennsylvania Station) at approximately times after the public reception to aviators, stopping at Jamaica to discharge passengers for regular trains to Brooklyn.

MISS BROWNE GAINS FINAL AT 19TH HOLE

Beats Miss Collett With 15-Foot Carrom Putt Off Rival's Ball on Extra Green.

NEVER ABLE TO TAKE LEAD

Wins 18th by Driving 175 Yards Through Trees to Within 5 Feet of Cup.

MRS. HURD VICTOR, 2 AND 1

Eliminates Mrs. Vanderbeck in National Golf Play at Nayatt After Stymie Halts Her Opponent.

NAYATT, R. I., Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—Two remarkable shots by Miss Mary K. Browne, when the need for them was urgent, enabled her to triumph over Miss Glenna Collett at an extra hole in the semi-finals of the women's national golf tournament today. The shots were a 175-yard brassie through trees at the eighteenth and a 15-foot carrom putt at the nineteenth.

Never has the game of golf known a more sensational end to a match. The woman from the Los Angeles Country Club, former tennis champion, almost a novice at golf, playing in a national golf tourney for the first time and barely qualifying with 96 just after she had been a semi-finalist in the national tennis tournament, defeated the wonderful girl of the Rhode Island Country Club, ex-champion, who has been rated by experts as the best of her sex and who won the qualifying medal with a 79, thereby being the first woman in the history of the tournament ever to break 80.

In the galaxy of Pacific Coast athletes who have triumphed in the East in tennis, rowing, track and other sports, there will be no brighter star than Mary Browne, whether she wins the 36-hole final tomorrow or not. Her opponent will be Mrs. Dorothy Campbell Hurd of Philadelphia, former champion, who in the other semi-final match today defeated Mrs. C. H. Vanderbeck of Philadelphia, also a former champion, by 2 and 1.

One down and one hole left to play, Miss Browne displayed the remarkable competitive spirit that had enabled her to eliminate one former national champion, one State champion and another golfer of note prior to the semi-finals.

Drives Through the Trees.

Playing the 328-yard eighteenth hole with a heavy wind sweeping across the fairway from Narragansett Bay, Miss Browne sliced her drive into the rough. Two tall trees were directly between her ball and the green. Miss Collett had a shorter drive, but it left her in the fairway, and she was well short of the green after her second shot. Whenever an opponent has slipped in this tournament, Miss Browne has taken advantage of the opportunity, and she did so today. Her brassie has not worked well, but it was the only club for her then. Out of grass six inches high and through the trees with a loud swish as the leaves parted went her ball, 175 yards.

The gallery, very partial to the home-town girl, who had been a favorite for winning the title again, could not but cheer. Miss Browne's ball stopped within five feet of the cup. Miss Collett's third shot was still short of the green, and her fourth left her eleven feet from the cup. A 4 was easy by Miss Browne, with the consequent squaring of the match.

On the extra, after drives of 225 yards each, the players each hooked into a trap at the left of the green, and each pitched her third out of the sand on the green. Miss Collett was away, and just missed sinking a seventeen-footer. The ball curved to one side as it neared the cup and lay three inches from the rim. Then came a remarkable putt by Miss Browne for victory. Owing to a slight incline, she putted toward the side of the cup where Miss Collett's ball lay. Never was a putt in a pinch more perfect.

Miss Browne's ball carromed off Miss Collett's into the hole, and the wonderful technician offered her hand to the remarkable match player.

Battle Uphill All the Way.

Miss Browne's battle was uphill all the way. Never was she in the lead until she took the match. Miss Collett was 1 up at the turn, having gone out in 40 to 42 for Miss Browne, the latter having one approximated seven as the result of rolling around a plateau green and being still away from it after taking four shots. Miss Collett won this hole and also one other on the outgoing nine when Miss Browne was bunkered on her drive. Miss Browne won one hole going out as the result of two fine woods that carried her ball 458 yards from the tee to within fifteen feet of the pin.

Miss Browne squared the match at the twelfth when Miss Collett took three putts. The only time Miss Browne took three putts was at the fourteenth, where she went 1 down again. The match was squared at the fifteenth as the result of Miss Collett having a hard time with traps while Miss Browne had a bit of luck. She sliced out of bounds, but her ball hit one of the gallery and came back on the fairway.

The sixteenth was halved and at the seventeenth, a short hole, Miss Collett played a fine mashie dead to the pin, while Miss Browne overshot with a mashie iron into a trap. Each medal score for the round, approximating two holes where Miss Browne picked up and one hole where Miss Collett did the same, was 88.

Mrs. Hurd, in eliminating Mrs. Vanderbeck, continued the steady golf in high wind that she has displayed throughout the tournament. Mrs. Hurd went to the turn in 42 three times and never having been down. Mrs. Vanderbeck squared the match at the twelfth, but yielded at the short seventeenth when she had not reached the green in three shots. Mrs. Hurd overshot into a trap.

"I give it to you, Dorothy," said Mrs. Vanderbeck when, after a shot in hand, she found herself stymied by a telegraph pole.

Miss Browne a Tennis Star.

Miss Mary K. Browne, who defeated Miss Glenna Collett in the semi-finals of the women's national golf tournament at Nayatt, R. I., yesterday, was the queen of the American courts from 1912 to 1913. She replaced another Californian, Miss Hazel Hotchkiss, now Mrs. George W. Wightman of Boston, during the time she held the singles title she also shared national titles in the women's mixed doubles.

Miss Browne retired from active campaigning until 1921, when she staged a brilliant come-back, reaching the finals of the title tournament at Forest Hills, where she forced Mrs. Molla Mallory to three sets before losing. Again this season the California sportswoman returned to the championships, this time going to the semi-finals of the singles, where she gave the titleholder, Miss Helen Wills, an extra-set battle and the keenest fight the latter had throughout the tournament in defense of her title.

Belmont Park Races Start Today at Usual Time of 2:30

The racing program at Belmont Park will start at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, the regular Saturday afternoon starting time, it was announced last night by the Westchester Racing Association. It originally was announced that the racing would start at 1 o'clock this afternoon, so that the turf followers could attend both the races and the international polo match at Westbury, L. I. As soon as it was learned that the polo match had been postponed the racing officials immediately announced that the Belmont program would start at the usual time.

Next Tuesday's races will start at 1 o'clock instead of the customary 2:30 o'clock, to enable patrons to see the polo matches.

MEHLHORN IN LEAD IN WESTERN OPEN

St. Louis Pro Ties Calumet Course Mark With 70—Total for Two Rounds Is 146.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—William Mehlhorn of St. Louis, by equaling the course record of 70 for the 6,614-yard course of the Calumet Country Club, today managed to bar two amateurs from leading the field in the elimination rounds of the Western open golf championship. His total of 76, 70—146 was one stroke better than that of Chick Evans, who shot par 72 today, and two strokes ahead of the total returned by Eddie Held, St. Louis, who slipped on the first nine for a 40 and took 76.

Mehlhorn set a record for the first nine of 34 in spite of a 6 on the ninth hole, 462 yards, where he pushed his second into a trap. The St. Louis professional got four holes in threes in the first nine and chalked up three birdies. He had a unique card for the second half, playing every one of the nine holes, ranging in length from 192 yards to 578 yards, in four strokes.

Held was able to carry third honors by virtue of his par 72, played yesterday. He had par 36 for both nines yesterday and for the second nine today.

Chick Evans appeared for a time to have taken first place with his 147 and Mehlhorn gave promise of doing no better than tying the former national champion's score when he fell far short of the green in two on the 476-yard eighteenth. The St. Louisan, however, chipped eight feet past the cup and with the side hill and chances against him sank the ticklish putt to top the field.

Evans ruined his chance of having an easy lead by taking a 40 on the second nine yesterday after he had gone out in 38, one under par. He scored a perfect 36 on the first nine today and started home with two 4s and three 3s, only to miss one over par on the long fifteenth and also on the fairly easy sixteenth, spoiling his chances for a 70.

Kenneth Hisert, Olympia Field Club, Chicago, also equaled the course record of 70, after he had made a fair play of 83 on the first round. Like Mehlhorn, he went out in 34, capturing four birdies, but going one over par on two holes. He got two birdies on the homeward trip and was within fifteen feet of the cup on the eighteenth green with two putts for a 69, but faltered at the last moment and missed his chance to set a course record.

Those who qualified to continue in the competition follow:

William Mehlhorn, St. Louis	76	70	146
*Chick Evans, Chicago	75	72	147
*Eddie Held, St. Louis	72	76	148
Al Watrous, Grand Rapids, Mich.	76	73	149
Abe Espinosa	74	76	150
Al Espinosa, Chicago	76	80	156
Leo Diegel, Washington	79	75	154
Jock Hendry, St. Paul	78	73	151
Eddie Loos, Chicago	76	75	151
*Kenneth Hisert, Chicago	83	70	153
Fred Knight, Elks, N. Y.	78	75	153
*Art Sweet, Chicago	74	81	155
Bob MacDonald, Chicago	75	80	155
Laurie Ayton, Chicago	78	78	156
*E. F. Carter, Chicago	81	75	156
Jock Hutchison, Chicago	78	78	156
John Black, Wichita, Kan.	77	79	156
Bob Peebles, Lincoln, Ill.	80	78	158
Ed Murphy, Chicago	78	80	158
Bob Oreiger, Louisville	80	78	158
Henry Chuci, New York	76	85	161
Dave Spittal, Savannah, Ga.	79	82	161

*Amateurs.

PECK CAPTURES TITLE IN BOYS' TENNIS PLAY

Beats Epstein for State Honors, 0-6, 6-1, 6-1—McCauliffe and Raymond Win.

Jack Peck won the New York State boys' lawn tennis championship yesterday, when he defeated William Epstein in the final in the morning on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills. The score was an unusual one, Epstein completely outplaying Peck in the first set and the latter reversing the situation in the second and third sets, to win at 0—6, 6—1, 6—1.

The boys' doubles championship was won by Eugene McCauliffe and Myron Raymond. In the final round they defeated E. H. Murphy and Edward Hancell after losing the opening set, 1—6, 6—4, 6—0. John Millen and Brainerd Whitbeck won the junior doubles crown through the default of Horace Orser and Kenneth Appel in the final. In the semi-finals they defeated Stuart Gaynes and Harry Moore at 6—2, 6—2. Orser failed to put in an appearance for the final. This morning he will meet Appel in the final of the junior singles championship.

Peck was slow to get his strokes to working properly in the final of the boys' championship, and Epstein, hitting the ball hard, took the points in rapid succession. Peck practically defeated himself on errors, dropping six games in a row. In the second set the tide changed. Peck tightened up, became more accurate in his striking, and outsteadied his opponent. Epstein was not outclassed, and many of the games went to deuce, but he could not come through with the points when they meant games. Peck took the set on occasion and held his ground there well, particularly when he had the service.

The summaries:

JUNIOR CHAMPIONSHIP.

Doubles, Semi-Final Round—John Millen and Brainerd Whitbeck defeated Stuart Gaynes and Harry Moore, 6—2, 6—2.

Final Round—Millen and Whitbeck won from Kenneth Appel and Horace Orser by default.

BOYS' CHAMPIONSHIP.

Singles, Final Round—Jack Peck defeated William Epstein, 0—6, 6—1, 6—1.

Doubles, Final Round—Eugene McCauliffe and Myron Raymond defeated E. H. Murphy and Edward Hancell, 1—6, 6—4, 6—0.

JOHNSTON NOT TO PLAY.

Western Golf Champion Withdraws From National Amateur Tourney.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 5.—Harrison R. Johnston, Western amateur golf champion, will not enter the national amateur tournament at Philadelphia Sept. 22 to 27, he announced today, because of pressure of business. He will leave tonight for Long Island to play in the Walker Cup competition Sept. 12 and 13.

Hartley Meets Cook Tonight.

A capacity attendance is expected at the Commonwealth Sporting Club tonight when Pete Hartley, the Bronx lightweight, clashes with Harry Cook of Buffalo in the featured bout of ten rounds. Two other ten-rounders also will appear on the program.

BRITISH STARS WIN IN INVITATION GOLF

Four Members of Invading Walker Cup Team Reach Semi-Finals at Shinnecock Hills.

TOLLEY FAILS TO SURVIVE

Bows to Torrance by 3 and 2 in Big Upset—Hope, Murray and Heslet Also Advance.

Special to The New York Times.

SHINNECOCK HILLS, N. Y., Sept. 5.—Three Scotsmen and one Irishman, all members of the British Walker Cup team, have survived the first and second rounds of the invitation tournament of the National Links of America. The three natives of the Land of Heather who triumphed in both their matches here today were W. L. Hope of Turnberry, W. A. Murray of West Hill and T. A. Torrance of Sandy Lodge, whose brother, W. B. Torrance, came over two years ago for the international matches. The representative of Erin who still remains in the thick of the fight is Major C. O. Heslet of Royal Portrush, member of one of Great Britain's most famous golfing families.

Heslet and Torrance advanced as a result of victories in the two feature matches of the day, Heslet defeating former National Champion Eben M. Byers of Pittsburgh by sinking a ten-foot putt on the home green and Torrance gaining the semi-final round at the expense of his fellow-countryman, Cyril J. H. Tolley of the Royal and Ancient Club, by 3 and 2 in a match that provided the biggest upset of the tournament.

Hope, who gave a display of his fighting qualities yesterday, when he returned an 81 in the qualifying round after the disappointment of an 8 at the first hole, repeated the proof this morning when he pitted against R. Maxwell Ogilby of St. Andrews, N. Y., he rallied to win his match by 4 and 3 after being 3 down going to the fourth hole. In the afternoon round he pommeled Ellis Knowles, who had previously eliminated Willie Reekie of Upper Montclair, the metropolitan amateur champion, into submission by the time the match had gone fourteen holes. His margin was 6 up and 5 to play, and in beating Knowles he went out in 38, exceedingly fine figures considering the way the wind was blowing.

Murray Easy Victor.

Murray had an easy match in the first round although the figures did not show it. His opponent was J. G. Jackson of Oakland, and while neither one distinguished himself, the verdict was 3 and 2. The outlook didn't seem too rosy for him in the afternoon, for his second round opponent was C. H. Mapes of Maidstone, one of the bulwarks on Harvard's team this year and one of the finest young shot makers in the game. That reputation, made in the intercollegiate championship, the metropolitan open and the Greenwich invitation event, failed to serve Mapes in good stead against the Scottish player and the match ended with Murray 5 up and 4 holes to play.

All of the day's thrills were packed into the two afternoon matches won by Heslet and Torrance. The former huge and jovial, with a stance that is a wide straddle, engaged Byers, who Summers at Southampton and who knows every crag and cranny in the National layout. Twenty years or so ago Byers was America's outstanding amateur, winner of the championship in 1906 and runner-up in two other national tourneys. Although he has lost much of his length since those halcyon days he is still superb in the short game and a deadly putter.

The match was nip and tuck all the way and was not decided until Heslet sank a putt of ten feet for a birdie 4 to win on the home green. They were all even after playing the short eden hole, and then Heslet popularized his chances by gliding his tee shot off into soft sand playing to the famous cape hole. Byers, who had hit a fine tee shot, was a trifle too strong on his approach, and his ball rolled to the far side, but his outlook for a 4 was far better than was Heslet's until the latter played his second well out and just off the green. He chipped up to within a couple of yards of the cup and his ball lay inside Byers', who had overstatted the hole. When Byers missed Heslet followed suit and the hole was halved in 5s.

Byers took the lead at the next hole when he reached the green on his second shot, while Heslet was several yards short and then weak on his approach so that he took a 5 while Byers got down in two putts for a par 4. Playing to the sixteenth hole Byers was in the short rough to the right of the green with his second, while Heslet went over the green on his second and was left with a difficult down hill approach to make. He put a tremendous cut on the ball which stopped near enough to the hole for him to expect a 4, but after Byers had missed an even easy putt Heslet did the same thing.

Heslet hit a long drive that climbed up against the side of a bunker down near the green while Byers was out in the open several yards back. The latter then overplayed the green. His ball went down into a trap from where he barely extricated it and took two more putts to hole out. Heslet's approach shot was strong but he ran a putt back almost stone dead to win the hole and halve the match.

Heslet Makes Recovery.

After Byers had cleared a great second shot that cleared the bunkers in the middle of the fairway going to the home hole Heslet, who had sliced to the rough, duplicated the shot. On his next shot the ball rose gracefully in the air and stopped almost hole high, ten feet or so from the cup. Byers, with a less difficult approach shot, was just outside Heslet and after his ball had just slipped past the side of the cup the British player holed out to gain the decision.

In the morning round Heslet defeated A. M. Reid of the National. The margin was 3 up and 2 to play. Heslet, who played steady golf throughout the round, was 7 up at the turn, his chief advantage coming through Reid's poor driving.

Torrance's victory over Cyril Tolley was a big surprise, although on the basis of play this afternoon there was no comparison between the two. Tolley was simply outclassed in every department of the game except driving, and even here Torrance more than offset Tolley's prodigious length by more skillful placing of his shots and careful avoidance of traps.

The former British champion proceeded to thrill the gallery by lashing out some tee shots that brought forth exclamations of awe and admiration. After losing three holes in succession, beginning with the eighth, Tolley, with the wind at his back, hit a drive going to the 397-yard twelfth hole that carried up against the bank of the seventh green—the distance covered being more than 350 yards.

Torrance, however, got a half in 4. Neither played the Eden hole particularly well, Tolley's iron shot falling short and Torrance's being a bunker, so that the best either could get was a 4. Torrance increased his lead to 4 up by winning the cape hole with a birdie 3. Tolley attempted the 306-yard carry over the water and sand and almost made it, his ball dropping into the sand only a few yards short of the mark. He got well out on his next, but was unable to get down a long putt. On the fifteenth Tolley got a par 4, Torrance taking a 5. The latter clinched the match, however, when he ran down a putt of seven yards for a half in 4 after being bunkered.

Neither succeeded in winning a hole until the fifth was reached. Here Torrance, after being trapped, got out to within a foot and needed only one putt. He got a half at the short hole that followed due to a forty-foot approach putt. Tolley won the seventh, 5 to 6, to square the match, when Torrance almost trapped himself on his second and had to play safe on his third.

Torrance Wins the Eighth.

Twice in the rough Torrance won the eighth hole with a 5 when Tolley, left with a fairly easy approach shot, missed the green and then flubbed a shot trying to get back up the bank. Tolley also lost the ninth by taking three putts. His erratic work on the tee cost him the tenth when he drove into a bunker from where he just got his second out and took three to reach the green. Torrance was on in two and down in the same number of putts.

The cards:

Out—										
Tolley	4	5	5	3	5	5	6	4	4	42
Torrance	4	6	5	3	4	5	5	5	5	40
In—										
Tolley	5	4	4	4	4	4				
Torrance	4	4	4	3	5	4				

Knowle's defeat of Reekie was somewhat of a surprise, but the metropolitan champion was far off his game, especially on his driving.

The summaries:

First Sixteen, First Round—Major C. O. Heslet, Royal Portrush, defeated Archie M. Reid, Garden City, 9 and 7; Eben M. Byers, Allegheny, defeated Mark Flanagan, North York, 5 and 4; W. L. Hope, Turnberry, defeated R. L. Oakley, St. Andrews, 4 and 3; Ellis Knowles, Apawamis, defeated Willie Reekie, Upper Montclair, 2 and 1; W. A. Murray, West hill, defeated J. G. Jackson, Oakland, 3 and 2; J. J. Maped, Myopia, defeated D. D. Jackson, North York, 6 and 5; Cyril Tolley, Royal and Ancient, defeated M. Hodgson, Royal Montreal, 4 and 3; T. A. Torrance, Sandy Lodge, defeated C. T. Richardson, National, 6 and 4.

Second Round—Heslet defeated Byers, 1 up; Hope defeated Knowles, 4 and 3; Murray defeated Mapes, 5 and 4; Torrance defeated Tolley, 3 and 2.

Second Sixteen, First Round—John N. Stearns Jr., National, defeated Hon. Michael Scott, Royal St. Georges, 2 and 1; George H. Flinn Jr., defeated O. C. Birkmyre, Wanley Heath, 3 and 2; E. F. Storey, Lancaster, won from Dr. O. F. Willing, Waverley, by default; A. W. Biggs, Cherry Valley, defeated Don Cooke, Arcola, 4 and 3; W. F. Ladd, Brookline, defeated Hunt, defeated E. F. Rogers, National, 3 and 2; H. P. Bingham, National, defeated Robert Scott Jr., Glasgow, 1 up; R. G. Croft, Greenhow, defeated Walter R. Hyde, South Shore, 1 up; Philip Finlay, Shinnecock Hills, defeated A. M. Barnes, National, 7 and 6.

Second Round—Flinn defeated Stearns, 3 and 2; Biggs defeated Storey, 4 and 3; Ladd defeated Bingham, 2 and 1; Croft defeated Finlay, 3 and 2.

Third Sixteen, First Round—W. L. Hopkins, Engineers, defeated Sheppard Homans, Englewood, 1 up; D. R. Kyle, Rochampton, defeated K. L. Ames, National, 5 and 4; J. H. Jewett, Middletown, won from Peter Kourides, Mount Kisco, by default; C. R. McMillus, Essex County, defeated Reginald Fincke, National, 7 and 6; James Spalding, National, defeated Hugh Homans, Englewood, 4 and 3; C. E. Van Vleck Jr., Maidstone, defeated D. H. McAlpin 2d, Morris County, 3 and 1; John Ames Jr., Glenview, defeated McKim Hollins, Westbrook, 7 and 5; J. Cooper Lord, National, defeated F. S. Wheeler, National, 5 and 3.

Second Round—Kyle defeated Hopkins, 5 and 4; McMillus defeated Jewett, 4 and 3; Van Vleck defeated Spalding, 6 and 5; Lord defeated Ames, 3 and 1.

Fourth Sixteen, First Round—A. L. Norris, Rockaway Hunt, defeated J. F. Tripps, Maidstone, 3 and 1; Clarkson Potter, National, won from George Dwight, Shinnecock Hills, by default; James A. Stillman, National, defeated G. Norman Farrington, 5 and 3; E. L. Beard, Oakland, defeated Andrew Stewart, Engineers, 2 up; W. W. Peil, Cherry Valley, defeated Paul S. Carter, Shinnecock Hills, 1 up (19 holes); F. P. Barton, Rockaway Hunt, defeated F. P. Dunne Jr., 3 and 2; Philip Deronde, National, defeated John Good, Garden City Golf, 7 and 6; Maxwell Stetson, Meadow Brook, defeated Paul Salembier, National, 3 and 2.

Second Round—Norris defeated Potter, 1 up; Beard defeated Stillman, 3 and 2; Barton defeated Peil, 6 and 5; Deronde defeated Stevenson, 3 and 1.

First Beaten Eight, First Round—Reid defeated Flanagan, 3 and 2; Oakley won from Reekie by default; Jackson defeated D. D. Jackson Jr., 4 and 2; Hodgson defeated Richardson, 1 up.

Second Beaten Eight, First Round—Cooke won from Willing by default; Robert Scott defeated E. P. Rogers, 4 and 3; Barnes won from Hyde by default.

EAST-WEST TENNIS WILL START TODAY

Hunter and R. Kinsey to Meet in First Match at Forest Hills Stadium.

MATCHES FOR TODAY.

AT 2 P. M.

Francis T. Hunter, East, vs. Robert Kinsey, West, court 1; Watson M. Washburn, East, vs. Clarence J. Griffin, West, court 2.

AT 3 P. M.

Vincent Richards, East, vs. William Johnston, West, court 1; Dr. George King, East, vs. Howard Kinsey, West, court 2.

AT 4 P. M.

Vincent Richards and Francis Hunter, East, vs. Robert and Howard Kinsey, West, court 1.

AT 5 P. M.

Karl Behr and Watson Washburn, East, vs. William Johnston and Clarence Griffin, West, court 2.

Francis T. Hunter of Beckley, W. Va., formerly a resident of New Rochelle, the fifth ranking player in the country, and Robert Kinsey of San Francisco, tenth in the national list, will meet in the opening match of the annual East-West series today on the courts within the stadium of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills, L. I. The play starts at 2 o'clock. Four matches will be contested in singles and two in doubles.

Although the Eastern team is weakened by the absence of Tilden and R. Norris Williams 2d, a strong representation will take the courts against the best from the Pacific Coast. Three members of the United States Davis Cup team are included in the membership of the two combinations—William Johnston and Howard Kinsey on the Western and Vincent Richards on the Eastern.

The series this year, with Tilden and Williams off the Eastern team, really amounts to an interstate engagement between New York and California, regarding Hunter as from New Rochelle. Last year the East took all four singles matches and lost the one doubles contest played, the other being called off in order to make it possible for the Kinsey brothers to catch a train home.

The big feature of today's meeting will be the match between Johnston, winner at Wimbledon last year, and Richards, Olympic champion. A victory for Richards would probably earn him second place in the next national ranking. The fact that he carried Tilden to five sets while Johnston was unable to get a set from the titleholder is regarded as strengthening his chances of earning the higher ranking.

Twelve thousand seats, priced at $1.50 each and carrying a reserved seat in the stadium, are on sale at the stadium at 101 Park Avenue and at the sporting goods stores.

Coolidge and Walter Johnson Exchange Pitching Secrets

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Walter Johnson, pitching ace of the Washington Senators and the perennial marvel of the baseball world, demonstrated to President Coolidge this afternoon how he pitches the curve that has made him famous. The President took the ball and placed his fingers where Johnson's had been, but did not attempt to throw the curve. Afterward he showed Johnson how he held the ball when he played baseball in the fields at Plymouth. Johnson and other members of the Washington club called at the White House to pay their respects to Mr. Coolidge, who wished them success on their coming Western trip and expressed his sincere hope that he would be able to see them play in a world's series with the winners of the National League pennant.

AUSTRALIANS TAKE DAVIS CUP DOUBLES

Lead France Two Matches to One When Wood and Patterson Win, 6-4, 6-4, 6-2.

BRUGNON ON FRENCH TEAM

Chosen at Last Moment to Pair With Lacoste in Place of Borotra at Longwood Club.

Special to The New York Times.

CHESTNUT HILL, Mass., Sept. 5.—The Australian tennis players took the lead in their final zone struggle with France for the right to challenge the United States for the Davis Cup by winning the doubles match at the Longwood Cricket Club today. Gerald Patterson and Pat O'Hara Wood, representing Australia, defeated Jacques Brugnon and Rene Lacoste, the Frenchmen, by scores of 6—4, 6—4, 6—2. As a result the Antipodes players are now leading in the play, two matches to one, and for the Frenchmen to win the round it now will be necessary for them to take both singles matches tomorrow.

There was considerable surprise when Brugnon appeared in place of Jean Borotra on the French doubles team today, and the experiment failed to meet ith success. The choice of Brugnon over Borotra was not made until after O'Hara Wood had beaten Borotra in yesterday's singles. It then was figured that although Lacoste and Borotra played together both at Wimbledon and at the Olympic Games as well as in the United States national championships this year, the shift to Brugnon as Lacoste's partner was warranted because of the former's steadiness and because of the fine battle the pair made a year ago against Hawkes and Anderson.

The new combination, however, did not work out at all. Throughout the match the French pair were off cue as a team, gaining many of their points by almost perpetually playing to Patterson. As a doubles team the Australians were quite as much better than the Frenchmen, as the scores show, and they had all three sets in hand at an early stage.

O'Hara Wood Plays Steadily.

O'Hara Wood played his characteristic plugging game, while Patterson again was erratic. At times he flashed with some very brilliant placement shots, some of his cross-court drives to the corners being beauties, but on the whole the Australian captain was as uncertain with his strokes as he was in his singles match against Lacoste yesterday afternoon.

Both Brugnon and Lacoste endeavored to make their returns to Patterson's backhand whenever possible, and gained many points because of his cuts and nets. Still O'Hara Wood did much to break up this style of game, and it was his sharp play which, as much as anything else, kept the French team to make more errors than they could force upon Patterson.

The Australians played their best tennis in the third set, outclassing the Frenchman at driving, volleying and in general all-around strokework. Seven of the Antipodes earned just 25 of their 109 points scored during the match, while only 14 of the 92 points scored by the French team in the three sets came through their thirteen placements and one service aces. Patterson and Brugnon each made forty-four errors aside from their double faults, while O'Hara Wood, who was slow in getting his strokes working, had fewer errors than Lacoste.

Frenchman Routed.

The third set was a particularly unhappy one for the French team. At the finish O'Hara Wood was going at great speed, showing his usual fine competitive qualities and driving Lacoste and Brugnon so fast that they simply could not make returns.

Many of the French team's nets and outs were made on shots which were mighty close to being genuine placements. The Frenchmen took two of the first three games in the opening set, and 10 of the first 17 points. Then, with Patterson serving, came a 10-point game which was broken through two successive nets by Lacoste at the finish.

It was then Lacoste's turn to serve, and the game was lost on five errors. Here O'Hara Wood took a love game on his service. Through these three games in which 28 points were played, there was not an earned point.

The Australians started the second set by winning again on Brugnon's service. Later Patterson lost a 10-point game in which he had the ball in hand and making nine errors himself. O'Hara Wood was strong in the next game which the Australians took away from Lacoste and Patterson ran out the set by winning his service at love.

At the beginning of the third set Lacoste lost while serving, but the French immediately broke through against O'Hara Wood because of the Australian server's two nets and a brilliant sideline shot by Lacoste. However, the Australians then took a love game from Brugnon, and Patterson won the next for a 3—1 lead.

Patterson Shows Improvement.

In each of these games Patterson showed steadier tennis than previously in the tournament. The French took only one game after this, Lacoste winning at love on three nets by his opponents and a placement at O'Hara Wood's feet by Brugnon.

The finish came quickly with the winners continuing to drive hard and between the Frenchmen, who lost their sense of team play and were pressed to the back court, from where they were not dangerous.

Following the Davis Cup match William Tilden, national champion, and Sam Hardy paired in an exhibition match against R. E. Schlesinger and Norman Brookes. The Australians won the first set, 6—1, but Tilden and Hardy took the second set 6—3. The score was six games all in the third set when play was abandoned because of rain.

The point score and analysis follow:

First Set.

POINT SCORE.

										Total Pts.	G.
Patterson and O'Hara Wood—	3	4	0	9	5	4	4	6	0	7—43	6
Lacoste and Brugnon—	5	1	4	7	3	0	6	4	4	5—39	4

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	S.A.	Pl. Outs.	Nets.	D.F.
Patterson	1	4	11	0
O'Hara Wood	3	4	11	0
Lacoste	0	3	10	0
Brugnon	0	3	9	1

Second Set.

POINT SCORE.

										Total Pts.	G.
Patterson and O'Hara Wood—	4	6	0	4	1	8	5	1	4	—33	6
Lacoste and Brugnon—	2	4	4	1	0	3	2	4	0	—26	4

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	S.A.	Pl. Outs.	Nets.	D.F.
Patterson	3	5	10	0
O'Hara Wood	0	4	4	1
Lacoste	0	1	6	3
Brugnon	0	1	8	0

Third Set.

POINT SCORE.

										Total Pts.	G.
Patterson and O'Hara Wood—	4	2	4	6	4	5	6	4	6	—41	6
Lacoste and Brugnon—	1	6	0	1	4	0	3	3	4	—17	2

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	S.A.	Pl. Outs.	Nets.	D.F.
Patterson	1	3	7	1
O'Hara Wood	0	3	7	0
Lacoste	0	0	5	0
Brugnon	0	4	11	1

Recapitulation.

	S.A.	Pl. Outs.	Nets.	D.F.
Patterson	4	12	28	1
O'Hara Wood	3	11	22	1
Lacoste	0	4	21	3
Brugnon	0	8	28	1

Walker Is Offered $25,000 To Box Barrett This Month

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—James F. Dougherty, manager of Bobby Barrett, announced today that he had been notified by Robert Guasis and Herman Taylor, local promoters, that they had offered Mickey Walker, welterweight champion, a guarantee of $25,000 to fight Barrett ten rounds at the Philadelphia National League ball park late this month. They made this offer, it was stated, after they learned that Benny Leonard had been obliged to cancel his fight with Walker owing to an injured hand.

SIX-METER YACHTS BEGIN RACES TODAY

12-Mile Contest Off Center Island Will Inaugurate British-American Cup Series.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The first of the international six-meter team races for possession of the British-American Cup will be sailed tomorrow on Long Island Sound off Centre Island, under the auspices of the Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club. It will be held over a windward and leeward course of three miles to a leg, twice around, or a total distance of twelve miles, according to the announcement of Chairman Percy C. Weeks of the Seawanhaka Corinthian Race Committee, which will have charge of the event. The next race, to be sailed Monday on the same course, will be a triangular contest.

The yachts which will take part in tomorrow's race will be on the British team, Echo, Zenith, Thistle and Betty, and on the American side, Dauphin, Lea, Heron and Paumonok. Dauphin, Heron and Paumonok are new vessels this year, while Lea is one of the older division which is racing on her third international team, and is recognized as one of the ablest carft of the type ever turned out here.

Lea will be sailed in the international races by Harry L. Maxwell, one of the most skilled of the racing helmsmen on Long Island Sound. Each of the six-meters in the races will have four men on board, including on the American boats one paid hand and on the British boats two paid hands.

Dauphin, the new American six-meter designed by William Gardner, which made such a fine showing in the trial races, will be sailed in the team match by Corny Shields, one of the younger generation of American yacht skippers but an excellent helmsman.

Paumonok, which, like Lea, is Gielow-designed, will be sailed by C. Sherman Hoyt, who handled the yatch so well in the trials and who is a veteran six-meter helmsman, having sailed in all three of the international races previously held.

Heron, the heavy weather boat of the American team, will be sailed by C. F. Havemeyer, a young helmsman who also has had considerable experience in the six-meter game. He sailed Montauk in the early part of this year and, more recently, Heron in the international trials, where his work was favorably commented on.

Tomorrow's warning signal will be made at 1:30 and the start ten minutes later.

This will be the fourth British-American cup match, the first having been sailed at Cowes in August, 1921, when the American team was defeated.

LITTLE BEAR TAKES STAR CLASS TROPHY

Scores a First and a Second and Keeps Cup for the Western L. I. Fleet.

PROTEST MAY BE ENTERED

Final Race of Double-Header Was Started With Only Five of Competing Yachts on the Line.

PORT WASHINGTON, L. I., Sept. 5.—As the result of a double-header sailed on Long Island Sound today, the Western Long Island Sound fleet has successfully defended the International Star Class Championship Trophy. There is a possibility that a protest will be filed and that the final race may be ordered resailed by the Star Class Association. If the protest is made, it will be based upon the allegation that the Manhasset Bay Committee started the second race too soon.

An unfortunate chain of events was responsible for the final race being more or less of a fizzle. Due to the light winds on Thursday, the race of the Port Washington Club was not finished within the time limit. According to the printed instructions issued before the contest, a postponed race was to have been sailed on Saturday. But as the majority of the Star Class yachtsmen were anxious to see the six-meter races tomorrow, it was agreed on Thursday night to sail a double-header today. It also was arranged to start the first race at 9 A. M. and to have the second one start as soon after the first as possible.

Unfortunately, the general weather conditions held up the yachts and the first contest did not start until long after 11 A. M. At that hour there was a good whole-sailed breeze blowing. All of the nine yachts that were still in the series came to the starting line, and after a splendid race, J. R. Robinson's Little Bear, representing the Western Long Island Sound fleet, was the winner.

Then came Rhody, representing the Narragansett Bay fleet, which is the property of B. W. Comstock. The third boat was Sonny, the Gravesend Bay craft, which is being sailed by W. L. Insley. The result of the race changed the position of the yachts in the point score. Little Bear moving into first place and Sonny, which had been leading throughout the series, dropping back to second place, one point behind the leader.

A heavy rain squall broke as the yachts were finishing. The driving rain soaked the yachtsmen through and through and many, after finishing, left their craft and boarded their tenders to change their clothes and have a bite to eat. Several of the craft even left the starting line to seek a lee shore, so that they could tie in reefs.

The morning race was the postponed one of the Port Washington Club. Immediately after the contest, the Race Committee of the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club took command. After wai

NEWARK A. C. LEADS FOR JUNIOR TITLE

Holds 6-Point Margin When Storm Halts A.A.U. Track Meet With 3 Events Undecided.

WEISS SETS NEW RECORD

Clips 18 Seconds From Championship Mark in Winning Three-Mile Walk.

COLGATE FIELD DEDICATED

Prominent Officials Take Part in Ceremonies at West Orange—Senior Games Today.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Sept. 5.—An almost uninterrupted downpour of rain which chased competitors, officials and spectators alike to the scant shelter offered by the partly covered grand stand this afternoon marred the running of the Amateur Athletic Union's national junior outdoor track and field championships, which opened the three-day national championship athletic carnival under the auspices of the Newark A. C., and served as the dedication feature for the new Colgate Field, snuggling in the rolling hills of the Orange Mountains at West Orange.

The storm broke before the competitive program had been finished and completely disrupted the juvenile championship program. The cinderpath, carefully groomed over its quarter-mile surface in anticipation of the title games, was transformed into a sloppy, waterlogged clipse, the infield became a morass of sticky, slippery mud, and it was impossible for the officials to proceed with the attempt to complete the program. As a consequence three of the nineteen competitions scheduled for the junior program were deferred until tomorrow and will be conducted, according to present plans, in advance of the senior track and field championships which are scheduled to start at 2 o'clock.

In the events conducted, the athletes of the Newark A. C. impressed their fellowers with a string of performances which gave the Orange and Blue the upper hand in the incompleted point score. The Newark club finished the day with thirty-four tallies, six in excess of the total accumulated by the Unicorn wearers of the Boston A. A., who had twenty-eight points. The sturdy band of the New York A. C. corralled twenty-four points, and the Millrose A. A. had ten. A keen struggle for the junior team title is expected tomorrow when the athletes of the three leading contending clubs respond to the call for competitors in the sixteen-pound hammer throw, throwing the javelin and thirty-six-pound weight throw, the events which were deferred because of the rain.

Keen Struggles Before the Storm.

What otherwise promised to be a memorable day in amateur sport was spoiled, quite naturally, by the rain. Before the deluge came one championship record had been lowered and the crowd had enjoyed a series of exciting track struggles in trial heats and several finals which had been conducted before the full fury of the storm broke. On the field, too, were competitive struggles which aroused the enthusiasm of the crowd and promised further assaults on the existing records.

The lone mark which fell was the time for the three-mile walk. Mack Weiss, Long Island Knights of Columbus Centre heel and toe athlete, succeeding in the title won last year in record time by Charles Foster, Detroit walker, chopped eighteen seconds off Foster's mark of 23:39 6-10, when he traveled the distance in 23:21 3-5. Weiss, one of a field of nine title-seekers, scored in hollow fashion, leading from start to finish of the event and winning by the length of the homestretch from E. G. Wilson, Boston A. A. walker, who led Alex Rozniak, Jersey Harriers A. A., to the tape.

In his victory Weiss flashed one of the best races of his career. Despite the handicap of a steady downpour and the treacherous footing of the track, the K. of C. athlete worked his way to the front of the field soon after the start and thereafter set a pace which killed off opposition. A. W. Bell Jr., Boston A. A., was the most formidable rival of Weiss until two laps from the finish when the Unicorn wearer was signaled off the track for what the judge ruled unfair walking. This left Weiss practically alone in front of the straggling field, but despite the lack of opposition the K. of C. walker continued to let himself out in a manner which forecast a new championship record. On the final lap Weiss increased his stride as Wilson threatened to challenge, and went away at a speed which gave him victory by a margin of about eighty yards and in championship record time.

Lermond Shows Stamina.

An exciting race was furnished in the five-mile run, which attracted a field of nine starters. Unmindful of the rain, which fell in increasing volume from the start until it had reached the proportions of a downpour, the distance running juveniles plodded on in a stirring bid for the championship. G. W. Lermond, Boston A. A., proved the strongest of the field and won the title in 28 minutes 30 seconds, but only after one of the hardest races he has been forced to undergo. Chauncey White, a full-blooded Indian sporting the colors of the Millet A. C., furnished the chief opposition to Lermond's bid for the title and failed only by about three yards after a stirring battle through the homestretch, which made the crowd forget the rain and cheer lustily.

Lermond and White went to the head of the field after passing the two-mile mark, and engaged in a battle of their own thereafter. White dogged the footsteps of his rival until rounding the last turn before the homestretch, when the Indian spurted and tried to pass the Unicorn wearer. Lermond, starting his own bid for victory almost simultaneously, went away at quickening stride, and despite White's desperate effort, held his advantage to the finish line.

William Cox, former Mercersburg Academy schoolboy, who wore the emblem of the Rochester Central Y. M. C. A. scored an impressive victory in the mile title run, outdistancing eight rivals to win by fifteen yards in 4:31. Among the vanquished rivals of Cox was Tom Cavanaugh of the Waterbury (Conn.) Columbus A. A., a member of the Boston College two-mile relay record team. Cavanaugh was regarded as Cox's most dangerous rival, but failed to run up to form and was outdistanced. Pat Kennedy, former La Salle Roosevelt, K. of C. runner, looomed as the most dangerous foe from the half-mile mark when Cox moved into the lead and Kennedy took up a position at his heels.

Moving at a swift, easy stride characteristic of him, Cox carried the field into the third lap and around to the head of the stretch on the ball circuit, where he broke in a dash for the tape. Kennedy, for a time, shook Kennedy off. The local lad, however, recovered and rallied in a stretch rush that threatened to overhaul the leader. But Cox proved the master of the situation and, extending his stride, raced to the wire [illegible] yards, [illegible] ahead of George Loth, Bridgeport runner, who just nipped Harvey Stewart of the Newark A. C. at the tape.

A determined sprint through the home-stretch brought Jimmy Burgess, West Side Y. M. C. A., victory in the quarter-mile run in 50 6-10 seconds. Holding off the pace of his rivals until the field had straightened out for the run to the finish line, Burgess came on at terrific speed and advanced from third to the lead with fifty yards to go. At the finish line he had an advantage of three yards over Cliff Stowers of the Newark A. C.

The dedication of the field was observed before the gun barked on the first event, when Old Glory and the field banner were flung to the breeze atop a new flagstaff while the strains of "The Star-Spangled Banner" floated over the hills. Addresses were made by Josepr M. Byrne Sr., President of the Newark A. C.; Country Club; J. Herbert Reed, President of the Newark A. C.; Colonel Austen Colgate, donor of the field; Mayor Frederick Breidenbach of Newark; David I. Kelly, Secretary of the Essex County Park Commission and Herman Obertubessing, President of the Metropolitan A. A. U. Mayor Simeon B. Rollinson of West Orange and Frederick W. Rubien, national Secretary of the A. A. U., were introduced as leaders in the work of providing the field. In honor of the occasion West Orange was elaborately decorated.

The summaries:

Track Events.

One-Mile Run—Won by William Cox, Rochester Central Y. M. C. A.; Pat Kennedy, unattached, second; George Loth, Board of Recreation A. A. of Bridgeport, third; Harvey Stewart, Newark A. C., fourth. Time—4:31.

100-Yard Run—Won by Howard Dotson, St. Bonaventure Club of Paterson; Bradford Weisegar, Robert C. Ogden A. A., second; Craig Lavin, New York A. C., third; Eldred Andrus, Newark A. C., fourth. Time—0:10 4-10.

120-Yard High Hurdles—Won by Franklin P. Johnson, Illinois A. C.; Russel Lloyd, Newark A. C., second; Ray Wolf, Newark A. C., third; A. Perry Roberts, New York A. C., fourth. Time—0:15 6-10.

Three-Mile Walk—Won by Mack Weiss, Knights of Columbus Centre, Astoria, Long Island; E. G. Wilson, Boston A. A., second; A. Alex Rozniak, Jersey Harriers Club, third; E. Hawley, Illinois A. C., fourth. Time—23:21 3-5.

440-Yard Hurdles—Won by John Gibson, Bloomfield Catholic Lyceum; J. O. Hunicke, Newark A. C., second; W. J. Montabone, Montreal A. A. A. C., third; no fourth. Time—0:57 7-10.

440-Yard Run—Won by James Burgess, West Side Y. M. C. A.; Clifford Stowers, Newark A. C., second; K. W. Norton, Trenton Times A. A., third; H. N. Bates, Boston A. A., fourth. Time—0:50 6-10.

220-Yard Low Hurdles—Won by Russell Lloyd, Newark A. C.; Ray Wolf, Newark A. C., second; George Stollwerck, Newark A. C., third; B. Hearn, Baltimore A. C., fourth. Time—0:25 6-10.

Five-Mile Run—Won by George Lermond, Boston A. A.; Chauncey White, Millett A. C., Detroit, second; Gunnar Nilson, Finish-American A. C., third; Frank Titterton, Glencoe A. C., fourth. Time—28:30.

220-Yard Run—Won by Eldred Andrus, Newark A. C.; John Walstrum, Baltimore Police A. A., second; John M. Shore, Millrose A. A., third; W. N. Carbeck, Germantown Boys' Club, fourth. Time—0:22 6-10.

880-Yard Run—Won by William McKillopp, Boston A. A.; Russell C. Malone, New York A. C., second; John P. Hayden, New York A. C., third; James Sweeney, Paulist A. C., fourth. Time—2:01 4-5.

Field Events.

Pole Vault—Won by Sylvan S. Schlopp, New York, 12 feet 4 inches; Charles Greening, Newark A. C., N. Ben Sherrill Jr., New York A. C., and George M. Stewart, Meadowbrook Club, tied for second. Greening won on the jump-off, with Sherrill taking third.

Putting 16-Pound Shot—Won by Robert McClean, Meadowbrook Club, 44 feet ½ inch; Paul E. Jappe, New York A. C., 42 feet 7¾ inches, second; J. B. MacNeil, Westinghouse Club, Pa., 41 feet 7¾ inches, third; N. G. Kanrich, University of Pennsylvania, 40 feet 7¼ inches, fourth.

Running High Jump—Won by Gail Robinson, Boston A. A., 6 feet 1 inch; William Winter, Meadowbrook Club, and Harold Moody, Boston A. A., 6 feet, tied for second; B. Proctor, Baltimore A. C., 5 feet 11 inches, fourth. Winter won on the jumpoff for second place.

Running Broad Jump—Won by Edwin Wooley, New York A. C., 22 feet 7 inches; L. Morrison, Meadowbrook Club, 21 feet 7⅝ inches, second; A. Rogan, Boston A. A., 21 feet 7¾ inches, third; Mathew Feeley, St. Anselm A. C., 20 feet 10¼ inches, fourth.

Throwing the Discus—Won by E. W. Bowen, unattached, Boston, 129 feet; Robert Saxer, Newark A. C., 118 feet 4½ inches, second; Paul Jappe, New York A. C., 117 feet 5½ inches, third; H. J. Betzner, Meadowbrook Club, 115 feet 2 inches, fourth.

Running Hop, Step and Jump—Won by Alber Rogan, Boston A. A., 44 feet ⅜ of an inch; Edward Benninger, St. Anselm's A. C., 40 feet 9¾ inches, second; Allan Chandler, Baltimore Y. M. H. A., 38 feet, third; no fourth.

GENARO GETTING BETTER.

His Fight With Villa May Now Be Set for Sept. 23.

The condition of Frankie Genaro, American flyweight champion, whose sudden illness caused a postponement of his world's championship bout with Pancho Villa last Thursday night at the Nostrand A. C., was reported to be considerably improved yesterday, although his physician still could not say with certainty how soon he would be able to resume training. The favorable report, however, led Charlie Henderson, promoter of the Nostrand A. C., practically to decide to hold the fight on the night of Sept. 23. He said that he would not definitely set the date until he had received absolute assurance from Genaro that the latter would be ready by then.

In the meantime, the Nostrand officials are centring their attention on their next show at Henderson's Bowl, which is scheduled to take place Tuesday night. Three ten-round bouts will top the card. Tony Caccarelli and Mike Ballerino will meet in the featured match. In another ten, Joey Silvers will clash with Joe Glick, while the opening ten-rounder will be between José Lombardo and Frankie Monroe. There also will be a six-round preliminary and a four-rounder.

AMATEUR BOXERS TO MEET.

Large Entry Expected for Tourney Which Opens on Sept. 16.

A large entry is expected for the first indoor amateur boxing tournament of the season to be held by the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U. in Madison Square Garden on the nights of Sept. 16 and 17. One of the featured events will be a special bout between Harry Traub of the Ascension Parish House, a flyweight, and Felix Martinez of the Trinity Club of Brooklyn.

Among the entries already received for the 175-pound class are Henry A. Susco, unattached; Steven Flamika, West Side Y. M. C. A.; Arthur Spitter, unattached, and Dick Kenny, Bronx Union Y. M. C. A. Entries will close next Wednesday at Metropolitan headquarters, 305 Broadway.

Joe Judge Out With Lame Ankle.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Joe Judge, first baseman for the Washington Americans, will be out of the game for several days with a bruised ankle, which he strained swinging at a ball in the game yesterday with Boston. This morning the ankle was swollen and he was forced to use a cane in walking.

Cycle Races Called Off.

Cycle races scheduled for last night at the New York Velodrome were called off owing to rain.

Champions Who Were Crowned In Junior A. A. U. Track Meet

Track Events.

100-Yard Dash—H. A. Dotson.
220-Yard Dash—E. Andrus.
440-Yard Run—J. Burgess.
880-Yard Run—W. McKillopp.
One-Mile Run—W. J. Cox.
Five-Mile Run—G. W. Lermond.
120-Yard High Hurdles—F. P. Johnson.
220-Yard Low Hurdles—R. Lloyd.
440-Yard Hurdles—J. Gibson.
Three-Mile Walk—Mack Weiss.

Field Events.

Running High Jump—G. Robinson.
Running Broad Jump—E. A. Wooley Jr.
Running Hop, Step and Jump—A. Rogan.
Pole Vault—S. S. Schoepp.
Putting 16-Pound Shot—R. McClean.
Throwing the Discus—E. W. Bowen.

Three events remain to be contested.

FADDIST IS WINNER OF MINEOLA STAKES

R. T. Wilson's Colt, With Maiben in Saddle, Takes 2-Year-Old Feature by 3 Lengths.

CHERRY PIE IS VICTOR

Although Practically Left at Post, Captures the Brentwood, Beating Eaglet by 3½ Lengths.

R. T. Wilson Jr.'s brown colt Faddist, by Campfire—Sally N., trained by T. J. Healey and well ridden by Johnny Maiben, easily captured the tenth running of the Mineola Selling Stakes for two-year-olds over the six furlongs of the main course at Belmont Park yesterday afternoon. The colt carried 107 pounds and ran the distance in 1:14 over a fast track, earning $2,545 for his owner. Eight ran and the winner was little fancied at 7 to 1.

The Greentree Stable's four-year-old gelding Cherry Pie, by Chicle, out of Cherry Mallott, holder of the mile record at the course, had to show his best pace to win the Brentwood Handicap at a mile and a sixteenth, after being practically left at the post. He carried top weight of 114 pounds and ran the distance in 1:46. Corcoran had the mount and Cherry Pie was the odds-on favorite, closing at 1 to 3.

Although there was only a moderate card, a good-sized crowd turned out. The weather was threatening all afternoon and rain fell during the running of the last two races, but not heavily enough to slow down the track. In addition to taking the stake, Maiben rode Venus to victory in the last race, completing his double for the afternoon. The Greentree Stable also scored twice, the filly Hearth Bloom winning the final number.

The Jim Gaffney colt Pedagogue, owned by the Rancocas Stable and winner of his last two starts, was the strong favorite for the Mineola, which was inaugurated in 1915, when it was won by G. F. Johnson Jr.'s Hidden Star. The colt was backed down to 6 to 5 at post time, while the R. L. Gerry entry of Peanuts and Dick Whittington was second choice at 7 to 2. None of the trio figured in the result.

Ral Parr's Trap Rock filly Bother had the early foot of the field, but Faddist came up on the outside and raced the filly down, drawing away with ease in the stretch run and beating Bother at the wire by three lengths. The filly held on gamely, but Williams had to extend her to the limit to save the place by a head from R. O. Eagan's Edisto. Pedagogue was more than a length back. The fractional times of the race were as follows: 0:23 2-5, 0:47 3-5, 1:14.

Cherry Pie was so far the best of the Brentwood Handicap field that he won by three and a half lengths despite the fact that he was practically left at the post. The field was sent away to a poor start, the others being well away and four lengths in front before Cherry Pie got going. The Rancocas Stable's Eaglet and E. F. Cooney's Athelstan fought it out all the way down the backstretch. When Corcoran got Cherry Pie into his stride the gelding began to eat up the distance between him and the leaders, which were running head and head.

Cherry Pie caught the pair at the far turn, and Corcoran, instead of waiting behind the pace, elected to try to settle the argument right there. He sent the gelding around on the outside to take the lead on the final turn. On the run home Cherry Pie held on gamely and gradually increased his lead, to win handily. Eaglet was three parts of a length in front of Athelstan. The winner carried the top weight of 114 pounds. The fractional times of the race were as follows: 0:24, 0:47 4-5, 1:13 2-5, 1:39, 1:46.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; the Pocahontas Purse; purse $1,000. One mile and one-sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Sword	110	Beach	10-1	1½
Normal	121	Anderson	9-5	2½
Bowman	106	Coltiletti	9-1	3ª
Meadow Lawn	101	Dawson	15-1	4½
Gladys V.	96½	Harvey	8-1	5ª
Poor Sport	108	Shanks	15-1	6½
Warren Lynch	98	R. Williams	20-1	7½
Dr. Whitehurst	108	Tammaro	30-1	8½
Barero	98	Callahan	12-1	9

Place and show: Sword, 4-1, 2-1; Normal, 3-5, 1-4; Bowman, 7-10, 1-3.
Time—1:46 1-5.

Start good; won cleverly; place ridden out. Sword, br. g., 5, by Light Brigade—Sard; owned by Mrs. M. E. Merz and trained by A. M. Merz.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; allowances; the Sag Harbor Purse; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Plough Boy	114	Thurber	10-1	1ª
Frigate	119	Callahan	9-10	2½
Pepp	114	Babin	13-10	3ª
Sun Audience	112	L. Fator	20-1	4ª°
Cork Elm	106	Richardson	3000-1	5

Place and show: Plough Boy, 5-2, 2-5; Frigate, 1-5, out; Pepp, 1-4, out.
Time—1:39 1-5.

Start good for all but Cork Elm; won ridden out; place same. Plough Boy, b. c., 3, by Friar Rock—Passing Shower; owned by the Oak Ridge Stable and trained by J. Loftus.

THIRD RACE.

For two-year-olds; tenth running of the Mineola Selling Stakes; $2,000 added. Six furlongs, main course.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Faddist	107	Maiben	7-1	1ª
Bother	99	R. Williams	6-1	2ª
Edisto	110	Barnes	6-1	3½
Pedagogue	107	L. Fator	6-5	4ª
*Peanuts	110	Thurber	7-2	5ª
*D. Whittington	103	Richards	7-2	6ª
Skit	105	Allen	30-1	7ª
Mark Over	108	Fields	30-1	8

*R. L. Gerry entry.

Place and show: Faddist, 5-2, 6-5; Bother, 3-1, 7-5; Edisto, 2-1, even.
Time—1:14.

Start good; won easily; place ridden out. Faddist, br. c., 2, by Campfire—Sally N.; owned by R. T. Wilson Jr., and trained by T. J. Healey.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Brentwood Handicap; $1,200 added. One mile and one-sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Cherry Pie	114	Corcoran	1-3	1½
Eaglet	112	M. Fator	4-1	2ª
Athelstan	110	Callahan	7-1	3½
Friday 13th	106	Beach	100-1	4

Place and show: Cherry Pie, out, out; Eaglet, 1-3, out; Athelstan, 7-5, out.
Time—1:46.

Start bad; won handily; place ridden out. Cherry Pie, ch. g., 4, by Chicle—Cherry Mallette; owned by the Greentree Stable and trained by V. Powers.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; the Pocahontas Purse; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Venus	110	Maiben	4-5	1½
Maryland Belle	110	Callahan	10-1	2ª
Anticipation	101	Harvey	7-1	3ª
Lady Audrey	109	Rose	9-5	4½
Rimpia	104½	Anderson	40-1	5ª
Theodosia	106	Obert	40-1	6

Place and show: Venus, 1-4, out; Maryland Belle, 5-2, 3-5; Anticipation, 2-1, 3-5.
Time—1:41.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Venus, b. f., 2, by Star Hawk, War Cloud or War Shaw—Wave; owned by J. R. Thrasby and trained by owner.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; maidens; allowances; the Blue Fly Purse; purse $1,000. Six furlongs, main course.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Hearth Broom	111	Coltiletti	4-1	1ª
Star Lore	114	Maiben	5-2	2½
Thundering	114	Callahan	10-1	3½
Scopot	114	Scoble	6-1	4½
Rockstone	115½	C. Lang	8-1	5½
Padraig	114	Thurber	30-1	6ª
John S. Mosby	114	Burke	30-1	7ª
Manxana	111	Corcoran	20-1	8ª
Gus R.	114	Turner	30-1	9ª
Young Al	114	Keogh	12-1	10ª
Silver Fox	114	L. Fator	8-5	11

Place and show: Hearth Broom, 8-5, 4-5; Star Lore, even, 1-5; Thundering, 4-1, 2-1.
Time—1:13 3-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Hearth Broom, b. f., 2, by Whisk Broom II.—Viraggo; owned by the Greentree Stable and trained by C. Phillips.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

TURF STARS IN WORKOUTS.

Epinard, Zev and Others Breeze Over Belmont Park Course.

Pierre Wertheimer was at Belmont Park yesterday, but Epinard did no hard work, merely breezing a half in 0:51, the quarter in 0:25 and the three-eighths in 0:37 4-5. The French horseman stated that the colt's condition was satisfactory to him and to Trainer Eugene Leigh.

The present cool weather is expected to have a beneficial effect on all of the candidates for the second special, to be run on Sept. 27. With yesterday's heavy rains it is not expected that there will be any serious work for the International candidates this morning.

Zev showed speed yesterday morning, the clockers catching the son of The Finn in a workout with Rival in 0:23, 0:34 3-5, 0:46 3-5, pulled up in 1:00 3-5. The brown colt did his task handily and undoubtedly will go in the mile special if Grey Lag is not ready. Baffling breezed on the training track, while Laurano was clocked over the same course in 0:50 and 1:03. Apprehension's work was a bit faster on the main track, the watches recording 0:23, 0:47 3-5, 1:01 2-5, while Sun Pal breezed in 0:52. Old Mad Hatter went a half in 0:47 3-5 handily.

BELMONT PARK ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—The Temptress; claiming; for fillies; two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs, main course. Lady Gallivant 103 pounds, *Myrtle Belle 100, *Gipsy Flyer 104, Bobbed Bandit 113, *Tarrayce C. 97, Wiser 106, Longing 109, Tinker Bell 96, *Lithuania 108, Julie 101, Rotville 100, Gertrude D. 113, Orageuse 106, Beatrice Patricia 103, Brownie 109, *Bright Idea 99, *New Hope 97, Monna Vanna 104, Linrock 108.

SECOND RACE—The Corinthian Steeplechase Handicap; for four-year-olds and upward; about two miles and a half. Charalnier 140 pounds, Duettiste 146, Pirate Gold 134, *Lieutenant Sean 144, †El Kantara 162, Vox Populi 2d 135, *Top Notch 133, Damask 144.

†El Kantara's weight includes a penalty of five pounds.

THIRD RACE—The Cedarhurst Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Pepp 108 pounds, Priscilla Rulay 117, Dare Say 102, Billy Warren 100, Flames 107.

FOURTH RACE—The Lawrence Realization; for mares and entire horses; for three-year-olds; one mile and five furlongs. Bob Tail 119 pounds, Aga Khan 118, Mr. Mutt 136, Sun Flag 126, Apprehension 116, Transmute 126.

FIFTH RACE—The Golden Glow Purse; conditions; for two-year-olds; six furlongs, main course. Scorcher 114 pounds, Boone's Knoll 110, Zero Hour 104, Arbitration 110, Battle Field 110, Cloudia 104 120, Goldbeater 110, Idiosyncrasy 107, Hazy 105, Stirrup Cup 106, Finland 114, Sarzana 107, Gold Stick 110, Pocantico 105.

SIXTH RACE—The Westhampton; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six and a half furlongs, main course. Scoop 112 pounds, *Monfleur 103, *Pai Casey 103, King O'Neill 2d 111, Cockney 118, Defiant 106, Reprisal 108, Finn Lag 107, Wildrake 110, Buck Pond 108, Home Star 111, *Gypsy King 110, *Yankee Princess 99, Caligula 112, Dr. Dave Harrington 107, *Wellrader 109, Fraternity 2d 110.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

ARREST OF FIRPO ASKED BY CURRAN

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

get his witnesses together. Firpo also would be entitled to any other rights that all aliens are entitled to. He will be vindicated."

Bushel was in conference with Mr. Curran at Ellis Island yesterday morning. Both declined to make known what transpired in the conference. The three witnesses who appeared before the Commissioner yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. William Widmer and Miss Nita Pesci. Widmer formerly was secretary to Firpo. He said the fighter discharged him at the instance of the Picart woman after he, Widmer, had warned Firpo that he might get into trouble if he traveled to America on the same steamship with her. Widmer said he had agreed to shoulder the authorship of ten cablegrams sent from this city in June and July, 1923, by Firpo to Miss Picart, some expressing endearment and two transferring money. One draft was for $100 and the other for $150, he said.

According to Sandler, Widmer had written this statement before the party started on the present visit to New York:

"All cablegrams sent to Lourdes Picart from the United States to Havana during the months of June and July, 1923, some of which were signed 'Luis,' some signed 'Angel,' some signed 'Widmer' and some signed 'Nita Pesci' were sent by me of my own volition, without any direction or intervention in any way whatever of Luis Angel Firpo.

"A draft for $100 and another for $150, both sent through the Western Union Telegraph Company, from New York and addressed to Lourdes Picart, Havana, were sent and paid by me in person out of my own personal funds, without any participation in said transfers of money by Luis Angel Firpo.

"Miss Lourdes Picart came from Havana to America via Key West during the latter part of July, 1923, invited by Nita Pesci to be her guest for a visit in the home of said Nita Pesci."

Sandler charged yesterday that the statement had been prepared in anticipation of trouble with the immigration authorities and that since his dismissal by Firpo, Widmer had decided to make known to Mr. Curran what he alleged to be the fact, that Firpo had sent the messages, some of which instructed Miss Picart to say she was to be Miss Pesci's guest.

Attorney Bushel said he would not comment on this allegation by Sandler.

Sandler said that the evidence was such as should impel Mr. Curran to present it to Federal Attorney William Hayward with a view to prosecution of the fighter on a charge which, in the event of conviction, would involve a maximum penalty of ten years in prison and a $5,000 fine. "It seems strange that in the case of the thirty-one Italians held under prohibitive bail for being smuggled into the country, Mr. Curran asks that they shall not be allowed to escape with less than twenty years and a fine and shall be deported at the end of their sentences," he said.

"When I saw Secretary of Labor Davis in Washington, with Canon Chase and three others of our committee," went on Sandler, "Mr. Davis said vehemently when I had produced the evidence: 'I'm in favor of deporting the big stiff at once. I am sure Davis took up the matter at the next Cabinet meeting and I do not see how the President can honestly refrain from recommending that Firpo be ousted. I believe President Coolidge feels that he has to act quickly. By receiving Firpo in the White House, the President gave the impression of sanctioning his visit to this country. In the light of the evidence which we have uncovered, all of which has been sent to Washington, I do not believe that the President can fail to urge Firpo's deportation.

Will Order Hearing On Warrant.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—At the Department of Labor it was said tonight that if Commissioner Curran had satisfied himself that the evidence in the Firpo case justified a warrant for deportation, the department would order a hearing on the warrant, following which the warrant would stand or be canceled according to the evidence at the hearing.

Last year 10,000 deportation warrants were considered and 6,200 persons were deported under such warrants.

COMMISSION TO ACT IN WALKER TANGLE

Will Investigate Today Gibson's Cancellation of Welterweight Bout on Sept. 22.

With Jimmy Johnston, matchmaker for the Cromwell A. C., still insisting that he had not received any official notification that his fight plans were all for naught, the latest troubles attending the world's welterweight championship bout between Mickey Walker, the titleholder, and Benny Leonard, lightweight champion, are scheduled to come before the State Athletic Commission at a special meeting this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Notwithstanding the report issued on Thursday by Billy Gibson, manager of Leonard, to the effect that the fight, scheduled for Sept. 22 at the Yankee Stadium, could not possibly be held on that date because of the condition of Leonard's right thumb, Promoter Johnston, who has contracted to hold the proposed match, was still insistent last night that the fight, so far as he was concerned, had not been canceled. Nor had he, the State Athletic Commission or Walker received any official notification of a postponement from Gibson, Johnston said. He added, however, that he had been notified to appear before the commission this morning and that he expected some definite action to result at the meeting. He said that Walker also had received notification calling for his appearance before the commission and that he understood Leonard also would be summoned if Benny could be located.

Despite Johnston's assertions that he had received no word from Gibson calling for a cancellation of the bout, it was said at Gibson's office that all parties interested in the match had been notified at the same time the Gibson statement was given out to the press. Gibson himself was not in the city yesterday. He had left for Cleveland after making his announcement on Thursday, and, so far as was known, was still in that city yesterday.

No one in authority appeared at the offices of the commission and whether Gibson's statement had arrived there could not be learned.

TUNNEY TRAINS FOR GREB.

Arrives in Cleveland for Ten-Round Bout Monday.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 5.—Light heavyweight champion Gene Tunney arrived today for his ten-round no-decision bout Monday night with Harry Greb, middleweight title holder. After going through a light workout this morning, Tunney rested until tomorrow, when he will complete his training.

SEITZINGER TAKES TITLE WITH RIFLE

Marine Corps Private Scores 189 Out of 200 in Seagirt Interstate Tourney.

SEAGIRT, N. J., Sept. 5.—The thirty-first annual Seagirt Interstate rifle tournament today came to a close in a driving rainstorm, which, however, failed to interfere with the events scheduled for the last eight days of the shoot.

The Seagirt championship feature, open to all competitors, was captured by Private R. F. Seitzinger of the United States Marine Corps, who scored 189 out of a possible 200. The event was shot at 200, 500, 900 and 1,200 yards, rapid fire. Corporal A. M. Stephenson of the Marines was second, with 187, and Captain J. S. Leinhard, also of the Marines, third, with 186.

Sergeant John Ravadeura of the United States Infantry carried away the honors in the Gould match, with 99 out of a possible 100. Marine Gunner C. A. Lloyd was second, with 98, and Lieutenant R. R. Sheet of the Marines third, with 97.

Lieutenant W. C. Conover of the Infantry won the Spencer match, shooting down 74 targets out of a possible 75. Corporal John Combs of the Marines was second, with 73, and Captain W. W. Ashurst, also of the Marines, third, with 72.

The Reading tyro event went to Corporal Thomas Tarnham of the infantry, who scored 10 bullseyes after a straight 50. Sergeant C. Hakala of the Marines was second, with 50 plus 8, and Captain C. H. Karistad, also of the Marines, third, with a 49.

Billiard Results.

Ralph Greenleaf, world's pocket billiard champion, led Tommy Hueston of Chicago, former champion, 300 to 184, last night at the end of the second block of their 600-point match, which began yesterday afternoon at the Strand Billiard Academy. In the afternoon block Greenleaf ran 157 to Hueston's 102 in twenty innings, making a high run of 31 to the Chicagoan's 16. In the evening Greenleaf clicked off 143 points in seven innings to his opponent's 82. Greenleaf made runs of 67 and 34, while Hueston's high run was 20.

The third and fourth blocks will be played this afternoon and evening.

James Maturo overcame a part of the lead gained by Erwin Rudolph in the first block of their handicap pocket billiard match at the Fourteenth Street Academy when he made 139 points last night while Rudolph was getting 91 in thirty-two innings. Maturo made a high run of 36 to 18 for his opponent. Rudolph now leads at 237 to 202. He is playing for 400 points and Maturo for 300. The final block will be played tonight.

HEADEASE STETSONS

MEADOW BROOK—THE NEW HAT

It's quite fashionable to wear the Meadow Brook any careless way; brim up or down to suit your whim. Because it's a Stetson the quality is never questioned.

Polo tan is the smart shade

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Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes set the style pace

The Prince of Style

There isn't any reason why every man in this town shouldn't wear a hat this Fall with as much style as the head-piece worn by his Royal Highness.

My new feature hat the "Piping Rock" is now recognized as the "Prince of Styles," because it has received the most cordial reception of any new style ever introduced from London to Locust Valley.

The big idea that has caused so much excitement is just a little "Style Angle" in the brim. I've called it the "STYLE CORNER," because it is a brim full of style.

And the best of it is, you don't have to pay a ROYALTY to get it.

Just get off at the corner where STYLE AVENUE meets QUALITY STREET.

That's where I live.

Truly Warner

Slate Gray
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NEWARK, N. J.

GIANTS TAKE BRACE, BEAT PHILS TWICE

Gain on Robins by Winning, 6-5 and 15-3, and Are Now 6 Points Ahead.

KELLY AND JACKSON SHINE

Hit Homers With Bases Full in Second Game — Howard Baldwin Holds Quakers in Opener.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Forced to the limit to beat the Phillies in the first game of today's double header, the Giants returned to the attack with renewed energy in the second and battered Fletcher's band until rain eighth inning, the game, officially, going back to the seventh inning. The score of the first engagement was 6 to 5, while that of the second was 15 to 3.

The Giants gained a half game on the Robins, who won one contest, and a full game on the Pirates, who were idle. The champions' gain in points on Brooklyn was three, and they are now six points, or a half game, ahead of the upcoming Dodgers.

Howard Baldwin was John McGraw's unexpected choice for box work in the opener and he proved to be a wise choice, for he went the route and turned in a much needed victory. Whitey Glazner was pitted against him at the start, but Whitey had had about all he could stand in three innings, after which he turned the pitching over to Phil Weinert, who lasted for the balance of the game.

Only one Giant pitcher was used up in the second game also, Hugh McQuillan having more stuff than the Phillies could hit with any degree of consistently. The steady swining of the Giants brought down three Philadelphia twirlers and had another wabbling when the game was called. Hal Carlson started but was yanked when George Kelly made a home run with the bases filled. He was followed by Bert Lewis, Lerton Pinto and Jimmy Bishop.

In the third inning Travis Jackson duplicated Kelly's feat of hitting for the circuit with the bases loaded. Butch Henline of the Phillies, also made a homer.

This was a wild, wild game and was halted once by rain before it was brought to a dead stop. There was much stalling by the Phillies and much hooting by the fans and at the close of the game some one in the grand stand hurled a pop bottle at Umpire Barry McCormick and came very close to hitting him.

Baldwin is Steady.

Baldwin had to pitch hard all the way in the opener, because his teammates could not score after the fourth inning and the Phils, after their home run spree in the third inning when Harper, Wrightstone and J. Wilson delivered, always were dangerous.

A single by Groh, a pass to Frisch, a single by Young, a wild pitch, a pass to Kelly, Terry's force of Kelly and Hack Wilson's force of Terry accounted for the three runs scored by the Giants in the initial inning. First at the bat in the third, Young lifted the ball over the right field wall. Kelly came within a few inches of making another home run, his drive glancing off the low wall of the left field bleachers for a triple. Terry fouled out, but while Ford was throwing out Hack Wilson, Kelly scored.

The Giants' sixth and last run, scored at Weinert's expense came in the fourth inning as a result of singles by Baldwin and Groh, a sacrifice by Frisch and a single by Kelly. Groh essayed to follow Baldwin over the plate, but was nipped on Harper's fine throw to Jimmy Wilson.

Baldwin had got by without any trouble for three innings, when the Phillies unloaded their three homers. Ford led off in the seventh inning with a single to left, moved down to second on a sacrifice by Jimmy Wilson and to third on Holke's out. Weinert fanned, but his swing for the third strike was made at a wild pitch that went to the grand stand, so that Ford scored.

Ford and Jimmy Wilson had perished in the ninth when Holke got two bases on a poke that eluded Terry. Groh ran in front of Jackson on a smack by Henline, who batted for Weinert, and the ball got by him for a hit that scored Holke. Sand then beat out a hit to Jackson but Baldwin, unshaken by the bad breaks he got, threw out Henrich and brought the game to a close.

Kelly Cleans Bases.

The bases were filled by the Giants in the first inning of the second game on as ingle by Groh, a double by Frisch and a pass to Young, whereupon, Kelly rapped the ball into the left field bleachers.

This lead was sliced in two in the Phillies' half of the inning. Metz walked and was forced by Henrich, but Williams doubled against the right field wall. Henrich scored when Harper was thrown out by Frisch and Williams scored when Wrightstone doubled to left. In the second inning the Phils closed upon the Giants, Henline smashing the ball into the left field bleachers.

With the Phillies changing pitchers twice, Lewis giving way to Pinto, and Pinto to Bishop, the Giants scored nine runs in the third. Thirteen men went to bat for the Giants and the biggest blow in the attack was Jackson's homer with the bases filled. Young and Kelly, each at bat twice in this inning, got two hits apiece and Young crossed the plate twice.

Lou Wilson singled to right in the sixth inning and scored on a triple to right centre by Jackson. Snyder singled to left and Jackson counted.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Groh,2b	4	1	2	2	1
Frisch,3b	3	1	1	0	3
Young,rf	5	2	2	0	0
Kelly,lf	4	1	2	5	0
Terry,1b	4	0	0	11	1
L. Wilson,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Ford,ss	3	0	0	2	4
Snyder,c	3	0	0	3	1
Gowdy,c	1	0	0	3	1
Baldwin,p	4	1	2	1	1
Glazner,p	0	0	0	0	0
Weinert,p	0	0	0	0	0
x-Jonnine	1	0	1	0	0
Total	37	6	11	27	11

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sand,ss	5	0	3	1	6
Henrich,lf	4	1	1	0	0
Williams,cf	4	1	0	2	0
Harper,rf	4	1	2	1	1
J. Wilson,c	4	1	1	7	1
Holke,1b	3	1	1	8	1
Lewis,p	0	0	0	0	0
Pinto,p	0	0	0	0	0
Bishop,p	1	0	1	0	0
Total	34	5	9	19	9

Errors—New York 0; Philadelphia 1 (Sand).

x—Batted for Weinert in ninth.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6—6
Philadelphia	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	1—6

Two-base hits—Sand, Jackson, Holke. Three-base hit—Kelly. Home runs—Young, Harper, Wrightstone, J. Wilson. Sacrifices—Frisch, J. Wilson. Double plays—Gowdy and Jackson; Sand, Ford and Holke. Left on bases—New York 7, Philadelphia 6. Bases on balls—Off Glazner 2, Weinert 2. Struck out—By Baldwin 2, Weinert 1. Hits—Off Glazner 6 in 3 innings, Weinert 3 in 6 innings. Wild pitches—Glazner, Baldwin. Losing pitcher—Glazner. Umpires—Moran, McCormick and Rigler. Times of game—1:54.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Groh,2b	3	0	1	2	1
Frisch,3b	4	1	1	1	5
Young,rf	3	3	2	2	0
Kelly,lf	3	3	2	0	0
Groh,rf	1	0	0	0	0
Mckan,lf	2	0	0	1	0
Harper,rf	3	2	1	0	0
Meusel,lf	0	0	0	0	0
Terry,1b	2	1	0	9	0
Wilson,cf	3	2	1	1	0
O'Connell,cf	0	0	0	1	0
Jackson,ss	4	2	2	3	5
Bader,c	4	1	2	2	0
Gowdy,c	0	0	0	1	0
McQuillan,p	4	1	2	0	0
Carlson,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	15	12	21	11

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Meta,ss	3	0	1	2	1
Henrich,lf,cf	4	1	1	3	0
Williams,cf	2	1	2	1	0
Mckan,lf	2	0	0	1	0
Harper,rf	3	2	3	0	0
Schultz,rf	3	0	0	0	1
Wstone,2b	2	1	0	2	1
Weehrs,2b	1	0	0	0	0
Pinkson,2b	2	0	1	1	0
Henline,c	3	1	1	1	0
Wendell,c	1	0	0	2	0
Bishop,p	1	0	0	0	0
Carlson,p	0	0	0	0	0
Lewis,p	1	0	0	1	1
Pinto,p	0	0	0	0	0
Bishop,p	2	0	0	1	2
Total	28	3	7	21	5

Errors—New York 0; Philadelphia 1 (Metz).

New York	1	0	2	0	0	2	6	4	—15
Philadelphia	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	—3

(Seven innings, rain).

Two-base hits—Frisch, Williams, Wrightstone, Young, Groh. Three-base hit—Jackson. Home runs—Kelly, Henline, Jackson. Stolen bases—Kelly, Young, Frisch. Sacrifice—Frisch. Double plays—Pinto (unassisted); Lewis and Metz; Frisch, Jackson and Terry; Wrightstone (unassisted). Left on bases—New York 5, Philadelphia 6. Bases on balls—Off McQuillan 2, Carlson 1, Lewis 2, Pinto 1, Bishop 1. Struck out—By McQuillan 2, Carlson 2, Lewis 2, Pinto 1. Hits—Off Carlson 3 in no innings (none out in first), Lewis 3 in 3, Pinto 4 in 0 (none out in third), Bishop 2 in 4. Wild pitches—Stephenson, Lewis. Losing pitcher—Carlson. Umpires—McCormick, Rigler and Moran. Time of game—1:55.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit 6, Cleveland 2.
(First game.)
Detroit 10, Cleveland 1.
(Second game.)
Chicago 4, St. Louis 1.
Other clubs not scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 6, Philadelphia 5.
(First game.)
New York 15, Philadelphia 3.
(Second game, 7 innings, rain.)
Brooklyn 4, Boston 0.
Cincinnati 3, Chicago 1.
St. Louis at Pittsburgh, rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Washington	77	55	.583
New York	75	57	.568
Detroit	73	62	.541
St. Louis	68	65	.511
Cleveland	63	73	.463
Boston	59	73	.447
Philadelphia	59	73	.447
Chicago	58	4	.439

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	80	52	.606
Brooklyn	81	54	.600
Pittsburgh	76	52	.594
Chicago	69	61	.531
Cincinnati	71	63	.530
St. Louis	55	77	.417
Philadelphia	50	83	.376
Boston	47	87	.351

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York.
(Game starts at 3 P. M.)
Boston at Washington.
Cleveland at Detroit.
St. Louis at Chicago.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Philadelphia.
(Two games.)
Brooklyn at Boston.
(Two games.)
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.
(Two games.)
Chicago at Cincinnati.

TIGERS TAKE TWO FROM THE INDIANS

Capture Opener, 7 to 3, and Then Romp Off With the Second Game by 20 to 1.

DETROIT, Sept. 5.—Detroit took both games of a double-header with the Cleveland Indians here today, winning the first 7 to 3 and the second 20 to 1.

Two left-handers, Smith and Wells, battled in the first game. The former was hit consistently, while Wells had only one bad inning, the fourth, when a double play halted the visitors after two runs were scored.

The Tigers turned the second game into a field meet, Manush and Rigney circling the bases four times, while Cobb and Heilman went around three times.

The Tigers' 20-to-1 victory was the largest score made in the American League this season. The nearest approach to it was on Aug. 30 when Philadelphia defeated Boston at Boston, 18 to 7.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Haney,3b	5	0	4	1	4
Manush,lf	3	0	0	3	0
Cobb,cf	4	1	0	3	1
Heilmann,rf	4	1	1	2	0
Rigney,ss	4	0	1	1	2
Pratt,1b	4	0	1	13	1
O'Rourke,2b	4	0	2	3	4
Wood'll,c	3	0	0	5	1
Wells,p	2	0	0	1	1
Total	33	7	9	27	13

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamieson,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Clarke,rf	4	0	1	3	0
Speaker,cf	4	0	2	3	1
Sewell,ss	4	1	2	0	4
L. Sewell,c	3	1	0	2	2
Burns,1b	4	0	1	9	0
Stephenson,2b	3	0	2	1	4
Yoter,3b	3	0	1	1	2
Smith,p	2	0	0	1	1
Total	33	2	10	24	14

Errors—Detroit 0, Cleveland 3 (Speaker, Burns, Smith).

Detroit	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0—7
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—3

Two-base hits—Stephenson, Burns, Woodall, Rigney. Three-base hit—Clarke. Stolen bases—Haney, O'Rourke, Heilmann. Sacrifices—Rigney, Wells (2), Manush. Double plays—Cobb and Pratt; O'Rourke, Rigney and Pratt. Left on bases—Cleveland 11, Detroit 10. Bases on balls—Off Smith 3, Wells 3. Struck out—By Smith 3, Wells 1. Hit by pitcher—By Smith (Manush). Wild pitch—Smith. Umpires—Owens and Evans. Time of game—2:10.

SECOND GAME.

DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jones,3b	6	2	2	3	2
Manush,lf	5	4	3	4	0
Cobb,cf	5	3	3	2	0
Heilmann,rf	4	3	2	0	0
Rigney,ss	4	4	3	2	2
Pratt,1b	5	2	3	10	0
O'Rourke,2b	4	3	2	2	4
Bassler,c	4	0	2	3	0
Manion,c	1	0	0	0	0
Holloway,p	4	0	1	0	1
Total	42	20	21	27	9

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamieson,lf	3	0	0	1	0
Summa,rf	4	1	0	4	0
Speaker,cf	2	0	1	0	0
McNulty,cf	2	0	0	2	1
J. Sewell,ss	4	0	1	1	4
Hyatt,c	4	0	0	6	2
Burns,1b	4	0	2	10	0
Stph'son,2b	4	0	0	2	3
Yoter,3b	4	0	1	0	0
Uhle,p	1	0	0	0	0
Edwards,p	0	0	0	0	0
Towell,p	2	0	0	0	1
Total	42	1	5	24	11

Errors—Detroit 2 (O'Rourke 2), Cleveland 2 (J. Sewell, Yoter).

Detroit	2	0	0	4	5	9	3	1	0—20	
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1	

Two-base hits—Bassler, J. Sewell, Cobb, O'Rourke. Three-base hits—Cobb, Pratt. Stolen bases—Cobb (2), Manush, Heilmann. Sacrifices—Pratt, O'Rourke, Holloway. Left on bases—Cleveland 7, Detroit 7. Bases on balls—Off Uhle 2, Edwards 1, Towell 2, Holloway 1. Struck out—By Holloway 3, Uhle 2, Yowell 1. Hits—Off Uhle 5 in 3 2-3 innings, Edwards 5 in 1-3, Yowell 11 in 5. Hit by pitcher—By Uhle (Heilmann). Wild pitch—Uhle. Balk—Holloway. Losing pitcher—Uhle. Umpires—Evans and Owens. Time of game—1:59.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Worcester.

	R.	H.	E.
Hartford	11	15	1
Worcester	8	12	2

Batteries—Canavan and Kenna; J. Stryker and Cronin.

At Springfield.

	R.	H.	E.
Springfield	5	6	2
Pittsfield	0	1	2

(Five innings—rain).

Batteries—Best and Nagle; Van Alstyne and McLaughlin.

At Bridgeport.

	R.	H.	E.
Waterbury	9	16	2
Bridgeport	3	6	2

Batteries—Ulrich and Schauffel; Wolfe and Casey.

New Haven at Albany, postponed, rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Waterbury	84	59	.592	Pittsfield	67	74	.475
Springfield	78	63	.553	Worcester	65	77	.458
Hartford	78	63	.553	Albany	61	76	.445
New Haven	69	73	.514	Bridgeport	63	81	.436

WESTERN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Lincoln.

	R.	H.	E.
Lincoln	13	13	1
Des Moines	4	9	1

Batteries—Rasmussen and Lamb; Heuse and Wheat.

Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Denver	87	52	.618	Okla. City	72	70	.507
Omaha	85	57	.627	Wichita	64	78	.451
Tulsa	83	59	.585	Lincoln	60	80	.351
St. Joseph	78	64	.549	Des Moines	47	93	.336

Baseball Today, Yankee Stadium, Yankees vs. Philadelphia. Game starts at 3 P. M.—Advt

ROBINS BEAT BRAVES FOR 14TH IN A ROW

Boston Is Blanked by 4 to 0 for Brooklyn's 28th Victory in Last 33 Games.

EHRHARDT ON THE MOUND

Young Right-Hander Takes Fourth Straight, Yielding Only 5 Hits—Jess Barnes Is the Victim.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON Sept. 5.—The Robins hung up their fourteenth consecutive victory here today when they shut out the Braves. The score was 4 to 0 and Rube Ehrhardt, who twirled for the flying Flatbush team, allowed only five scattered singles. Only one of the Braves reached third base, that was in the ninth inning with two out. It was Ehrhardt's fourth straight victory and in the last thirty-seven innings he has pitched only two earned runs were charged against him—home runs hit in one inning in a recent game against the Phillies.

Jess Barnes opposed the Robins' young righthander and only eight hits were made off the former Giant. However, four of them were crowded into the fifth inning when the Robins scored all their runs.

Two singles by Stock and another by High were all the hits made off Barnes in the first four innings. In the fifth with two out the fast-moving Flatbush aggregation got busy and did not stop until they had sent four men over the plate. High started the trouble with a double to left, fast fielding by Wilson holding Andy on second. Mitchell then crossed up the Boston infield by bunting in front of the plate. Gibson fielded the ball, but Mitchell beat the peg to first. Wheat was passed, filling the bases, and Fournier pushed a double into left field, sending High and Mitchell home. Brown then doubled to the scoreboard, scoring Wheat and Fournier. Stock drew a pass, but Griffith ended the frame with a pop fly that dropped into Smith's hands.

In the seventh the Robins threatened to score another run when Wheat hit to right field for two bases with one out. Fournier and Brown were unable to deliver the hit needed to send Wheat around to the plate.

Padgett was the only Brave to get to third base. He walked with two out in the fifth and took third on a single by Barnes. Thomas forced Barnes for the final out and Padgett was left stranded.

The Robins have won twenty-eight out of their last thirty-three games and if they can keep their long streak intact through tomorrow's doubleheader they will be the winners of sixteen straight games when the Giants are encountered in Brooklyn on Sunday. As the Pirates did not play this afternoon the Robins strengthened their grip on the runner-up position.

The score:

BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
High,2b	5	1	2	6	5
Mitchell,ss	4	1	1	1	7
Wheat,lf	4	1	1	4	0
Fournier,1b	4	1	1	10	0
Brown,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Stock,3b	3	0	2	1	1
Griffith,cf	4	0	0	1	0
DeBerry,c	4	0	0	2	0
Ehrhardt,p	4	0	0	0	2
Total	36	4	8	27	15

BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Thomas,cf	4	0	1	3	0
Wilson,lf	3	0	0	3	0
Stengel,rf	4	0	1	4	0
McInnis,1b	4	0	2	13	0
Tierney,2b	4	0	0	2	4
Gibson,c	4	0	0	4	0
Smith,ss	4	0	0	2	3
Padgett,3b	2	0	0	0	5
Barnes,p	2	0	1	0	0
Total	31	0	5	27	14

Errors—Brooklyn 1 (High); Boston 1 (Tierney).

Brooklyn	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0—4
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—High, Fournier, Brown, Wheat. Double play—Mitchell, High and Fournier (2). Left on bases—Brooklyn 8, Boston 7. Bases on balls—Off Ehrhardt 3, Barnes 2. Struck out—By Ehrhardt 2, Barnes 3. Umpires—Klem and Wilson. Time of game—1:25.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Toronto.

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	8	11	1
Rochester	2	8	2

Batteries—Doyle and Sullivan; Moore and Lake.

Baltimore at Newark game for yesterday will be played in a double-header today.

Reading at Jersey City, postponed, wet grounds.

Syracuse at Buffalo, postponed, rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Baltimore	100	41	.709	Newark	69	75	.479
Toronto	92	66	.622	Syracuse	67	76	.469
Buffalo	73	72	.497	Reading	56	91	.406
Rochester	73	75	.493	Jersey City	44	99	.308

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Baltimore at Newark (2 games).
Reading at Jersey City.
Rochester at Toronto.
Syracuse at Buffalo.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Toledo.

	R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	5	13	1
Toledo	3	7	2

Batteries—Petty and Krueger; McCullough, Giard and Gaston.

At Columbus.

	R.	H.	E.
Louisville	8	9	0
Columbus	3	6	0

Batteries—Gullop and Vick; McQuillen, Ketchum and Hartley.

At St. Paul.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Paul	5	9	1
Milwaukee	3	8	1

Batteries—Markle and Dixon; Gaarin and McMenemy.

At Minneapolis.

FIRST GAME.

	R.	H.	E.
Minneapolis	6	12	1
Kansas City	2	8	5

Batteries—Hamilton and Wirts; Schupp, Lindsey and Skiff.

SECOND GAME.

	R.	H.	E.
Minneapolis	14	17	2
Kansas City	4	11	5

Batteries—See and Mayer; Ahman and Billings.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Indianapolis	86	60	.571	Toledo	70	74	.486
St. Paul	79	60	.560	Minneapolis	67	76	.469
Louisville	76	65	.539	Columbus	64	77	.454
Milwaukee	68	71	.489	Kansas City	56	80	.424

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Chattanooga.

	R.	H.	E.
Little Rock	10	13	0
Chattanooga	9	15	2

Batteries—Wilson, Green, McCall and Lory; Sedgwick, James and Anderson.

At Mobile.

	R.	H.	E.
Mobile	11	15	0
Birmingham	1	8	3

Batteries—Boone and Stokes; Clark, Bates and Robertson.

At Nashville.

	R.	H.	E.
Memphis	6	11	0
Nashville	5	11	0

Batteries—Merz, Kelly and Kohlbecker; Morris, Olsen and Mackey.

At New Orleans.

	R.	H.	E.
New Orleans	8	11	4
Atlanta	5	11	4

Batteries—Henry and Lapan; McLaughlin, Swartz, Kennere and Brock.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Memphis	94	56	.671	Mobile	66	75	.468
Atlanta	96	58	.628	Chattanooga	62	82	.414
N. Orleans	84	58	.592	Birm'ham	62	87	.374
Nashville	74	68	.529	Little Rock	44	97	.312

NEW YORK-PENN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

All games postponed—rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Williamsp't	78	44	.640	Trip. Cities	58	62	.483
York	71	46	.626	Elmira	51	73	.411
Harrisburg	70	50	.583	Wilkes-B.	47	74	.388
Scranton	68	54	.557	Oneonta	38	84	.311

Five Leading Batsmen In Each Major League

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
Ruth, New York	123	458	128	178	.389
Jamieson, Clev.	126	526	85	180	.358
Falk, Chicago	117	441	69	154	.349
Speaker, Clev.	127	472	94	164	.347
Collins, Chicago	126	489	92	166	.340

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby, St. Louis	123	465	108	203	.494
Cuyler, Pitts.	96	398	81	146	.378
Wheat, Brooklyn	122	488	61	182	.373
Bressler, Cinc.	98	413	84	110	.346
Young, New York	112	450	97	155	.344

CUBS BOW TO REDS IN QUICK GAME, 3-1

Requires Only 1 Hour 10 Minutes for Donohue to Get Decision Over Alexander.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 5.—The Cincinnati Reds defeated Chicago, 3 to 1, today in a fast game, lasting only 1 hour and 10 minutes. Donohue pitched well and received brilliant support. Alexander, starting for the second time in more than ten weeks, was effective except in two innings.

The Cubs' lone tally came in the fifth on Hartnett's triple and a single by Cotter.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Critz,2b	4	1	1	3	4
Daubert,1b	4	0	1	11	0
Rousch,cf	3	0	1	2	0
Burns,rf	1	0	0	1	0
Walker,rf-cf	4	0	0	2	0
Bressler,lf	4	0	2	3	0
Pinelli,3b	1	0	0	1	3
Bohne,ss	3	0	1	1	5
Wingo,c	2	1	0	3	2
Donohue,p	3	0	2	0	1
Total	29	3	8	27	12

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Adams,ss	4	0	1	5	3
Heathcote,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Grantham,2b	3	0	1	2	5
Wels,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Friberg,2b	4	0	0	0	2
Grigsby,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Hartnett,c	3	1	2	9	0
Cotter,1b	3	0	1	12	2
Alexander,p	1	0	1	0	3
aO'Farrell	1	0	0	0	0
Wheeler,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	1	8	24	15

Errors—Cincinnati 0, Chicago 1 (Cotter). aBatted for Alexander in eighth.

Cincinnati	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	—3
Chicago	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Critz, Bohne, Donohue, Alexander. Three-base hit—Hartnett. Sacrifices—Pinelli (2), Alexander. Double plays—Critz, Bohne and Daubert; Alexander, Adams and Cotter. Left on bases—Chicago 5, Cincinnati 5. Bases on balls—Off Donohue 1, Alexander 1. Struck out—By Donohue 3, Alexander 1. Hits—Off Alexander 8 in 7 innings, Wheeler 0 in 1. Losing pitcher—Alexander. Umpires—Quigley, Sweeney and O'Day. Time of game 1:10.

CVENGROS WINS FOR SOX.

Holds Browns to Three Hits, and Chicago Takes Game, 4 to 1.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Mike Cvengros held the St. Louis Browns to three hits today, and Chicago won the first game of the series, 4 to 1. The White Sox made seven hits off Dave Danforth.

The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mostil,cf	3	0	1	4	0
Risb,rf	4	1	1	4	0
Collins,2b	2	2	0	3	3
Sheely,1b	4	1	2	8	0
Falk,lf	2	1	1	3	0
Kamm,3b	3	0	1	0	1
Barrett,ss	3	0	0	1	4
Grabowski,c	3	0	1	7	0
Cvengros,p	3	0	0	1	1
Total	33	4	7	27	9

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Robertson,3b	3	0	0	0	1
Collins,2b	3	0	0	2	3
Sisler,1b	3	1	1	10	1
Williams,lf	4	0	0	0	0
McManus,2b	3	0	2	2	2
Gleason,cf	3	0	0	3	0
Severeid,c	3	0	0	5	0
Gerber,ss	3	0	0	1	4
Danforth,p	3	0	0	0	5
aEvans	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	1	3	24	16

Error—Chicago 1 (Barrett).

a—Batted for Robertson in eighth.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—4
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hit—Falk. Stolen bases—McManus, Sisler, Risb, Falk

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPT. 6, 1924.

PREMIER HERRIOT'S SPEECH.

The Prime Minister of France made clear at Geneva yesterday that he agrees with the Prime Minister of England — with differences. M. HERRIOT is as ardent for peace and as stout for the League of Nations as RAMSAY MACDONALD showed himself. He said that France also would welcome Germany as a member of the League. Arbitration of international disputes is as fixed a part of French policy as it is of English or American. The French Premier pointed out that the various provisions for arbitrators were inserted in the London agreement for the carrying out of the Dawes plan at the instance of France. He declared that the people and Government of France were as eager as those of any nation to exalt and perfect the League of Nations, and to do everything possible to secure and establish a just and lasting peace throughout the world.

In method and detail, the French Premier felt compelled to register a certain amount of dissent from Mr. MACDONALD. The latter had condemned military alliances and taken the position that force could have no rightful place in international affairs. Yet he himself had used the phrase "compulsory arbitration." How there can be anything like that without at least a threat of force to do the compelling is not clear. Indeed, Prime Minister MACDONALD himself, when pressed on this subject, frankly admitted that his ideas on it were as yet "a bit hazy." But the French logical mind does not like to wander about in a haze. And HERRIOT's address showed that he desires to face realities squarely, and to think a project through before putting his name to it.

Some of the ideas which he vigorously expressed before the League of Nations recall those of Colonel ROOSEVELT, and they were clothed in language reminding one of his. M. HERRIOT is heartily for arbitration, but it must be arbitration that will not prove "a trap" for weak nations. He believes devoutly in international justice, but his vision of that justice is of a sublime figure holding a sword in her hand to enforce her decrees if necessary. Without at any time directly challenging the general doctrines laid down by the Prime Minister of England, M. HERRIOT made it evident that he could not assent to some of their applications. In this the dispatches from Paris leave no doubt that the French press and the majority of the people are at one with him.

What is the unavoidable inference from the diverse opinions of the two Prime Ministers who have honored the League of Nations with their presence at its meetings in Geneva? Obviously, the need of a renewed and determined effort to work in and through that existing international organization in order to secure the great objects which all have at heart. By whatever door one enters, this is where he always comes out. People discourse eloquently but vaguely of the necessity of united action by the nations to safeguard the world against war. They are already united, save a few holdouts steadily becoming fewer, in the League of Nations. The demand is for arrangements to bring about disarmament and the establishment of a system of arbitration. These things are already provided in the Covenant of the League. It is said that we must have an organ of international consultation. The League furnishes it. There must be some body, it is argued, instantly to take note of a threatened war of aggression and to check the would-be aggressor. That is one of the declared functions of the League. [illegible] as to beating about the bush? [illegible] as Prime Minister MACDONALD suggested, that some of the articles of the League Covenant ought to be "elaborated." Some of them, in M. HERRIOT's view, should be made more precise. But the two statesmen are in accord on the main question. They agree that the League of Nations has brought a new and indispensable organization into the world and also a great new hope. Everything is possible through such an agency. Nothing that touches upon the security of small nations or the fraternization of the peoples of the earth is alien to its purpose or foreign to its scope.

One of the points in which M. HERRIOT was of the same mind as RAMSAY MACDONALD was in connection with a new international conference to discuss disarmament. This he thinks should be held in Europe, preferably under the auspices of the League of Nations. The French Premier is also in agreement with the British Prime Minister in hoping that the United States will before long join hands with the nations constituting the League. For M. HERRIOT, too, it is not a question of trying to wheedle the American Government, least of all of putting pressure upon it, but simply of waiting in patience and hope for the day when the United States will see that it cannot be true even to its own best interests without cherishing them as they are now inextricably woven into the concerns of the whole world.

IMPROVED SOOTHSAYING.

As might be expected in these days, divination is progressive. Etruscan and Roman haruspices never consulted the "innards" of unhatched chickens. But our political prophets do it every day. Who doesn't love to see them do it? Let us revel once more in this exact science. First prize goes to our old and competent friend of 1912, Mr. VANCE MCCORMICK. He sees the Democrats carrying his Pennsylvania in November. This is the kind of prophecy that veteran collectors are proud to treasure. It has a noble scope and sweep, the purple pinions of imaginative genius. So the true vates, inspired singer and seer, ought to speak. Mr. CLEM SHAVER, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, is restrained by his official post from these blithe flights. He contents himself with modest understatement. After pondering the reports submitted to him by trusty surveyors, he has come to the conclusion that Mr. LA FOLLETTE will get seventy electoral votes, "and perhaps a few more."

There is no room on Mr. WILLIAM MORGAN BUTLER's comfortable person for any more Grand Prognostication Prize medals; not even the feeblest fragment of an inch whereon to pin the insignia of the Egregious Order of Madame Thèbes. Yet, if he has a trophy room in Boston, how splendidly full it must be getting to be! Regretfully registering him as hors concours, we merely note his sublime vaticination that Mr. LA FOLLETTE will probably lose Minnesota and the Dakotas, and "possibly" his own preserve, Wisconsin. Why this Laodicean adverb? Why not substitute "certainly"? "From what I can "gather about the sentiment in Wis"consin," says our cautious Yankee inspector of the seeds of time, "the "men and women who have always "supported Senator LA FOLLETTE "when he was on the Republican "ticket aren't going to follow him in "any large numbers when he has left "the reservation." That settles that. Mr. COOLIDGE "will have the votes in "the Electoral College from the Cen"tral and Western States." He will have "an ample majority of the elec"toral votes and the total vote cast "will be in excess of any total vote "ever cast before."

In short, instead of trying to "get out" a Republican vote, the Republican National Committee seems to be almost under the necessity of keeping it within reasonable bounds. Mr. BUTLER is greatly encouraged by the Republican yearnings and activities of "the women citizens." Perhaps the rest of us are less encouraged than puzzled. The women are all or mostly for Mr. DAVIS, Mr. COOLIDGE and Mr. LA FOLLETTE. "Rum creatura" are women; much rummer contemporary prophets. Senator HARRELD of Oklahoma cheers the White House. "The indications are"—another hallowed formula—"that COOLIDGE and DAWES "will carry Oklahoma by a plu"rality greater than Mr. HARD"ING's." So 1924 is to be another annus mirabilis. And yet Chairman BUTLER, rolling another hallowed formula like a sweet morsel under the tongue, believes that "the people "are not to be stampeded in this "election."

BUSES AS RELIEF.

Mayor HYLAN is entitled to credit for his zealous propaganda in behalf of the omnibus. Franchise applications for elaborate networks of bus transportation have been coming forward with a rush. It only needs to be pointed out that the new proposals have really little in common with the Mayor's original purposes. He has touted the bus as the substitute for the surface car. He seems to have even thought of it as a substitute for the subways and the elevated, as when he promised last year, if given full power, to provide subway relief in sixty days and it turned out that he was thinking of buses.

In his letter of yesterday to Transportation Commissioner DELANEY the Mayor claims to have educated the transit companies to his own view, "that it would be only a short time "before buses would become the sole "means of surface transportation in "the City of New York." How short is a short time? By dint of harping on the surface lines as obsolete it may well be that Mr. HYLAN has really persuaded many of his fellow-citizens that this is so. But it is emphatically not so. Last year in Manhattan, Brooklyn and the Bronx the surface cars carried nearly 1,100,000,000 passengers as against 1,500,000,000 passengers on all the subway and elevated lines. A surface system that took care of 75 per cent. as many passengers as all our rapid transit facilities is not to be whiffed away. In Manhattan last year the surface cars carried nearly 483,000,000 passengers, or 150,000,000 more than the elevated lines, and exceeding the latter by nearly as much as they fell short of the subway traffic. And the remarkable thing is that, whereas since 1921 "L" traffic had dropped off by 7 per cent. and subway traffic had increased by only 5 per cent., surface traffic increased by 26 per cent. In two years the Manhattan surface cars showed an increase of 100,000,000 passengers.

All talk of the bus "shortly" supplanting any existing form of transportation, except in isolated instances like the crosstown lines in lower Manhattan, comes pretty near to being nonsense. The bus is needed as a supplement to existing facilities either as a feeder to the rapid transit lines or along routes uncovered by any other form of transportation. The various systems outlined in the new bus proposals do exactly that. They concentrate on the crosstown streets and the neglected avenues. In the fairly remote future it may be that the bus will begin to drive out the surface car. That will depend on the teachings of experience; upon a comparison between what a fleet of 100 buses can do and a fleet of 100 surface cars, and a study of bus effects on street congestion.

So far, then, Mr. HYLAN's educational campaign for the bus has carried us only as far as his dearest enemies, the Transit Commission, long ago consented to go. The bus as an auxiliary service has its value. It now remains for the Mayor to educate himself to the thought that two years of subway delay will do more harm than a thousand buses can cure.

THE POLO TOURNAMENT.

The origin of the game of polo may be lost in the mists of time, as one authority has said, but there is nothing more modern in sport. The hackneyed word "colorful" may be applied to it without apology. Manhood and horseflesh combine to produce its brilliant effects, hard and daring riding, accurate hitting with the mallet, goals wonderfully earned or missed by a hand's breadth, team work that leaves little to chance, scores quickly run up from zero, alternating leads, and always, if the two sides are well handled and fairly well matched, uncertainty until time is called. Every contest is a ball game more exciting sometimes than baseball, and it is interspersed with rushes of ponies that are hair-raising races. Every polo player should be a centaur, and the trim animal he swings from side to side and guides into the thick of the fray should be, and generally is, as filled with the joy of battle as he himself.

Of all horses engaged in the sport there is none more intelligent or handsomer, as a rule, than the "polo pony." They are much admired and petted by their riders, as is attested by the names given them. For instance, among the ponies that will take part in the tournament for the International Challenge Cup, the opening game of which is to be played at Meadow Brook on Tuesday, there will be My Girl, Nina, Hello, Beybah, Tobins, Moonbeam, Pitti Sing, Dorita, None So Pretty and Belle of All. The beauties are trained to be one with their riders in all the tactics of polo, and you may see by their glowing eyes and the quiver of their ears that they love its shifting phases. Of the two the rider is calmer than the pony. At least, he must have his wits about him, and know exactly what he is to do when going at full speed in a drive to avert a goal or make one. So quick-footed are the ponies, and so trained to turn and stop and avoid collisions, that serious accidents seldom occur in the game. Under a brilliant sun, on a smooth field, with the stands filled, there is no finer, no more alluring, no more satisfying game. As a spectacle there can be nothing more thrilling.

Since Hurlingham came to Newport in 1886 American prestige in polo has steadily risen, but in the series played for the trophy the British and ourselves are tied, four to four. In the tournament of 1914 the British were victors on our soil. The great war relegated polo to the background, but in 1921 our Big Four visited England and recovered the cup in two straight matches, easily outplaying a British team. On the famous American four in that year were DEVEREUX MILBURN, the master player; WATSON WEBB, "TOMMY" HITCHCOCK and LOUIS STODDARD. With the exception of the last mentioned the Americans who have been chosen to face Major HURRELL's combination are the same. MALCOLM STEVENSON takes the place of STODDARD. There is uncommon skill in the ranks of the invaders, and they will be splendidly mounted. The issue depends upon team work, in which it may be said, without vaunting, that the Americans are well trained. But the British poloists are sometimes fertile in surprises. They have been known to "lift" the cup even when they were not favorites in the betting.

OUTSIDE OF WALL STREET.

The movement of commodities is less deceptive than the ups and downs of prices on the Stock Exchanges. In the thirty-fourth week of the year the railways lacked 17,752 tons of carrying a million tons of revenue freight. The approach to the best average is so close that for the year thus far the total deficit is only 1,527,084 tons. Grain cars are moving weekly by thousands more than last year, and the prices are better at the opening of the harvest than often at the close. Fuel cars are fewer than last year, when accumulations were making in anticipation of a strike. That surplus has now been consumed, and the production of soft coal passed 8,000,000 tons in the week of Aug. 23 for the first time since March. The movement of building materials is especially significant. For the first eight months of the year new construction totaled $3,429,000,000, and 1924 is expected to be the record year, surpassing 1923 thus far by 10 per cent. The railways are carrying this full volume with 8 per cent. fewer workers and with unsurpassed equipment. Naturally, railway workers would like to be hired more numerously and paid higher wages. They are not to be unduly criticised for the sort of politics their leaders play, but it is well to understand and discount it. The antagonism between railway union politics and the public interest is revealed by The Railway Age's calculation that the cost of transportation to the public has been reduced by the increase of railway efficiency by $5,235,000 a day. The operating expenses of the railways have fallen by $4,582,000 within the same four years since the enactment of the Transportation act. Those who want the railways to spend more money will press for the amendment or repeal of the act. Those desiring the railways to make more money by producing more and cheaper transportation will rally to its defense.

Domestic conditions thus appear good and improving. The greatest blemish may become the greatest stimulus, according to the effect upon foreign trade of the reparation settlement. The record assembled by the City Bank discloses that seventeen countries increased their foreign trade over 1923 within the first half of the year, and four decreased their foreign trade totals. France increased exports by a half and increased imports by 35 per cent. to a maximum. No nation can export and import more goods without stimulating the movement of goods in other countries. Between countries as within them the movement of goods is a more substantial factor of prosperity than the movement of prices.

IMPERILED FISH SUPPLIES.

Rarely has the need of conservation of our fish supply been so clearly brought out as in Secretary HOOVER's address before the sixth annual convention of the United States Fisheries Association yesterday. That through pollution of waters and excessive catches much damage had been done to the fish yield in coastal and tidal waters had long been generally known. But the statistics cited by Mr. HOOVER show that the destruction has vastly exceeded popular belief. The shad fisheries have decreased their yield over 70 per cent. in the last thirty years. The lobster yield is now one-third of what it was in 1900. The oyster fisheries in the Chesapeake are half of what they were at that same period. Crab yields have decreased in proportion. On all sides are evidences of supplies becoming exhausted and not being replaced. Even some classes of deep-sea fish are scarcer, and, as the supplies of local fish decrease, the demand for larger deep-sea catches becomes greater. Not even the apparently limitless supply of fish in the ocean seems to be safe from the destructive forces of mankind.

Congress has already done a little to improve conditions. It has passed a law regulating the dumping of oil on waters by oil-burning ships. It has stopped the rapid extermination of the salmon in Alaska. It has approved the halibut treaty with Canada for the protection of that species. It has set aside the upper waters of the Mississippi as breeding grounds for game fish. But much more remains to be done. Of the proposals which Mr. HOOVER makes to further fish conservation two in particular demand special attention. The first concerns measures to restock the depleted coastal waters. This is largely a task for Federal and State cooperation in breeding, policing, regulating seasons, &c. The second, and most important, because without it even the first is of little value, is to prevent further pollution of the coastal and inland waters from all possible sources. Checking the dumping of oil from steamers is a step in the right direction. But it is only a step. There is the much more complicated task of checking the practice of using rivers as exhausts for chemical and other wastes from factories and of their indiscriminate use for sewage disposal. The solution of this is in part a matter of legislation, but its ultimate success will depend largely on the education of the public to an understanding of the dangers involved.

Fish is too valuable a food to be permitted to become a mere luxury. We in America have never been as great a fish-eating people as are Europeans. But the war taught many the great nutritive value of sea food, and the various drives by the Government to popularize the use of fish have helped along the good work. But the greater the demand for fish as food, the greater will be the need of protecting the supplies. It is time to forget the old idea that just because the sea is apparently boundless the supply of fishes that live in it is unlimited.

EIGHT MILES OF NEW SCHOOLS.

The Mayor's picture of eight miles of new school buildings during his Administration makes a creditable showing. This mileage probably includes the sixty buildings now under construction, for the sixty-two elementary school buildings and the five high school buildings would cover only about four miles. No one is disposed to take one foot of credit from the Mayor for carrying forward this great program. But it was not necessary to take a fling at his predecessors, and especially the Mitchel Administration, which was proceeding upon a "pay-as-you-go" policy and was also interfered with in a more moderate building program by the war. As it is, the present Administration gets the credit, but the next decades will share in paying for these eight miles of buildings. There is quite enough glory for Mr. HYLAN in what he has done without making unfair comparisons.

It also seemed unnecessary to hit out again at the so-called "Rockefeller-Gary" plan. On this subject the Mayor seems to be obsessed. It would be profitable for him to acquaint himself with just what the system is. It would be better still if he would leave such matters to those whose business it is to know about school administration. Fortunately, an investigation is planned by the Department of Education to be made by the most competent educational experts. This should procure a body of sound advice that ought to be of value to the Board of Education and the superintendents, principals and teachers of this greatest school district in the world.

What is being done to provide playgrounds for the school children is also deserving of heartiest praise. There is no disposition on the part of any to take from the Mayor one iota of his deserts. For that matter, he is not one to hide his light under a bushel. What he does, has done or hopes to do is now shouted upon the house-tops by WCNY as well as placarded in the streets.

It would be interesting to know just when the parents passed judgment on the "Gary" system and why the Mayor assumes that those who are demanding that we build more schools are guilty of "dishonest propaganda for political purposes" because they favor the Gary plan. This means fuller utilization of the school buildings. It has been their contention that fewer buildings might be adequate. And was it not the Mayor who promised "a seat for every child"? That has not been secured, although the Administration has made creditable progress.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

One Robbery Was Prevented.

Robbers of banks and other robbers received much attention in yesterday's papers. Of the several stories about them, the only one that was calculated to make anybody really proud came from Stevens Point, Wis. There a cashier, CARL ROSHOLT, when ordered in the usual way to throw up his hands and let several well-armed bandits do their familiar work, surprised them by seizing his own convenient pistol and opening brisk fire on the invaders. That was unwise of him from several points of view, and it easily might have cost him his life, but by following an impulse seemingly commoner among men in the past than now he so startled and confused the robbers that they fled to the inevitable car waiting outside the bank.

Mr. ROSHOLT's bullets, like those of his assailants, all went wild. However, a hurriedly gathered posse chased the fleeing car, caught it, killed one of its occupants, captured another, and allowed only one to escape. That was a fairly good average of efficiency, and if it were equaled everywhere bank robbing soon would cease to be the easy and profitable occupation it recently has become.

Elsewhere, so far as was recorded, only preventive measures and protective mechanisms were discussed. Retirement to prepared positions, however, never won any wars, and it will not win this one. As has been remarked several times before, the offensive is the best defensive. Therefore, while one cannot but approve the announced determination of the Post Office Department to institute an armored car service of its own to carry money in all the cities where there is a Federal Reserve bank, yet it is rather humiliating that our Government should hide from thieves instead of fighting them.

The Illinois Chamber of Commerce mournfully proclaims that in that State there are more highway robberies than in New York and Pennsylvania put together, and it wants a State police force, which Illinois as yet has failed to establish. That is a good idea, too, but again there is confession that new devices are requisite for handling the criminal classes, the old laws having proved inadequate.

One Escape From the Bandits.

From Kansas City comes news of another protective device. The bankers there and thereabout, it seems, partly to gain time and save interest charges, but more from loss of confidence in the safety of the ordinary mails, have taken to sending their remittances by the postal airplanes. There are no bandits as yet along the sky trails, and the other dangers, in comparison, are considered negligible.

It is conceivable, however, that if the time came when all treasure-carrying were through the air, that domain, also, would be the scene of hold-ups of a new kind. There would be difficulties in the way, and one does not see just how an aviator could be made to hand over to another the valuables in his charge. Still, he might be forced down in a lonely place, and then, perhaps, if there had been a lot of careful planning, his packages could be taken and treated as those in railway mail cars often have been. But the airmen would not be easily frightened, even by other airmen, for it is their profession and the condition of following it not to have even a nodding acquaintance with fear of any kind. There would be a battle before every air robbery, and bandits, though ready enough to commit murder, are like rats—fighters only when cornered.

"Luxury" Hardly the Word.

Secretary HUGHES probably read with uplifted brows and a complicated smile the passage in RAMSAY MACDONALD's speech at Geneva in which he mournfully said: "The world seems a weary place for those of us who have not the luxury—I hope I shall not be misunderstood—of being Prime Ministers of the United States."

That the Briton is a terribly hard-worked man and obliged daily to confront and try to solve a great number of difficult problems—no doubt is true at the present time; but the chances are that Mr. HUGHES, if he chose to do so, could be fairly successful in proving that his job, too, is by no means one so easy as to make "luxury" just the right word for describing his position. He has his troubles, many and big, and while his burdens are not crushing, he feels their weight.

Another thing is that Mr. MACDONALD's post supplies, as that of Mr. HUGHES does not, opportunities for meeting his legislative opponents face to face. That gives him the stern joys of open battle. As a Scotchman he presumably likes that and finds it recuperative.

With all their responsibilities, neither man is in any particular need of sympathy and in still less need of pity. They are where they are because they wanted to be there, and they have their recompense in the world's attention, so readily given to any triumphs they may win in the honorable service of their countries.

Our Calendar Needs Reformation.

That the calendar year ever will be divided into thirteen months of equal length, instead of twelve, varying for no good reason at all, is something that is hard to believe, so firmly is the present system fixed in so many minds, especially as for most of us the present arrangement seems to be good enough. Men of science, however, long have felt that Pope GREGORY's reform, while excellent so far as it went, well might have gone a lot further, and at the approaching meeting of the International Geodetic and Geophysical Union in Madrid a real and serious effort will be made to convince the world that the good-enough calendar can be made much better.

The scientists have on their side all the arguments except those which custom and inertia create. The advantages of, the thirteen-month year nobody can question who listens to its advocates, and of late years big business has been complaining that with the calendar as it is accounts cannot be kept with the desired accuracy.

That the reformation will cause, in the period of transition and readjustment, anything like so much trouble and confusion as its opponents predict is denied by those with the best right to opinions on the subject. But the slow progress made by the would-be reformers of our spelling should be a warning to the would-be reformers of the calendar. It is not enough to be right; it also is necessary to convince people that what they always have done can be done better.

The Child Labor Amendment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The way in which the child labor amendment has been received by the State Legislatures up to the present should cause every American to reflect upon just what this nation is coming to mean. Had the framers of the Constitution ever even suspected that that document would ever be so construed as to mean in any way the enslavement of American children, they would have never even so much as have taken the time to found a nation. They meant this nation to be a democracy, and what do we mean it to be?

With more than a million children enslaved, with parents seeing dollars above even their own children, how else today can we term ourselves than as a grim mockery to the very word "democracy"? Democracy? What is it! Homework of little children in the slums, is that democracy? Toil of children in sunless mines (sunless in more ways than one), is that democracy? Spirit-crushing labor of children in factory and field, is that democracy? Did the men who died in the World War give of their all that their children might live as slaves?

Democracy means opportunity. Democracy means the rights of a rising generation. Democracy means justice.

Much has been made of the contention that State and family rights are endangered by the amendment. But if State and family rights mean the "right" of "American" parents and employers to enslave children, then in the name of all that is American in every sense of the word, such "rights" should be endangered, and not only endangered, but crushed. The opponents of the child labor amendment are so concerned over what they see fit to term "State and family rights" that they either forget or intentionally disregard the rights of children.

No parent having regard for his children has any cause whatever to fear the amendment. The ones who fear it are those who deserve to fear it—those whose greediness causes them to consider dollars more important than children. The others are in the front line—fighting for its passage.

If our Legislatures continue to give the child labor amendment the type of consideration they have given it thus far, if they continue in their inhumaneness and cowardly hesitation, it will mean that we are a nation seeking self-destruction, it will be the greatest blot of our entire national career, the greatest stain upon the American flag, and there will be more to read between the lines of American history than there is even now.

CLIFFORD MATTICE.
Johnson City, N. Y., Sept. 4, 1924.

EDUCATION IN HEALTH.

The Importance of a Program in the Schools Is Emphasized.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A recent issue of THE TIMES carried an editorial on health education, its relation to public health, and the part of the Rockefeller Foundation in bringing about such education. As one of the other organizations actively interested in personal and community health, the American Child Health Association wishes to emphasize the interdependence of public health and health education.

Adequate health education for every child and every adult throughout the country is a necessity. If nationwide health improvement is to continue. No program of public health, however efficient, is ever complete unless health education is a part of all child and adult training. Pure water, clean milk, perfect sanitary conditions have incomplete significance to a community until each individual within that community has been so educated as to make a proper use of all the civic health provisions and to apply the principles of personal health.

Inadequate health education can produce disastrous results as the citizens of New York recently learned. For several weeks cases of typhoid fever have been appearing all over the city among children of high school age. The epidemic was finally traced to impure water in New Jersey districts usually frequented by young New York hikers. These young people accustomed to the purity of New York water had never been instructed concerning the danger of impure water in unfamiliar streams and springs. They had been protected all their lives by effective city health measures—protected in spite of themselves. Their lack of health education had exposed them to grave health dangers as soon as they passed beyond an automatic protection.

Health education concerning itself with the development of ideals, habits and knowledge conducive to a normal, happy and useful life has a definite place in every school program. As health habits and ideals become automatic with the child, he gains an appreciation of public health. When the child becomes a man, his appreciation grows into a constructive attitude toward public health that manifests itself in real cooperation with public health measures. By encouraging health teaching in the schools a board of health is gaining for itself future and powerful advocates.

Schools all over the country, awakened to the necessity of health education, are working with health agencies and associations to establish new educational methods. To quote from a joint report just issued by the American Medical Association and the National Education Association:

"There has been a great wave of intense interest in and intensive development of health work in the schools, which has been accompanied by unprecedented stimulation of interest in health by organizations outside the school."

Among these "organizations outside the school," the Rockefeller Foundation, the Red Cross, the American Public Health Association, the National Tuberculosis Association, the American Child Health Association and any number of local and State agencies might be mentioned. It has been the aim of these associations to educate the public to an understanding of health and to arouse in them a desire for better personal as well as better community health.

Stimulated by these and other organizations, communities in every State have organized themselves for health. Child health demonstration centres, in which every community resource has been developed to some health advantage, have been established at Fargo, N. D.; Mansfield, Ohio; Athens, Ga., and Rutherford County, Tenn. The City of Newton, Mass., has attracted the attention of the entire country by its splendid school health program and its community health spirit. Oakland, Cal., reorganizing its school science work to centre around personal health and civic virtues, is still another example. And so it would be possible to go on and on through an increasing list of cities and communities that have come to a realization of health education's place in public health programs. Such steps will be increasingly effective in aiding health practices to catch up with health knowledge and in carrying the war against disease and ill health into the enemy's territory, needs particularly mentioned in recent Times articles and editorials.

Health education justifies itself as a part of public health, not only through the increased vitality and well-being of a community, which it produces, but also by the economy in life which it achieves. Health education does more than increase the efficiency of life; it actually saves life.

ELLA PHILLIPS CRANDALL,
American Child Health Association.
New York, Sept. 1, 1924.

THE ROAD.

From a Touring Car in New England.

Always it draws and beckons us, the road,
Forever whispering and promising—
"The best lies further on, lies further on!"
We hear and follow it—through acres green
With tall tobacco plants, past pungent barns
That house the fragrances of smokers' dreams;
By sunny meadows, white with Queen Anne's lace,
And bright with early Autumn golden-rod;
Through fragrant fields, sweet now with second hay,
Or gold with rippling glory of ripe grain
Or spread with silver sheets of buckwheat bloom.
Sometimes the road takes us through deep, cool woods
Where dryad-pines, as they bend to the winds,
Wave scarfs of soft and fragrant green chiffon . . .
And birch-nymphs, hand in hand, dance in a ring
Like children at a party, dressed in white,
Who play at ring-a-rosy on the grass—
Their music, thin soft fluting of the brook
That rushes to the river through the wood.
We pass small villages, where people live
Their little lives and never hear the road! . . .
Or, if they hear it call, they never dare,
But come at last, with all their timid sires,
To lie in shut-in graveyards by the road—
The road they were not brave enough to take!
At times the mountains seem like dim, blue dreams, . . .
Far-off—far-off in Never, Never Land—
Again, like crouching camels in our path,
They lie across the road and block the world.
Black beasts that will not move to let us pass!
"I know a way, come, follow!" sings the road—
We pant and strain and creep to follow it
As it winds over all those shaggy backs . . .
Till suddenly it flings, there at our feet,
Another world—a new, breath-taking world!
Here surely is the Promised Land at last!
One could be happy here forevermore—
But for the road, the road, still whispering—
"The best lies further on, lies further on!"

ROSELLE MERCIER MONTGOMERY.

MOROCCO SITUATION IS GROWING WORSE

Losses of Spanish Forces Have Been Much Heavier Than Publicly Told.

TRIBESMEN EMBOLDENED

Primo Rivera, With Several Aids, Goes to Tetuan to Take Control.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TETUAN, Sept. 5.—The situation here has become worse. Of 100,000 troops in the western part of the Spanish zone, 60,000 are in the sector of Tetuan alone. The organization of so considerable a force at the moment when fighting is going on almost under the walls of the town is putting a great strain upon the military authorities. The newly arrived troops are stated to be insufficiently trained and to shoot badly. They are courageous and willing, but have been brought straight from Spain into warfare in one of its most difficult and trying phases. The officers are wanting in experience, the enemy is cruel and the country is perhaps more cruel.

The deficiency in transport renders provisioning precarious. The losses in killed and wounded are far heavier than is reported. The number of malaria cases especially in the Wad Lau Valley is acknowledged to be very high.

Evacuation of the wounded is extremely difficult and only light cases can stand the journey to the base hospital at Tetuan. The Ceuta Hospital has been completely filled in spite of the constant shipment of sick and wounded to Spain.

Shashuan, nearly forty miles south of Tetuan, is short of provisions and the last time a convoy reached it several motor lorries were captured by the enemy on the return journey.

This is not all. The Spaniards have suffered reverses and have lost posts of which no report has been made. The enemy is in possession of artillery captured recently and further large quantities of rifles, ammunition and stores have fallen into their hands.

So audacious have the tribesmen become that on Sept. 1 a battle was fought on the banks of the river Lau, not five miles from the walls of Tetaun, in which troops from the town garrison were engaged.

To the west a large post at Lausina, a few miles out, had been completely isolated. No confidence can be placed in the loyalty of the Hauss tribe, whose territory lies immediately to the north of Tetuan.

Within the town the Administration appears to be working under great pressure and with means at its disposal totally inadequate to what the situation requires.

Bands of tribesmen armed with rifles only are fighting almost under the walls of the capital of the Spanish zone against European troops, who number 6,000, in this sector alone. That Tetuan with its defenses could be captured by Moorish tribesmen it is impossible even to imagine, but the situation is grave.

MADRID, Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—General Primo Rivera, head of the military directorate, accompanied by General Jordana, Butlers and Rodrigues-Pedro, members of the directorate, are to leave Madrid tonight for Morocco to take personal charge of the Spanish military operations against the rebellious Moors.

Coincident with the announcement of their impending departure came news that General Weyler had again been called from retirement to take the post of Chief of the General Staff of the army. General Grund has been relieved of command of the Spanish forces on the Lau front in Morocco and General Queipo de Llano has taken over the troops there. General Grund was in command during the recent operations in the Wadiau sector, where the rebels inflicted heavy casualties upon the Spaniards.

An official statement explaining the reason for General Primo Rivera's trip to Morocco says the Cabinet Council, presided over by King Alfonso, gave its approval so that the head of the Military Directorate might study the Moroccan problem at close quarters and get at the root of the situation. During the absence of General Primo Rivera temporary charge of Government affairs will be in the hands of Admiral Magaz.

TARIFF CUT IN NICARAGUA.

Some American Articles Favored Under New Agreement.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Sept. 5 (Associated Press).—Through the exchange of diplomatic notes recently effected between Nicaragua and the United States, under the most favored nation treatment clause, certain articles of United States origin will enjoy 25 per cent. rebate in import duties from the established tariff list. The list of articles includes such important items as canned and dried fruits, vegetables and pharmaceutical preparations; all supplies for manufacturing shoes, woolen textiles, surgical instruments and nails. The arrangement also provides for the free entry of raw materials for manufacturing soap. Certificates of origin of goods will be required.

England, France, Spain and Italy now enjoy the same tariff privilege which the United States formerly had under the convention from 1911 to 1919, when Nicaragua, on account of the war, canceled all economic agreements.

TO DEPORT DUTCH BARON.

Labor Department Denies Appeal of Stowaway on U. S. S. Texas.

NORFOLK, Va., Sept. 5.—Arend Baron Van Westerholt Van Hackfort, 24 years old, of Holland, who arrived in Norfolk from Gibraltar on the battleship Texas, as a stowaway, must go back to his native land, the Department of Labor having denied his appeal from the deportation order of the Norfolk immigration authorities.

Baron Frederick Van Hackfort, father of the young man, meanwhile has cabled a request to Jonkheer Andree Mottu, Consul of the Netherlands at Norfolk, to make arrangements to have him sent home and providing funds for the voyage.

The titled stowaway said he went on board the Texas at Gibraltar without assistance, hid in the hold of the ship near a storeroom and remained there fourteen days with only chocolate for food before he was found.

AUTO PASTERS MUST GO.

Hartnett Orders Them Off Windshields if They Obstruct Vision.

ALBANY, Sept. 5.—Pasters on windshields of windows of automobiles, which "obstruct the vision of the drivers," must be removed immediately, under an order issued today by Commissioner Charles A. Hartnett of the Automobile Bureau.

"I am not interested in any specific paster," Commissioner Hartnett said, "but insist that all pasters on windshields and on windows that obstruct vision shall be removed. I shall issue an order to motor vehicle bureau inspectors when they take the field to do control duty to enforce this ruling. In the meantime I warn all operators and owners to comply with it in the interest of safety."

NORTON STILL HOPES TO CONQUER EVEREST

But Doubts If He Can Get Leave From the British Army for a Third Attempt.

EXPLAINS THE 1924 FAILURE

Says the Abnormal Weather Limited the Time Available for the Difficult Climb.

SEES NO NEED FOR OXYGEN

He Arrives at Marseilles With N. E. Odell and Will Take a Rest in the Alps.

New York Times-London Times Copyright By arrangement with the Mt. Everest Committee.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MARSEILLES, Sept. 5.—Colonel Norton, who when General E. F. Bruce feel ill became leader of this year's Mount Everest expedition and N. E. Odell reached Marseilles at 7 o'clock this morning on board the Steamship Maloja. Despite the strain of the expedition they looked extremely well after the long sea voyage.

Colonel Norton gave me a general picture of the efforts put forth to reach the summit of Mount Everest and analyzed the reasons and the aims of the expedition. He expressed agreement with the statement in General Bruce's article of Aug. 15 that the conquest of Mount Everest was really a race between the climbers and the monsoon. The greatest obstacle to success, he said, was the short period during which the climbing was possible.

General Bruce started with this in mind, he declared, and determined to make full use of the time available. The party left Darjeeling before the snows had melted on the high plateaus of Tibet. They followed the route taken by the Howard Ruby expedition in 1921, which was really only a reconnoissance, and by the Bruce expedition of 1922. It was expected that a month and a half would be available for the conquest of the peak. This it was hoped would prove sufficient for the purpose.

Things unfortunately did not go as smoothly as was hoped, he said. They had barely reached the Tibetan tableland when General Bruce was stricken with malaria and had to be evacuated to Darjeeling. This was a very serious loss for General Bruce had extraordinary influence over the Tibetns. His manner of talking to them and of handling them induced things naturally rather sluggish people to exert themselves to the maximum of their powers.

Most New Difficulties.

On taking over the command of the expedition Colonel Norton said he was at once confronted with new and unexpected difficulties. Although the temperature in May is usually relatively mild they had the ill luck to encounter frosts of a severity unknown for at least twenty years throughout the Himalayas. When the expedition was establishing its camp en route to Changla the thermometer fell to 30 degrees below zero, and they were surprised by violent snow storms which obliged them to retreat.

On May 17 as weather improved, he declared, they again advanced to the attack, inspired by the hope that they would yet reach their goal. But a new spell of severe weather a few days later compelled them to retire once more, and only the fixed determination to conquer all obstacles kept them from despair.

When the moment to resume the attack seemed to have arrived on May 31 Colonel Norton decided, he said, to open a final offensive, for the days during which they could hope to continue the operations were already numbered. After June 15 the Himalayas are swept by the monsoon which is accompanied by terrific blizzards and great avalanches. In a council of war which was held Leigh Mallory, Captain Geoffrey Bruce, Dr. Somerville, Mr. O'Dell, Mr. Irvine, Captain Blazard and others were all of the opinion that there should be no further delay.

"We decided," said Colonel Norton, "to divide our forces into three groups in order to relieve the Tibetan porters, whose numbers had decreased remarkably. We had recruited about 100, but the wastage had been heavy. Mountain sickness, fatigue and discouragement continually reduced their numbers until we found ourselves with less than a third of our original complement.

"When Mallory and Bruce left on June 1 with eight auxiliaries they reached a height of 25,000 feet, leaving most of their men behind en-route. A storm arose which drove them back and they returned without a single Tibetan."

Pass Mark Set In 1922.

On June 2 Colonel Norton and Dr. Somerville set out, arriving the same day at the highest point reached by the expedition of 1922. Continuing to climb on June 3 they attained a height of 27,000 feet, which meant an ascent of 1,800 feet into previously unconquered territory. At 6:35 A. M., on June 4 they passed the 28,000-foot line and the rarity of the air made itself more acutely felt there.

Dr. Somerville noted that his pulse was beating at a rate of 180 to the minute. Colonel Norton himself experienced a nervous trembling which resembled a violent fever. His pulse normally slow and regular was beating rapidly and irregularly. Dr. Somerville stopped, but Colonel Norton attempted to continue. He progressed slowly, he said, taking a zig-zag course, but did not get very far.

The slope at this point was particularly steep, said Colonel Norton, and the ground was covered with hardened snow, which permitted of progress at only a snail's pace. Deeming it useless to attempt to proceed further the hour being late, Colonel Norton and Dr. Somerville returned to camp.

Mallory and Irvine left in their turn. It was possible, said Colonel Norton, that they reached the summit of Mount Everest on June 8, but they might have fallen before arriving at the highest point. They never returned, and it was unfortunately impossible to know whether they attained their goal before they perished.

When asked Colonel Norton the same question which I had put to General Bruce two years ago: "Do you think that it is possible to reach the summit?" he said, adding that it could be reached even without oxygen. The check they had experienced this year was due, in the first place, he said, to the most unfavorable weather imaginable in May, which had limited their efforts to the first fortnight of June. The East Rongbuk glacier route was difficult enough in any case, he declared, without the additional element of violent snowstorms and terrible tornadoes.

Normal weather Colonel Norton believes to be the first essential to accomplishing the ascent of Mount Everest. This year they had to contend with a definitely abnormal temperature.

Found the Tibetans Hardy.

Asked as to their relations with Tibet, Colonel Norton said that they were friendly and they had experienced no difficulties in recruiting native porters who had great physical strength and suffered less from cold than the British members of the expedition. More accustomed to exercise on the mountains, eight natives were capable of carrying a burden of twenty pounds in places where Europeans could barely progress unburdened. They had accompanied the expedition to a height of 27,000 feet and had set up the last camp for them.

"Napoleon once remarked," said Colonel Norton, "that in war the moral to the physical is as two to one. The same holds good of expeditions like our own. Unfortunately the Tibetan moral weakens rapidly. To complete our misfortunes the most of the British members of the expedition were unable to keep it up by talking to them, because we did not know their language.

"In these circumstances we were unable to inspire them with the ideas which animated us."

In reply to a question as to whether he proposed to renew his attempt to climb Everest, Colonel Norton said that he was a soldier by profession and that it was difficult to imagine that he would be granted a third leave for this purpose. There was nothing he himself desired more than to finish the work which had been begun. When one had overcome the difficulties which they had. It was a tempting prospect to gather the fruits of the efforts already made, he said. Furthermore, there remained so little ground to cover that it must certainly be done one day, if only to show British tenacity.

Colonel Norton is leaving Marseilles today for a holiday in the French Alps.

ACCUSES SHIP MUSICIANS.

Paul Specht Says His Scores Were Destroyed on Berengaria.

According to Paul Specht, orchestra leader, British musicians on the Cunard liner Berengaria destroyed musical manuscripts belonging to him and worth thousands of dollars, on the voyage to New York with the Prince of Wales. Specht made this statement yesterday at a luncheon at Christie's Chop House, 103 West Forty-ninth Street.

Specht said his players were smuggled on board without their names being on the passenger list, and that the British musicians hoped to prevent his organization from playing for the Prince, through the destruction of the music. They threatened to incite the stewards to mutiny if the Americans were allowed to present a dance.

Specht said he had entered into an arrangement with the Cunard Line whereby he would supply orchestras for all their ships in the future. He also announced that he would open an institute in London to train British musicians in the art of playing American dance music.

D. W. Cook, assistant director of the Cunard Line in the United States, said last night that no word had been received here from the home office in Liverpool that Specht was to furnish orchestras for the Cunard steamships. If such an arrangement had been concluded, Mr. Cook said that he would have been notified of the fact. He added that it was possible that the announcement might be premature, and that such an arrangement might be under consideration. He said he understood that the music by the Specht players had been satisfactory.

NEWSPAPER STUDY STARTED

Scientific Inquiry by University Men Expected to Last Two Years.

The first scientific study of newspapers in America is in progress, according to an announcement in the Editor and Publisher. The investigation of news sources, news gathering, "propaganda" and the entire news aspect of American newspapers, by university men, is expected to take two years at least and is being financed by the Laura Spelman Rockefeller Foundation. The committee in charge is headed by Walter Rogers. Dr. Herbert A. Miller of the Ohio State University is the scientific head.

The foundation, which was created by the late Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, already has delivered to the committee $25,000. Those in charge of the investigation have prepared a budget of $170,000.

The scope of the study was decided upon at a meeting of the committee last May. The committee was formed as a result of a meeting of the American Sociological Society two years before. Other scientific societies joined in the movement, and the preliminaries eventually were arranged by Roscoe Pound of the Harvard Law School, Robert E. Park of the University of Chicago, Jerome Davis of Yale University, Jane Addams of Hull House and Herbert Adolphus Miller of the Ohio State University.

RICHARD T. WILSONS HOSTS.

Give a Dinner for Pierre Wertheimer at the Lido Venice.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Wilson gave a dinner, followed by dancing, last night at the Lido Venice, 35 East Fifty-third Street, for Pierre Wertheimer, the owner of Epinard. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Latham Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mr. and Mrs. Carroll L. Wainwright, Mrs. Moses Taylor Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Jasper D. Deering, Mr. and Mrs. Algernon Daingerfield, Mr. and Mrs. William Stackpole, Mrs. James C. Fargo, Mrs. Harry S. Sinclair, Mrs. Julius S. Walsh Jr., Miss Katherine V. Adams and Mrs. Chester Tobin.

Also Mr. and Mrs. John Aspegren, Mr. and Mrs. Gustav J. S. White, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lorimer Worden, Lord Holmesdale, Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Hooker, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Salmon, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Hofer, Mr. and Mrs. J. Macy Willets, Mr. and Mrs. Julius G. Lay, James Lenox Banks Jr. and Walter F. Irvine.

MRS. MOSELEY GETS DIVORCE

Court Allows General's Wife Monthly Alimony of $225.

WAUKEGAN, Ill., Sept. 5. — Mrs. Alice A. Moseley received today a decree of divorce and $225 a month alimony from Brig. Gen. George Van Horn Moseley, Commandant at Fort Sheridan.

A deposition by Mrs. Moseley, taken in Washington, recited that they were married July 20, 1903, and that he deserted her May 26, 1922, when he came to Fort Sheridan. Neither of the principals was in court.

General Moseley, the hearing disclosed, has been paying his wife $225 a month since Dec. 1, 1923. This sum was awarded her for support of herself and their two sons, George, 19, and Francis, 15.

INWOOD TO CELEBRATE.

Will Observe 215th Anniversary of Hudson's Landing.

The community of Inwood will observe its 215th anniversary at the end of this month in commemoration of the landing of Henry Hudson at 215th Street and Spuyten Duyvil Inlet. The celebration will start on Saturday, Sept. 27, and continue until Oct. 4.

When looking for a spot to land Hudson discovered the Spuyten Duyvil Inlet, where he made his headquarters. It was there that he first had his dealings with the Indians.

A duplicate of the Half-Moon, Hudson's ship, now the property of the City of Cohoes, N. Y., has been loaned to Inwood for its celebration.

Church Restricts Open-Air Masses.

ROME, Sept. 5.—Cardinal Lega, Prefect of the Congregation of the Sacraments, today issued a circular calling attention to the Church canon against the holding of mass in the open air except in cases of absolute necessity such as wartime conditions. Because of the growing tendency in Italy to celebrate mass outside of churches, the circular stipulates that this practice may be followed only after application for permission from the Congregation.

"Mona Lisa" of the inscrutable smile. Month in the sale of full-page reproductions of celebrated paintings in the Louvre, Paris, in Mid-Week Pictorial now on sale. 10c.—Advt.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Clarence H. Mackay will give a dinner tonight at his country place, Harbor Hill, Roslyn, L. I., in honor of the Prince of Wales and members of the British polo team. A reception with dancing will follow.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Delavan Wetmore will close Long Point, their country place at Bemus Point, Chappaqua County, tomorrow, and will return for the Winter on Monday to their apartment at the Vanderbilt.

Mrs. Stokes Halkett is in her apartment at 45 East Sixty-second Street and later will go to her home at 2,500 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Latham Clarke will come to New York today from Villa Florentia, their Summer home in Eberon, and tonight will attend the dance that Clarence Mackay is giving for the Prince of Wales.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte have returned to Paris from Biarritz where they passed the Summer. Before leaving Biarritz they gave a tea for Count and Countess Montesquiou-Fezensac, Countess Moltke-Huitfeldt, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel Jr., Mr. and Mrs. H. Coleman Drayton and several titled Spanish people.

Mrs. Eugene Emile Varet has sent out invitations for the marriage of her daughter, Miss Leila Alice Varet, to Charles Herbert Appleby, on the afternoon of Sept. 24, at 125 Micks Street, Brooklyn. The marriage ceremony will be witnessed by relatives and a few friends and will be followed by a reception. Miss Varet is a granddaughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John Berry and a grandniece of the late Arthur Leary.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Nelson Voss and Miss Alice McKim Voss have come to New York from Westmoor Farm, their Summer home in Nantucket, Mass., for the first day of polo and will return there next Monday to remain until the end of October.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Franklin are giving a dances on board the Majestic, which will be at the foot of Nineteenth Street and North River, on the night of Sept. 23, for Miss Betty Franklin and Mrs. John Jay Franklin. Among the guests will be Miss Caroline Wilmarth and Ferdinand Jelke 3d, who are to be married in Bernardsville, N. J., on Sept. 27. Miss Franklin will be one of the bridal attendants at the wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Woodward Haven and Miss Ethel Haven who passed the Summer in Bar Harbor, will be among the passengers on the Majestic today and will remain abroad for the Winter.

Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer has gone to Kiluna Farm, the country place in Manhasset, L. I., of her son Ralph Pulitzer, where her guests are the Marchioness of Milford Haven, Lady Zia Wernher and her husband, Major Wernher; the Duchess of Westminster, the Earl and Countess of Airlie, Lord and Lady Louis Mountbatten, and the Hon. Mrs. Richard Norton.

After a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Murray Boocock at Castalia, their country place at Keswick, Va., Mrs. Charles Mayhoff and Monroe Mayhoff will go to the Dolly Madison Inn at Charlottesville, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. William Ashton Coursen have returned from a Mediterranean cruise and will be in New York until Sept. 15, when they leave for the Coursen's Georgia plantation, twenty miles from Atlanta. Mrs. Coursen was formerly the widow of Justice Josiah T. Marean.

Mrs. Gardner W. Brown gave a luncheon at Pierre's yesterday for Mrs. George H. Howard.

Mrs. E. N. Hazard and Miss Augusta Hazard are at the Lorraine after visiting Mrs. I. P. Hazard at Narragansett Pier, and are leaving shortly for Santa Barbara, Cal.

Mr. and Mrs. Pierpont L. Stackpole and family are arriving on the Paris from Europe, where they passed the Summer, and have taken an apartment at the Ambassador for A few weeks. Sir Ernest Burford Horlick of London, came on the Mauretania to attend the polo games and is staying at the same hotel.

Mrs. George W. Vanderbilt arrived yesterday from Asheville, N. C., and will be at the Ritz-Carlton during the polo matches.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hamilton Fulton and Alexander H. Fulton have come from their place in the Adirondacks and will be at the Plaza until they open their home at 11 East Sixty-eighth Street.

Among the additional entertainments of next week for the Prince of Wales will be a dinner by Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt 2d on Wednesday night at her country place in Jericho, L. I., and on the night of Sept. 13 Mr. and Mrs. John Sanford will give a dance at The Chimneys, the Howard Brokaw place which they leased for Summer and Autumn.

Bruno Huhn, who passed the Summer in California, has returned for the Winter to 208 West Fifty-seventh Street.

WAR HERO MARRIES.

Gen. J. B. Sanborn, 68, Who Won 6 Decorations, Weds Miss Alice Weck.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Major Gen. Joseph B. Sanborn, 68, hero of Chipilly Ridge, who led Chicago's "Dandy First," then the 131st United States Infantry, to victory in France, was married yesterday to Miss Alice Weck of Chicago, sister-in-law of the late Colonel Samuel E. Bliss, steel magnate.

During the World War General Sanborn received six decorations for bravery in action, including the American Distinguished Service Cross, British Distinguished Service Order, the rank of Officer of the Belgium Order of Leopold, American Distinguished Service Medal and the French Croix de Guerre with Palm. He also was made an officer of the Legion of Honor.

MISS REINTHALER ENGAGED.

Artist to Wed Jacob Bleibtreu, Member of Stock Exchange.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Reinthaler of 22 West Eighty-ninth Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Therese Reinthaler, to Jacob Bleibtreu of 236 Central Park West. Miss Reinthaler has been a pupil of Joseph Pennell and several of her etchings have been exhibited and have received favorable comment.

Mr. Bleibtreu is a member of the New York Stock Exchange and a partner of the firm of Abraham & Co. During the war he served overseas with the General Staff of the Second Army, U. S. A. The wedding will take place in October.

A Son to Mrs. Casimir de Rham.

Mr. and Mrs. Casimir de Rham of Spencer Cottage, Tuxedo Park, N. Y., announced last night the birth of a son. They were married Oct. 22, 1919, the wedding in Grace Church being one of the largest of that Autumn. Mr. de Rham is a graduate of Harvard, class of 1918, and belongs to the Knickerbocker, Union, and other clubs. Mrs. de Rham, who before her marriage was Lucy L. Peterson, is a member of the Colony Club.

Prince Erik's Bride Improved.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 5.—The bride of Prince Erik of Denmark, formerly Miss Frances Lois Booth of Ottawa, Canada, was improved last night, it was announced after a consultation of physicians at the hospital where she is recuperating from an attack of blood poisoning following extraction of a tooth. She will be able to leave the hospital next week, the physicians said.

To Paint Boston Trolleys Orange.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 5.—The Boston Elevated Railway announced today that hereafter it would paint the cars of its surface lines orange instead of green. General Manager Edward Dana said the change in color was to increase visibility and thus prevent accidents. He also believed orange would be more attractive, but opponents of the change contend that nothing could be more attractive than a good, honest Irish green.

13 OCEAN LINERS TAKE OUT SEAGOERS

Jackie Coogan Is Making His First Trip Abroad on the Leviathan.

NOTABLES ON THE MAJESTIC

Fleet of Big Ships Arriving With Tourists Who Have Spent the Summer Abroad.

Thirteen steamships sail today for ports in Europe, Central and South America and the West Indies, carrying 4,000 passengers, most Americans, going to spend the Fall and early Winter abroad. Among the celebrities sailing is Jackie Coogan, the juvenile movie star, who is leaving on the Leviathan on his first trip to Europe, accompanied by his parents. A delegation of the American Legion leaves on the Atlantic Transport liner Minnetonka to attend the Inter-Allied Veterans' Federation, when it convenes in London on Sept. 15 to 21.

Among the notables due to arrive today from Havre on the French liner Paris to see the international polo games at Meadow Brook are the Duke and Duchess of Alba, intimate friends of the King and Queen of Spain; the Duke and Duchess of Pinerands, Marquis de Viana, Grand Equerry to the King of Spain; Marquis de Cequilla and Mrs. Hyde of Paris. After the games they will make a tour of the Canadian Rockies to Vancouver and Victoria and return through the United States to New York.

Notable List on Majestic.

Some of the notables leaving today for Cherbourg and Southampton on the White Star liner Majestic are Miss Florence Easton of the Metropolitan Opera Company, Countess D. de Arada, Captain R. R. Glenn of the British Diplomatic Service at Cairo and Mrs. Glenn, Mrs. Percy Pyne, Bertram G. Work, Vice President of the S. S. Goodrich Company; Edward S. Schenck, Vice President of the Chemical National Bank; William J. Neal, Irish golf authority and Secretary of the Dungannon Golf Club, County Tyrone, Ireland, and T. Theodore Ellis, President of the Worcester Telegram Company.

Among the business men sailing on the White Star liner are C. B. Goldsborough, Secretary of the American Machine and Foundry Company; C. C. Arnold, President of the Keystone Varnish Company; Morton N. Jacobs, President of Chase & Co., Inc., and C. B. Merriam, director of the Natural Laboratories.

Samuel Harden Church, President of the Carnegie Institute, and Mrs. Church will sail on the Majestic today for a brief visit to Paris and London. Mr. Church has recently received from the French Government the decoration of Officer of the Legion of Honor in recognition of his reply to the German professors at the outbreak of the war.

Others on the Majestic will be Dr. and Mrs. William M. Almy, Miss Agnes Bigelow, Clifford Bucknam, Miss Brenner Crafts, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Emanuel, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Haven, Miss Ethel Haven, Napier Birks, Philip W. Luce, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Westervelt and Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Benjamin of New York.

The Leviathan's Passengers.

Besides Jackie Coogan there are on the Leviathan Atilio Narancio, Vice President of Uruguay and his brother Manuel Narancio; Rt. Rev. Thomas J. Walsh, Bishop of Trenton; Joe Mitchell Chapple, editor of the National Magazine; H. W. Robinson of the Dawes Commission; Joseph Sheedy, one of the Vice Presidents of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, who is going back to Europe to continue his work there in building up Shipping Board operations abroad; Julius Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Markham and their daughters Dorothy and Marjorie; Dr. and Mrs. F. B. Goldsmith, Assistant Vice President of the Armour Grain Company; J. E. Beard, representative of the American Express Company at Bombay; Hugh J. Pritchard of the Powers Accounting Machine Company; B. D. Well and his two daughters.

Some of the New Yorkers sailing on the Leviathan are: William Adler, Rev. Thomas H. Barrett, Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Clark, Morris Dreibladt, Mrs. Emile E. Eastman, Henry H. Elles, Joseph Fortenbach, W. S. James, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Kennedy, Mrs. Henry Lorber, Stewart L. Mims, Dr. and Mrs. Joseph Ohlbaum, Charles P. Perin, Dr. Charles M. Quinn, Joseph Quinn, Mrs. Mary Schmalberg, L. J. Thill, Miss Ruth Wooster and Miss Gladys White.

The Atlantic Transport Line steamship Minnetonka, sailing today for Cherbourg and London, will have among her passengers Professor and Mrs. Lyon Phelps of the English department, Yale University, and Mrs. Phelps; Dr. Rodrigo J. Rodrigues, Governor of Macao, China; the Right Rev. Mgr. Joseph Smith, Vicar General of the Diocese of Cleveland; Dr. C. G. Van Wagenen, New York throat specialist; Miss Laura Burt, actress; Gustave W. Thompson, chief chemist and director of the National Lead Company; Owen R. Holloway, Vice President of the Gustav Cook Company, and Harvey L. Mead of the Atlantic Transport Line and Mrs. Mead.

Also sailing on the Minnetonka are E. Hunt Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Middleton S. Borland, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Carey, Miss H. E. Carey, Miss H. L. Carey, Mr. and Mrs. Candler Cobb, Miss Beatrice C. Cobb, Miss Florence C. Cobb, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Harvey Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Malley, Quentell Violett, Edgar Bronson, George C. Hollister, Miss Anita Hollister, Mrs. F. W. Phillips, F. R. Phillips and George B. Tobey of New York.

Cedric and Republic to Sail.

On the Cedric, sailing at noon for Queenstown and Liverpool, are Professor Charles M. Gayley of the University of California, William C. Orr, Francis H. Madge and J. J. Bachman of New York; Miss Edith C. Cummin, C. S. Baker, Mrs. N. L. Hall and Mr. and Mrs. Harry M. Payne of Boston, and Mrs. Charles McLouth, Miss Agnes S. McLouth, Charles Frederick Jr. and Miss Agnes E. Stuart of Palmyra, N. Y.

Among the cabin passengers leaving today for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen on the Republic of the United States Lines are E. D. Clum, United States Consul at Königsberg, Germany, and Mrs. Clum, and Dr. Patrick J. Mooney of Brooklyn and Mrs. Mooney. Also sailing on the Republic is a party of Jesuits who are en route to Rome to complete their training and to be ordained. They are all from Seattle, and include Francis J. Altman, John Balfe, John Dougherty, William J. Elliott, Louis Fay, James P. Lyons, Raymond L. Nichols and Thomas J. Steele.

New Yorkers sailing include Mrs. A. Bergeman, Frank P. Curran and Mrs. Curran, Miss Anne Grace, J. J. Hurley, Dr. J. F. Kellaghan, the Rev. P. J. Magennis and Mr. and Mrs. William Thalman.

Passengers for Rotterdam.

The list of first-class passengers sailing today for Rotterdam via Plymouth and Boulogne on the Nieuw Amsterdam of the Holland-America Line includes Dr. C. van Vollenhoven, Professor of Law at the University of Leyden; N. L. Pulcher, President of the Federal Motor Car Company, and Mrs. Pulcher; Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Grant White, the Misses Helen and Anna Gearreve and E. G. Sarasin, all of New York.

The following passengers sail for Queenstown and Liverpool today on the Cunard liner Lancastria: George D. Ali, in charge of the shipping department of the Standard Oil Company, and Mrs. Ali; William M. Conrad of Montclair, who will enter Cambridge University; Charles E. Lehman, British representative for Films Corporation; W. R. Martin of the American Steel Foundries, Alan Rinehart, Frederick Rinehart, Geoffrey M. Gullick, George Stephens, Miss Winifred Eagleston, Miss E. Bond, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Leighton, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Seaman, Miss M. L. Touner, Earl L. Burky, Mrs. William Harding and Miss Veronica Spencer.

Cameronia and Ohio Lists.

The Cameronia, sailing for Londonderry and Glasgow, will carry I. D. Campbell of C. D. Mallory & Co., steamship agents; Miss Mary Stuart, Miss Georgia Dunn of the Westmoreland Children's Aid Society, Alexander Davidson, J. H. Brown, John A. Brown, Ernest W. Tylas, H. S. Wensley and Lawrence E. Widmark.

Some of the passengers leaving today for Southampton, Cherbourg and Hamburg on the Ohio of the Royal Mail Line are Professor J. G. Hammond, English scientist; Mrs. Drummond, Professor H. S. Goodrich, who has been doing biological research work in this country for the past three months, and Maurice Lorez, who goes to Africa to bring back specimens for the Museum of Natural History in Seattle.

Tourists for Hamburg.

Among the passengers sailing today for Hamburg on the Hamburg-American liner Hansa are Theodore Durham, Dr. Julius Endes, Dr. Rudolph Froning, Dr. A. Hein, Oscar Hillmer, Paul Klemm, Mrs. A. M. Eels, F. Muir and Mrs. Muir, Joseph O'Brien, Henry von Ohlen, Conrad Opper, Kirk Ridge, Mrs. Eleanor Pellkan, Richard Schellens, Wolfgang Streller, Louis Voight, Mrs. Juliette H. Stahl, Edward Zangerle and Mrs. Olga Adams.

Some of the passengers booked to leave today for Rio de Janeiro and Buenos Aires on the Lamport & Holt liner Vestris are Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Vollmer, Mr. and Mrs. John M. Dukes, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Calahan, John M. Dunn, John C. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Inglis, Patrick Inglis, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wilson, Duncan MacFarlane, William MacFarlane, Mrs. Charles A. Pope, Miguel Sealy, Miguel Sealy Jr., Miss Rosemary Reinhold, Charles Vaughan, Raul Vieitas, Octavio Lanzartine, the Rev. B. F. Lennington and Mrs. Frida Sherman, all of New York; Edward Heming, Harry Jackson, Fred Fuhrahl, Charles Mommoen, Andrew Oberg, Julia Capus of Chicago. Others were Miss Edsie Machler, Mr. and Mrs. Fred B. Boscher, Arthur Boscher, Mr. and Mrs. Antonio Donofrio, Curt Schneider, Mrs. Estelle Atwell, Alfredo Polzin and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wilson.

Arriving on the Paris.

Some of the passengers due to arrive today from Plymouth and Havre on the French liner Paris are Miss Anita Blaine Damrosch, daughter of Walter Damrosch of the New York Symphony Orchestra, whose engagement to Mr. Robert Littell, an editor of The New Republic, was recently announced; Mrs. Selma Lewisohn, professionally known as Mme. Selma, well-known singer and wife of Walter Lewisohn, and Nina Tarasova, Russian folk-song singer, who comes from a three months' concert tour abroad, during which she sang before the Queen of Spain; Vera Steadman, moving-picture comedienne, star of Christie comedies, is also aboard.

Others are Walter W. Head of Omaha, President of the American Bankers Association, who is also Vice President of the National Council of Boy Scouts, who returns from the World Scout Jamboree in Copenhagen; William Nelson Cromwell, international lawyer; General Fuente, former Cuban Minister; Major Barclay Warburton, Commissioner of Public Safety of Philadelphia, with Mrs. Warburton; Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Oppenheim Sr. of Oppenheim, Collins; Mr. and Mrs. Julien Donat of the French silk firm of Bianchini Ferrier; Lee Adam Gimbel, director of Gimbel Brothers; Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Williams Sr. of New Orleans; Miss Gertrude Robinson Smith of New York, Mme. Siegfried, widow of Senator Siegfried, who weds also a prominent merchant of Havre; Paul Brulat, French writer; James Wilkinson, director of Old Staten Island Dyeing Establishment; Colonel Lankershim, Edward Scott Beck, managing editor of The Chicago Tribune.

From Sweden and Bremen.

Some of the passengers due to arrive today on the Swedish-American liner Drottningholm from Gothenburg are Wolfgang Thomas, son of former United States Minister to Sweden, W. W. Thomas, and who returns to resume his studies here; Charles Colley, manufacturer of Waterbury, Conn., and Mrs. Colley; Dr. Ludvig Haktoen, with wife and son, of Chicago; John A. Moore, Port Director of Norfolk, Va.; Bror Beyer and Miss Emmy Borgfeldt, fancy skaters, and the Rev. E. G. Birkaeus and wife, who return from their wedding trip.

The list of passengers due to arrive today from Bremen, via Southampton and Cherbourg, on the North German Lloyd liner Stuttgart includes Miss Marcella Roessler, soprano, of the Metropolitan Opera Company; Geraldine Hall, operatic and concert singer, and Mme. Gadski, operatic singer, returning from her Summer residence in Germany. Other passengers are Professor Cari Friedberg, Miss Sylvia Bayard, Mrs. Helen P. Boyd, George W. Burke, John Burns, Charles E. and Mrs. McCarthy, A. T. Cheeley, Dr. Adolf Cobienz, Dr. A. J. Cohen and Mrs. Cohen, Mr. and Mrs. V. L. Conaghan, William R. Converse, A. L. Courbalk, Eugene Donelly, Mrs. N. O. Dalton, Miss Rebecca H. Davies, Miss Madeleine Despinoy, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Edvard, Miss Fanny Freeman, Mrs. C. Ganson, William Gormley Jr., Charles Hardy, Dr. T. S. Hart and Mrs. Hart, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Hirsch.

Returning From Rotterdam.

Among the passengers due to arrive today on the Holland-America liner Ryndam from Rotterdam, via Boulogne and Southampton, are Judge and Mrs. H. Duffy of Baltimore, Mrs. Charles W. Kendrick, sister-in-law of Mayor Kendrick of Philadelphia, and her son, W. L. Kendrick; Major Charles McCamic of Pittsburgh, accompanied by Mrs. McCamic and her daughter, Miss Frances McCamic; Professor E. E. Merriam of Chicago, Dr. and Mrs. H. Stewart of New Haven, Conn., and Mrs. J. D. Stewart.

New Yorkers on the Ryndam include Mrs. George Montanus and Mrs. L. McManus; Mrs. L. Towle, Miss Frances Towle, Miss Frances White and Miss I. Cooper, the Misses M. L. and A. W. Cunningham, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brandon, Miss A. G. Hardy, Mr. and Mrs. R. Wilkenson, daughter and son.

DID NOT FIND LIVY'S BOOKS.

Prof. de Martino-Fusco Denies Discovering the Lost Manuscripts.

NAPLES, Sept. 5 (Associated Press). —Professor Mario de Martino-Fusco, palegrapher and archivist of the State Archives of Naples, denied today in a letter left with his mother to be shown to all inquirers, that he had discovered the lost manuscripts of the Latin historian Livy.

"It is a mistake," he said in the letter. "As the result of work I have been carrying out on the Neapolitan caligraphic schools I am reconstructing and retranslating codices of Titus Livy in Naples of the Sixth Century. It is not true that I have discovered the original text."

The newspaper Roma publishes another letter from the Professor in which he begs the public to leave him alone and to await with confidence the results of his labors.

Professor de Martino-Fusco was said to have disappeared after the news of his reported discovery had leaked out.

PARISH ASKED TO VOTE.

Lavelle, in Pastoral Letter, Denounces "Pernicious" Organization.

In the September issue of The Cathedral Bulletin, official organ of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Mgr. Michael J. Lavelle, the rector, in a letter to parishioners, denounces what he calls "the pernicious and despicable organization which has been striving to persecute Catholics, as well as many other citizens of the United States."

Mgr. Lavelle devotes the first part of his pastoral to a plea for Catholic education; then calls on the parishioners to vote at the Presidential election.

He says that the members have been allowed to wrap themselves up in the American flag while they are deliberately violating every principle for which the flag stands, and that they have been permitted to steal the cross of Christ itself and to make it their emblem.

Damascus-Teheran Road for Autos.

TEHERAN, Persia, Sept. 5.—The road to Damascus, traveled for centuries by slow-moving caravans, has been opened as a modern motor road and a regular service inaugurated from Beirut via Damascus and Bagdad to Teheran.

SOCIALIST HITS STAND OF LEWIS AND BERRY

Norman Thomas Criticizes Their Support, Respectively, of Coolidge and Davis.

Norman Thomas, Socialist candidate for Governor, in a statement answering an editorial in THE NEW YORK TIMES entitled "Cash for Righteousness," yesterday made an attack upon John L. Lewis, head of the United Mine Workers, who has come out for President Coolidge, and Major George L. Berry, of the Pressmen's Union, who has espoused the cause of John W. Davis, Democratic Presidential nominee, Mr. Thomas said:

"Spokesmen for the Democratic and Republican Parties are rejoicing over the fact that Major George L. Berry of the pressmen's union and John L. Lewis, head of the United Mine Workers of America, are working, respectively, for Davis and Coolidge. The Republicans and Democrats are welcome to this type of labor leader. Their actions are in accordance with their records.

"Major Berry, who occupied an expensive suite at the Waldorf, dealt with the pressmen of New York during their last two strikes in such a manner as to cause him to be worse hated by his rank and file than any employer. He keeps control in his union by an utterly undemocratic system of voting which gives power to the little country unions.

Major Berry has a better system of 'pocket boroughs' in his little local than the great English Lords had in the days before reform.

"John L. Lewis has kept office by working one of the most arrogant and autocratic machines in the field of labor. Through the use of highly paid and clever publicity he has persuaded the more gullible of his members that he was chiefly responsible for winning the miners' strike of 1922. As a matter of fact the extraordinary solidarity of the miners, aided by the strike of the shopmen which crippled transportation, alone saved Lewis from defeat. When it came time for a settlement he abandoned in a cold-hearted manner some 60,000 striking miners in the coke and coal fields of Pennsylvania.

"He keeps his power by attacking so-called radicals and putting his opponents on the international's payroll. His personal organ, the United Mine Workers' Journal, had the supreme effrontary to bar from its columns all mention of the plan for the nationalisation of coal mines worked out by John Brophy and his fellow committeemen officially appointed to draw up such a plan. Lewis's man Friday, the editor of the Mine Workers' Journal, is a man named Searles, formerly a publicity agent, it is said, for a chamber of commerce, who went about the country handing out false statements concerning the alleged radical activities prepared for him by a capitalist press agent at great expense to the coal diggers. Mr. Searles, despite repeated endorsements of the nationalisation of coal plan by the unanimous vote of miners, has opposed it, in which he probably represents the attitude of his chief, John L. Lewis.

"Lewis and Major Berry may work for Coolidge and Davis to their hearts' content. Their rank and file will vote for La Follette.

"In Illinois, the head of what has been called the strongest unit of organized labor in the world, the courageous Frank Farrington, president of District 2 of the United Mine Workers, has come out emphatically for La Follette. In Pennsylvania the enlightened John L. Brophy, President of District 2, is also supporting the ticket. The head of one of the strongest pressmen's unions in New York, Philip Umstetter, is a Follette."

7 STABBED IN LUNCHROOM.

Man Ejected From Place Returns With Knife—Fights Policeman.

Seven persons were stabbed last night when a young man, after being ejected from a lunch room at Stanton and Eldridge Streets, returned with a knife

SEIZE 'COKE KING' AND $50,000 DRUGS

Raid in Brooklyn Follows Three Years' Constant Trailing by Federal Agents.

BATTLE WITH PRISONER

Head of Narcotic Division in Washington Comes Here to Arrest Alleged Distributer.

Colonel L. J. Nutt, head of the Federal Narcotic Division in Washington, personally headed a raid yesterday on the second floor of a tenement at 221 Union Street, Brooklyn, which resulted in the seizure of more than $50,000 worth of smuggled drugs and the capture of Albert Marino, 24 years old, known to the Federal agents as "the coke king." Plans for the raid were made after three years of constant trailing of Marino.

Colonel Nutt, William D. Allen, head of the Federal Narcotic Division in Boston, and three agents comprised the raiding party. According to them the arrest is perhaps the most important made by their department in many years. Marino is alleged to have distributed cocaine, heroin and other drugs over the entire country.

Marino did not give up without a struggle. Colonel Nutt, Allen and Agents Salvatore Pacetta, M. H. Meyer and August Mellin fought with him as he attempted to escape down a rear fire escape.

The drugs and considerable paraphernalia used in weighing were taken by the raiders.

Three years ago the narcotic division learned of Marino's alleged illicit operations. Agent Pacetta was assigned to the case, and since then has tracked Marino almost the entire length and breadth of the United States, according to the authorities.

Recently Pacetta, posing as a drug distributor, obtained the confidence of Marino while both were in Boston. Pacetta is alleged to have made several purchases, but did not attempt to make an arrest until he could learn where the major part of the supply was kept.

Marino invited Pacetta to Brooklyn after the agent, it is said, had made arrangements to purchase $25,000 worth of heroin and cocaine. They were to have met yesterday. In the meantime Pacetta wired to his chief in Washington and plans were arranged for the raid.

Colonel Nutt and Chief Allen arrived in Brooklyn yesterday and completed their plans. Detectives from Brooklyn Police Headquarters were stationed around the Marino home, which is a three-story tenement.

Pacetta knocked at the door of the Marino apartment while Colonel Nutt, Chief Allen and the other agents hid in the hall. When the door was opened all dashed in, with revolvers drawn.

Marino made for the fire escape and was almost through the open window when Pacetta and Colonel Nutt seized him. Then followed a struggle of several minutes before Marino was subdued.

He will be arraigned before the United States Commissioner in the Federal Building in Brooklyn today. The drugs, which bore German and British labels, were left at Brooklyn Police Headquarters overnight and will be taken into court today as evidence.

GERMAN LIGHTS TRAP PEST.

Millions of Moths Are Cremated by Device Used to Save Forests.

BRESLAU, Silesia, Sept. 5.—Searchlight traps to rid the country of a plague of insects have been tried out successfully along the German-Polish frontier, where the great pine forests suffered from the ravages of swarms of caterpillars, the larvae of a species of nocturnal moth.

Searchlights were set up at night at points in and near the forests, attracting the moths in myriad numbers and luring them into the powerful rays of light near the incandescent carbons, where they were cremated by the millions.

In some instances electric fans were used to whirl the moths into the "flame" and bring about quicker results.

The light traps are to be used in other parts of Germany where the pest has appeared.

NEW RODIN WORK FOUND.

Bas-Relief of Child With Globe Is Discovered in Brussels.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 5.—A hitherto unknown work of Auguste Rodin is reported to have been discovered in Brussels. It is called "The Child With the Terrestrial Globe."

It is a beautiful bas-relief decorating the wall between the Academy Palace and the royal stables in the Rue Ducale. An old stone mason who knew Rodin well during the period the great French master worked in the Belgian capital asserts that the group is the authentic handiwork of Rodin.

CAMBRIDGE GETS GRANT.

University Fulfills Conditions for £33,000 Rockefeller Gift.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Cambridge University is now able to claim from the Rockefeller Foundation £33,000 toward the endowment of a school of pathology. The Foundation gave to the university £100,000 for building this school, and promised £33,000 more as the beginning of an endowment fund, provided Cambridge could raise a similar sum.

Ernest Gates of Old Buckenham Hall, Norfolk, has now given this amount in memory of his wife, who died after many years of suffering.

Barber Leaves £5,000 to Peer.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Lord Buckmaster, the Lord Chancellor in the first coalition Ministry during the World War, has been made heir to an estate valued at nearly £5,000 left by a retired hair dresser, Norton Clark Richardson, who for many years was a popular barber at Cambridge, with many undergraduate customers.

BOUND BODY FOUND IN GRAVESEND BAY

Legs of 60-Year-Old Man Are Fastened Tightly, but Arms Are Only Half Tied.

POLICE CALL IT A SUICIDE

But Fishermen Believe It Work of Liquor Robbers, Who Swarm In Those Waters.

The body of an unidentified man about 60 years old with legs securely tied together and a four-foot strand of rope tied to the left wrist was found floating in Gravesend Bay yesterday by Fred Hymas of 7 Bay Forty-fourth Street, Brooklyn.

Although the police believe that the man committed suicide, fishermen thought he had been killed by liquor pirates. They said that the fact that the body, which had been in the water less than two hours when found, was still floating, indicated that the man had died before he was put into the bay. A Panama hat was still on the dead man's head when the body was found.

The opinion among these men is that the body was thrown into Coney Island Creek and carried by the tide and a strong east wind to the bulkhead off Bay Forty-fifth Street.

Several persons said they recognized the dead man as having frequented that section, but no one knew his name. The laundry mark 811X on his collar and a fragmentary receipt bearing the address 426 Harver Street, Montreal, were the only clues to his identity.

Fishermen say that "hijackers" have been unusually active recently in Gravesend Bay.

The police point out that the rope was tied to only one wrist. They believe that the man first bound his feet together, then knotted the rope about his left wrist and wrapped it about his right. In the water, they think, the rope loosened from the right wrist. No marks of violence were found on the body except a slight cut over the left eye.

The dead man was about 5 feet 7 inches tall and weighed about 155 pounds. He was bald, wore a sandy mustache and was dressed in a blue serge suit with black, low shoes and black socks. He appeared to be either Swedish or Norwegian.

MUST PAY $60 ALIMONY.

Edward M. Salter Is Sued for Divorce by His Wife.

Edward M. Salter, general manager of the advertising business of Thomas F. Logan & Co., was directed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Donohue to pay $60 a week alimony pending a suit for divorce brought by Mrs. Eleanor M. Salter, who asked support for herself and two sons, William B. Jr., who is preparing for Haverford College, and John E. Salter, 13 years old.

Mrs. Salter bases her suit on a raid made by detectives on a room in the Hotel Wolcott on July 17 last. It is alleged that Salter and a woman whose name was not made known were followed when they went to the hotel. Mrs. Salter lives at 843 West 179th Street.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received until midnight. Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

LOST.

BAG, beaded, containing glasses, purse, riding tickets; Central Park, near West 72d St.; reward. Mowe, Endicott 1457.

BANKBOOK No. 127,422 of Excelsior Savings Bank; if found please return to the bank.

BANK BOOK 6417 on Amalgamated Bank. Please return to bank.

BANKBOOK No. 17,230—Return Chatham and Phenix National Bank, 57th St. and 3d Av.

BANKBOOK No. 5,490—Return Chatham and Phenix National Bank, 57th St. and 3d Av.

BROWN paper parcel; R. M. T.; towel and handkerchief case. O 1099 Times Annex.

POCKETBOOK, leather, on 45th St., Friday evening, containing salary, prayer beads, &c.; reward. Healy, Bryant 4363.

ROLL OF BILLS, State of Maine express, Sept. 4; liberal reward. Dr. Patterson, Regent 2230.

ROLL OF PAPERS, 9th Av. local train, Tuesday evening; reward. A 545 Times.

HANDBAG, black, containing $200 bills and change, two solitaire rings, one afternoon ring, on East 163d St., between Tiffany and Southern Boulevard, Bronx, Thursday noon; reward. Morris Winkler, 256 Broadway, City.

WALLET, black, containing money and papers; finder may keep money if other contents are returned. S. Keller, care of O. Salsman, 2,395 Grand Av., Bronx.

Jewelry.

BARPIN—$25 reward return of platinum barpin, 17 diamonds, Friday, at or between Penn Station, 34th St. car line or office. Return to Fennell & Co., Suite 918, 17 East 42d.

BRACELET, diamond chips and large blue stone, lost Thursday evening between 62d, 59th Sts. and 5th Av.; finder suitably rewarded. F 705 Times Downtown.

BRACELET, gold set, three turquoise stones, lost between 147th St., Nicholas Av. and subway, 145th, Broadway; reward. Sunset 1165.

BOX containing bar and stickpin, Thursday, Suffern to Poughkeepsie, via Newburgh; large reward. Address Reimer, 28 Beach St., East Orange, N. J.

BRACELET, flexible, platinum, 42 diamonds; platinum ring, 1 diamond surrounded by 30 smaller ones; train en route Liberty, N. Y., to Weehawken, or taxi to West 175th St.; liberal reward. Topliz & Harding, 220 5th Av.

BRACELET, flexible, platinum, rectangular blocks, set small stones, shopping district, 6th-40th, Friday last; reward. Murray Hill 4342.

LAVALLIERE, diamond, July 2, between Saratoga and Ausable Chasm or at Chasm; $30 reward. Mrs. F. A. Morley, 142 Kenyon St., Hartford, Conn.

PIN—Sept. 5, in Cadillac Checker taxi, from 27th St. and 5th Av. to 14 West 51st St. or 5th Av., walking from 51st St. to 89th, black onyx pin, spray of three flowers, with diamonds in centre. Reward if returned to Room 711, Hotel Brozteli, 3 East 27th St.

RING, 2-stone diamond, set in platinum, valued as keepsake, from my dead wife. Liberal reward if returned to Cashier, Prince George Hotel.

RING—Lost, gentleman's diamond ring, square setting, two triangle sapphires; liberal reward. S 539 Times.

RING—Platinum set diamonds; centre yellow; Loew's State Theatre, Friday; liberal reward. Whitehall 5250. F. M. Halstead.

WRIST WATCH—Lady's platinum and diamond; lost between 47th St. and 49th St., Madison Av.; liberal reward. Mrs. J. A. Martinez, Waldorf-Astoria.

WRIST WATCH, diamonds, Long Beach, Thursday; reward. Chelsea 6063.

$300 REWARD.

for return of black moire bag containing one ruby and diamond cluster ring, 5-stone diamond hoop ring and 22-stone ruby guard ring, last Aug. 20, at or between Pennsylvania Station, Belmont Hotel, Grand Central Station or in taxicab. Cartier, Inc., 5th Av. and 52d St., New York City.

$100 REWARD

for return of 5-stone diamond ring, lost Aug. 31, at Long Island House, Center Moriches, L. I. Return M. S. S., General Delivery, East Moriches, L. I.

$200 REWARD

for return of bar pin containing 6 diamonds, lost Sept. 2 at or between Far Rockaway and Woodmere, L. I. A. C. Bennett, 15 William St., Broad 2764.

$50 REWARD for diamond bowknot pin, black enamel centre; lost Sept. 5; second section Bar Harbor Express. Car 348. Joseph Richards Co., Inc., 15th floor, 247 Park Av., New York City.

UNFINISHED pendant setting, West 47th St.; $50 reward. Feldman, 58 West 47th. Phone Bryant 2069.

Wearing Apparel.

FUR BOA—2-skin; Labor Day; Cafe Lafayette, taxi to Lyric Theatre, taxi to East 40th. Reward. S 528 Times.

SCARF, sable, 2 skins, Checker taxi, between 14th and Broadway and 26th and Broadway; ample reward. Room 1502, 1,133 Broadway. Phone Watkins 1742.

SCARFS—Two animal mink, lost Shubert-Riviera Theatre, Thursday afternoon; reward. Isaacs, 1,944 Andrews Av., Bronx. Fordham 2150.

SABLE FUR, 2 skins, walking between Broadway and West End Av., 94th St.; reward. Caledonia 3734.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

COLLIE, tan, light tan markings; strayed from home; reward. 302 West 17th.

DOG, greyhound, light fawn color, Sept. 3, Locust Valley, L. I. Call Glen Cove 442 or Rector 8020. Reward.

FOUND.

MONEY, found on 13th St. Call Chelsea 8000, 6-8 P. M.

THE size of the Advertising Space is less important than what goes into it. Convincing Copy, sensibly displayed, will put the Fire and Warmth of Compelling Salesmanship into your Advertising. This 6-inch advertisement illustrates our point. Confer with us.

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The Widow's House — Kathleen Coyle
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Stern Brothers
WEST 42d STREET (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue) WEST 43d STREET

Good Style and Fine Quality for Every Man

New Fall Suits

Approved new ideas produced by the Kirschbaum experts

Pleasing styles, fine fabrics, sound tailoring, real value! There's the whole story in a short sentence—and it embraces everything you want and need in choosing your fall clothes. The Kirschbaum designers and tailors have exhibited skill which is seldom equaled in quality clothes at such interesting prices.

$35 to $65

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

YOUR new Fall Hat in the season's most becoming new styles and shades—now ready at Long's thirty-three style centers.

Long's $3-$4 Stetson Hats
Long's $7 upward
Mellowfelt $5 Designed by Long

"and they wear like the name"

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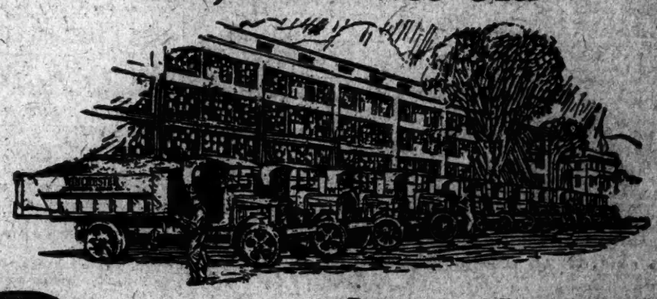
The Custom Hatter
See phone book for address

STETSON HATS

These "War" veterans now 300,000 miles old



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During 1915, with Europe clamoring for war supplies, the Winchester Repeating Arms Co. constructed new buildings. Pierce-Arrow trucks played a conspicuous role, operating 24 hours a day hauling coal, sand and gravel. Short hauls, low gear work, extraordinarily high motor mileage with comparatively low vehicle mileage—these were real tests of the trucks' ability.

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New York Brooklyn
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TRANSIT LINE BUSES, IF FREE, SUIT HYLAN

He Has No Objection to "Feeders" if the Public Pays No Extra Fare.

ASKS DELANEY TO TEST IDEA

Commissioner Invites B. M. T., I. R. T. and Third Av. Railroad Heads to Confer on Transfers.

DAHL FOR "AT COST" PLAN

Otherwise, Company's Patrons Not Using Buses Must Pay for Those Who Do, He Says.

Mayor Hylan instructed John H. Delaney, Chairman of the Board of Transportation, yesterday to investigate the several proposals for the operation of bus lines recently submitted by existing transit companies and to report to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment the result of his inquiry.

The Mayor reiterated his approval of "feeder" bus lines, provided they entailed "no extra cost" to the public. Speaking specifically of the bus service proposed by the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation, the Mayor said, "no one will object to an extension of bus service which will mean no additional charge for the extra convenience and facilities afforded."

Neither the B. M. T. nor the Third Avenue Railroad Company, in recently outlined bus propositions, has offered either a permanently gratuitous bus service or a bus service with free transfer privileges to and from other lines of their systems at a single fare of 5 cents. The B. M. T. proposes such transfer privileges provided they be predicated upon a rate of fare likely to be variable, but fixed upon a basis of "cost, including in cost a fair return upon the capital actually invested."

The proposal about to be formally made by a bus subsidiary of the Third Avenue Railroad Company, as outlined last Tuesday by Alfred T. Davison, counsel for that corporation, contemplates a 10-cent fare, but with free transfer privileges to and from the company's system of surface trolley car lines operating in the Bronx.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company recently announced its divorce from all bus affiliations when it ceased to hold 51 per cent. of the stock of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company.

The Mayor's Letter to Delaney.

Mayor Hylan's leter to Commissioner Delaney follows:

City of New York,
Office of the Mayor,
Sept. 4, 1924.

John H. Delaney, Esq.,
Chairman Board of Transportation,
City of New York.

Dear Mr. Delaney: The B. M. T., the Interborough and the Third Avenue Railway system apparently think that they have the city so well cornered in the matter of surface transportation, in view of the action by the courts and the inaction of the Legislature, that bus franchises are theirs for the asking. These corporations were behind every move to stop the operation of municipally supervised buses through legal entanglements which reached the Court of Appeals, and were the moving spirits in throttling legislation intended to permit municipal ownership, operation and supervision of bus lines.

You will recall how service on many of the surface car lines of these companies was deliberately suspended so that the people would be forced to walk, and through the resulting inconvenience a popular resentment was to be created against the City Administration which would only be allayed by granting increased carfares.

The bus service, municipally supervised, installed and promptly established throughout the city, provided transit accommodations for many thousands of people arbitrarily deprived of surface transportation by these companies. Not content with crippling disapproval of the public in making up for their delinquencies, the B. M. T. inspired court proceedings in Brooklyn, the Interborough in Manhattan and the Third Avenue in the Bronx, to stop the operation of municipally supervised buses. On many routes our bus service was subsequently suspended because of court orders.

These transit corporations were not slow to recognize that bus service was what the people demanded, and had demonstrated its unquestioned utility to such an extent that it would be only a matter of a short time before "buses" would become the sole means of surface transportation in the City of New York. They are now the ardent champions of bus service—to be operated by themselves. They have made a mental apportionment of the five boroughs: The B. M. T. is to have monopoly of Brooklyn, with a possible slice of Manhattan; the Interborough is to enjoy the overlordship of Manhattan, with a dip into Queens and Brooklyn, and the Third Avenue is to be the sovereign of the Bronx, with an extension here and there in Manhattan.

Doesn't Object to Free Buses.

The B. M. T. has purchased some buses and is reported to be running them without charge to the public, the purpose undoubtedly being to show what that corporation can do if a bus franchise be granted to it.

Of course, we should have no objection to the operation of free bus lines on any street in this city where there is no attempt to prostrate the small independent bus operators. There are many terminals to the lines of this transit corporation which could be linked up with outlying areas very comfortably by a bus system. There are also thickly populated sections of the city where buses as feeders to the elevated, subway and surface lines would be no less desirable. A system of free transfers from the existing transit lines to buses and vice versa would prove decidedly popular.

If the B. M. T. is not merely indulging in a gesture of generosity, I believe that this corporation should be permitted to run bus lines which will grant transfers, without extra cost, to their existing transit lines, and likewise provide transfers, without additional cost, to projected bus routes. The same may be said of the Interborough and the Third Avenue systems. No one will object to an extension of bus service which will mean no additional charge for the extra convenience and facilities offered.

Will you, therefore, look into the possibilities of an extension of bus service which will entail no expense in addition to that already borne by the traveling public, paying particular attention to the existing transit lines of the B. M. T., the Interborough and the Third Avenue, for the purpose of determining whether the need of a free transfer system between buses and existing transit facilities is obvious and whether the companies are willing to provide such additional service without additional charge. Please report to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment the result of your inquiry.

Very truly yours,
JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

Delaney Moves for Conference.

Upon receipt of Mayor Hylan's letter, Mr. Delaney, in behalf of the Board of Transportation, wrote letters to Frank Hedley, President and General Manager of the Interborough; W. S. Menden, President of the B. M. T. Corporation, and S. W. Huff, President of the Third Avenue Railroad Company, requesting a conference with these officials for the purpose of discussing the proposal made by the Mayor.

Commissioner Delaney's letters, which were in duplicate, after quoting at length from the Mayor's letter to him, went on:

"The board, complying with the Mayor's direction, requests a conference with representatives of your company at a time convenient to them, for the purpose of discussing the subject matter of that part of the Mayor's communication quoted. The board would very much appreciate the courtesy of a prompt reply to this invitation."

Gerhard M. Dahl, Chairman of the Board of the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation, soon after the Mayor's letter to Commissioner Delaney was made public, lost no time in making plain what his company was willing to do concerning bus operation and transfer privileges. Mr. Dahl said:

"Our letter to the Mayor and the Board of Estimate of Aug. 13, 1924, offered to supply bus service at cost, including in cost a fair return on the capital actually invested, and giving to the city complete supervision of all capital expenditures and issue of securities issued, so as to guard against any possible watering of stock or financial jugglery. This is a scientific system. Costs fluctuate. Prices of material and labor fluctuate. The value of money fluctuates. Our proposition was to give service at a rate of fare which would pay these costs and no more. Obviously, that rate of fare would vary. If it was 5 cents or 3 cents or 7 cents, we would carry people for what it actually cost.

"If the Mayor's proposition means that the regular fare on the rapid transit and surface lines of those who transfer thereto from the bus lines is to be included in the total cost of giving service on the bus lines, there is no objection to his proposition so far as we are concerned.

"In our proposition of Aug. 13, 1924, we said that we were willing to discuss with the city the establishment of a scientific zoning system as well as the possibility of ultimately providing reduced fare transfers between bus, surface and rapid transit facilities. We repeat that we are willing to give bus service at cost, including in cost only a fair return on actual money invested, but without any profit to us. Nothing can be fairer than service at cost, and that is what we offer to the city. If the Mayor wants the two-thirds who do not transfer to pay the cost of the one-third who do, we have no objection."

When the Interborough was asked whether its management desired to comment on the Mayor's letter, this reply came through the company's publicity department: "The Interborough has nothing to say."

RECONCILIATION NEAR IN IRISH FREE STATE

National Group in the Dail Is Now Expected to Return to the Government Fold.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Sept. 5.—It is semi-officially announced here that a reconciliation between the Free State Government and the recently formed National group in the Dail Eireann is imminent as a result of the efforts of John Devoy, Irish-American leader.

At a farewell dinner Tuesday before his return to the United States Mr. Devoy foreshadowed immediate rapprochement.

The National group was formed by Joseph McGrath, formerly Minister for Industry and Commerce, at the time of the army mutiny, and took sides openly with the Irish Republican army organization, a secret society which was constituted within the Free State in opposition to the Irish Republican Brotherhood. The return of the National group to the Government fold will involve some Cabinet reshuffling and the possible resignation of Mr. O'Higgins and Mr. Hogan, Ministers of Justice and Agriculture, respectively.

VACATE ORDER OF ARREST.

Maurice Singer Wins Plea in Action Involving Oil Stock Sale.

Supreme Court Justice Cotillo yesterday granted an application by Maurice Singer to vacate an order under which he was arrested in an action brought by Lewis D. Williams to recover $12,347 alleged to have been obtained from him in the sale of oil stocks.

The Court stated that he reviewed the transactions on which the suit is based and "finds that they do not directly and preponderantly prove the participation of Maurice Singer in the conspiracy and do not even prove the existence of a conspiracy to defraud the plaintiff."

Singer, in applying to vacate the arrest order, stated that for several years he has been developing the oil territory known as "Warm Springs Dome" near Thermopolis, Wyo., and organized various producing and refining companies, the sale of whose stock forms the basis of the complaint. He said that they have produced oil, but ceased for a time on account of financial difficulties, which have been about settled, and that the companies will resume operations again.

John J. Lyons, Assistant Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, stated in an affidavit that Singer is "an able and honest business man," is the President of the Austrian Relief Society of American and a member of many clubs and societies.

Lippi-Lipski Divorce Suit Order.

Supreme Court Justice Donohue signed an order yesterday directing that the papers in a suit for divorce brought by the Princess Elaine Phillips de Lippi-Lipski against her husband, Prince Nicholas Vladimir de Lippi-Lipski, be mailed to his former residence at Atlantic Highlands, N. J., on the ground that he is now abroad and does not intend to return. The Princess charges misconduct with her sister, Mrs. Gertrude Schoedrer, at 410 West 110th Street on Oct. 19, 1923. She is now suing her sister for alienating her husband's affections.

Police Swimming Class Now Ordered by Enright

Instruction in swimming was made a part of the curriculum of the Police Training School yesterday under an order issued by Commissioner Enright. Captain Charles E. Schofield, commander of the school, is making arrangements to engage instructors and a pool so that future patrolmen will be well versed in personal aquatics.

The order, it was stated, was issued following the discovery several months ago that a Bronx patrolman, although he saved a child from the Bronx River, did not know how to swim and almost lost his own life in the rescue. Patrolmen now in the service who do not know how to swim will be taught.

LEADERS IN WAR EXILED FROM HERRIN

Sheriff Galligan, Deputy Thomas and John Smith, Klan Leaders, Leave the County.

GOT HINT FROM SOLDIER

Capt. Bigelow of National Guard Told Them to Stay Away Till Calm Came.

Special to The New York Times.

HERRIN, Ill., Sept. 5.—Three men voluntarily exiled themselves from Williamson County today and virtual control of the County Sheriff's office passed into the hands of the Ku Klux Klan as a result of the latest effort to bring peace in this atmosphere of persistent factional warfare.

Those leaving the county were Sheriff George Galligan, his chief deputy, Ora Thomas, both bitter foes of the Klan, and John Smith, the local Klan leader.

The three were the leading participants who survived the fight of last Saturday in which six men were shot and killed on the streets of Herrin. The peace move, while operating apparently to the tactical advantage of the Klan, is not unlikely to prove acceptable, at least temporarily, to the war-weary citizens of Herrin.

The Sheriff appointed Randall Parks, one of his four Klansman Deputies, as Acting Sheriff in his absence. This fact, with a County Board sitting at Marion, which is admittedly sympathetic to the Klan, seems to leave the Klan in control so far as the Sheriff's offices are concerned. Nevertheless, Deputy Parks, while he is declared to be aligned with the Klan, is considered acceptable to "the other side."

Captain Bigelow Engineers Truce.

To Captain Ralph Bigelow, Commander of the National Guard on duty here, goes the credit for bringing about the truce. A day or two ago he "read the law" to Chief Deputy Thomas, following what he characterized as Thomas's "foolhardy" appearance on the streets of Herrin.

"I have no authority to command you to stay away from Herrin," the Captain is said to have told Thomas, "but the first breath of trouble that comes from this flirting around over here until this town cools off will mean martial law for Herrin."

Since the Thomas episode Captain Bigelow is reported to have exerted his influence to persuade Galligan and Thomas to get away from the scene for at least a week or two. Just to make it appear fair all around, the Captain included Smith, the Klansman in whose garage the latest outbreak occurred, in the list of those who should exile themselves.

Galligan and Thomas left Marion last night. Their immediate destination was Pontiac, Ill., where they were to deliver today two young prisoners at the reformatory there. Where they will go from Pontiac was not revealed. Smith announced that he will depart for a visit of a week or ten days with his mother in Kentucky.

Both Galligan and Thomas during the last day or two have appeared anxious to do something to remove the tension in Herrin. They made it plain that they acceded to Captain Bigelow's suggestion solely to maintain peace.

"Grant a coming back to Herrin, don't you forget that," was Galligan's parting shot. "I haven't forgotten that I'm Sheriff of Williamson County and will remain so until I get mine from these Kluxers or am legally relieved."

Prosecuter Stays in Town.

State's Attorney Delos Duty today denied that he would suggest that a special prosecutor handle before the Grand Jury the twoscore or more murder charges developed from Saturday's clash.

Mr. Duty is an unrelenting foe of the Klan. Several Klansmen testified at Wednesday's inquest that they saw him and City Judge Bowen fire shots at Klansmen during the fighting. This resulted in the issuance of a murder warrant for the State's Attorney, according to reports, but it is known that the warrant has not been served and most people believe that it will not be.

They won't bluff me, warrant or no warrant," Mr. Duty said. "Everybody that has any sense knows I took no part in the shooting. You can just tell 'em that here's one man they cannot run out of the county. I'll be there with the Grand Jury unless they kill me in the meantime."

The Rev. B. E. Green, Baptist Minister, who is spokesman for the clergymen of the county that have defended the Ku Klux Klan, declared that five young men, heavily armed with shotguns and pistols, trailed his automobile about the streets of Herrin last night.

PALMER COX LEAVES ROYALTIES IN TRUST

Artist Who Created the 'Brownies' Bequeaths Income to His Brother.

The will of Palmer Cox, author and artist and originator of the "Brownies," was filed for probate yesterday. Mr. Cox put all the royalties from his literary productions into a trust fund, the income to go to his brother, George A. Cox, for life. At his death the trust goes to four grandnieces, Ellora, Florence, Margaret and Phyllis Gould of Granby, P. Q., Canada.

A bequest of $2,000 is made to Miss J. Louise Curtis, daughter of the late George Curtis of Mount Vernon, N. Y. Palmer Cook and George Cook, his nephews, of Valdez, Alaska, receive his Past Master's Masonic jewel, a watch and chain, field glasses and military medals. Each of the three executors will get $500 as a gift in addition to the usual commission.

Mr. Cox died in Granby on July 24. His will was made a year earlier. No New York address is given in any of the papers, but in his will he declares this city to be his domicile, which I shall retain until my death, though absent from time to time in Canada." There is nothing to indicate how large his estate was, the usual estimate of "over $10,000" being made in the petition. The will was filed by Levi S. Hulse of 66 Broadway, attorney, and one of the trustees and executors under the will. The other executors are Dr. Frank H. Hiller of 146 West Forty-fourth Street and Malcolm Douglas of 122 West Twenty-third Street both friends of Mr. Cox.

The executors and trustees, it is stated, have the power to turn the entire estate into money if they judge it wise and to pay from the proceeds $1,000 to St. George's Episcopal Church of Granby.

Mexican Commission Adjourns.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The Mexican-American General Claims Commission, having completed its preliminary work of approving regulations which will govern its future sessions, has adjourned until March 23, 1925, it was announced officially today. The Mexican Commissioner, Dr. Genaro Fernandez MacGregor, will return to Mexico City, leaving his agent, Dr. Benito Flores, in charge here.

Gilded Glasses to Ward Off Blindness Invented, to Cut Off Glare and Heat

BALTIMORE, Sept. 5—Gilded glasses—yellow glass upon which is a coating of gold—which, it is claimed, eliminate heat and glare from light and yet permit sufficient illumination for sight, have been invented by Dr. A. H. Pfund, associate professor of physics at Johns Hopkins University. Used in goggles for men who work in the glare of furnaces, the device, termed by the inventor "gold screen," will eliminate danger of blindness, physicians say. In the moving picture industry it is regarded as a protection against fire.

Dr. Pfund's report on his innovation, just released, says the injurious infra-red and ultra-violet rays of light are eliminated entirely by the "gold screen," only visible radiations of moderate intensity reaching the eye.

This has been accomplished through the use of a film of gold, much thinner and more uniform in thickness than gold leaf, which is distilled upon the glass in a high vacuum. The gold, according to the report, passes the light waves on to the eye but casts off the heat waves, while the glass reflects the ultra-violet rays. The light that passes through the glasses is slightly but not unpleasantly greenish, it is said.

Since the heat rays are cast aside, the report continues, the glasses themselves do not get hot, tests at the Bureau of Standards in Washington having shown that 99 per cent. of the total radiations from a furnace at a temperature of 2,000 degrees centigrade are eliminated by means of such goggles.

"A recent application of this device has been made to motion pictures used in schools," the report concludes.

"Heretofore it has been found impossible to stop the film in order to examine an individual picture more closely, for the reason that the intense heat would cause the film to burn almost immediately. The use of a circular disk of yellowish glass with the gold distribution has overcome this difficulty completely."

NAMES 51 OFFICES FOR VETERANS' CARE

General Hines Issues Order for Decentralization of the Work.

EACH TO HAVE FINAL SAY

Subject Only to Appeal to Director on All Matters Relating to Aid for Old Soldiers.

The reorganization of the United States Veterans' Bureau's work for disabled war veterans as outlined recently by General Frank T. Hines, Director of the bureau, was set in motion yesterday under a general order of the Director. It establishes fifty-one regional offices located in centres where the activities of the bureau are greatest and so placed that prompt service may be rendered to ex-service men.

Each regional office will be charged with the conduct of the bureau's business in its territory, and its action will be final, except on appeal to the Director. The regional offices will have the following four main functions:

1. Examining claimants and beneficiaries, with the making of medical ratings and the awarding of compensation claims.

2. Granting vocational training and obtaining employment opportunities.

3. Granting medical, surgical and dental hospital care.

4. When specifically authorized, making payments for compensation, training, &c.

The offices to be established, with the territory each will cover, is given as follows: Boston (for Massachusetts), Portland (Maine), Manchester (New Hampshire), Providence (Rhode Island and part of Massachusetts), Burlington (Vermont), New York City (the eastern part of New York), Buffalo (the western part of New York State), Hartford (Connecticut), Newark (part of New Jersey), Philadelphia (eastern Pennsylvania, all of Delaware and part of New Jersey), Pittsburgh (western Pennsylvania), Washington (District of Columbia), Baltimore (Maryland), Richmond (Virginia), Charleston (West Virginia), Atlanta (Georgia and part of Tennessee), Jacksonville (Florida), Charlotte (North Carolina), Columbia (South Carolina), Nashville (part of Tennessee), New Orleans (Louisiana and part of Mississippi), Birmingham (Alabama), Jackson (Mississippi), Cincinnati (Southern Ohio and parts of Indiana and Kentucky), Cleveland (Northern Ohio), Indianapolis (Indiana), Louisville (Kentucky and part of Indiana), Chicago (part of Illinois), Detroit (Michigan), Milwaukee (Wisconsin), St. Louis (Eastern Missouri and part of Illinois), Kansas City, Mo., (Western Missouri and Kansas), Des Moines (Iowa), Omaha (Nebraska and part of Iowa), Minneapolis (Minnesota), Helena (Montana), Fargo (North Dakota), Sioux Falls (South Dakota), Denver (Colorado), Alburquque (New Mexico), Salt Lake City (Utah), Casper (Wyoming), San Francisco (Northern California and Nevada), Los Angeles (Southern California), Phoenix (Arizona), Seattle (Washington and part of Idaho), Boise (Idaho), Portland (Oregon), Dallas (Texas), Little Rock (Arkansas), and Oklahoma City (Oklahoma and part of Texas).

The following subdistrict offices will continue to operate as now organized under the title of suboffices: Springfield, Mass.; Albany, N. Y.; Syracuse, N. Y.; Rochester, N. Y.; Harrisburg, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Roanoke, Va.; Macon, Ga.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Montgomery, Ala.; Meridian, Miss.; Evansville, Ind.; South Bend, Ind.; Lexington, Ky.; Columbus, Ohio; Toledo, Ohio; Danville, Ill.; East St. Louis, Ill.; Peoria, Ill.; Grand Rapids, Mich.; Marquette, Mich.; Eau Claire, Wis.; Madison, Wis.; Cedar Rapids, Iowa; Wichita, Kan.; Springfield, Mo.; St. Paul, Minn.; Sacramento, Cal.; Reno, Nev.; Spokane, Wash.; El Paso, Texas; Houston, Texas, and San Antonio, Texas.

The following territories and possessions will continue to be under the direct supervision of the Central Office: Philippine Islands, Virgin Islands, Porto Rico, Guam, Hawaii, Samoa and the Panama Canal Zone.

EXTENDS POSTAL HOLIDAYS.

New Finds Saturday Afternoon Experiment Successful.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Saturday half-holidays for employes of the post offices of the country so far as practicable were ordered today by Postmaster General New to continue beyond Sept. 13, the usual date of termination for the Summer.

All postmasters were ordered last May to dismiss on Saturday afternoon such employes as had accomplished their usual work either by their own extra efforts or by slackness of Saturday afternoon business. It was the first time such employes had received the Saturday holidays which for some years have prevailed in the Government departments here.

In extending the order until such time as it shall be modified or revoked Mr. New stated he believed it had resulted in some benefit to the people in the service with no injury or additional expense.

CHILDREN BURY UNCLE AL.

Save Kindly Old Philosopher From Grave in Potters' Field.

Uncle Al, Astoria's mysterious derelict-philosopher, was buried in a grave shaded by a big maple tree in Cedar Grove Cemetery, near Flushing, yesterday. Scores of children who loved the kindly old man wept during the ceremony, but were glad that he had not been buried in the potter's field. His body was found under the Hell Gate Bridge at Astoria on Tuesday morning.

Uncle Al, whose name the police learned, was Albert Wilson Rogers, had no home. He slept in the open when possible and when it rained he slept under the bridge. He was noted for his kindness to children and when some of his youthful friends heard that Uncle Al was dead they prevailed upon their parents to provide money for his burial.

American scientists dig up treasure trove in the Holy Land. A page of pictures and an interesting account of their adventure in Mid-Week Pictorial now on sale. 10c adv.

NEW FRENCH LINER, DE GRASSE, ARRIVES

Ship's Maiden Trip Delayed by Break in Fan Shaft Which Forced Her to Put Back

SEVERAL NOTABLES ABOARD

Donald Ogden Stewart, the Humorist, on Arriving Says He Fought a Bull for Fun.

The new 17,000-ton French liner De Grasse arrived yesterday on her maiden voyage from Havre, after having had to put back from the mouth of the English Channel to have an electric fan shaft to the furnaces repaired. This caused a delay of six days. Captain Jules Robert is the master of the De Grasse.

Among the 443 passengers who arrived on the De Grasse, which carries cabin and steerage only, were Perry C. Hughes, ex-Judge of the State Court at Galveston, Texas, who attended the convention of the Bar Association in London, and the Rev. George Herbert Kinsolving, Episcopal Bishop of Texas.

Another on board was Joseph C. Stahlin of 2,527 East Twenty-seventh Street, Brooklyn, who claimed to have bought on behalf of a syndicate, a diamond weighing 183 carats, which formerly belonged to Muley Hafid, the ex-Sultan of Morocco. Stahlin asserted that the stone was fourth largest in the world and would arrive here in two or three weeks. The customs officials on the pier were not interested in the story of the ex-Sultan's diamond, and said they had heard of such gems before.

Another passenger was Donald Ogden Stewart, the humorist, who has written a new book entitled "Mr. and Mrs. Haddock Abroad," a satire on Americans in Europe. Mr. Stewart said he met with an adventure at Pampeluna, Spain. He entered the arena there, he said, to have some fun dodging the bull with the "torrero." The bull had other ideas, apparently, and some fun with it, the author, who said he was carried out of the arena on a stretcher, with two ribs broken.

The De Grasse is a comfortably fitted ship with the latest improvements in ventilation. The passenger can turn on hot or cold air in his cabin and turn the draft in any direction. The deck space is ample and the public rooms, especially the lounge, are unusually attractive.

The steamship cost $6,000,000 to build at the Cammell, Laird Ship Yard at Birkenhead, England. It has accommodation for 500 cabin and 1,000 third class passengers. It is 570 feet long, 73 feet beam and 46 feet depth from keel to boat deck. It consumes 120 tons of oil daily with an average speed of 17 knots, the Captain said.

CONSERVATION OF FISH IS URGED BY HOOVER

Secretary of Commerce Says We Are Recklessly Destroying Littoral Sea Food.

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 5.—Herbert Hoover, Secretary of Commerce, was the principal speaker tonight at the convention banquet of the United States Fisheries Association. He made a plea for conservation of the littoral fisheries as "an obligation to our own generation and as a primary duty we owe to future generations."

"Blindly, without regard to the stability of the industry in our generation, without sense of responsibility to future generations, we are recklessly destroying our littoral fisheries—that is, the species of sea food in our bays and in the waters nearest the coast.

"A constantly depleted species will ultimately reach a point of exhaustion from which there is no recovery. It is true that as a result of a conference on fisheries which I called in Washington three years ago we have stopped some of the destruction. We have secured some start in a positive national policy of conservation of our fish supply. We have a long distance further to go. We must not only halt other forms of destruction, but we must start rehabilitation.

"The fisheries are the most precious of our primary food supplies. They will become more precious in the future. Our agricultural expansion is rapidly approaching its limits and our population will double. To protect the industry is an obligation to our own generation. To maintain it is a primary duty we owe to future generations."

ENDS WAR UPON SPEEDERS.

Colonie Raises Limit to 30 Miles to Avoid Traffic Tie-Up.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 5.—Officials of Colonie, a village on the Albany-Utica State highway, into whose coffers in the last few years motorists have poured thousands of dollars for exceeding a speed limit of twenty miles an hour, have announced that the limit has been increased to thirty miles an hour.

Overcautious motorists, driving twelve to fifteen miles an hour to be sure of keeping within the law, have caused congestion, it was said, and the new ruling was found necessary to keep traffic moving in the heavily traveled highway. Reckless driving and speeding, however, it was said, still will be curbed by enforcing officers.

New Zealand to Cut Taxes.

WELLINGTON, N. Z., Sept. 5.—The Government's revenue bill proposes reduction in several taxes of general application. The land tax is to be cut 10 per cent. and the income tax 13 1-8 per cent., while reductions are also provided in the amusement and tobacco levies.

Admiral Bristol Visits Vienna.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Sept. 5.—The American High Commissioner of Constantinople, Admiral Bristol, who is on leave, is spending a few days in Vienna with his wife and daughter.

The strategy of Trotsky to avert his wane of power and the political and economic situations in Russia of today are explained in September Current History Magazine. 25c adv.

TWO WOMEN KILLED BY AUTOS, ONE DYING

Five in Family Injured, One Fatally, When Car Overturns at Ramsey, N. J.

SURVEYOR DIES IN CRASH

Youth Run Over by Truck Has Both Legs Amputated—Several Arrests Are Made.

Mrs. Anna Horner, 21 years old, of 94 Prince Street, Newark, received injuries from which she died yesterday afternoon in the Beth Israel Hospital. She was knocked down by an automobile in Springfield Avenue, near her home. Joseph Rusch of 24 Alpine Street, driver of the car, was detained by the police pending an investigation.

Mrs. Mary Joule of Kearny was fatally injured, her daughter, Mrs. Robert McClosky, is in a dying condition in the Suffern Hospital, and her husband, son-in-law, and another daughter received cuts and bruises about the head and body when the automobile in which they were riding at Ramsey, N. J., overturned.

Carl Schwartz, 20 years old, of 211 Second Street, Elizabeth, N. J., employed by the Government as surveyor in Newark Bay, was killed when the automobile in which he was a passenger was wrecked against a pole at Highland Park, near New Brunswick. David W. Carpenter of Cranford, an employe of the Newark office of the Globe Indemnity Insurance Company, who was driving the car, was arrested.

Olaf Nelson, 19 years old, of 1,023 Seventy-fourth Street, Brooklyn, was run over by a motor truck of the United States Trucking Company at Charlton Street and the Hudson River and was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital, where both his legs were amputated. The surgeons said they held out little hope of his recovery. Edward Cummings, driver of the truck, of 355 Sumpter Street, Brooklyn, was arrested.

John Hansen, 50 years old, of 218 East 123d Street, had his right leg amputated at Fordham Hospital. He was run over by a truck at Boston Road and Baychester Avenue, the Bronx. Albert Sayra, the driver, of 447 Garden Street, Hartford, Conn., was arrested.

Three women were injured, one of them seriously when, crossing Eastern Parkway at Utica Avenue, Brooklyn, in the rain, they were knocked down by an automobile. Mrs. Fanney Miller, 45 years old, of 1,706 Union Avenue, received internal injuries and was sent to St. Mary's Hospital; Mrs. Sarah Kaplan, 40 years old, of the same address, suffered a fractured rib and bruises and cuts, and Sadie Kaplan, 18 years old, her daughter, received a cut over the left eye.

DEPLORES INCREASE OF JUVENILE CRIME

Kings County Grand Jury Says That Banditry Among Mere Boys Is Appalling.

Concern over the increasing number of juvenile criminals was expresser yesterday in a presentment by the Kings County Grand Jury to County Judge Vause in Brooklyn. The jury told the court it could offer no suggestions for remedying the conditions, but thought something might be accomplished by persons especially fitted to deal with such matters. The jury said:

"While we are inclined to believe that in proportion to the growth of our population the increase of crime is not alarming in large, we are sadly impressed with the large number of youths, between the ages of 16 and 22, held on charges of a serious nature. It is surely appalling to find mere boys accused of banditry, robbery, assault, &c., and the saddest part of it is the fact that quite a number of the accused had previous records of arrests, convictions and terms in jail.

"The sight of so many girls of tender age, some of them not over 13, appearing before us as complainants was shocking beyond words. Each time we regret that we are not prepared to offer any suggestions for halting this continuous flow of vice and crime, but we feel it our duty to call the attention of our fellow-citizens to these awful conditions, in the hope that those who are especially fitted may delve deeper into the causes of juvenile delinquency and bring forth practical remedies for its abatement."

The jury recommended improvements in the buildings of the Kings County Hospital.

There were 157 cases before the Grand Jury, which dismissed 34, voted indictments on 123, and returned to the Court 48 indictments.

FIVE JUSTICES NAMED IN CHILDREN'S COURTS

Mayor Announces Appointments From Special Sessions—Sixth to Be Made Soon.

Mayor Hylan yesterday appointed five of the six Justices who will preside over the Children's Courts created at the last Legislative session. They will take office Sept. 15, at salaries of $12,000 a year each and for a ten-year term.

The Justices named are Edward F. Boyle, Samuel D. Levy, Franklin Chase Hoyt, Robert J. Wilkin and George J. O'Keefe. All are Justices in the Court of Special Sessions who were assigned to Children's Court under the old law. The sixth Special Sessions Justice, Elsworth Healy, who has been presiding Justice of the Children's Courts, will remain on the Special Sessions bench.

The post of presiding Justice of the new Children's Court has not yet been filled, according to Mayor Hylan. It was intimated, however, that the incumbent would be named before Sept. 15. Despite denials by both the Mayor and his Commissioner of Accounts, David Hirshfield, that the latter aspires to that place, the impression remained in some quarters in City Hall that Mr. Hirshfield would be the appointee.

The Justices are to be appointed to the Special Sessions Court to replace the five transferred, as the law merely transferred the positions and created no new ones.

Mayor Hylan also appointed Louis Brodsky as City Magistrate to fill the unexpired term of William A. Sweetser until June, 1929. Magistrate Sweetser died a few days ago.

EMBEZZLER GETS 25 YEARS.

Attorney Pleads Guilty to 280 Charges Involving $1,000,000.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Sept. 5.—Pleading guilty to 280 charges of embezzling approximately $1,000,000 from his clients, William J. Wegley, a former attorney of Greensburg, was sentenced by Judge William Dom today to serve from twenty-five to fifty years in the Western Penitentiary.

Wegley, recently disbarred, was arrested six months ago. His operations covered a period of fifteen years. Wegley's attorney told the court that the defendant had used the money in an effort to cover bad investments, made when he was a young man, and to "square himself with the world."

Boys Cause Train Collision By Pulling Emergency Cord

A collision between two empty trains in the yards of the Erie Railroad, at Pavonia Avenue, Jersey City, drew a crowd and caused excitement yesterday afternoon.

According to Charles E. Pelton, engineer of the train, some boys jumped on the last car and pulled the emergency cord. This stopped the train so suddenly that another empty train following crashed into it, damaging the platform of the last car. The impact threw William Lee of 661 Grove Street, Jersey City, brakeman of the first train, to the ground. He was taken to Jersey City Hospital with a broken collar bone.

ROOSEVELT ASKS LEGION TO LEAD

In Speech to Convention He Urges Putting Duty to Whole Nation Before Self-Service.

WARNS AGAINST ATROPHY

Youth of Country, He Says, Look to Veterans as Logical Leaders for Progress.

ALEXANDRIA BAY, N. Y., Aug. 5.—The American Legion should show the country that the term "service men" means not simply "men intent on serving themselves, but carries with it the larger significance of those who are determined to serve the country as a whole," Theodore Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, told the sixth annual convention of the Legion's New York State Department in an address here today.

Colonel Roosevelt urged Legion members to assume the leadership of the youth of the country, that the work of the Legion may remain a real monument to present-day service.

"Up to this time we have devoted main attention to legislation and movements which affect us, the ex-service men, primarily, said Colonel Roosevelt. "No matter how worthy this legislation may be, there is no chance through its advocacy alone to develop leadership.

"We should not abandon our protection and work for the interests of the service men. That would be wrong; but this should be only one aspect of our work. We must be nationally minded, not simply ex-service man minded.

"The Legion has in it the seeds of great and beneficial public service. It has the power of making itself one of the most powerful organizations in America. The work of the Legion can be such as to remain a monument to its members when their children's children are grown men and afterward. We have come to the forks of the road. If we take one fork we will atrophy.

"Countries either go forward or backward. Any country that attempts to remain stationary, perishes or dry rot. When such a calamity befalls a country, I hold that the responsibility rests upon the younger generation.

"Progress comes through the young people of the country. The older people are the balance wheel.

"To me, the logical leadership of the youth of the country rests with the ex-service men and the Legion. The ex-service men have now within their hands the opportunity of stepping forward and establishing themselves as leaders of the youth of the country.

"I earnestly hope that now at the forks of the road the Legion and its membership will choose the more difficult but more honorable task of striving to assume leadership of the youth of this great nation. I want us to make up our minds that we will show the country that the term 'service men' does not simply mean men intent on serving themselves, but carries with it the larger significance of those who are determined to serve the country as a whole."

Mrs. Eva Hay, in charge of the Legion's prison service department, made an appeal for assistance for ex-service men now in prison.

Mrs. Merritt Ward-Rochester, Chairman of the Membership Committee, announced a gain of 12,000 in membership had increased the roll of the State department to 63,000. Ten members won trips to the national convention with expenses paid for signing up for their individual posts the greatest number of members.

William Deegan of New York, Past Commander, commended entrance of Legion members into politics as individuals.

"If they are qualified and have the goods," he said, "we want the veterans in the Senate in the Assembly and a veteran Board of Aldermen. I think the time has about arrived for the parties to recognize the men who did so much for their country."

This afternoon was given over to the annual parade, with 2,000 in line. The Slager Post Band of Rochester, with sixty-four pieces, won the silver cup in the band contest.

While attention of Legion members was being directed today toward a choice for a new Commander, various posts were presenting advantages of their cities for the 1925 convention. Geneva, New York City, Troy and Elmira are seeking the session.

Major Gen. James J. Harbord and Senator Royal Copeland will address the convention tomorrow morning. The convention will then end with election of officers.

Mrs. Kate Walter Barrett of Washington, the principal speaker at today's sessions of the auxiliary, expressed the greatest confidence in the present head of the Veterans' Bureau, General Frank T. Hines, but declared that he had been "saddled with barnacles left over from his predecessor."

It was reported that before the sessions adjourn some action might be taken by the Legion upon the plea made yesterday by Admiral Frederick C. Billard, Commandant of the United States Coast Guard, who asserted that the American Legion must resent "the large fleet of foreign vessels hovering off our coast to violate the Constitution."

LAFAYETTE-MARNE DAY.

Exercises Will Be Held This Morning in Union Square.

A celebration of Lafayette-Marne Day at the Lafayette Statue in Union Square will be held at 10 o'clock this morning. The day marks the anniversary of the birth of Marquis de Lafayette and of the battle of the Marne.

The exercises will open with the singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner." There will be an introductory address by Elon Huntington Hooker. Supreme Court Justice Philip J. McCook will deliver the oration and André Brousse, Acting Consul General of France, will make a response. "La Marseillaise" will then be sung. Music will be by the bands of the Sixteenth United States Infantry and the Navy Yard in Brooklyn. Troops from Fort Jay and sailors and marines from the Brooklyn Navy Yard will participate. Colonel Dielerich will represent the French Army. Members from more than thirty patriotic and civic societies will attend.

BISHOP FOR DEFENSE DAY.

Right Rev. J. J. Nilan Urges Connecticut Catholics to Participate.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 5.—In a

STAGE STARS AMUSE AT ACTORS' HOME

Fred Stone, Elizabeth Hines and Other Lights Entertain at Fund's First Fete.

RAIN INTERRUPTS SKETCHES

Under Umbrellas Audience of Old Stage Folk Enjoy Seeing the Talent of Today.

In spite of the weather doing what it could to dampen the first annual fete of the Actors' Fund of America held yesterday at the Actors' Fund Home on Staten Island, the cause brought out $4,000 in box office returns. Rain interrupted many of the clever sketches so that the audience spent half their time under umbrellas.

Broadway's favorites, whose names appear in electric lights, took part in the performance given on a small platform built on the sloping lawn of the grounds. The incline offered a splendid opportunity for the stage-folk of yesterday to see the talent of today, and they gave it as their expert opinion that performers now are more versatile and full of life than in their day.

It was fitting that Helen Hayes, the youngest and most recent Broadway star, be given a prominent place on the program. Dressed in costume in vogue when the old folks at the home were beginners, she offered an attractive sketch, "The Lesson of the Fan." Miss Hayes was supported by Caroline Wells Bassett and by Morgan Farley, who was bewitched by what went on behind the fan.

Fred Stone showed the inmates of the home some of his chameleon talents and was everything from a singing Chinaman to an india-rubber dancer. His number came in a downpour of rain, but the augience was willing to exchange the wetting for the laughter it got.

Elizabeth Hines and Andrew Tombes presented a comedy idyll written for the occasion by Oliver Herford. Among the other generous participants were Mercedes Desmond and Percy Bauverstock, Lester Allen, Alexis Kosloff, Lorraine Manville, James Watts and Hamilton Condon, and Tom Patricola and Will Mahoney.

Otis Skinner, as the dean of the many prominent actors in the audience, gave an impromptu speech. He told those now living at the home that their work was not forgotten and the Actors Home only in a small way represented the gratitude of the public for the happiness they had given in other days.

THE POOR NEED CLOTHING.

Salvation Army Appeals on Behalf of Tenement Children.

An appeal for Winter clothing for tenement children was made yesterday by the Salvation Army. More than 2,000 of these children spend two weeks during the Summer at the army's Fresh Air Home at North Long Branch, N. J.

"There are thousands of comfortable and moderately wealthy homes in New York where children's clothing is cast aside before it is entirely worn out," said Brig. Gen. Minnie Brewer. "We can put it to the best of use. The children who come to our Fresh Air Home are worthy of all the help that we and our friends can give them. These children come to us with hardly enough clothing for the Summer, so their plight in the cold weather can easily be imagined."

Articles most urgently needed include shoes, coats, stockings, boys' caps, underclothing, mittens, dresses, mufflers, rompers and rubbers. Donations should be sent to Brig. Gen. Brewer, 122 West Fourteenth Street, or to Captain Marion Beattie, matron at the home.

AUSTRIA HONORS BRUCKNER

Vienna Celebrates One Hundredth Anniversary of Composer's Birth.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Sept. 5.—The one hundredth anniversary of the birthday of Anton Bruckner, Austria's noted composer, was celebrated yesterday by the laying of a memorial stone at his Vienna home. When the President of the National Assembly referred to the ceremony all members rose in a body.

Three organs in the St. Florian Chureh of Upper Austria on which Bruckner played on different days of the week, and where he is buried, will be rebuilt into one enormous organ with 150 pipes. Radio concerts which even may be heard in America are planned for it.

Another centenary celebration is that of the granting of the first concession for the railroad which ran from Linz to Budweisz and was drawn by horses. One of the first locomotives built in America is being exhibited at the railroad museum here.

DR. WISE'S SILVER FOUND.

Man Held in Connection With Robbery of Rabbi's Home.

Detective Geary of the West 100th Street station has recovered virtually all of the $5,000 worth of silver plate taken by burglars from the home of Rabbi Stephen S. Wise at 23 West Ninetieth Street when he was absent last month, it became known yesterday. The police found the loot in an antique shop, the address of which was witheld. Two cups of a coffee set are still missing.

Morris Rosenberg, 49 years old, of 242 West 112th Street, was held in $10,000 bail by Magistrate McAndrews in the West Side Court yesterday for a hearing Monday on a short affadavit charging burglary in connection with the robbery at Dr. Wise's home. He said he received the silver at his tailor shop at 317 Seventh Avenue from a man who told him he was leaving the city and was willing to dispose of it at a low price.

Boston Symphony's Concerts.

The forty-fourth season of the Boston Symphony Orchestra will begin Oct. 10 under the direction of Serge Koussevitzky, the Russian conductor. There will be twenty-four Friday afternoon concerts and twenty-four Saturday evening concerts. Rachmaninoff, Stravinsky and Prokofieff, each of them famous as pianist, will appear in their own works. The assisting soloists will be Margaret Matzenauer, Alfred Cortot, Serge Prokofieff, Albert Spalding, Igor Stravinsky, Serge Rachmaninoff, Guy Maier Lee Pattison, and others to be announced.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Three plays are announced by Daniel Kusell for this season. They will be "Shipwrecked," a melodrama by Langdon McCormick; "The Girl From Kelly's," a musical comedy, by Mr. Kusell, with music by Gus Kahn and Lou Silvers, which will have George Jessel as its star, and a dramatization of James Oliver Curwood's "The River's End."

Harry Davenport has joined the cast of "Seek of the Roost, now in rehearsal.

"Starlight," by Gladys Unger, will be acted for the first time in San Francisco on Sept. 22, with Doris Keane as its star.

Lenormand's "L'Homme et ses Fantomes" will be played here in French by Firmin Gemier's company this season, and later in English by James Rackett.

John E. Hardy will succeed Nelson Keys in "Cochran's Review" when that production goes on tour two weeks hence. Mr. Keys will return to England.

NAVAL MEN TO FIGHT M'CARL'S PAY RULING

Join in Plan for Court Appeal on Controller's Holding Out Whole Salary for Deductions.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—An association pledged to carry to the highest court the fight against certain decisions of Controller General McCarl was organized today among a group of navy officers who have invited members of other Government departments to join in pushing test cases.

The outstanding complaint so far as the navy is concerned is Mr. McCarl's ruling that an officer's pay may be withheld to make up any overpayments to him by the Government for commutation of quarters and dependency allowances. Secretary Wilbur had declared the ruling violates a decision of the Supreme Court.

In a number of cases the entire pay of officers is said to have been withheld over a period of several months. Recently an agreement was reached under which deductions were limited to 20 per cent. of the total pay.

ANN SUTER SUES HUSBAND.

Vaudeville Actress Says He Did Not Divorce Former Wife.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Ann Suter, a vaudeville actress, filed suit today in the District of Columbia Supreme Court against Vincent Marchant, who, she says, also is known as Vincenzo A. Marchetti and as Vincenzo A. Maghorelli, to have their marriage of June 19, 1924, at Rockeville, Md., annulled on the ground of alleged fraud.

The actress is the daughter of Dr. W. Given Suter of the District of Columbia. She charges that Marchant already had a wife from whom he was not divorced at the time of the Rockeville marriage. The name "Marchant" is alleged to be fictitious, and the plaintiff declares that she does not know her husband's real name. The other woman to whom she alleges he was married is not identified.

Prince Humbert Sails for Italy.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Sept. 5.—Crown Prince Humbert of Italy sailed for home this morning after having visited Argentina, Chile and Uruguay.

"Poppy" Is Produced in London.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—"Poppy," produced at the Gaiety Theatre on Thursday, achieved only a mediocre success.

MUSIC NOTES.

Sophie Braslau will make her fourth transcontinental tour early in the season, postponing her annual Carnegie recital to the late Winter.

Jascha Heifetz will open his season early in November, making two transcontinental tours.

Marguerite D'Alvares gave a concert Aug. 15, at Douglas, Isle of Man, before an audience of five thousand. She will sing in Paris early in October and in London Oct. 29. She will open her American season at Morristown, N. J., Nov. 11 and give a New York recital at Town Hall Nov. 16.

Lawrence Adler, son of Felix Adler, has been appointed special advisor to the academic faculty of the Curtis Institute of Music. Mr. Adler will act in the capacity of dean.

Miss Jeanne de Mare, lecturer and pianist, will appear at Southampton and Newport and later tour the principal cities of the United States in a series of modernist recitals.

Orville Harrold and his daughter, Patti Harrold, will give a program next week at the Hippodrome. They have arranged the dancing doll scene from the "Tales of Hoffmann." Mr. Harrold plans also to give the serenade scene from "Elisir D'Amor," which includes the tenor song "Furtiva Lagrima."

The Young Men's Hebrew Association at Ninety-second Street and Lexington Avenue, announces the opening of its music school for the season 1924-25, under the direction of A. W. Binder. The Faculty includes Randall Hargreave, vocal department; Mrs. A. W. Binder, piano, and Miss Dorothy Jenks, violin.

The Kibalchich Russian symphonic choir will be heard in more than sixty American cities this season.

THE PLAY

By STARK YOUNG.

Triumph at the Plymouth.

WHAT PRICE GLORY, a play in three acts, by Maxwell Anderson and Laurence Stallings. Settings designed by Woodman Thompson; staged and produced by Arthur Hopkins. At the Plymouth Theatre.

Corporal Gowdy	Brian Dunlevy
Corporal Kiper	Fuller Mellish Jr.
Corporal Lipinsky	George Tobias
First Sergeant Quirt	William Boyd
Captain Flagg	Louis A. Wolheim
Charmaine de la Cognac	Leyla Georgie
Private Lewisohn	Sidney Elliott
Lieutenant Aldrich	Faye Roope
Lieutenant Moore	Clyde North
Lieutenant Schmidt	Charles Costigan
Gunnery Sergeant Sockel	Henry G. Shelvey
Private Mulcahy	Jack MacGraw
Sergeant Ferguson	James A. Devine
A Brigade Runner	John J. Cavanaugh
M. Pete de la Cognac	Luis Alberni
Another Brigade Runner	Arthur Campbell
Brig. Gen. Cokeley	Roy LaRue
A Colonel	Keane Waters
A Captain	William B. Smith
A Lieutenant	Fred Brophy
Another Lieutenant	Thomas Buckley
A Chaplain	John C. Davis
Town Mayor	Alfred Renaud
Spike	Keane Waters
Pharmacist's Mate	Thomas Sullivan
Lieutenant Cunningham	J. Merrill Holmes
Lieutenant Lundstrom	Robert Warner

Just a year ago Maxwell Anderson saw his "White Desert" win praise and pass too quickly off the stage through untoward circumstance. Last night at the Plymouth Theatre he and Laurence Stallings could feel nothing but satisfaction over their new play. "What Price Glory?" is something you can put your teeth into.

On the whole what is usually called the plot is hardly the main interest in this war play. The story, so far as it appears, is of the captain and the sergeant, old enemies with old scores to settle. The captain goes away on leave, the sergeant takes his sweetheart. When the captain returns he finds the girl's father demanding that the man who has deflowered her should wed her and pay him 500 francs. Chance turns the tide on the sergeant, and the captain is prevented from marrying off the pair only by the call to the front. In the dugout of the next act the sergeant gets a start on the captain by acquiring a wound in the leg that might send him back to the town where the girl is. Alsation officers are captured, however, and the captain wins the staff's offer of a month off for his reward. The two arrived within a few minutes of each other in the girl's barroom and carry the struggle through till the call comes to go back to the front, revoking the month's leave.

The fundamental quality of "What Price Glory?" is irony. Irony about life and about the war, but iron so incontrovertible in its aspect of truth and so biasing with vitality as to cram itself down the most spreadeagle of throats. The chaos, the irrelevancy, the crass and foolish and disjointed relation of these men's lives and affairs to the war shows everywhere, and the relation of the war to their real interests and affairs. This is a war play without pueriilities and retorts at God and society, and not febrile and pitying, but virile, fertile, poetic and Rabelaisian all at once, and seen with the imagination of the flesh and mind together.

The irony of "What Price Glory?" culminates in the creation of Captain Flagg, the best drawn portrait in the realistic method that I have seen in years. In him the irony becomes superb. He is the true labor of war, the rough surface of the deep and bitter in human nature; he is intelligent, tender, brutal and right. He deserves much and wins little either from the world without or from within himself. He is a bum and a contemptuous hero. And he was played last night by Louis Wolheim with a security and a variety that I have never seen this actor achieve before, as well as with intelligence and a kind of husky wit.

The acting in the performance as a whole was above the average. In some places it needed more projection; it remained too much behind the footlights and too little toward the audience; it was too merely natural and not enough theatre. But in the main it went well. William Boyd as the sergeant rival to the captain played better and better as the acts went on. The scene where the captain and the sergeant stood at the bar and drank and quarreled over the girl was one of the best moments of this season; the stage managing also at this point, with the clearing away of the other persons to the far side of the stage and the pointing up of these two tragic, bitter and fantastic figures set there against each other, was perfect. Woodman Thompson's settings were fair but without a creative and dramatic relation to the play.

"What Price Glory?" is not one of those examples of the art of the theatre that discover a story, a pattern of action, that is in itself the very essence and expression of the play. It has not invented images of action or event that embody unescapably the dramatic idea, as the sleep-walking scene in "Macbeth," to take a lofty instance, does, or the great fables that survive the ages of men. It moves in the reverse direction—toward, that is, the creation and employment of character and dialogue for the dramatic purpose. And yet the proportions of story and war and talk and personality are perhaps part of the total idea behind the play. And the story has the advantage of being made cumulative, so that its heaviest weight and greatest tension fall where they should fall, in the final scene.

"What Price Glory?" lags somewhat in spots, no doubt; in the first and second acts it might well be shortened a little. But though it may have lagged, I for my part felt nothing of it, because of the sting and freshness of the writing, because of the speeches, the words and meanings and rhythms, like the beating of the pulse in your ears.

JOHNNY DOOLEY ARRESTED.

Ex-Wife Charges Comedian With Abandoning Their 12-Year-Old Son.

John J. Dool, known on the stage as Johnny Dooley, was arrested last night after he finished his act at the Earl Carroll Theatre, Seventh Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, on a bench warrant issued in Camden, N. J., charging him with abandoning his 12-year-old son, Robert. The arrest was made by Detectives Brown and Riley of the Bomb Squad at the request of Detective Wrenn of the Camden police, who brought with him in addition to the warrant, a copy of the indictment handed down against Dooley by the Grand Jury at Camden on Sept. 3. Dooley was locked up but was released later on $2,000 bail.

The detectives arrived at the theatre just after 8 o'clock as Dooley was preparing to go on. After they had explained what they wanted he asked that he be permitted to complete the performance, promising that as soon as he finished he would accompany them to headquarters. When the officers consented they were supplied with seats for "Keep Kool," in which Dooley is playing. During the performance, they say, he joked frequently with the audience about his going to jail. He also referred to his first wife, Florence Hoopes, from whom he separated in 1911 and who went before the Grand Jury at Camden recently and had Dooley indicted.

When an attempt was made to fingerprint Dooley at headquarters last night he refused to comply with the detectives' orders and the fingerprints were not taken.

MAYOR WITH COMMUTERS.

Urges Continuance of Fight on Long Island Railroad Rate Plea.

The Association of Long Island Commuters was encouraged to continue its fight against the Long Island Railroad's demand for increased fares when Mayor Hylan sent the following letter to Maurice Hotchner, its counsel, and Mr. Hotchner made it public with the Mayor's consent:

CITY OF NEW YORK.
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR.
Sept. 4, 1924.

Maurice Hotchner, Esq. Counsel for the Association of Long Island Commuters, 80 Maiden Lane, New York City.

Dear Sir:

I notice in the newspapers this morning that you were rebuked by Harkness and McAneny when you attacked the Long Island Railroad officials because of the increase to $1,250,000 of the terminal rentals paid by the Long Island Railroad to the Pennsylvania. This, of course, is one of the reasons why the L. I. R. R. is asking for an increase in rates.

Do not be perturbed or discouraged. You called attention to a vitally important item. Continue the fight.

Very truly yours,
JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

It was announced yesterday in the offices of the Transit Commission, on behalf of that commission and the Public Service Commission, that the next hearing before the two commissions upon the application of the railroad for an increase in its rates would be held at the offices of the commission Sept. 17 at 10:30 A. M.

FIND ROPE IN CELL NEAR FRANKS SLAYERS

Jail Officials Double Their Guard When Another Prisoner's Work Is Revealed.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—The discovery of an eighteen-foot length of rope, made from old clothing in a cell in the Cook County jail two tiers below those in which Nathan F. Leopold Jr., and Richard Loeb, slayers of Robert Franks, are confined led to a redoubling today of the guards for the two millionaires' sons who will be sentenced to the gallows or the penitentiary next week.

While officials, after an investigation, said they did not believe either of the youths knew anything about the rope, the guards said they were taking no chances with their prisoners.

The rope was found in a cell occupied by two prisoners, one of them Russell Scott, who once confessed murder but later changed his plea to not guilty when the Judge indicated he would sentence Scott to death. Scott said he made the rope three months ago to hang clothes on.

While the authorities were investigating the finding of the rope, Leopold and Loeb were entertaining in their cells, this being visitors' day. Six girls and women called on Loeb, but Leopold's visitors were confined to male relatives.

At the risk of dire consequences, due to his ill health, Albert H. Loeb, father of Loeb, is understood to have determined to be present in Justice Caverly's court Wednesday when sentence is pronounced on his son and Leopold.

Word has come from Charlevoix, Mich., where the Loeb Summer home is located, that Mr. Loeb has swept aside all the pleadings of relatives and physicians and plans to be in court.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

NEW AMSTERDAM
The TALK of the TOWN AND LONG ISLAND
WILL ROGERS
AMERICAN HUMORIST
NEW MONOLOGUE NIGHTLY IN
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
MATINEE TODAY
458 SEATS AT $1.00

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, West 42d St. Reduced Prices. Mats. TODAY & WED.
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
Will Rogers in a New Monologue Nightly.
458 Reserved Seats at $1.00

SELWYN Thea., W. 42d St. FIRST TIME SEATS AT $1.00 Reduced Price Mts. TODAY & THURSDAY
ZIEGFELD POPULAR SUCCESS EDDIE CANTOR in KID BOOTS with MARY EATON

KLAW THEATRE, 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
THE GREEN BEETLE
By JOHN WILLARD, Author of "THE CAT AND THE CANARY"

Vanderbilt West 48 St. Mon. Eve., Sept. 8
SEATS ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE NOW.
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
THOROUGHBREDS
By Lewis B. Ely & Sam Forrest.

SCREAMING LAUGHTER with WALLACE EDDINGER AT THE HAUNTED HOUSE
Furnishes more solid enjoyment than a week-end out of town.
GEO. COHAN Thea., B'y & 43d. Evs. 8:30 M. Mat. To-day, 2:30.

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
THIEF OF BAGDAD
LIBERTY Theatre, W. 42 St. Twice Daily 2:30—8:30. Sun. Mat. at 3.

CORT THEATRE, West 48 st. Evs. at 8:30. FIRST MATINEE TODAY, 2:30.
The Tantrum
A Character Study with ROBERTA ARNOLD

MUSIC BOX THEA., W. 45 ST. NEXT MON. Night. Seats Now.
Earl Carroll VANITIES

APOLLO West 42d St. POP. MATINEES TODAY & WED. Seats $2.50.
OVERSHADOWS ANY REVUE EVER PRODUCED ANYWHERE
George White's Scandals

"A STRONGER, MORE LOGICAL PLAY THAN 'RAIN.'"—Evs. Tel.
EARL CARROLL Presents WHITE CARGO
By LEON GORDON
Daly's 63d St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Wed. 359th Time

FRAZEE Theatre, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30 Matinees 2:30
SWEENEY TODD

EMPIRE THEATRE, B'way & 40 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed. (Pop.), 2:30.
The SWAN
"I LAUGHED LONG AND LOUDLY."—Harwood Broun.
THE BEST PEOPLE
by David Gray and Avery Hopwood
LYCEUM WEST 45 ST. EVENINGS 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs. (Pop.) 2:30

FULTON 46 St., nr. B'way. Evenings at 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30
TOP HOLE
With ERNEST GLENDINNING

GLOBE Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30.
FRED STONE
in "STEPPING STONES"
with DOROTHY STONE

HUDSON THEA., W. 44th St. Bgn. Tues. Eve., Sept. 9 | SEATS NOW
A. H. WOODS Presents
LOWELL SHERMAN in "HIGH STAKES"

Earl Carroll THEATRE, 7th Av. & 50 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed.
KEEP KOOL 4th Month

COLONIAL B'way & 62d St. Evs. 8:30. Pop. Mats. Today & Wed., 50c to $1.50
SISSLE and BLAKE
CAST—CHORUS OF 125—SYMPHONY ORCH.
THE CHOCOLATE DANDIES

THE DeMille's Cinemasterpiece
TEN COMMANDMENTS
A Paramount Production (Famous Players)
Criterion Theatre | Evs. 8:30 | Mats. 2:30
Broadway at 45th St. | Seats $1 & $1.50 Evs. & 2:30

Greenwich Vil. Thea., 7 Av., 4 St., at 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. First Time Seats Sold to "General Public"—EUGENE O'NEILL'S
ALL GOD'S CHILLUN

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30
JEANNE EAGELS
in "RAIN" FOR 4 WEEKS ONLY

ELTINGE THEATRE, W. 42d St. Next Matinee Saturday.
Greatest Music Comedy in the World
PLAIN JANE

"STRANGE BEDFELLOWS"
HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 4TH MONTH
West 43d St. Mats. Today & Thurs.

"25 Per Cent. Above Perfection"—MORNING TELEGRAPH.
THE LAUGHING, CRASHING, SMASHING MUSICAL HIT
BE YOURSELF!
with QUEENIE SMITH and JACK DONAHUE
NOW PLAYING SAM H. HARRIS Thea., W. 42 St. Evs., 8:30. FIRST MAT. TODAY at 2:30

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Evenings, 8:30. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30
THE PASSING SHOW OF 1924
POPULAR MAT. TODAY at 2

F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest announce POPULAR $1 to $3 Every Eve. Plus 10% PRICES $1 to $2.00 Mats. TAX.
2ND YEAR IN NEW YORK
THE MIRACLE
Staged by MAX REINHARDT—Company of 700
CENTURY 62d and Central Park West. Evs. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2.

AMBASSADOR 49th W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
FAY BAINTER
in THE DREAM GIRL with WALTER WOOLF
49TH ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:35. Mats. TODAY & WED., 2:30.
Comedy Hit! WEREWOLF
THE WITH A NOTABLE CAST

PLAYHOUSE 48 St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
MATINEE TODAY, 2:30
THE SHOW-OFF By George Kelly
Outstanding Season's Comedy Hit.

ELIZABETH HINES in the Musical Comedy Success
MARJORIE
SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed.

WILLIAM FOX presents
THE IRON HORSE
"It is one of the few films which this department can unhesitatingly recommend."—Sun.
A John Ford Production.
LYRIC THEATRE, 42d St., W. of B'way. Phone Chickering 8795. Twice Daily, 2:30 & 8:30, including Sundays. Seats 4 Weeks in Advance.

ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents
WHAT PRICE GLORY
By Maxwell Anderson & Laurence Stallings
PLYMOUTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs.

IMPERIAL Thea., 45 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. FIRST MAT. TODAY, 2:30.
ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S Musical Play
"ROSE-MARIE"
with MARY ELLIS

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th, E. of B'way Evenings 8:30.
Matinees Today & Wednesday at 2:30
The Haymarket Theatre (London) Success
HAVOC
A play in four acts by HARRY WALL

COMEDY Thea., 41 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
WILLIAM A. BRADY JR. Presents
A Play in 3 Acts,
"NERVES"
By John Farrar & Stephen Vincent Benet.
With WINIFRED LENIHAN, KENNETH MacKENNA, PAUL KELLY and Others.

Dancing Mothers
Sensational Comedy Success at the
BOOTH THEATRE, West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.

COBRA LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed.
6th MONTH—DRAMATIC SENSATION
Pop. Mat. Today—Best Seats $2.50

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15. Laughing Revue
I'll Say She Is with The MARX BROS.

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
JOHN GOLDEN'S New Laff Hit
PIGS
Staged by FRANK CRAVEN

REPUBLIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30.
—3D YEAR—
ABIE'S IRISH ROSE
Anne Nichols' Laughing Success

LAST 18 PERFORMANCES
CHARLOT'S REVUE OF 1924
BEST REVUE IN WORLD! THE TIMES SQ.
WITH BEATRICE LILLIE, GERTRUDE LAWRENCE, HERBERT MUNDEN AND NELSON KEYS
THEATRE, West 49d St. Evs. at 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Wed., 2:30.

NATIONAL Thea., 41st St., W. of B'way. Evs., 8:30. Mat. Today, 2:30
BYE BYE, BARBARA
with JACK HAZZARD and Distinguished Cast

FATA MORGANA
(MIRAGE) A Comedy by Vaida
GARRICK 45 West 35th St. Evenings, 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. at 2:30

Last 2 Days of FRANK LLOYD'S
The SEA-HAWK
By RAFAEL SABATINI
A First National Picture
ASTOR THEATRE, Broadway & 45th Street Twice Daily, 2:30—8:30

MOROSCO Theatre, W. 45 St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30.
No Other Girl
A CHARMING MUSICAL COMEDY with EDDIE BUZZELL & HELEN FORD

SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Today at 2:15.
THE POTTERS with DONALD MEEK and Original Cast
NEXT WEEK—"THE GOOSE HANGS HIGH"
Sunday Concerts 2 to 5:30 and 7 to 11:30.

"EXPRESSING WILLIE" 48th THEATRE 6th MONTH. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sun., 2:30.
Comedy by Rachel Crothers

MATINEE TODAY
DON'T SIGN! Until You've Seen The EASY MARK with WALTER HUSTON
39th ST. THEATRE, EAST of BROADWAY. EVENINGS 8:30. MATINEES WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY 2:30

STEEPLECHASE
CONEY ISLAND The Funny Place SURF & POOL BATHING

Direction Otto Aschbach.
COLUMBIA AMUSEMENT PARK
Hudson Blvd., North Bergen, N. J.
Take 42d St. Ferry or Tube to Summit Av., Jersey City.

OUT-OF-TOWN DAILY PAPERS
FROM THE PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.
NEWS STAND AT THE NORTH END OF THE TIMES BUILDING, 42D AND BROADWAY. OPEN ALL NIGHT.

RACING

BELMONT PARK TODAY
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
SIX BRILLIANT CONTESTS, INCLUDING
CORINTHIAN STEEPLECHASE HANDICAP
THE LAWRENCE REALIZATION : THE CEDARHURST
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS—Leave Penna Station, also Flatbush Ave. Brooklyn, 12:15, 12:40, 12:45, 1:00, 1:15, 1:30 and 1:50 P. M. From Montrand Ave. 5 min. later. East New York, 9 min. later. Special Cars Reserved for Ladies. Also reached by trolley.
GRANDSTAND AND PADDOCK, $2.20, Including Tax.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Club Alabam

Formerly the LITTLE CLUB, Phone Longacre 1963
145th St. Theatre Bldg.—Just West of Broadway
OPENS EACH NIGHT AT 10 P. M.
Perfect Ventilation—Always Cool and Refreshing
Presenting AN EXTRAVAGANZA
with Beautiful Creole Girls—Two Shows Nightly
That Wonderful Club Alabam Orchestra!
Broadcasting direct from our premises every Tuesday and Friday via WHN—Tune In!

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466 Grand St. Tel. Dry Dock 7916
TONIGHT AT 8:30 SHARP
"The Grand Street Follies"
Orchestra, $1.65. Balcony, $1 and 75c.

—LOEW'S—
STATE B'way & 45 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. "Tess of the D'Urbervilles" with Blanche Sweet AND BIG VAUDEVILLE BILLS
METROPOLITAN Brooklyn

Bronx Opera House 149 St., E. of Third Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE TIN LIZZIE A ROARING NEW COMEDY

ICE SKATING AT ICELAND
Morning, Afternoon, Evening (Except Sunday Morning & Monday Afternoon) 15th St. and B'way. Admission 75c.

S. F. Keith's New York
HIPPODROME
KEITH'S PAGEANT OF WORLD NOVELTIES.
Daily Mat. (Incl. Sun) 2; Nights (Incl. Sun) at 8. Sunset Mom'ng Earth at Lowest Prices.

COLUMBIA BURLESQUE. Two Prices. Twice Daily Times Sq. at W. 42 St. Mats. 2:15 & 8:15
MOLLIE WILLIAMS SNAPPY REVUE

MOTION PICTURES.

"SOMETHING REALLY EXTRAORDINARY."—Morning Telegraph.
MARION DAVIES
in
Janice Meredith
Tremendous Cast of 2,500 People!
At Columbus Circle
Cosmopolitan
World's Most Charming Theatre
Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:30. Sun. Mat. at 3. Mats., Orch., 75c.; Balc., 50c. Eve., Sat. & Sun. Mats., Orch. $1.50; Balc., 99c.
Buy Your Seats in Advance.

CENTRAL THEATRE Broadway at 47 St. Now Showing. Popular Prices.
WILLIAM FOX presents
THE MAN WHO CAME BACK

RIVOLI B'way, at 49 St. BETTY COMPSON in "THE FEMALE" A Paramount Picture RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA

RIALTO B'way, at 42 St. POLA NEGRI in "LILY OF THE DUST" A Paramount Picture RIESENFELD'S Classical Jazz.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. at 59th St. SINCLAIR LEWIS'S "BABBITT" with Willard Louis, Carmel Myers. Beginning Tomorrow "BEING RESPECTABLE," with Marie Prevost, Monte Blue, Irene Rich.

LOEW'S (NEW) LEXINGTON
LEXINGTON AVE. and 54th ST.
LAURETTE TAYLOR in "ONE NIGHT IN ROME"

STRAND B'way at 47 St. MARK Gilbert Meets Beauty Young in "Flirting with Love" Strand Symphony Orchestra.

CAPITOL B'way at 51 St. JACKIE COOGAN in "Little Robinson Crusoe" Special Ballet Presentation.

Stars in new productions. A page of charming portraits of actresses who will be seen on Broadway this Fall. Mid-Week Pictorial now on sale. 10c.—Advt.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

APARTMENTS
are now available
FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED
2 to 4 ROOMS
Each with Kitchen or Kitchenette
Unfurnished $1800 to $4300
Furnished Apartments on lease or on daily rates (with hotel service)
TWELVE EAST 86TH STREET
American Fireproof Apartment Hotel
Ownership Management
MR. I. FLUKELMAN

Hotel Bretton Hall
BROADWAY
85th to 86th St., N. Y. City
Between Central Park and Riverside Drive
Subway Station at 86th St. Cor.
Elevated Stations 2 Blocks; 86th St. Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel for Transient Permanent Residence. Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
Furnished and Unfurnished Suites
1, 2, 3 & 4 Rooms, 1 or 2 Baths
may be had on yearly basis at a substantial saving.
Also Single and Double Rooms with Bath
$4.00 per day and upwards.
Restaurant of Highest Standard. Service a la Carte.

The Management announces the opening of the
LIDO VENICE RESTAURANT
35 East 53d Street
on Sunday, September the Seventh.
The Monday Evening Supper Dances will also begin on September the eighth.
"A surprise with the orchestra."
Telephone—Plaza 8374.

It's Good
$1.25 DINNER 5 to 9 P.M.
CAFE BOULEVARD
46 ST. at STEPS EAST of B'WAY
"ON THE PLAZING ARROW TRAIL"

Today's Radio Program

SEPT. 6, 1924.
(Eastern Daylight Saving Time.)
Numerals after names of stations show wave length in meters.

WJAR, NEW YORK—492.
4:00-5:00 P. M.—Bruno Orchestra.
6:00 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria dinner music.
7:30 P. M.—Miriam Witkins, soprano.
7:40 P. M.—L. Clair Case, trombone.
7:55 P. M.—Miriam Witkins, soprano.
8:10 P. M.—Ramos Orchestra.
8:40 P. M.—L. Clair Case, trombone.
8:55 P. M.—Gene Austin, piano.
9:10 P. M.—Ramos Orchestra.
9:30 P. M.—Hazel Wood, soprano.
9:40 P. M.—Gene Austin, piano.

WNYC, NEW YORK—526.
6:30-7:30 P. M.—Club Alabam Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—Police alarms; missing persons.
7:35 P. M.—Police quartet.
8:15 P. M.—71st Regiment Band.
10:15 P. M.—R. H. Finley, tenor.
10:30 P. M.—Police alarms; missing persons.
10:35 P. M.—R. H. Finley, tenor.
11:00 P. M.—Weather forecast.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.
1:00 P. M.—Hotel Vanderbilt Orchestra.
3:00 P. M.—International polo game, direct from Meadow Brook Country Club.
5:30 P. M.—Agricultural reports; closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange; foreign exchange quotations; news.
7:00 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria Dance, Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—H. H. Schyde, bass.
8:15 P. M.—Rosita Escalona, piano.
8:30 P. M.—H. H. Schyde, bass.
8:45 P. M.—"Lafayette-Marne Day," by Joseph Cashman.
9:00 P. M.—S. S. Paris Orchestra; talk, "A Trip Through the Sahara," by H. B. Ashton.
10:30 P. M.—Hotel Astor Orchestra.

WHN, NEW YORK—360.
2:15 P. M.—Cogert and Hirst, impersonations.
2:30 P. M.—Avy La Skers, songs.
2:45 P. M.—Orchestra.
3:45 P. M.—Concert.
4:00 P. M.—Stephen Kantz, piano; Alex Aranyossy, violin.
4:30 P. M.—Doris Schroeder, contralto; Eda Miller, piano.
5:00 P. M.—Southern Harmonists.
6:30-7:30 P. M.—Alamac Orchestra; Olcott Vail, violin.
8:00 P. M.—Jesse Calkins, tenor.
8:15 P. M.—Mary Meares, soprano.
8:30 P. M.—Boys' period.
8:45 P. M.—Harmony Four Male Quartet.
9:00 P. M.—"Missing Persons," by Mary Hamilton.
9:15 P. M.—A. Ball, tenor.
9:30 P. M.—"Lafayette Marne Day," by J. S. Morse.
9:35 P. M.—Segerer Brothers, zither and violin.
9:45 P. M.—Fitzpatrick Brothers, songs.
10:00 P. M.—Arthur Stone, piano.
10:15 P. M.—Lottie Grooper, soprano.
10:30 P. M.—Gene Austin,

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Continued Decline in Stocks, Liberty Bonds Stronger, Foreign Exchange Weak.

The three outstanding movements on yesterday's markets were the renewed weakness of stocks, the strength of Government bonds and the further decline in exchange on Europe. The action of Government bonds again had its apparent cause in the failure of money rates to show any plain sign of advancing. In so far as the call loan rate was a measure of the market, greater ease was indicated; it closed at 2 per cent., whereas the closing on every other business day this week has been 2½ or 3. The weakness in foreign exchange, which carried sterling down 2¼ cents to the lowest rate since the Allies reached agreement at the London conference a month ago, could scarcely have occurred from anything but commercial causes.

How much of our cotton Europe has bought on the recent rapid fall in price is not known, though actual exports have not yet reached large figures. But the Bradstreet report of wheat exports for the week gave a total 1,400,000 bushels above last week's and 2,600,000 in excess of the same week in 1923, and this is being paid for. At today's lowest and closing rate, sterling was down 13¼ cents from the price reached in the second week of August and francs a full half-cent. In pre-war days the grain export and the decline of exchange would have meant immediate increase in gold imports. It is one illustration of the oddly inverted conditions, since the war, that such a movement of grain exports and exchange rates should today have been accompanied by distinct slackening of gold shipments to New York, while the only European market which seems to be drawing gold is Berlin. Yesterday's Reichsbank statement for the closing week of August showed addition of $2,200,000 to its gold reserve, making $17,750,000 taken from abroad since the middle of June.

Transactions on the Stock Exchange went above the million-share mark for the first time in two weeks, but the day's activity was at the expense of values. Notwithstanding some persistent bidding-up of certain railway shares, declines ranging from 1 to 3 points were numerous throughout the market. They affected chiefly the industrial stocks, and were doubtless partly a consequence of further sales, based on the unpleasant feelings excited by the American Woolen Company's action on its dividend. It was equally evident, however, that the retreating groups of professional experts who had been trying (not convincingly) to give the appearance of the outside public buying the "specialties" had a hand in the day's depression.

There was little recovery from the lowest prices, and the usual psychological results of persistently falling values were apparent in Wall Street. It is an old and familiar question, whether financial confidence is a stronger influence on the course of stocks than is the rise or fall of stocks on financial confidence; but there was no great question as to which was the governing influence yesterday. If a decline in the stock market goes far enough, the Stock Exchange gives up talk of "healthy reaction" and begins to believe that trade revival will not come at all and that La Follette will "throw the election into the House." However, trade and politics have a way of pursuing their path and fulfilling reasonable predictions, much as they would have done if the stock market had been moving the other way.

The grain markets were as reactionary as the Stock Exchange, and the Chicago grain pit supplied explanations to suit every taste. The real governing influence probably was the near approach of the department's estimates of next Tuesday. If the Spring wheat forecast should be raised as high as some private estimates have foreshadowed, and if the summarized results of August's altered temperatures should be shown to have stopped effectively the deterioration of the corn crop, then such a grain market as today's would be explained.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 5, 1924.

Stock Exchange call loan rate dropped to 2 per cent. at midday, small inquiry for fresh accommodation, after renewals had been arranged, causing decline from 2½. Nothing was done in the outside market below the board rate. Dealers in fixed period money reported a slight tightening in tone, due to withdrawal of funds when due, but this situation caused no change in quotations, which continued as previously. A fair amount of merchants' paper discounted without variation from ruling charge, acceptances likewise holding firmly.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Thursday's Last.
2½	2½	2	2	2½

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days ..... 2@3¼
4, 5 and 6 months ..... 3¼@3½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days .. 3@3¼
4, 5 and 6 months ..... 3¼@3½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months 3¼
Other names, 4 to 6 months 3½

Rediscount Rates Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 3 per cent.; 60 to 90 days, 3; Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 3; 60 to 90 days, 3.

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances 2

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	2½	2
60 days	2¼	2¼
90 days	2¼	2¼
Four months	2½	2¼
Six months	2¾	2½
Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days	2¾	2½

London Market.

Money in London ½ up at 3% per cent.; short bills unchanged at 3⅝@3¾ per cent.; three months' bills ⅛ up at 3⅛@3⅜ per cent.

Gold bullion 4d up at 92s 9d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 86s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a London price of 100⅝. Highest for the year to date, 115 1-3, on Jan. 21; lowest, 106⅛, Aug. 11. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 140⅝, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102⅛, on Feb. 21, 1923.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $861,000,000; balances, $123,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $75,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $598,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London 4d up at 34½d per ounce; New York price ⅛c up at 68⅝c.

Range for 1924:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	35¼d May 31	32⅛d Apr. 7
New York	69⅛c Aug. 5	62¾c Jan. 11

Range for 1923:

London	35½d Dec. 18	30¼d Feb. 2
New York	69⅝c May 7	62¼c July 20

Continuous Progress

Carolina Power & Light Co.

Comparative Statement of Earnings

Year Ended Dec. 31	Gross Income	Net Income
1913	$ 575,213	$ 240,655
1914	671,189	258,355
1915	761,938	321,443
1916	889,730	382,767
1917	1,053,844	471,727
1918	1,168,404	502,181
1919	1,409,465	558,099
1920	1,724,539	622,188
1921	1,869,187	638,978
1922	2,245,168	777,340
1923	2,634,493	1,029,017
1924*	2,854,749	1,244,862

*Twelve months ended July 31, 1924.

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
American Telephone & Telegraph Co.
30 Year 5% Collateral Trust Gold Bonds due December 1, 1946

The undersigned hereby gives notice that it has in the Sinking Fund the sum of $668,197 for investment in the above mentioned bonds. Offers of bonds endorsed "Tender of American Telephone & Telegraph Co. Bonds" will be received by the Trustee, at 17 Court Street, Boston, Mass., until noon of September 16, 1924, at which time they will be opened. The right is reserved to reject any or all offers. Interest on accepted bonds will cease September 15, 1924.

OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee
By C. B. HUMPHREY, Vice President.
Date, September 4, 1924.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1924.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
1,186,740	779,800	721,630	518,603	1,058,555

Year to Date.	Same Period 1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
165,237,378	159,827,397	175,969,036	116,224,213	153,830,967½

1924 High.	1924 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
41⅛	28¼	100	Advance Rumely pf. (8)	38¾	38¾	38¾	38½	— ¼	37½	38¾
82¾	67½	500	Air Reduction (4)	78	78	77½	77½	— ½	77½	78
11¼	4⅞	1,800	Ajax Rubber	9¼	9¼	8¾	8¾	— ⅛	8¾	9
		500	Alaska Gold Mines	.15	.15	.15	.15	+ .01		
		1,000	Alaska Juneau	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛		1⅛
104	96½	100	All American Cables (6)	102	102	102	102		100	103
79	65	3,700	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	72¾	72¾	71⅜	71⅞	— ⅞	70¾	71⅜
66½	41⅜	4,800	Allis-Chalm. Mfg. (4)	62	62	59½	59½	— 2⅜	59¼	60
17⅝	7¼	500	Am. Agricul. Chem.	12	12	11¾	11¾	+ ⅛	12	12½
49⅜	18	400	Am. Agricul. Chem. pf.	31⅜	32⅜	31¾	32⅜	— ⅛	32½	33
49¾	36	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar (4)	42¾	43¾	42	43		42½	43
138½	95⅞	48,900	Am. Can (16)	129¾	130¾	126	129¾	— 3½	126½	126⅝
121⅛	81⅛	400	Am. & For. P. pull paid(7)	116⅝	116⅝	116	116⅜	— 2⅜	115½	116⅝
128	93	100	Am. Car & Foundry (12)	166	166	166	166	— 2½	165	166
25	21⅛	1,000	Am. Chain Class A (2)	24½	25	24½	25	+ ⅛	24½	24⅝
23¼	14¾	800	Am. Chicle	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	+ ⅛	20¾	22⅝
6¾	3½	400	Am. Drug Syndicate	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾			5¾
122⅛	85	400	Am. Express (9)	114⅝	114⅝	113	113	— ¼	112	115
121½	93	1,400	Am. & For. P. 25% po.(7)	116	116	114	115	— ½	114½	116
121½	91½	400	Am. & For. P. full paid(7)	116⅝	116⅝	116	116⅝	— ¼	115½	116⅝
18⅝	7¼	200	Am. Hide & Leather	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝		10½	11¼
65	50½	2,000	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	61½	61½	61⅛	61⅛	— ⅛	61⅛	61¾
96	72	1,900	Am. Ice (7)	76½	78	76½	76½	+ 1½	76½	77½
29⅞	17⅜	2,900	Am. International	26⅝	26⅞	25¾	25¾	— ⅛	25½	25⅝
12¾	10	100	Am. LaF. Fire Eng. (1)	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛	10⅞	11
45	30	100	Am. Linseed pf.	38½	38½	38½	38½		35	40
53⅜	70¼	3,100	Am. Locomotive (6)	80¾	80⅞	79⅝	79⅝	— ¾	79½	80
120⅞	116¾	100	Am. Locomotive pf. (7)	119¾	119¾	119¾	119¾		119	120
49½	38¾	700	Am. Metal (3)	46¾	46¾	45	45	— 1⅝	45	45¾
118¾	94⅛	900	Am. Radiator (4)	115¾	116⅛	115¼	116		115	116
		1,000	Am. Safety Razor (50c)	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		7⅛	7¾
78½	57½	5,600	Am. Sm. & Ref. (5)	74	74¾	73¾	73⅝	— ⅜	73½	73¾
105	90	100	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf. (7)	104	104	104	104		104	105
40½	33½	700	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	36½	36½	36⅝	36½	— ⅛	36	36¾
61⅛	38⅝	7,100	Am. Sugar Refining	48	49¾	46¾	47⅞	— ⅛	47⅝	48
99⅞	79	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf. (7)	91	91½	91	91½	+ 1	90	92⅜
130½	121⅞	3,500	Am. Tel. & Tel. (9)	127⅝	127⅞	127¼	127⅜	— ¼	127¼	127⅝
157	136⅝	1,400	Am. Tobacco (12)	151	152	149⅝	150	— 1	149½	151
153	135¼	1,300	Am. Tob. Class B (12)	149¼	149½	148	148½	— ⅝	147¾	148½
106⅛	101	100	Am. Tobacco pf. (6)	105⅞	105⅞	105½	105½	— ¼	105	105⅝
120	40	100	Am. W. Wks. & Elec.	113	113	113	113		110	113
78⅝	54⅜	65,200	Am. Woolen	56	57⅝	54⅜	55½	— 3⅝	55½	55¾
102⅝	96⅝	700	Am. Woolen pf. (7)	96⅞	97⅝	96⅞	97½	+ ⅝	97	101
10⅝	7	200	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	9¼	9¼	9	9	— ⅛	8	8¾
34⅞	24	400	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	29¾	29¾	29	29	— ⅛	27	29⅝
42	28¼	12,700	Anaconda Copper	38⅞	39⅝	36¾	37¼	— 2	37⅛	37¼
122	79	2,300	Associated Dry Goods (5)	117	117	114	115¾	— 1¼	115	116
34⅝	27½	900	Associated Oil (1¼)	28¼	28½	28¼	28¾	— ⅛	28	28¼
106⅝	97½	1,000	Atch., Top. & S. Fe (6)	104	104	103¾	103¾	— ¼	103¼	104¼
3¼	1⅝	500	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝		1⅝	2
137	112	900	Atlantic Coast Line (16)	132⅜	132¾	130¼	130⅝	— ½	130⅜	131½
21⅝	10⅝	100	Atlantic Gulf & W. Indies	15½	15½	15½	15½	— ⅛	14	15
22¾	12¾	500	Atl., Gulf & W. Indies pf.	19	19½	19	19	— ⅛	18	19¾
140⅝	78½	2,100	Atlantic Refining	85	87¾	85	85¾	— ⅛	85	86
118	109¼	100	Atlantic Refining pf. (7)	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	— 1	112	113
131	104⅝	26,400	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	121¾	122¾	119¾	119¾	— 2	119¼	119½
65	52⅜	6,300	Baltimore & Ohio (5)	62¾	62¾	60⅞	61¾	— ¼	61¾	62
61⅜	56¾	200	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	59⅝	59⅝	59½	59½	— ⅛	59	59½
21⅝	14	5,200	Barnsdall, Class A	16¾	17⅛	16¾	17⅛	— ⅛	17⅛	17⅜
16⅜	10	500	Barnsdall, Class B	12¾	12¾	12½	12½		12½	12⅝
58½	44⅜	900	Beech-Nut Packing (2.40)	52¾	52¾	51⅝	51⅝	— 1⅛	51⅝	52
52¾	41½	4,700	Bethlehem Steel	45	45	44⅜	44⅜	— ⅞	44½	44⅝
97	89½	300	Bethlehem Steel pf. (7)	93	93	93	93	+ ½	92	93½
15⅞	7¼	100	British Emp. Steel 2d pf.	9	9	9	9		8½	8¾
117½	107¾	300	Bklyn. Edison Electric (8)	115	115	115	115		115	116
29½	13¼	2,000	Bklyn.-Manhat. Transit	24⅜	25¼	24¼	24¾	— ¼	24¼	24⅝
72	48⅝	200	Bklyn.-Manh. Tran. pf.(6)	68	68	68	68		68	68½
104⅝	96⅝	3,600	Brooklyn Union Gas (4)	104⅝	104⅝	104	104	— ⅛	103	105
24	16	400	Burns Brothers (10)	23¾	23¾	23¼	23½	— ⅛	23¼	24
27	19½	200	Burns Bros. Cl. B (2)	25	25	25	25		25	26
20⅝	14	200	Butte & Superior	17	17	17	17	— ⅛	16½	17¼
28¾	17	100	Butterick Co.	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛	17⅝	17⅞
90	80	200	California Packing (6)	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	— ¼	87¼	87¾
29¼	19¼	2,100	California Petroleum (1⅜)	21	21¾	21	21¾	— ⅛	21½	21¾
107	92½	100	Calif. Petroleum pf. (7)	96	96	96	96		95	97
5⅞	2⅛	600	Callahan Zinc & Lead	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝		3½	4
54⅞	41⅜	100	Calumet & Ariz.	51½	51½	51½	51½	— ½	50½	52
19½	13¼	100	Calumet & Hecla (50c.)	16½	16½	16½	16½	— ⅛	16½	16⅝
154½	142⅜	1,400	Canadian Pacific (10)	146½	146⅝	145½	146⅝	+ ⅛	146⅜	146⅝
17⅞	9⅝	300	Central Leather Co.	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼		13¼	13⅝
52⅜	29¼	700	Central Leather Co. pf.	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜		46¾	47⅜
253½	199	100	Central R.R. of N.J. (112)	239¾	239¾	239¾	239¾		235	238
33½	25¾	100	Century Ribbon Mills (2)	27½	27½	27½	27½		27	28
49¾	34¾	3,500	Cerro de Pasco Copper (4)	46⅞	46⅞	45⅝	45⅝	— ¼	45⅜	46¼
36¾	24⅞	500	Certain-teed Products	33½	35	33¾	34½	+ 2⅜	34¼	35
66½	36⅛	15,700	Chandler Motor (6)	40⅝	40⅝	36⅝	37½	— 2	36½	37
92⅜	67⅜	3,200	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	86¾	86¾	85¼	85¼	— 1½	85	85½
109¼	99½	300	Chesapeake & Ohio pf.(6½)	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝		103	104½
6⅜	3⅛	500	Chicago & Alton	4¼	4¼	4	4		4	4¼
13⅞	8	200	Chicago & Alton pf.	11	11¼	10¾	10¾	— ⅛	10½	11½
29⅜	17⅝	200	Chicago & East. Illinois	28	28	27½	27½	— ¾	27½	28½
6	4	200	Chicago Great Western	6	6	6	6		5½	6
82⅞	70¾	2,100	Chicago Great Western pf.	15½	15⅞	15¾	15¾	— ¼	15½	15¾
97⅛	88¼	7,200	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	15½	15⅞	14⅝	14⅞	— ¼	14½	14¾
21⅝	12½	10,800	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	25	25¼	24¼	24¾	— ¼	24½	24⅝
69¾	53⅜	1,200	Chicago & N. W. (4)	62	62	60¾	60¾	— ¾	60½	60⅝
108	100	400	Chicago & N. W. pf. (7)	107	107¼	107	107	— 1	105	106
87⅜	79⅞	100	Chicago Pneu. Tool (5)	86¼	86⅞	86¼	86¾		86½	86¾
36¾	21½	3,800	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	30¾	30¾	29¾	29¾	— ½	29¾	30
91	76¾	100	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (7)	87	87	87	87		87	88
46	35	200	Chicago, St. P., M. & Omaha	43	43	43	43		43	46
61⅝	39	600	Chicago Yellow Cab (4)	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾	— ¼	45½	46
35½	25⅝	5,700	Chile Copper (2½)	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	— ¼	33¾	33⅞
23½	15	300	Chino Copper	22	22	21	21		20½	21
75½	58⅛	500	Cluett, Peabody (5)	59	59	58⅝	58⅝	— ⅛	58	59
73⅜	61	11,900	Coca-Cola (7)	76¾	76⅞	73⅞	74⅜	— 1⅝	74⅜	75
54½	24½	9,900	Colorado Fuel & Iron	34¾	35¼	34⅜	35⅛	— ⅛	35⅛	35⅜
37	20	100	Colorado Southern	34	34	34	34		33	36
60¾	50	100	Colorado South. 1st pf. (4)	59	59	59	59		58	59½
42⅝	33	6,100	Columbia Gas & E. (2.60)	41¾	42⅛	40⅝	40⅝	— ¾	40⅝	40¾
93	73	700	Coml. Inv. Trust pf. (7)	100¼	102	100¼	102	+ 1¼	100½	102
		300	Commercial Solvents A (4)	61½	61½	60⅝	60⅝	— ¼	60⅜	62
67⅜	40⅜	500	Commercial Solvents B	51	51½	50⅝	50⅝	— 1	50½	51
60	33	6,400	Congoleum Co. (3)	46	46	45¼	45¼	— ¾	45¼	46
66⅜	32⅜	200	Conley Tin Foil	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜		11⅜	13
14⅞	7⅞	300	Consolidated Cigar	18	18	18	18		17½	18
27⅜	11⅜	7,200	Consolidated Gas (5)	71⅜	71⅞	70¾	70¾	— ⅝	70¾	71
90¼	78	6,800	Consolidated Textile	8	8	8	8		7½	8
11⅛	8⅜	6,600	Continental Can (4)	56¼	57	55½	56⅜	+ ⅛	56	56½
43½	26½	1,100	Continental Motors (80c)	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝		6⅝	6⅝
19½	11½	7,400	Corn Products Ref. (2)	33¾	33¾	32¾	32¾	— ¼	32¾	33
95	53½	6,600	Cosden & Co.	26¾	27¾	26¼	26¾	— ¼	26¾	26¾
33	21	200	Cosden Co. pf. (7)	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	— ¼	83	84¼
71¾	48	100	Crex Carpet	31½	31½	31¼	31¼	— ¼	31	32
18	11⅝	6,800	Crucible Steel (4)	56¾	57	55½	55½	— 1	54½	55
77⅛	53⅝	1,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	14⅜	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛		14⅛	14⅝
36	22	5,500	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	64½	65⅛	63⅝	64	— ⅛	63⅝	64¼
96	66	4,200	Cuban Am. Sugar (3)	32½	32⅝	31⅜	31⅝	— ⅛	31⅜	32
100	96		Cuban Am. Sugar pf. (7)	99	99	99	99		96	99
74½	46⅝	4,000	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	49	50⅜	47⅝	50	+ ½	49¾	50
32¼	11	3,000	D. Boone Woolen Mills (3)	12	12¼	12	12⅜	— ⅛	12¼	12½
69¼	41	6,600	Davison Chemical	43¼	43¼	42¼	42¾	— ⅜	42¾	42⅝
134½	104⅛	200	Delaware & Hudson (6)	123¾	123¾	123¼	123½	— ⅜	123½	124½
143¾	110⅝	18,700	Del., Lack. & W. Coal. (6)	138	143⅞	138	140½	+ 2¼	139¾	140¾
110½	102¾	300	Detroit Edison Co. (8)	109	109¼	109	109½	+ ¼	109½	110
20¾	15	1,100	Dome Mines (2)	15⅝	15⅝	15	15	— ⅛	15	15⅛
12⅝	9⅝	400	Douglas-Pectin (1)	11	11	11	11		11	12
141½	112	6,600	Du Pont de N. (8) x d.	131¾	130⅝	126¾	127	— 2	126¼	127
90	85	900	Du Pont de Nem. deb. (6)	89½	89½	89½	89½	— ½	89¼	90⅜
112¼	104½	900	Eastman Kodak (17½)	109	110	108	108	— 1½	107⅝	108¼
24½	11	100	Easton Axle & Spg. (1.60)	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞		11	12
64	50½	800	Elec. Storage Bat. (4)	57⅜	57⅜	56⅝	56⅝	— ¾	56⅝	57¼
3½	2	500	Emerson Brantingham	2	2	2	2		2	3
35⅜	20⅜	7,000	Erie	29	29¼	28½	28½	— ¾	28½	29
42⅝	28⅜	5,000	Erie 1st pf.	40	40¾	39½	39½	— ¾	39	40
		200	Erie 2d pf.	39⅛	39⅞	39⅛	39⅞	— ¾		39
26⅞	25¼	100	Fairbanks-Morse (2.60)	28½	28½	28¼	28¼	— ¼	28	28½
87⅞	61	27,000	Fam. Players-Lasky (8)	78½	79¾	74½	76	— 3½	76	76¾
97⅞	87¼		Fam. Players-L. pf. (8)	95	95	95	95	— 2½	92	96
54⅝	41⅞	200	Fam. Players-L. pf. (7)	51	51	49¾	49¾	— 2½	49¾	51
18⅝	9½	700	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf. (7)	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝		10½	12
12	10⅝	100	Fifth Av. Bus (60c)	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛	10⅞	11
223½	163	100	Fifth Av. Bus cfs. of dep.	183	183	183	183	— 2	180	185
16⅞	8½	300	Fisher Body (10)	9	9	8¾	8¾	— ⅛	8¾	8¾
63⅞	38¼	900	Fisk Rubber 1st pf.	63	63	62¾	62⅞	— ⅛	62	62¾
73⅝	44½	400	Fisk Rubber 1st pf.	63	63	62¾	62⅞	— 1	61	62¾
88	66½	6,200	Fleischmann Co. (1¾)	72	72⅝	69¾	71	— ¼	71	71½
13⅞	8	7,800	Foundation Co. (6)	85⅞	87	84¾	85½	+ ½	85¼	86
		1,800	Freeport-Texas	8	8½	8	8		8	8¼
47⅝	31¾	3,700	General Asphalt	42½	43½	40½	41½	— ½	40½	41¾
91	73⅜	100	General Asphalt pf. (5)	83	83	83	83	— 1	83	83¾
130	96	500	General Baking (6)	125	125½	123¾	124	— ¼	124	129
87⅝	66	100	General Cigar (8)	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	— ¼	86	87⅝
281	193¼	14,000	General Electric (8)	261	263	255½	256	— 4½	256	256½
14	11	700	Gen. Electric Special (60c)	11	11⅜	11	11⅛	+ ⅛	11	11⅜
17⅝	14⅝	6,700	General Motors (1.20)	14⅝	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛	14⅜	14⅝
98	96	200	General Motors pf. (7)	96½	96½	96½	96½		96	97
43⅝	40⅜	7,700	General Petroleum (2)	40⅝	41⅞	40⅝	40½	+ ⅛	40½	40⅝
59⅝	56⅝	55		56⅝	55	55	55	— ½	55	59½
103	80	800	Gimbel Brothers	103	103	103	103	— ¾	102½	103
39⅜	23⅛	200	Gimbel Brothers pf. (7)	37⅞	38	37½	37½	— ⅜	37½	40
30⅝	21½	200	Gold Dust	23¾	24	23¾	23¾	— ⅛	23¾	24
24⅞	16⅝	100	Goldwyn Pictures	23⅛	23⅝	23	23	— 1	23	23½
30⅝	23⅛	200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	23¼	23⅝	23	23	— ⅛	23	23½
82	58⅝	300	Goodrich (B. F.) pf. (7)	80	80¼

TO OPPOSE PLANS OF VAN SWERINGENS

Holders of Nickel Plate Preferred and C. & O. Shares Forming Protective Committee.

TO DEMAND BETTER TERMS

Aided by Counsel That Obtained Highest Price for Stocks in Former Consolidations.

Aaron Marx of Godfrey & Marx, 42 Broadway, announced yesterday that a stockholders' protective committee was being formed by holders of Nickel Plate preferred stock and of common and preferred stock of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad Company. The purpose of the committee, according to Mr. Marx, will be to oppose either before the Interstate Commerce Commission or in the courts the proposed unification plan of the Van Sweringens.

The consolidation plan submitted by the Van Sweringens the first of this week includes the leasing of the Nickel Plate, the Erie, the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Pere Marquette and the Hocking Valley for 999 years.

In a formal statement to the stockholders of the Nickel Plate and the Chesapeake & Ohio, who are asked to join with them, the firm of Godfrey & Marx said:

"Certain stockholders of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company and the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad Company have formed a protective committee in order to obtain for themselves and for those joining with them more favorable terms than those offered by the proposed unification plan.

"To protect their interests and to prosecute their rights the committee has retained the same counsel who on the prior consolidation of Nickel Plate obtained for the stockholders joining the committee $102 for the first preferred, $80 for second preferred and 891¼ for common stock.

Want a Higher Price.

"The committee is advised and believes that the New York, Chicago & St. Louis preferred shareholders are entitled to receive under the unification plan $110 per share. As to the Chesapeake & Ohio stockholders, the committee believes that they are entitled to much greater consideration than now offered. To secure and enforce these rights the committee is prepared to apply to the Interstate Commerce Commission and the courts.

"A person purchasing stock during the progress of the unification plan is to be regarded as a stockholder and is entitled to join this committee.

"Any stockholders of the above companies desiring to join this committee may, upon application to the undersigned, obtain a copy of the printed agreement containing the objections to the proposed unification plan and their legal rights.

"It is in the opinion of the committee vitally important at this time that the present stockholders of the above companies refrain from signing proxies until they have carefully considered the points raised by this committee."

Counsel for the proposed Protective Committee said yesterday that one of the objections to the plan would be that it was not a unification, as the Van Sweringens say, but a merger. They will contend that the leasing provision and the unification idea are used merely to prevent the stockholders from obtaining the rights to which they would be entitled if the property had been merged.

Preparing the Objections.

At the offices of the attorneys it was said that the objections to the plan had not been completed, but would probably be ready to be made public next week. Representatives of the firm declined to discuss the amount of stock they had on deposit at the present time.

When the Van Sweringens pieced together the present Nickel Plate System from the old Nickel Plate, the Clover Leaf and the Lake Erie & Western, Walter E. Godfrey represented a stockholders' committee which protested against the merger and carried their case to the courts. On July 20, 1923, Mr. Godfrey announced that stockholders who represented 20,000 shares of stock had settled with the Van Sweringen interests for $102 for each share of first preferred stock, $80 for second preferred stock and 891¼ for the common stock, which was a considerable advance over the Van Sweringen offer. According to the information obtained yesterday many of these stockholders took the money they received in that settlement and reinvested it in the Nickel Plate securities. They are expected to be among the objectors to the present plan.

From men in close touch with the Nickel Plate unification it was learned that the plans were progressing as rapidly as expected. A goodly number of proxies already have been received.

TRACTION SYSTEM SOLD.

Buffalo & Lake Erie Lines Bring $900,000 in Bonds at Auction.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The Buffalo and Lake Erie Traction Company and its subsidiaries were sold at auction today to John McNaughton of the Equitable Trust Company of New York, acting for J. R. McDonald, President of the First National Bank of Erie, Pa. The consideration was said to have been $900,000 in bonds. The bond total of the company is $7,000,000.

The company will be divided into Buffalo and Erie divisions. Mr. McDonald heads the syndicate which will operate the Erie end of that division, and A. R. Meyers will be President of the Erie system. A committee of bondholders will operate the interurban lines, including the Hamburg branch.

The traction company has been in receivership for nine years. The sale was brought about by a bondholders foreclosure action.

Trunk Line Roads Confer Again.

Further meetings of the trunk line railroads, including representatives of the New York Central, the Pennsylvania, the Baltimore & Ohio and the new Nickel Plate, were held during the week, according to reports in the financial district yesterday, in an effort to iron out difficulties relative to proposed consolidations.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
20 railroads	97.92	96.51	97.74	— .20
20 industrials	116.07	114.09	114.89	—1.26
50 stocks	93.96	92.05	92.81	—1.29

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Sept. 4	94.71	93.47	93.60	—1.08
Sept. 5	95.52	94.52	94.66	— .94
Sept. 6	96.04	95.19	95.52	— .18
Sept. 1	Holiday.			
Aug. 30	95.37	93.97	95.05	+ .82
Aug. 29	94.36	93.97	94.90	+ .53

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Sept.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	96.04	Sep. 6	92.05	Sep. 5	92.31
1923	92.04	Sep. 11	78.33	Sep. 29	78.76
1922	90.22	Sep. 13	84.49	Sep. 29	85.35
1921	89.64	Sep. 14	81.12	Sep. 1	85.16
1920	86.36	Sep. 20	79.34	Sep. 1	80.69

YEARLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

*1924	97.17	Aug. 20	92.35	Apr. 22	92.31
*1923	92.53	Mar. 6	77.32	July 5	92.36

Full Years.

1922	92.53	Mar. 6	77.15	Oct. 29	84.15
1921	93.06	Oct. 15	66.21	Jan. 10	86.53
1921	78.13	May 6	66.35	June 21	68.50
1920	94.07	Apr. 8	82.70	Dec. 21	87.80
1919	90.59	Nov. 8	83.73	Jan. 21	89.69

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	—$0.57	+.03	—.54 +2.74

DAILY RANGE OF 40 DOMESTIC BONDS.

Sept. 4	...$0.54	+.12	Aug. 28	...$0.34	+.04
Sept. 5	...0.42	—.08	Aug. 27	...0.30	+.01
Sept. 2	...0.47	—.01	Aug. 26	...0.10	—.03
Sept. 1	...Holiday		Aug. 25	...0.26	—.23
Aug. 30	...0.48	+.13	Aug. 23	...0.29	—.03
Aug. 29	...0.36	+.13	Aug. 22	...0.32	—.00

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	$1.62	July 26	$0.25	Jan. 2	$0.57
†1923	79.43	Jan. 2	75.95	July 5	76.35

Full Years.

1922	79.43	Jan. 2	75.59	Oct. 2	79.71
1922	82.54	Aug. 22	76.01	Jan. 3	79.13
1921	76.31	Nov. 29	67.56	June 30	75.27
1920	78.14	Oct. 21	66.57	May 21	66.86
1919	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 7	72.00

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 Govt. issues	...101.42	—.14	+.15 +2.32

DAILY RANGE OF 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

Sept. 4	...101.56	—.16	Aug. 26	...101.33	—.19
Sept. 5	...101.72	—.03	Aug. 25	...101.52	—.09
Sept. 2	...101.75	+.12	Aug. 23	...101.61	
Sept. 1	...Holiday		Aug. 22	...101.61	—.18
Aug. 30	...101.63	+.03	Aug. 21	...101.24	—.10
Aug. 29	...101.60	+.10	Aug. 20	...101.64	—.09
Aug. 28	...101.50	+.06	Aug. 19	...101.95	+.13
Aug. 27	...101.24	—.09	Aug. 18	...101.80	+.06

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	...101.93	Aug. 14	97.31	Jan. 5	101.42
†1923	...101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 20	99.29

Full Year.

1922	...101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 20	97.35

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

WEEK'S NEW BONDS TOTAL $77,170,000

Chief Issues $30,000,000 for Belgium and $26,000,000 for Canadian National Railway.

$8,370,000 FOR UTILITIES

State and Municipal Output Drops to $6,580,000—No Industrial Offerings.

Although this week contained a holiday, the amount of new bond issues floated slightly exceeded the total for the previous week. This week's total was $77,170,000, comparing with $73,229,500 last week. The greater part of this week's total was accounted for in the flotation of two issues, $30,000,000 for Belgium and $26,000,000 for the Canadian National Railways. Both offerings were readily sold.

By groups this week's offerings compared as follows with those of last week:

	This Week.	Last Week.
Foreign	$31,580,000	$23,000,000
Railroad	25,790,000	16,000,000
Public Utility	8,370,000	21,500,000
State and Municipal	6,580,000	8,729,500
Miscellaneous	960,000	.....
Industrial	.....	4,000,000
Total	$77,170,000	$73,229,500

Further decline in the total of new State and municipal issues was a feature of the current week. Save for a $12,500,000 issue of New York State bonds to be awarded this month, there is little new business of this kind in prospect, although the market for tax-exempt bonds continues strong. Foreign and railroad financing is expected to continue heavy.

No new offerings are on the books of investment bankers today. S. W. Straus & Co., who recently sold $250,000 Massee apartment bonds (Macon, Ga.), announced yesterday that permanent first mortgage serial coupon gold bonds of that issue were ready for exchange for interim certificates outstanding.

WOOLWORTH SALES GAIN.

Advance in August is 13.11% Above Same Month in 1923.

The statement of gross sales of the F. W. Woolworth Company for August and for the eight months of the current year show large gains compared with the same periods last year. The August figures show a gross of $14,924,334, a gain of 13.11 per cent. compared with the total of $14,964,716 reported last August. For the eight months the company reports a gross of $124,170,209, a gain of 12.20 per cent. compared with the total of $110,668,615 reported in the first eight months of 1923.

The company reports an increase in sales in every section of the country. The gain in the Western section, according to officials, was unusually favorable. Of the August increase old stores accounted for $1,118,410, or 7.47 per cent. compared with the sales of these stores reported last year. For the eight months' old stores reported an increase of $3,194,672, or 7.40 per cent.

The J. C. Penney Company, Inc., reports gross sales of $5,276,281 for August, against $4,289,062 in August last year. For the eight months this company reports gross sales of $39,693,651, against $32,915,536 in the same period in 1923.

AMERICAN ICE CO.'S REPORT.

Net Profit of $344,450 in Eight Months Ended June 30.

The American Ice Company reports that during the eight months ended June 30, 1924, it had gross sales of $7,541,858 and net profits of $344,450, after all expenses and bond interest but before reserves for depreciation and Federal taxes. The eight months' report was issued by the company in view of the change in the fiscal year from July 1 to June 30.

The balance sheet on June 30, 1924, showed a profit and loss surplus of $9,130,101, against $8,497,942 on Oct. 31, 1923, the date of the last official annual report. Cash on hand amounted to $729,414, against $855,788; notes and accounts receivable $1,625,839, against $1,156,494; inventories valued at $1,602,-606, against $680,771, and good-will and other assets, $17,182,063, against $17,-175,012. Among the liabilities the company reports accounts payable of $1,001,-864, against $1,303,519; notes payable $3,052,000, against none last October.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1924.

	1924.	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
Day's Sales—					
United States Government bonds	$987,900	$2,580,850	$2,698,350	$2,444,500	$4,479,500
Other domestic bonds	5,845,600	3,016,000	9,413,000	2,157,000	3,279,000
Foreign bonds	1,996,000	1,326,500	2,237,500	706,500	1,013,500
Total all bonds	$8,779,500	$6,992,850	$14,348,850	$5,307,000	$8,763,000
Year to Date—					
United States Government bonds	$664,053,160	$545,295,330	$1,211,852,302	$1,267,746,830	$1,910,906,000
Other domestic bonds	1,485,987,800	1,070,070,400	1,854,271,900	587,919,700	415,961,500
Foreign bonds	875,222,000	321,934,900	437,238,800	212,080,700	194,048,300
Total all bonds	$2,525,212,960	$1,937,301,130	$3,003,363,002	$2,067,747,030	$2,520,915,800

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue— High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range— 1924— High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing— Bid.	Asked.	Yield
102.1	Oct. 10'22	98.1	June 13'21	101.30	99.22	10	Liberty 4½s, 1932-47	...100.28	100.30	100.30	100.30	+.3	100.27	100.28	3.97
102.28	Oct. 10'22	98.4	July 13'21	101.30	99.30	...	Liberty 4½s, registered	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
102.13	Aug. 15'24	95.00	May 19'20	102.13	96.27	...	Liberty 4s, 1927-42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	101.20	101.00	3.74
102.6	July 29'24	93.25	May 19'20	102.6	97.20	...	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, reg	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
102.13	July 8'24	91.13	May 20'20	102.13	98.5	...	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.26	101.4	3.66
101.16	July 22'24	91.15	May 21'20	101.16	98.5	...	Liberty 3d 4s, reg	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
103.00	Aug. 15'24	90.00	June 9'20	103.00	98.20	2	Liberty 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, '32-47	101.12	101.12	101.12	101.12	...	101.12	101.26	.....
102.21	Aug. 15'24	94.00	May 21'20	102.21	98.8	25½	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, '32-47	101.27	101.29	101.28	101.28	+.1	101.27	101.28	3.91
102.14	July 25'24	94.00	July 20'20	102.14	98.4	1	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg	101.22	101.22	101.22	101.22	+.4	.....	.....	.....
102.00	July 29'24	91.12	May 20'20	102.00	98.4	239	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, '27-42	101.1	101.5	101.1	101.4	+.1	101.1	101.2	3.87
101.27	Aug. 1'24	95.16	Dec. 23'20	101.27	99.5	5	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg	100.31	100.31	100.31	100.31	+.3	.....	.....	.....
102.27	Aug. 1'24	88.00	Dec. 20'20	102.27	99.8	162	Liberty 3d 4¼s, 1928	102.00	102.00	102.00	102.4	...	102.2	102.3	3.69
102.21	Aug. 5'24	92.12	May 19'20	102.21	99.8	2	Liberty 3d 4¼s, reg	102.00	102.00	102.00	102.00	—.1	.....	.....	.....
103.00	Aug. 9'24	83.00	May 20'20	103.00	98.8	1804	Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	101.31	102.2	101.31	102.1	+.1	102.1	102.2	3.86
102.23	Aug. 9'24	94.15	May 20'20	102.23	98.8	...	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
102.4	Aug. 12'24	94.15	May 20'20	102.4	98.6	316	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	104.29	105.00	104.29	104.31	+.4	104.30	105.1	3.82
105.30	Aug. 14'24	98.20	Apr. 22'23	105.30	99.13	...	Treasury 4¼s, registered	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Beginning March 22, 1923, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1924 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine s f 6s, Ser A, 1957 ... 98½ 98½ 98½
Austrian Gov gtd s f 7s, 1943 ... 103⅝ 103⅝ 103⅝
7s, 1927 ... 103 103 103
Belgian 8s, 1945 ... 81½ 81½ 81½
7s, 1955 ... 97 97 97
City Berne 8s, 1945 ... 105¾ 105¾ 105¾
City Bordeaux 6s, 1934 ... 88¾ 88¾ 88¾
City Buenos Aires s f 6s, 1960 ... 97⅛ 97⅛ 97⅛
City Christiania 6s, 1949 ... 97 97 97
City Copenhagen 5½s, 1944 ... 94½ 94½ 94½
City Greater Prague 7½s, 1952 ... 90½ 90½ 90½
City Lyons 6s, 1934 ... 88¾ 88¾ 88¾
City Marseilles 6s, 1934 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
City Montevideo s f 7s, 1952 ... 98 98 98
Dom Rep 5½s, 1942, interim ctfs ... 90 90 90
City Rio de Janeiro s f 6s, 1946 ... 90½ 90½ 90½
City Rotterdam s f 6s, 1964, int ctfs ... 98½ 98½ 98½
City of Sao Paulo s f 8s, 1952, int rcts ... 97⅛ 97⅛ 97⅛
City Soissons 6s, 1936 ... 87 87 87
City Tokio 5s, 1953 ... 85¼ 85¼ 85¼
City Zurich 5s, 1945 ... 112¾ 112¾ 112¾
Czechoslovak Rep 8s, 1951 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
Dom of Can 5½s, 1929 ... 103⅝ 103⅝ 103⅝
5s, 1926 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
5s, 1931 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
5s, 1952 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
Dutch East Indies s f 6½s, 1953 ... 103⅝ 103⅝ 103⅝
French Gov 7½s, 1941 ... 102¼ 102¼ 102¼
7s ... 101⅝ 101⅝ 101⅝
6½s ... 101⅝ 101⅝ 101⅝
6s, 1925 ... 100⅛ 100⅛ 100⅛
5s, 1945 ... 94⅞ 94⅞ 94⅞
German Bk of Com 6½s, 1946 ... 100⅝ 100⅝ 100⅝
Jap Gov 4s sterling loan, 1931 ... 83⅜ 83⅜ 83⅜
temp s f 6½s, 1924 ... 99⅝ 99⅝ 99⅝
King of Denmark 4s, 1942 ... 92⅝ 92⅝ 92⅝
4s, 1945 ... 92⅝ 92⅝ 92⅝
King of Hung s f 7½s, 1944 int rcts ... 88 88 88
5s ... 88½ 88½ 88½
Kingdom of Belgium 6s, 1925 ... 100⅝ 100⅝ 100⅝
6½s, w i ... 100⅝ 100⅝ 100⅝
1st 7½s, 1945 ... 100⅝ 100⅝ 100⅝
5s ... 94⅜ 94⅜ 94⅜
4½s ... 89⅝ 89⅝ 89⅝
4s ... 84⅜ 84⅜ 84⅜
s f 6s, 1972 ... 89¾ 89¾ 89¾
King Sweden 6s, 1939 ... 105⅝ 105⅝ 105⅝
5s ... 105⅝ 105⅝ 105⅝
4½s ... 99⅝ 99⅝ 99⅝
King of Norway s f 6s, 1943 ... 98 98 98
7s ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
6s ... 97⅝ 97⅝ 97⅝
5s ... 94¾ 94¾ 94¾
4s ... 83¾ 83¾ 83¾
Paris-Lyons-Med R R 6s, 1958 ... 81¾ 81¾ 81¾
5s ... 81¾ 81¾ 81¾
4s ... 81¾ 81¾ 81¾
Paulista Ry 1st s f 7s, Ser A, 1942 ... 95½ 95½ 95½
Rep Bolivia s f 8s, 1947 ... 93¾ 93¾ 93¾
8s, 1940 ... 93¾ 93¾ 93¾
Rep Colombia 6½s, 1927 ... 90½ 90½ 90½
Rep Cuba s f 5s, 1953 ... 89½ 89½ 89½
5½s, 1953, int ctfs ... 90 90 90
Rep Haiti s f 6s, Ser A ... 50½ 50½ 50½
Rep Mexico 1904-54, assented ... 19⅛ 19⅛ 19⅛
small assented ... 21¼ 21¼ 21¼
5s, 1945, assented ... 33¾ 33¾ 33¾
4s, 1910, assented ... 20¾ 20¾ 20¾
Rep of El Salvador s f 8s, Ser A, 1948 ... 104 104 104
Rep of Uruguay s f 8s, 1946 ... 106 106 106
State of Cundinal'd 6s, 1947 ... 103⅜ 103⅜ 103⅜
6s, Ser C, 1935 ... 103⅜ 103⅜ 103⅜
Rep Chile s f 8s, 1941 ... 106 106 106
6s, 1942 ... 106¾ 106¾ 106¾
6s, 1943 ... 112⅝ 112⅝ 112⅝
Rep Serbs, Croats & Slovenes 8s, 1962 ... 90¼ 90¼ 90¼
5s ... 80¼ 80¼ 80¼
4s ... 80¼ 80¼ 80¼
Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946 ... 97⅝ 97⅝ 97⅝
15-20s, 1934 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
State of San Paulo s f 8s, 1936 ... 103¼ 103¼ 103¼
Swiss Confederation s f 8s, 1940 ... 113¼ 113¼ 113¼
Switzerland Gov extl loan 5½s, 1946 ... 98⅝ 98⅝ 98⅝
5s ... 98⅝ 98⅝ 98⅝
4½s ... 98⅝ 98⅝ 98⅝
4s ... 98⅝ 98⅝ 98⅝
Un Kingdom of Gt Brit & Ire cv 5½s, 1929 ... 110 110 110
5s ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
5s (c) ... 81¾ 81¾ 81¾
4½s ... 81¾ 81¾ 81¾
U Steamship of Copenhagen s f 6s, 1937 ... 104¾ 104¾ 104¾
Uruguay 8s, 1937 interim ctfs ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
6s, 1937 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
U S of Brazil 7½s, 1952 ... 101 101 101
8s, 1941 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
conv deb 6s, 1943 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
5s ... 98¼ 98¼ 98¼
U S of Brazil Cent Rys of Brazil Elec 7s, 1952 ... 110 110 110
5s (c) ... 81¾ 81¾ 81¾
4s ... 81¾ 81¾ 81¾
U Steamship of Copenhagen s f 6s, 1937 interim ctfs ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
6s, 1937 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
Uruguay 8s, 1946 ... 104 104 104
6s, 1946 ... 97⅝ 97⅝ 97⅝
Vienna 6½s, 1943 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
Yokohama 6s, 1961 ... 97 97 97

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Y City 4s, 1959 ... 99¼ 99¼ 99¼
4½s, Nov, 1957 ... 99¾ 99¾ 99¾
2 ... 106 106 106
Adams Expr 4s, 1948 ... 83 83 83
Ajax Rub s f 8s, 1936 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
Alb & Susq 3½s, 1946 ... 81½ 81½ 81½
Am Ag Ch cv 5s, 1928 ... 98 98 98
2 ... 98 98 98
1s77 ... 98¼ 98¼ 98¼
7½s, 1941 ... 98¼ 98¼ 98¼
2 ... 98¼ 98¼ 98¼
3 ... 98¼ 98¼ 98¼
17 ... 93½ 93½ 93½
4 ... 93¾ 93¾ 93¾
Am Smelt&Ref 1st 5s, 1947 ... 97¾ 97¾ 97¾
2 ... 98⅜ 98⅜ 98⅜
1 ... 93⅞ 93⅞ 93⅞
1 ... 94 94 94
2 ... 93⅝ 93⅝ 93⅝
1 ... 93⅜ 93⅜ 93⅜
2 ... 93⅜ 93⅜ 93⅜
1 ... 93⅞ 93⅞ 93⅞
6s ... 103¼ 103¼ 103¼
1 ... 103 103 103
Am Sugar Ref 6s, 1937 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
1 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
10 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
3 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929 ... 97⅝ 97⅝ 97⅝
col tr 5s, 1946 ... 101⅜ 101⅜ 101⅜
6 ... 101⅜ 101⅜ 101⅜
2 ... 101⅜ 101⅜ 101⅜
s f 5½s, 1943 ... 102¼ 102¼ 102¼
3 ... 102¼ 102¼ 102¼
10 ... 102¼ 102¼ 102¼
4s, issue 1909 ... 81½ 81½ 81½
Rocky Mt Div 4s, '65 ... 84¼ 84¼ 84¼
1 ... 84¼ 84¼ 84¼
Trans S L 4s, 1958 ... 84¾ 84¾ 84¾
All Cat Line 1st 4s, 1953 ... 89¼ 89¼ 89¼
gen 4½s, 1965 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
6 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
Atl & Dan 4s, 1948 ... 67⅝ 67⅝ 67⅝
Atl & Dan 2d 4s ... 65 65 65
1 ... 64½ 64½ 64½
Balt & Ohio p l 3½s, '25 ... 100 100 100
5 ... 100 100 100
p l 5½s, 1925 reg ... 100¼ 100¼ 100¼
3 ... 99⅝ 99⅝ 99⅝
gold 4s, 1948 ... 87¾ 87¾ 87¾
10 ... 87¼ 87¼ 87¼
16 ... 87⅜ 87⅜ 87⅜
8 ... 87¼ 87¼ 87¼
20 ... 87⅜ 87⅜ 87⅜
3 ... 87⅜ 87⅜ 87⅜
4½s, 1933 ... 85½ 85½ 85½
5 ... 88⅝ 88⅝ 88⅝
5 ... 89 89 89
14 ... 89⅜ 89⅜ 89⅜
ref 5s, 1995 ... 85⅜ 85⅜ 85⅜
3 ... 84⅞ 84⅞ 84⅞
6s, 1926 ... 100¼ 100¼ 100¼
15 ... 102⅝ 102⅝ 102⅝
ref & gen 6s, 1995 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
7 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
7 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
1 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
8 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
4 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
5 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
S W Div 3½s, 1925 ... 99⅞ 99⅞ 99⅞
12 ... 99⅞ 99⅞ 99⅞
Bell Tel of Pa 6½s, 1947 ... 99¼ 99¼ 99¼
ref 5s, 1948 ... 98⅜ 98⅜ 98⅜
4 ... 100⅜ 100⅜ 100⅜
5 ... 100⅜ 100⅜ 100⅜
1 ... 100 100 100
Beth Stl ext 5s, 1926 ... 100⅛ 100⅛ 100⅛
4 ... 101⅛ 101⅛ 101⅛
9 ... 101 101 101
1 ... 100⅜ 100⅜ 100⅜
Canadian Gen Elec deb 6s, 1942, Ser A ... 100⅜ 100⅜ 100⅜
Canadian Nor 6½s, 1946 ... 116½ 116½ 116½
10 ... 116¾ 116¾ 116¾
5 ... 116¾ 116¾ 116¾
Can Pac 4sb 4s, perp ... 80¾ 80¾ 80¾
5 ... 80¾ 80¾ 80¾
1 ... 80¾ 80¾ 80¾
3 ... 80¾ 80¾ 80¾
18 ... 84¼ 84¼ 84¼
10 ... 84¼ 84¼ 84¼
2 ... 84¼ 84¼ 84¼
1 ... 84½ 84½ 84½
2 ... 84½ 84½ 84½
Dom Rep 5½s, 1942, interim ctfs ... 90 90 90
Dom of Can 6½s, 1920 ... 103⅝ 103⅝ 103⅝
1 ... 103⅝ 103⅝ 103⅝
2 ... 103⅝ 103⅝ 103⅝
3 ... 103⅝ 103⅝ 103⅝
5s, 1931 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
2 ... 102¼ 102¼ 102¼
1 ... 102¼ 102¼ 102¼
Dutch East Indies s f 6½s, 1953 ... 103⅝ 103⅝ 103⅝
1 ... 83 83 83
temp s f 6½s, 1924 ... 99⅝ 99⅝ 99⅝
French Gov 7½s, 1941 ... 102¼ 102¼ 102¼
7 ... 102 102 102
1 ... 101⅝ 101⅝ 101⅝
11 ... 102 102 102
13c ... 101⅝ 101⅝ 101⅝
10 ... 101½ 101½ 101½
1 ... 101¾ 101¾ 101¾
8s, 1945 ... 94⅞ 94⅞ 94⅞
16 ... 106 106 106
1 ... 106 106 106
1 ... 105⅞ 105⅞ 105⅞
15 ... 105⅞ 105⅞ 105⅞
10 ... 105⅝ 105⅝ 105⅝
1 ... 106 106 106
5 ... 106 106 106
German Bk of Com 6½s, 1946 ... 100⅝ 100⅝ 100⅝
Jap Gov 4s sterling loan, 1931 ... 83⅜ 83⅜ 83⅜
1 ... 83 83 83
temp s f 6½s, 1924 ... 99⅝ 99⅝ 99⅝
King of Denmark 4s, 1942 ... 92⅝ 92⅝ 92⅝
22 ... 92⅝ 92⅝ 92⅝
2 ... 92⅝ 92⅝ 92⅝
4s, 1945 ... 92⅝ 92⅝ 92⅝
King of Hung s f 7½s, 1944 int rcts ... 88 88 88
8 ... 88½ 88½ 88½
45 ... 88 88 88
5 ... 88¼ 88¼ 88¼
40 ... 88 88 88
King of Norway s f 6s, 1944 ... 98 98 98
Kingdom of Belgium 6s, 1925 ... 100⅝ 100⅝ 100⅝
14 ... 100⅝ 100⅝ 100⅝
1s77 ... 100⅝ 100⅝ 100⅝
5 ... 94⅜ 94⅜ 94⅜
20 ... 94⅜ 94⅜ 94⅜
5 ... 94⅜ 94⅜ 94⅜
16 ... 94⅜ 94⅜ 94⅜
8 ... 94⅜ 94⅜ 94⅜
s f 6s, 1972 ... 89¾ 89¾ 89¾
4 ... 89¾ 89¾ 89¾
4 ... 89¾ 89¾ 89¾
2 ... 89¾ 89¾ 89¾
King Sweden 6s, 1939 ... 105⅝ 105⅝ 105⅝
5 ... 105⅝ 105⅝ 105⅝
15 ... 106 106 106
10 ... 105⅝ 105⅝ 105⅝
10 ... 105⅝ 105⅝ 105⅝
10 ... 106⅛ 106⅛ 106⅛
King of Norway s f 6s, 1943 ... 98 98 98
2 ... 98¼ 98¼ 98¼
2 ... 98¼ 98¼ 98¼
1 ... 98¼ 98¼ 98¼
7½s, 1945 ... 107 107 107
1 ... 107 107 107
Bankers Trust ctfs of dep ... 83¾ 83¾ 83¾
20 ... 43 43 43
Farmers Loan & Trust rects ... 43¾ 43¾ 43¾
Det Edison 6s, 1940 ... 90 90 90
1 ... 90 90 90
1st & ref 6s, 1949 ... 91 91 91
17 ... 106¼ 106¼ 106¼
1 ... 106¼ 106¼ 106¼
Det United 5s, 1932 ... 106 106 106
Du Pont deNem 7½s, 1931 ... 106¼ 106¼ 106¼
Duquesne Lt col tr 6s, 1949 ... 105 105 105
11 ... 104⅝ 104⅝ 104⅝
5 ... 104⅝ 104⅝ 104⅝
1st 5½s, 1940 ... 102¾ 102¾ 102¾
1 ... 102¾ 102¾ 102¾
10 ... 102¼ 102¼ 102¼
E Tenn reorg Ren 5s, 1956 ... 96¾ 96¾ 96¾
E Tenn V & G con 1st 5s, 1956 ... 97 97 97
1 ... 100 100 100
Eastern Cuba Sug 7½s, 1937 ... 106⅜ 106⅜ 106⅜
5 ... 109⅝ 109⅝ 109⅝
Empire Gas & Fuel 7½s, Ser A, 1937 ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
4 ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
1s77 ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
8s77 ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
2 ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
1 ... 96 96 96
1 (3) ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
1 ... 96 96 96
1s77 ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
1 ... 96 96 96
1 ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
1 ... 96 96 96
1 ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
1 ... 96 96 96
1 ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
1 ... 96 96 96
1 ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
1 ... 96 96 96
1 ... 95¾ 95¾ 95¾
Erie 1st con 4s, 1996 ... 71 71 71
1 ... 71¼ 71¼ 71¼
1st gen 4s, 1996 ... 64½ 64½ 64½
31 ... 64½ 64½ 64½
5 ... 64½ 64½ 64½
15 ... 64½ 64½ 64½
2 ... 64½ 64½ 64½
5 ... 64½ 64½ 64½
cons 6s, 1935 ... 90 90 90
Fed Light & Trac 6s stamped, 1942 ... 87 87 87
Fisk Rubber s f 8s, 1941 ... 103½ 103½ 103½
Florida East Coast

GASOLINE DEMAND SETS A NEW MARK

Consumption by Motorists in July Decreases Surplus by 132,000,000 Gallons.

OUTPUT ABOVE LAST YEAR'S

Only 5,000,000 Gallons More Produced Than in June, but 107,000,000 More Are Used.

Consumption of gasoline, due to the demands of motorists, established a new high record during the month of July, according to the figures just published by the Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior, at Washington. As a result, the surplus stocks of gasoline dropped 132,000,000 gallons during the month and left on Aug. 1 a supply equal to only fifty-seven days' consumption based upon the July figures, compared with a fifty-four days' supply reported on hand at the close of July, 1923.

The detailed report of the Bureau of Mines showed surplus stocks of gasoline aggregating 1,466,558,939 gallons on Aug. 1, 1924. This total represents a drop of 132,290,280 gallons compared with July 1, 1924, but an increase of 281,000,000 gallons in surplus stocks compared with Aug. 1, 1923. Despite the large increase in surplus compared with last year, there was only a slight change in the available supply compared with consumption.

The figures of daily consumption and production in July show that the consumption averaged 25,615,898 gallons, a gain of 11.9 per cent. compared with June, while production averaged 23,954,671 barrels, a decrease of 2.6 per cent. compared with June, but a gain of 16½ per cent. compared with July last year. Total consumption of gasoline in July aggregated 794,034,852 gallons, an increase of 107,000,000 gallons compared with June and total production amounted to 741,976,813 gallons, or 5,000,000 gallons more than in June and 103,000,000 gallons more than July last year.

The figures of the department are based upon the reports received from 254 operating refineries in the country, capable of handling 2,225,472 barrels of crude oil daily. There refineries ran to stills a daily average of 1,706,711 barrels of both foreign and domestic crude, equal to 77 per cent. of their operating capacity, a reduction of 2 per cent. in refinery operations compared with June and a reduction of 1 per cent. compared with July last year.

Production of kerosene amounted to 194,201,141 gallons in July, a daily average of 6,264,552 gallons, an increase of 2.6 per cent compared with June. The demand for kerosene in July declined, a natural development at that season of the year, and resulted in an increase of 7,834,382 gallons in the surplus stocks at the close of the month. Production of fuel and gas oils in July aggregated 1,102,785,843 gallons, a daily average of 35,573,737 gallons. This total represented a reduction of 5.6 per cent. compared with June. Surplus stocks on Aug. 1, amounted to 1,608,643,206 gallons, a decrease of 14,920,333 gallons for the month. Production of lubricants in July amounted to 37,492,694 gallons. No change in the surplus stocks of this product was reported at the close of the month.

ELECTRIFYING NEW HAVEN.

Work on New York Division to Be Completed at Once.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company will immediately complete the electrification of its New York Division, thereby effecting economies, releasing steam locomotives for use on other parts of the line and improving the service, according to an announcement made by the railroad yesterday. This will be accomplished by extension of the present electrification from Norwalk to Danbury, Conn., a distance of twenty-three miles.

"Work of engineering necessary in advance of actual construction is now progressing," the company's statement said. "Operation of this branch electrically will avoid necessity of change of engines at South Norwalk and will afford patrons in this section of Connecticut the same service as is being given on the other electrified lines."

WILSON & CO. REGISTRAR.

Guaranty Trust Named to Handle Chase Bank's Certificates.

Progress is being made toward the consolidation of the claims and interests of bondholders of Wilson & Co., Inc., of the Chicago packing concern which is now in receivership.

The Guaranty Trust Company has been designated by the committee representing the Wilson & Co., Inc., convertible sinking fund gold bonds as registrar of certificates of deposit to be issued by the Chase National Bank under the protective agreement dated Aug. 20. The Chase National has been appointed registrar of certificates of deposit of the Guaranty Trust Company for the $20,000,000 issue of 6 per cent. and the $10,125,000 issue of 7½ per cent. bonds of Wilson & Co., Inc.

To Redeem Treasury Notes.

Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, said yesterday: "In accordance with Secretary Mellon's statement made public today, we will, until further notice, redeem in cash before Sept. 15, 1924, at the holder's option, at par and accrued interest to the date of such optional redemption, Treasury notes of Series B1924, dated Sept. 15, 1921, maturing Sept. 15, 1924."

Planning a Reorganization.

A meeting of the reorganization committee of the United Railways of St. Louis was held yesterday. It was said after the meeting that while the plan would probably be announced soon several matters still remained to be cleared up before it could be submitted.

SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Alum. Co. Am..7		Nov.	1925	103	102¾ 2.95
De 7		Oct.	1925	103½	102 2.95
Am. Thread...6		Dec.	1923	100¾	100¾ 5.10
Amer. Cop. Co..6		Jan.	1929	108¼	108¾ 5.05
Anglo-Amer. Oil Co., Ltd 7½		Aug.	1925	102¾	102⅝ 6.85
Bell Tel. of Can.7		Apr.	1925	101⅜	102¼ 5.55
B. & O.R.R.Sec.6		July	1929	102¾	102⅝ 5.30
Can. Ner. Ry..5		Mar.	1925	100½	101⅞ 5.25
Cent. Argentine.6		Feb.	1927	99⅝	100¼ 5.90
Cen. & So. Co..6		June	1925	100	105
Cent.A States El.7		Mar.	1929	103¾	104¼ 5.80
Ch. R.I. & Pac.5		July	1929	98¼	98⅝ 5.20
Childs Co. cv...8		June	1929	103¾	103⅝ 5.10
Colum. G. & El.7		Mar.	1925	101⅜	100⅝ 5.80
Empire G. & F.7		May	1925	98	98 7.50
Federal Sugar..6		May	1933	101	101½ 4.80
Fisher Body....6		Feb.	1925	100¾	102¾
General Cigar...6		Dec. 1	1925	101¾	102 4.87
De 6		Dec. 1	'27	101⅜	102⅛ 4.81
De 6		Dec. 1	'27	101⅜	102⅛ 5.23
Gulf Oil 5		Dec.	1937	95	98⅜ 5.30
Gulf Oil of Pa.5½		J-J	'25-28	100⅝	102
Hocking Valley.5		Mar.	1925	100¾	101¼ 4.25
Humble O. & R.5½		July	15,'32	99⅜	100 5.50
Kan. City Term.5¼		Nov.	1925	101¼	102 4.50
Kennecott Cop..7		Feb.	1930	108¾	108¾ 5.50
Lake S. & M.S.6		Sept.	1924	100¼	100⅜ 5.40
Mass Gas 5		Apr.	1927	100	100¼ 4.90
Mo. Pac. F. R. ..5		July	1927	90⅜	90⅝ 5.10
Phil. Rap. Tra..6		Dec.	1925	100½	100⅝
Pillsbury Flour..6		Mar.	1928	101⅜	99¾ 7.13
Pure Oil 5½		F.A.	'24-26	100¼	100⅝
Rem. Arms Co.6		Apr.	1927	98	98½ 6.50
Sloss-Shf. S.&I.6		Aug.	1929	101½	102 5.50
Solvay & Co..6½		Apr.	1934	106¾	106¾ 5.60
S. O. of N. Y...6		May	1933	101⅛	103 5.35
Swift & Co. ...5		May	1925	99¾	99½ 5.45
Un.Pac. R.R.cv.4		July	1947	96	97¾ 4.06
Vacuum Oil 7		Apr.	1926	104¾	105¼ 5.50
West Electric..6½		May	1944	108¾	108¾ 5.40
Wool. & Corp..6		July	1924	103¾	101½ 5.95
Wis. Central...5½		Apr. 15,'37		100⅜	101⅛ 5.60

WOOL TRADE DISAPPOINTING

Foreign Markets, However, Are Strong on Australian Sale.

BOSTON, Sept. 5.—The Commercial Bulletin of Boston will say tomorrow:

"The Brisbane opening at an advance of 10 to 12 per cent. over the July sale has given the local market a new lease of life, and prices are tending steadily upward, so that asking prices of a week ago are selling prices today.

"The goods market appears to be moving slowly and cautiously, and according to most reports the lightweight openings have been rather disappointing up to date, but there is a conviction that the demand must come sooner or later for goods, since the market is in a healthier situation than it has been for some time.

"Foreign markets are all strong, and the tendency of values is upward. Early offerings from South America are still above the level of this market. European markets are all very firm."

Extend Time for Depositing Bonds.

Announcement was made yesterday that the time for depositing securities and claims named in the plan and agreement of reorganization of the New York Railways Company, dated July 18, 1924, has been extended until the close of business Sept. 20, 1924.

Business Loans and Discounts Show Gain In Member Banks' Reports as of Aug. 27

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Aggregate decreases of $17,000,000 in loans and discounts as against increases of $23,000,000 in investments are shown in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly consolidated statement of condition on Aug. 27 of 747 member banks in leading cities.

Loans on corporate securities decreased by $24,000,000, and on United States Government securities by $1,000,000, while "all other," largely commercial loans and discounts, increased by $5,000,000. Holdings of United States bonds increased by $17,000,000 and holdings of corporate securities by $5,000,000. An increase of $5,000,000 in Treasury notes was nearly offset by a decline of $4,000,000 in United States certificates of indebtedness.

Member banks in New York City report reductions in all classes of loans—on corporate securities by $20,000,000, loans on United States Government securities by $1,000,000 and "all other" loans and discounts by $5,000,000. Their investments in United States securities were increased by $7,000,000 and their holdings of corporate securities by $5,000,000.

Net demand deposits show an increase of less than $1,000,000, increases of $20,000,000 for the Chicago district and of $13,000,000 for the Atlanta district being nearly offset by decreases in other districts, principally New York, Boston, St. Louis and San Francisco.

Time deposits of all reporting banks increased by $4,000,000, while those of the New York City banks show a decline of $12,000,000.

Reserve balances of all reporting members show a reduction of $4,000,000 and their cash in vault, an increase of $3,000,000. Increases of $21,000,000 in reserve balances and a reduction of $1,000,000 in cash are reported by the New York City banks.

Borrowings of all reporting institutions from the Federal Reserve banks declined from $61,000,000 to $59,000,000. Like borrowings of the New York City banks increased from $7,000,000 to 9,000,000.

A summary of changes in the principal assets and liabilities of reporting members during the week and the year ending Aug. 27, 1924, follows:

	Week.	Year.
Loans and discounts, total	— $17,000,000	+ $728,000,000
Secured by U. S. Government obligations	— 1,000,000	+ 38,000,000
Secured by stocks and bonds	— 24,000,000	+ 850,000,000
All other	+ 8,000,000	+ 114,000,000
Investments, total	+ 23,000,000	+ 1,000,000,000
U. S. bonds	+ 17,000,000	+ 281,000,000
U. S. Treasury notes	+ 5,000,000	+ 329,000,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	— 4,000,000	+ 15,000,000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	+ 5,000,000	+ 407,000,000
Reserve balances with F. R. Banks	+ 4,000,000	+ 238,000,000
Cash in vault	+ 3,000,000	+ 9,000,000
Net demand deposits		+ 1,339,000,000
Time deposits	+ 4,000,000	+ 502,000,000
Government deposits		+ 96,000,000
Total accommodation at F. R. Banks	— 2,000,000	+ 462,000,000

+ Increase.
— Decrease.

PRINCIPAL RESOURCE AND LIABILITY ITEMS OF REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN FEDERAL RESERVE BANK AND BRANCH CITIES AND IN OTHER SELECTED CITIES, AS OF AUG. 27.

	All F. R. Bank Cities.	F. R. Branch Cities.	Other Selected Cities.	New York City.	City of Chicago.
Number of reporting banks	258	196	296	67	43
Loans and discounts, gross					
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	$122,602,000	$30,265,000	$28,262,000	$72,280,000	$35,210,000
Secured by stocks and bonds	3,153,221,000	615,135,000	525,066,000	1,763,159,000	517,180,000
All other loans and discounts	5,018,721,000	1,185,363,000	1,,243,163,000	2,342,612,000	728,584,000
Total loans and discounts	$8,805,604,000	$2,333,763,000	$1,804,511,000	$4,068,051,000	$1,280,283,000
U. S. pre-war bonds	98,902,000	74,107,000	102,490,000	40,945,000	4,125,000
U. S. Liberty bonds	852,482,000	382,186,000	188,506,000	509,577,000	72,130,000
U. S. Treas. bonds	31,848,000	17,184,000	17,061,000	11,790,000	3,610,000
U. S. Treas. notes	490,987,000	112,858,000	48,558,000	318,480,000	80,628,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	71,622,000	18,982,000	8,116,000	36,570,000	5,769,000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	1,508,770,000	650,388,000	476,429,000	797,995,000	176,,380,000
Total loans and discounts and investments	$11,849,861,000	$3,489,419,000	$2,735,710,000	$5,844,408,000	$1,617,924,000
Reserve balances with F. R. Bank	1,170,466,000	254,164,000	167,068,000	709,202,000	*79,421,000
Cash in vault	185,756,000	60,489,000	77,417,000	61,258,000	37,716,000
Net demand deposits	8,759,823,000	1,996,689,000	1,859,881,000	5,030,586,000	1,204,327,000
Time deposits	2,254,770,000	1,334,118,000	946,196,000	709,477,000	394,099,000
Government deposits	62,466,000	32,332,000	8,643,000	16,546,000	6,824,000
Bills payable and rediscounts with F. R. Bank:					
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	5,612,000	3,305,000	7,356,000	2,650,000	395,000
All other	14,456,000	6,302,000	16,892,000	6,130,000	

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Preceding Page.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

8.....127¼	1.....88½	7.....97⅞	8. 1938	1.....106⅜	1.....95¼	1.....102⅝	1.....96¼	1.....96¼	1.....96¼	1.....96¼	1.....96¼
9.....126⅝	2.....89¼	1.....97⅜	1.....96	Tol. Cin.	2.....96¼	1.....96¼	2.....96¼	2.....96¼	2.....96¼	2.....96¼	2.....96¼
10.....127	25. 1953	Rem Arms 1st 6s, Ser A, 1937	1.....96⅜	Cnt 1st 5s, 1935	3.....96¼	1.....96¼	3.....96¼	3.....96¼	3.....96¼	3.....96¼	3.....96¼
20.....126¼	1.....91⅞	8.....92⅛	1.....96¼	Tol. St. L. & W prior lien 5½s, 1925	4.....96¼	2.....96¼	4.....96¼	4.....96¼	4.....96¼	4.....96¼	4.....96¼
25.....126⅛	Paducah & Ill.	Rep Iron & Sil ref 4 gen 5s, 1953	Sinclair Crude Oil pur 5½s, Ser A, 1925	1.....100	5.....96¼	3.....96¼	5.....96¼	5.....96¼	5.....96¼	5.....96¼	5.....96¼
con. 4s, 1906	1st 4½s, 1953	1.....94¼	1.....100	Tol. Term. R. R. 1st 5½s, 1957	6.....96¼	4.....96¼	6.....96¼	6.....96¼	6.....96¼	6.....96¼	6.....96¼
45.....39	2.....94¼	1.....93	pur g 5s, Ser B, 1926	1.....100	7.....96¼	5.....96¼	7.....96¼	7.....96¼	7.....96¼	7.....96¼	7.....96¼
20.....89½	5.....93⅞	Rep Iron & Sil ref 4 gen 5s, 1953	Sinclair Pipe Line 5 f 5s, 1942	2.....100	8.....96¼	6.....96¼	8.....96¼	8.....96¼	8.....96¼	8.....96¼	8.....96¼
2x20..88¾	1.....93⅞	1.....91½	1.....84	3.....100⅛	9.....96¼	7.....96¼	9.....96¼	9.....96¼	9.....96¼	9.....96¼	9.....96¼
15 (c) 88¾	Park Lexington 8 f 6½s, 1952	Rio Grd W col trust 4s, '49	2.....100	4.....100⅛	10.....96¼	8.....96¼	10.....96¼	10.....96¼	10.....96¼	10.....96¼	10.....96¼
Pocah C & C 4s, 1941	1.....95¼	1.....95¼	Sinclair Pipe Lines 5 f 5s, 1942	3.....100⅝	10.....96¼	9.....96¼	11.....96¼	11.....96¼	11.....96¼	11.....96¼	11.....96¼
2.....89¼	4.....95¾	Rpb & Myers 1 st 7s, 1942	1.....84	4.....100⅝	11.....96¼	10.....96¼	12.....96¼	12.....96¼	12.....96¼	12.....96¼	12.....96¼
No. American Edison Co 1 st f 6½s, Ser B, 1949	5.....96¾	2.....94¾	2.....84	5.....100⅝	12.....96¼	11.....96¼	13.....96¼	13.....96¼	13.....96¼	13.....96¼	13.....96¼
1.....100¼	Penn Ry con 4½s, 1960	2.....81	3.....84	6.....100⅝	13.....96¼	12.....96¼	14.....96¼	14.....96¼	14.....96¼	14.....96¼	14.....96¼
2.....100⅛	1.....91¼	R I. Ark. & L 1 st 4½s, 1934	4.....84	7.....100⅝	14.....96¼	13.....96¼	15.....96¼	15.....96¼	15.....96¼	15.....96¼	15.....96¼
3.....100⅛	Penn R R con 4½s, 1960	4.....98	5.....84	8.....100⅝	15.....96¼	14.....96¼	16.....96¼	16.....96¼	16.....96¼	16.....96¼	16.....96¼
No Ohio Ry 5s, 1945	6.....98¾	4½s, 1953	So Bell Tel&T 1st 5s, 1941	9.....100⅝	16.....96¼	15.....96¼	17.....96¼	17.....96¼	17.....96¼	17.....96¼	17.....96¼
No Ohio Trac & Lgt ref 5s, Ser A, 1947	4.....98⅞	1.....80	1.....84	10.....100⅝	17.....96¼	16.....96¼	18.....96¼	18.....96¼	18.....96¼	18.....96¼	18.....96¼
3.....95⅞	gen 4½s, '65	1.....80¾	2.....84	11.....100⅝	18.....96¼	17.....96¼	19.....96¼	19.....96¼	19.....96¼	19.....96¼	19.....96¼
6.....96	1.....92	2.....80¾	3.....84⅛	12.....100⅝	19.....96¼	18.....96¼	20.....96¼	20.....96¼	20.....96¼	20.....96¼	20.....96¼
10.....92¼	10.....92¼	3.....80¾	Southwn Bell Tel 1st & ref 5s, Ser A, 1954	13.....100⅝	20.....96¼	19.....96¼	21.....96¼	21.....96¼	21.....96¼	21.....96¼	21.....96¼
10.....92½	10.....92½	St L I Mt & So un & ref 4s, 1929	1.....84	14.....100⅝	21.....96¼	20.....96¼	22.....96¼	22.....96¼	22.....96¼	22.....96¼	22.....96¼
5.....92⅝	5.....92⅝	1.....84⅛	2.....84⅛	15.....100⅝	22.....96¼	21.....96¼	23.....96¼	23.....96¼	23.....96¼	23.....96¼	23.....96¼
1.....93	1.....93	2.....84⅛	3.....84⅛	16.....100⅝	23.....96¼	22.....96¼	24.....96¼	24.....96¼	24.....96¼	24.....96¼	24.....96¼
gold 7s, '30	gen 5s, 1968	3.....84⅛	4.....84⅛	So Pac San Fr Term 4s, 1950	24.....96¼	23.....96¼	25.....96¼	25.....96¼	25.....96¼	25.....96¼	25.....96¼
6.....103	5.....102	St L I Mt & So un & ref 4s, 1929	5.....84⅛	5.....83⅞	25.....96¼	24.....96¼	26.....96¼	26.....96¼	26.....96¼	26.....96¼	26.....96¼
gen 5s, 1968	6¼s, 1956	1.....84⅛	6.....84⅛	Stnn Ry 1st 5s, 1994	26.....96¼	25.....96¼	27.....96¼	27.....96¼	27.....96¼	27.....96¼	27.....96¼
5.....102	2.....110	2.....84⅛	7.....84⅛	1.....100	27.....96¼	26.....96¼	28.....96¼	28.....96¼	28.....96¼	28.....96¼	28.....96¼
Peo & E 1st 4s, 1940	3.....109¾	3.....84⅛	8.....84⅛	United Drug cony 6s, 1941	28.....96¼	27.....96¼	29.....96¼	29.....96¼	29.....96¼	29.....96¼	29.....96¼
2.....77	10.....103¼	St L & S F 1 4s, Ser A, 1950	9.....84⅛	10.....115⅛	29.....96¼	28.....96¼	30.....96¼	30.....96¼	30.....96¼	30.....96¼	30.....96¼
Peo & E 1st 4s, 1990	Phila Co 1st & ref 6s, A, 1944	2.....70	10.....84⅛	Un Fuel Gas 6s, 1936	30.....96¼	29.....96¼	31.....96¼	31.....96¼	31.....96¼	31.....96¼	31.....96¼
2.....77	1.....102¼	6.....69⅝	So Porto Rico Sugar, coll & f 7s, 1941	5.....83⅞	Un Tank Car equip 7s, '30	1.....97⅞	32.....96¼	32.....96¼	32.....96¼	32.....96¼	32.....96¼
Peo Gas & El 6s, 1942	1.....102¼	12.....69⅝	1.....102⅞	Stnn Ry 1st 5s, 1994	1.....104¼	10.....97⅞	33.....96¼	33.....96¼	33.....96¼	33.....96¼	33.....96¼
1.....92¼	5.....102¼	6.....69⅝	2.....103	1.....110¼	United Drug cony 6s, 1941	2.....97⅞	34.....96¼	34.....96¼	34.....96¼	34.....96¼	34.....96¼
1.....92¼	5½s, 1938	12.....69⅝	So Pac cony 4s, 1929	1.....104¾	1.....110¼	3.....97⅞	35.....96¼	35.....96¼	35.....96¼	35.....96¼	35.....96¼
2.....92¼	1.....95½	6.....69⅝	12.....97¼	2.....105	Un Rys Inv 5s, 1929	4.....97⅞	36.....96¼	36.....96¼	36.....96¼	36.....96¼	36.....96¼
Pac Power & Lt 1st & ref 5s, 1930	15.....94	5.....69⅝	6.....97¼	3.....104¼	1.....105	5.....97⅞	37.....96¼	37.....96¼	37.....96¼	37.....96¼	37.....96¼
1.....98	Phila Elec 1st s f 5s, 1966	6.....69⅝	7.....97¼	4.....104¾	2.....105	6.....97⅞	38.....96¼	38.....96¼	38.....96¼	38.....96¼	38.....96¼
2.....98¼	1.....102	7.....69⅝	col 4s, 1949	5.....104¾	3.....105	7.....97⅞	39.....96¼	39.....96¼	39.....96¼	39.....96¼	39.....96¼
Pac Tel & Tel 5s, 1937	Phila Mills 1st s f 6s, 1943	8.....69⅝	10.....97¼	6.....104¾	4.....105	8.....97⅞	40.....96¼	40.....96¼	40.....96¼	40.....96¼	40.....96¼
1.....98	1.....100	9.....69⅝	15.....97¼	7.....104¾	5.....105	9.....97⅞	41.....96¼	41.....96¼	41.....96¼	41.....96¼	41.....96¼
2.....98¼	Pitts C C & St L gtd 4½s, Ser I, 1963	10.....69⅝	So Pac San Fr Term 4s, 1950	8.....104¾	6.....105	10.....97⅞	42.....96¼	42.....96¼	42.....96¼	42.....96¼	42.....96¼
3.....98¼	1.....101¼	11.....69⅝	1.....102	9.....104¾	7.....105	11.....97⅞	43.....96¼	43.....96¼	43.....96¼	43.....96¼	43.....96¼
Pierce-Arrow deb 6s, 1943	Pierce Oil s f 6s, 1931	12.....69⅝	2.....102¼	10.....104¾	8.....105	12.....97⅞	44.....96¼	44.....96¼	44.....96¼	44.....96¼	44.....96¼
2.....85¾	2.....85¾	13.....69⅝	3.....102¼	11.....104¾	9.....105	13.....97⅞	45.....96¼	45.....96¼	45.....96¼	45.....96¼	45.....96¼
3.....85¾	3.....85¾	14.....69⅝	4.....102¼	12.....104¾	10.....105	14.....97⅞	46.....96¼	46.....96¼	46.....96¼	46.....96¼	46.....96¼
5.....86	Pierce Oil s f 6s, 1931	15.....69⅝	5.....102¼	13.....104¾	11.....105	15.....97⅞	47.....96¼	47.....96¼	47.....96¼	47.....96¼	47.....96¼
Pierce Oil s f 6s, 1931	5.....101¼	16.....69⅝	6.....102¼	14.....104¾	12.....105	16.....97⅞	48.....96¼	48.....96¼	48.....96¼	48.....96¼	48.....96¼
2.....101¼	Pillsbury Flour Mills 1st s f 6s, 1943	17.....69⅝	7.....102¼	15.....104¾	13.....105	17.....97⅞	49.....96¼	49.....96¼	49.....96¼	49.....96¼	49.....96¼
3.....101¼	1.....100	18.....69⅝	8.....102¼	16.....104¾	14.....105	18.....97⅞	50.....96¼	50.....96¼	50.....96¼	50.....96¼	50.....96¼
Pitts C C & St L gtd 4½s, Ser I, 1963	Pitts Steel 1st s f 6s, 1948	19.....69⅝	9.....102¼	17.....104¾	15.....105	19.....97⅞	51.....96¼	51.....96¼	51.....96¼	51.....96¼	51.....96¼
1.....101¼	1.....96½	20.....69⅝	10.....102¼	18.....104¾	16.....105	20.....97⅞	52.....96¼	52.....96¼	52.....96¼	52.....96¼	52.....96¼
Ontario Power 1st s f 5s, 1943	Portland Ry 1st & ref 5s, 1930	San An & A P 4s, 1943	11.....102¼	19.....104¾	17.....105	21.....97⅞	53.....96¼	53.....96¼	53.....96¼	53.....96¼	53.....96¼
10.....96½	1.....96½	6.....73½	12.....102¼	20.....104¾	18.....105	22.....97⅞	54.....96¼	54.....96¼	54.....96¼	54.....96¼	54.....96¼
Ontario Power 1st s f 5s, 1943	2.....96½	2.....73½	13.....102¼	21.....104¾	19.....105	23.....97⅞	55.....96¼	55.....96¼	55.....96¼	55.....96¼	55.....96¼
10.....96½	Portland Ry L & P 1st cony 5s, '42	San An Pub Ser 1st & ref 6s, 1952	14.....102¼	22.....104¾	20.....105	24.....97⅞	56.....96¼	56.....96¼	56.....96¼	56.....96¼	56.....96¼
Oreg Short L gtd ref 4s, 1929	1.....83½	3.....73½	15.....102¼	23.....104¾	21.....105	25.....97⅞	57.....96¼	57.....96¼	57.....96¼	57.....96¼	57.....96¼
12.....97¼	17.....83½	4.....73½	16.....102¼	24.....104¾	22.....105	26.....97⅞	58.....96¼	58.....96¼	58.....96¼	58.....96¼	58.....96¼
Otis Steel 1 f 6s, 1941	6s, Ser B, '47	5.....73½	17.....102¼	25.....104¾	23.....105	27.....97⅞	59.....96¼	59.....96¼	59.....96¼	59.....96¼	59.....96¼
3.....94¼	1.....83½	6.....73½	18.....102¼	26.....104¾	24.....105	28.....97⅞	60.....96¼	60.....96¼	60.....96¼	60.....96¼	60.....96¼
7½s, 1947 89	4½s, Ser B, '47	7.....73½	19.....102¼	27.....104¾	25.....105	29.....97⅞	61.....96¼	61.....96¼	61.....96¼	61.....96¼	61.....96¼
Oreg-Wash R R & Nv 1st & ref 4s, 1961	1.....83½	8.....73½	20.....102¼	28.....104¾	26.....105	30.....97⅞	62.....96¼	62.....96¼	62.....96¼	62.....96¼	62.....96¼
3.....83½	2(3).....90¼	San An Pub Ser 1st & ref 6s, 1952	21.....102¼	29.....104¾	27.....105	31.....97⅞	63.....96¼	63.....96¼	63.....96¼	63.....96¼	63.....96¼
Pac Coast 1st 5s	Pub Ser Corp s f 5s, '59	1.....73½	22.....102¼	30.....104¾	28.....105	32.....97⅞	64.....96¼	64.....96¼	64.....96¼	64.....96¼	64.....96¼
1.....78	1.....104¾	2.....73½	23.....102¼	31.....104¾	29.....105	33.....97⅞	65.....96¼	65.....96¼	65.....96¼	65.....96¼	65.....96¼
Pac Gas & El 6s, 1942	Pub Ser Gas & El ref 5s, 1959	3.....73½	24.....102¼	32.....104¾	30.....105	34.....97⅞	66.....96¼	66.....96¼	66.....96¼	66.....96¼	66.....96¼
1.....92¼	1.....104¾	4.....73½	25.....102¼	33.....104¾	31.....105	35.....97⅞	67.....96¼	67.....96¼	67.....96¼	67.....96¼	67.....96¼
1.....92¼	Pub Ser Gas & El gen 5s, 1968	5.....73½	26.....102¼	34.....104¾	32.....105	36.....97⅞	68.....96¼	68.....96¼	68.....96¼	68.....96¼	68.....96¼
1.....92¼	1.....104¾	6.....73½	27.....102¼	35.....104¾	33.....105	37.....97⅞	69.....96¼	69.....96¼	69.....96¼	69.....96¼	69.....96¼
2.....92¼	Pub Ser Nor Ill 1st & ref 5s, 1956	7.....73½	28.....102¼	36.....104¾	34.....105	38.....97⅞	70.....96¼	70.....96¼	70.....96¼	70.....96¼	70.....96¼
Pac Power & Lt 1st & ref 5s, 1930	1.....101¾	8.....73½	29.....102¼	37.....104¾	35.....105	39.....97⅞	71.....96¼	71.....96¼	71.....96¼	71.....96¼	71.....96¼
1.....98	2.....101¾	9.....73½	30.....102¼	38.....104¾	36.....105	40.....97⅞	72.....96¼	72.....96¼	72.....96¼	72.....96¼	72.....96¼
2.....98¼	Reading gen 4s, 1997	10.....73½	31.....102¼	39.....104¾	37.....105	41.....97⅞	73.....96¼	73.....96¼	73.....96¼	73.....96¼	73.....96¼
Pac Tel & Tel 5s, 1937	1.....94	Sharon StlHoop s f 6s, Ser A, 1941	32.....102¼	40.....104¾	38.....105	42.....97⅞	74.....96¼	74.....96¼	74.....96¼	74.....96¼	74.....96¼
1.....98	Read Co gen 4s, 1997	1.....102	33.....102¼	41.....104¾	39.....105	43.....97⅞	75.....96¼	75.....96¼	75.....96¼	75.....96¼	75.....96¼
2.....98¼	Ser A, 1997	Sheffield Fms 1st & ref 6½s, 1942	34.....102¼	42.....104¾	40.....105	44.....97⅞	76.....96¼	76.....96¼	76.....96¼	76.....96¼	76.....96¼
3.....98¼	1.....94	Sinclair Con coll 7s, 1927	35.....102¼	43.....104¾	41.....105	45.....97⅞	77.....96¼	77.....96¼	77.....96¼	77.....96¼	77.....96¼
Pac Tel & Tel 5s, 1937	Read Co gen 4s, 1997	1.....102	36.....102¼	44.....104

COAL MEN OF RUHR TO GET A LOAN HERE

Negotiations Nearly Concluded for $10,000,000 Credit to German Syndicate.

TEN BANKS TO TAKE PART

Proceeds Will Be Used to Produce and Sell Coal Throughout Europe.

Negotiations have been carried to an advanced stage in which a contract may be signed at any time whereby the coal industry of the Ruhr would receive its first financial assistance since 1914, according to information obtained yesterday. Except for small advances of minor importance, received from British bankers, it is understood the pending loan would be the first to be obtained by Germany's important industrial area since the war started.

As now planned, the credit would be of a discount kind and would be advanced to a syndicate of German coal operators. It would be used to finance the production of coal and would be paid off with dollars as the German syndicate marketed its product and received payment therefor. The credit would run for ten months and, as contemplated, would probably contain a provision making it subject to renewal. The amount mentioned is $10,000,000. Ten American banks would share in the credit, headed by the Equitable Trust Company, although that company's officers declined yesterday to confirm or deny the report or to give information of any kind regarding the negotiations.

The German coal syndicate, as planned, represents another evolution in that country whereby security to creditors can be afforded. The syndicate would serve as a sort of super-body over the important coal producing companies and would be owned jointly by these companies. It would keep in touch with steel and other important industries in Germany and the rest of Europe, measuring their needs and apportioning their orders among the large coal producing properties. In this way it would regulate production to meet consumption requirements and avoid the danger of over-production. It would also serve in the capacity of a selling agency.

As in the case of the recently arranged German sugar credit of $4,000,000, engineered by a syndicate of which the Equitable was the head, the coal credit would have a commodity as its security. In the present case coal would be the security and advances would be made on the basis of existing prices for coal with an adequate reduction in the amount of money so advanced to safeguard against any break in the price of fuel. As additional security the loans would bear the guarantee of the syndicate, of the coal companies and of the German banks sharing in the credit. As orders were received by the syndicate, advances would be made by the American banks, enabling the mines to go ahead with production, and, as a last step, the bank loans would be paid off from the moneys received by the syndicate when its orders had been delivered.

It was recalled that George Le Blanc, a vice president of the Equitable, had recently arrived in the Ruhr section of Germany and it was believed he had been instrumental in shaping the proposition so that the American banking group could consider it. The Equitable was one of the first of the American banks to enter the German financing field after the close of the war.

$20,800 IN SHARES AND COUPONS LOST

Carelessness Blamed by Two Wall Street Firms for Disappearance of Paper.

Two Wall Street firms reported the loss of securities and coupons valued at approximately $20,800 yesterday. The loss in each instance was attributed to carelessness and not to robbery, as had first been reported in the financial district. Both losses were covered by insurance.

Foster & Adams, 71 Broadway, members of the New York Stock Exchange, reported the loss of 200 shares of the preferred stock of the New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad Company, valued at $18,000. One certificate for 100 shares, No. P-1640, was in the name of Alvin Bartleson and certificate No. P-1896, also for 100 shares, was in the name of William R. Wander.

E. G. Foster, senior partner of Foster & Adams, said that the loss was due to carelessness on the part of the messenger with whom the securities were entrusted for delivery. Following notification from another firm that the securities had not been delivered, Mr. Foster made an investigation and found that the explanation given by the messenger was the usual one, "you make a delivery for me and I'll make a delivery for you."

The messenger said that upon starting out with the securities he entrusted them to another messenger who was making a delivery of securities to the same firm which was to receive those from Foster & Adams. Mr. Adams refused to divulge the name of the messenger for this firm, explaining that he had complete confidence in him and did not believe that the securities disappeared as a result of an attempt at robbery. The entire matter, he added, was in the hands of a surety company and the police department. Transfer of the securities has been stopped.

An erroneous report was circulated that one large firm had lost $90,000 of bonds. It developed that the firm in question, Clark, Williams & Co., 100 Broadway, had reported only the loss of coupons, valued at about $2,800, on $90,000 face value of bonds of three corporations. These coupons were due Sept. 1, and the firm had prepared to collect on them. It was said that probably in the rush of work after the Labor Day holidays the coupons were brushed from the cashier's desk and swept up with the waste paper in the basement of the building has thus far brought no results.

A. A. Housman & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, published a notice yesterday that $2,000 worth of Japanese bonds had been lost. It was explained that the securities were not the firm's property and the notice was published locally at the request of a client in San Francisco who reported the securities lost and wished to have local bankers and brokers notified in the hope of preventing anyone from cashing them.

B. & O. to Issue $75,000,000 Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The Baltimore & Ohio railroad today received authority from the Interstate Commerce Commission to issue $75,000,000 of first mortgage bonds, with interest at the increased rate of 6 per cent., to be sold at not less than 90.5 per cent. of par, the proceeds to be used in the retirement of the road's prior lien bonds. Authority also was granted to issue interim certificates.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adv. O.A & E.	75		Iron Hse.	25	35
Bay State G.	1	2	Iron Cap.	2¼	3
Black Hawk	2	7	Jer. Verde	.80	1.00
Bohemia	.50	75	La Rose	5	12
Calaveras	1¾	2	Ohio	1¾	2
Chemplex	12	15	Omega	12	40
Chief Cons.	2¾	3	Ray Hero	10	20
Crystal	.84	90	U. Verde Ex.	37	37½
Eagle Bluff	1¼	2	Verde Cent.	2	4
Gold Dyke	1	2	Yukon	.85	.95
Hancock	.79	.85			

BANK CLEARINGS IN AUGUST SHOW DROP

Last Month's Total Smaller Than July, but It Exceeds Turnover in August, 1923.

The total of drawn American checks at the principal Clearing Houses of the country for last month showed a slight contraction in comparison with that for July. The turnover of $55,670,039,121, was 4.9 per cent. less than that for July, which by the way was the largest since December, 1920, with the single exception of January of this year. Compared with figures a year ago, the August clearings this year were greater by 21 per cent. than August, 1923.

In New York City, according to the summary compiled by the Financial Chronicle, the total of $20,842,116,235, was 3.7 per cent. less than that for July, but 30.9 per cent. larger than for August, 1923. Outside of this city, clearings aggregated $15,327,922,896, a drop of 6.4 per cent. from the July total, but 4.2 per cent. in excess of the return for August, 1923.

August clearings for the United States compared as follows with those of previous months and years:

Aug. '24	$55,670,039,121	Aug. '22	$39,484,547,195
July	57,507,988,821	Aug. '22	36,858,606,765
June	35,302,234,731	Aug. '21	28,419,647,457
May	34,493,688,944	Aug. '20	34,448,310,240
Apr.	36,415,486,971	Aug. '19	24,681,871,970
Mar.	35,906,562,180	Aug. '18	28,158,220,021
Feb.	32,883,744,565	Aug. '17	25,090,230,234
Jan.	37,520,192,013	Aug. '16	19,751,826,277
Dec. '23	35,935,677,731	Aug. '15	14,270,450,863
Nov.	37,914,742,122	Aug. '14	9,942,247,166
Oct.	34,692,965,916	Aug. '13	12,877,889,838
Sept.	29,648,123,041	Aug. '12	12,208,383,743

The comparison for last month by Federal Reserve districts, with the same month a year ago, follows:

	August, 1924.	August, 1923.	Ch'ge.
Boston	$3,006,939,298	$1,990,806,462	+29.7
New York	20,715,852,727	15,139,250,158	+36.8
Phila.	2,166,627,287	2,110,792,811	+ 2.6
Cleveland	1,456,010,411	1,541,470,273	— 5.5
Richmond	761,050,440	751,490,062	+ 1.3
Atlanta	702,010,556	660,011,225	+ 6.1
Chicago	3,877,065,888	3,704,677,200	+ 4.9
St. Louis	967,966,461	955,434,555	+ 1.7
Minneapolis	503,555,472	513,461,052	— 1.9
Kansas City	1,092,296,819	1,082,273,501	+ 0.9
Dallas	429,871,706	406,280,306	+ 5.5
San Fran.	1,890,754,966	1,921,580,167	— 1.6
Total	$55,670,039,121	$39,484,547,195	+21.0
N. Y. City	20,842,116,235	14,776,157,432	+30.9
Outside N.Y. City	$15,327,922,896	$14,708,389,763	+ 4.2

BUSINESS IMPROVES AT A STEADY RATE

Moderate Gains Reported in Commerce, Industry and Crops.

Gradual but steady improvement in trade is indicated by the commercial reporting agencies, in their summaries at the week end. Bradstreet's makes the following comment:

"Reports of steady though moderate improvement in trade, industry and crops in August find confirmation in the reports for the calendar month of a gain in mail order trade, in a slight increase in pig iron output over July, in a very heavy increase in bank clearings, not all of this, though most of it, at New York; in a rise in Bradstreet's Price Index, and in decreases in failures and in liabilities from the like month a year ago.

"That the trade and industrial world this Summer experienced some effects of a major industrial depression is shown in heavy cuts in iron and steel and cotton goods production from a year ago, in the failure of a very large cotton mill concern to meet interest on its bonds, and in the passing by the leading woolen manufacturing interest of its dividend on its common stock."

Dun's review says: "There is no rapid growth of domestic business, but each week something is added to the gains recently made. Although political uncertainties still cause hesitation in different quarters, basic conditions are favorable, having been strengthened by the increased buying power in agricultural sections, and an extension of the trade revival is expected as a new season approaches.

"Returns of bank clearings, moreover, show that there is a heavy volume of business in the aggregate, this week's totals at various cities being larger than those of a year ago, and latest figures of car loadings disclose a freight movement that has only twice before been exceeded at this period. Supplementing these encouraging indications is the more hopeful outlook for an expansion of foreign commerce, with the actual working of the plan for the settlement of German reparations and sentiment among American exporters has noticeably improved."

MOUNTAIN PRODUCERS ASS'N

Declares 25 Cents Extra With Quarterly Dividend on Common.

Directors of the Mountain Producers' Association declared an extra dividend of 25 cents a share yesterday on the capital stock in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 20 cents a share, both dividends being payable Oct. 1 to stockholders of record Sept. 15. In the two previous quarters the directors declared extra dividends of 20 cents each, in addition to the regular quarterly payments.

The General Railway Signal Company resumed dividend payments yesterday on its common stock, the first to be paid since Jan. 1, 1921. The directors declared a dividend of 1 per cent. A dividend of 1½ per cent. quarterly was being paid when dividends were suspended in 1921. The board also declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stock; payable Oct. 1 to stockholders of record Sept. 15. The common dividend is payable on the same dates as the preferred dividend.

The American Exchange Securities Corporation has declared the nineteenth quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. upon its Class A shares, payable Oct. 1 to stockholders of record Sept. 13.

KNOX TO HEAD BANKERS.

Will Be Elected President of Association at Chicago Meeting.

William E. Knox, President of the Bowery Savings Bank, will be elected President of the American Bankers Association at its next annual convention to be held in Chicago, Sept. 29 to Oct. 2. He will succeed Walter W. Head, Middle Western banker.

Mr. Knox has been connected with the Bowery Savings Bank for thirty-nine years. He was the first President of that institution to rise from the ranks. He returned yesterday to New York on the Mauretania from his first visit in fifty-three years to his birthplace, Stabane, County Tyrone, Ireland. He visited England, France and Germany and obtained from statesmen and financiers first hand information on European business conditions.

"Things are much better in Europe," he said. "There should be no difficulty in floating the loan in the United States for Germany provided the bankers get good security. There is plenty of money here."

Maine Central Would Scrap a Road.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The Maine Central Railroad applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission today for authority to acquire control, by purchase of its capital stock, of the Hereford Railway which operates fromCanaan, Me., to Lime Ridge, Quebec, fifty three miles. The road also asked authority to abandon operation of the line, in order to release the Maine Central from the lease under which it now operates the Hereford Railway, which is the property of a Canadian corporation. The Maine Central alleges that it has suffered heavy losses for many years in the operation of the road.

RIO GRANDE AUCTION WITHIN SIXTY DAYS

Harold Palmer, One of Intervenors, Will Demand Price of $42,500,000 for Railway.

$10,000,000 NEW CAPITAL

Reorganization Plan Also Calls for Enough More to Clear Up Old Debts.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 5.—An auction price of $42,500,000 for the Denver & Rio Grande Western Railroad will be insisted upon by Harold Palmer of New York, one of the intervenors in the sale and reorganization of the system. Palmer appeared last night before a general conference attended by Federal Judge J. Foster Symes and attorneys and bondholders in the case to urge the higher price.

Other attorneys urged a lower figure, which they argued, would insure a buyer and the culmination of the reorganization plan as approved tentatively by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Petitions were filed by Harold Palmer and A. L. Finkiestein of New York and Horace W. Bennett of Denver, to intervene in the foreclosure brought by the Bankers Trust Company of New York, trustee, in behalf of approximately 87 per cent. of the holders of an issue of $38,000,000 first mortgage and refunding bonds. In denying the petitions, Judge Symes declared the figure of $42,500,000 was too high and indicated definitely that a lower figure would be set.

Palmer declared, however, that his figure was based on estimates that the road was worth at least $130,000,000.

As a result of the conference last night, which followed Judge Symes's refusal to recognize the petitions to intervene, it was announced that the railroad would be placed on the auction block within the next sixty days. Final reorganization will be completed before Jan. 1, 1925, it was said, and control of the system will pass to the Western Pacific and Missouri Pacific railroads.

Yesterday's action released the corporation from a tangle of litigation and meagre financial backing which has prevailed for two years and which was accentuated after default in the August payment on the $38,000,000 bond issue.

Under proposed reorganization plans, between $5,000,000 and $10,000,000 of new capital will be put into the road in addition to the amount sufficient to clear up old debts.

Southern Railway Improvements.

The Southern Railway Company has petitioned the City Council of Atlanta, Ga., for permission to erect a roundhouse and shops for construction of coaches and engines which will cost between $1,000,000 and $1,500,000. This improvement will be in addition to a $750,000 locomotive repair shop now under construction.

BRITISH LIVING COST DROPS FROM JULY

Textiles and Cereals Drops, but Index Number Higher in Other Commodities.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Economist index number of wholesale commodity prices in August is slightly less than the substantially increased one recorded in July. It stands at 4,826, as compared with 4,857, the figure for July.

This is the result of conflicting movements in different groups, notable declines in textiles and cereals having more than counter balanced rises in minerals and other food products.

The index figure a year ago was 4,125, or 438 points less than last month's. Figures are:

Cereals and meat	941.
Other food products (tea, sugar, &c.)	745.
Textiles	1,286.5.
Minerals	781.
Miscellaneous (rubber, rubber oils, &c.)	774.
Total	4,836.

Comparison of the average by separate groups of articles is as follows:

	Sept. 1, 1924.	Aug. 1, 1924.	Sept. 1, 1923.
Cereals and meats	941.0	961.66	828.5
Other food products	744.5	782.00	782.5
Textiles	1,286.5	1,423.05	1,119.0
Minerals	781.0	777.00	754.0
Miscellaneous	774.0	772.00	744.0

The following table shows The London Economist's index number of average prices for other recent months and for Sept. 1 in the previous years:

Sept. 1, 1924	4,836	Sept. 1, 1923	4,188
Aug. 1, 1924	4,857	Sept. 1, 1922	4,257
July 1, 1924	4,551	Sept. 1, 1921	4,819
June 1, 1924	4,827	Sept. 1, 1920	7,748
May 1, 1924	4,637	Sept. 1, 1919	6,508
Apr. 1, 1924	4,840	Sept. 1, 1918	6,267
Mar. 1, 1924	4,568	Sept. 1, 1917	5,656
Feb. 1, 1924	4,692	Sept. 1, 1916	4,372
Jan. 1, 1924	4,580	Sept. 1, 1915	3,296
Dec. 1, 1923	4,511	Sept. 1, 1914	2,928
Nov. 1, 1923	4,329	Sept. 1, 1913	2,969
Oct. 1, 1923	4,397	Sept. 1, 1912	2,732

The highest point reached in the monthly averages during or since the war was 8,532, on April 1, 1920.

NOTES LOAN PREMIUM HERE.

London Times Is Surprised by Demand for Foreign Issues.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The London Times, commenting in its financial notes on the purchase by Speyer & Co. and the Equitable Trust Company of $1,500,000 of Hungarian 7½ per cent. bonds, notes that these stand at a premium over the issue price in New York, whereas here they are at a small discount.

"This is very unusual," it says. "In the majority of cases foreign loans are quoted at much higher prices in London than in New York."

The newspaper gives as another instance of the growing American interest in European securities the report that American investors will probably take one-half of the proposed German loan.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 5.—Forty-nine new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $700,500, were chartered today. They include:

Secured Estates, Manhattan, insurance, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; C. C. Harris, S. Ebersole. (Attorney, R. M. Wright, 115 Broadway.)

Royalton Manufacturing Co., Manhattan, millinery, $20,000; F. Solomon, A. Pollock, A. Trushinsky. (Attorney, E. Rees, 261 Broadway.)

Best Ever Costume Co., Manhattan, cloaks, &c., $10,000; R. Press, A. Weiner, M. Wecker. (Attorney, H. R. Tullman, 1 Madison Av.)

Yorktown Building Corp., Brooklyn, realty, $20,000; N. Schneider, A. Levine, A. Samit. (Attorneys, Levinson & Feinaud, 277 Broadway.)

O-Pen Basket Corp., Manhattan, paper boxes, 100 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 500 common, $20 each; active capital, $50,000; R. M. Oliver, W. Harlow, G. R. Penn. (Attorney, C. F. Lothrop, 118 West 45th St.)

Modern Hotel Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; F. M. Rapport, H. Weintraub, B. Marshak. (Attorney, H. J. Fliegel, 18 Park Row.)

Pomburn Garage Corp., Bronx, $5,000; S. R. Fried, M. Faden. (Attorney, P. Wolfman, 299 Broadway.)

Superior Sign Corp., Brooklyn, electric signs, &c., $50,000; J. S. and S. S. Diamond. (Attorney, H. J. Fliegel, 18 Park Row.)

Vaff & Lang, Manhattan, hair goods, $4,000; M. Staff, E. Lang. (Attorney, S. A. Mehlman, 150 Broadway.)

Harlem Body Builders, Manhattan, for autos and trucks, $10,000; A. Greenberg, M. and E. Sahn. (Attorneys, Cohen & Werther, 277 Broadway.)

William Appleby Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, window shades, $2,500; M. and H. Zetzel. (Attorney, M. S. Weiss, 1 Lenox Av., Bronx.)

Wright-MacCullum, Manhattan, clothing, $20,000; T. C. Coppinger, R. c. MacCullum, E. M. Wright. (Attorney, A. T. Schmidt, 309 Broadway.)

Arlington Watch Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; M. Suttar, I. Cohen. (Attorney, S. T. Zuckerman, 350 Broadway.)

Astrel Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty, 250 shares common stock, no par value; A. Kresger, E. J. Sichel. (Attorney, M. Kresger, 66 East 111th St.)

Sunny Newsip Co., Manhattan, hemstitching, $6,000; L. Hartman, J. Zenkil, H. D. Golden. (Attorney, H. S. Goldstein, 135 Rivingston St.)

McMullen-Wasson Auto Sales Corp., Schenectady, $25,000; E. McMullen, L. D. Wasson, W. D. Smith. (Attorneys, Blodgett & Smith, Schenectady.)

Wannam Mfg. Co. & Ice Corp., Manhattan, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; W. Radley, J. Costello, L. Dutto. (Attorneys, Tobin, Wigwall, Walton & Wood, Albany.)

East Fifth Street Corp., Brooklyn, realty and construction, 400 shares common stock, no par value; J. Weiss, W. Butler, W. A. Daly. (Attorneys, Dunn & Daly, 261 Broadway.)

Allen & Chemical Corp., Manhattan, iron and steel, $25,000; H. and Broderick, T. E. R. Beardsley. (Attorney, T. Hansen, 95 Broadway.)

Secured Leathers Co., Manhattan, apparel for both sexes, $10,000; S. Abrams, M. Kaplan. (Attorney, M. E. Baron, Manhattan.)

Ward, King & Lawrence, Newburgh, hardwares, 400 shares, $10 each; 600 shares, no par value; C. M. Ward, J. W. King, R. F. Lawrence. (Attorney, E. H. Houghtaling, Walden.)

Premier Gasoline Co., Syracuse, $25,000; J. and D. Troy, I. Freidlin. (Attorneys, Levy & Shulman, Syracuse.)

J. B. Shearer & Co., Manhattan, securities, 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 shares, no par value; J. F. Crowley, E. H. Taylor, J. F. Wertheimer. (Attorney, D. E. O'Connor, 120 Broadway.)

Brooklyn Shingle Roofing Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; S. Dalin, H. Bergren. (Attorney, H. Bergren, 132 Broadway.)

Great Music, Manhattan, theatrical, 200 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; "S. Hurtig, L. Trumper, F. Wilson. (Attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 305 5th Av.)

Bime Press, Manhattan, magazines and newspapers, $250,000; H. and G. Donenfeld, E. Weinstein. (Attorney, I. Perlman, 185 Madison Av.)

Harlem Operating Corp., Manhattan, operate theatres, $10,000; I. E. Greenfield, M. Hammerstein, D. Blum. (Attorney, L. Friedman, 1,540 Broadway.)

Hindustan Co., Manhattan, commission merchants, $100,000; J. and M. Toopan, C. W. Cooper, S. N. Ghose. (Attorneys, Grigg, Baldwin & Baldwin, 27 Pine St.)

L. M. Z. Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; J. J. Schwartzwald, H. E. Kronstock, S. Judelson. (Attorneys, Gettinger & Schwartzwald, 170 Broadway.)

Edwin Loewy Co., Manhattan, silks, &c., $25,000; E. Loewy, A. Weber, N. Ginsburg. (Attorney, J. Klein, 158 West 23d St.)

Suffolk County Furniture Co., Patchogue, $5,000; E. M. Wood, G. H. Beaubian, A. M. Wood. (Attorneys, Griffiths & Gardner, Hempstead.)

Brandt & Lamb Co., Manhattan, merchandise, $10,000; C. B. Lamb, A. H. Brandt, S. Harris. (Attorney, D. J. Rowing, 50 Church St.)

A. Chasan Children's Outfitter, Manhattan, $15,000; A. Chasan, J. M. Cantron, R. Eatman. (Attorney, B. A. Porter, 110 East 42d St.)

Bay State Panel Co., Manhattan, radio panels, $25,000; L. L. and M. Swerdlove. (Attorney, M. H. Schneider, 15 Park Row.)

Secured Leathers Co., Manhattan, leather novelties, $10,000; W. and R. Alpert, L. D. Worsin. (Attorneys, Gettinger & Weisman, 132 Broadway.)

Murray Radio Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; J. and M. and H. Bernstein. (Attorney, W. Glatzer, 152 West 42d St.)

Rent-Overpotent Motor Sales Corp., Brooklyn, motors, $5,000; D. and M. and A. Weiner. (Attorney, W. P. Weiner, Rockaway Beach.)

Monroe Realty and Mortgage Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. and I. E. Stahl, H. B. Lewis. (Attorney, W. Goldfinger, 233 Broadway.)

Buffalo Sites, Utica, realty, $10,000; H. T. Dorance, W. C. Young, G. W. Ferris. (Attorneys, Dunmore, Ferris & Dewey, Utica.)

Fulton Oyster Bar and Chop House, Manhattan, restaurant, 100 shares first preferred stock, $100 each; 100 second preferred, $100 each; 200 common, no par value; S. H. Horn, H. W. Goldstein, F. H. (Attorney, T. J. Meehan, 165 Broadway.)

Ira Schreiber Co., Manhattan, women's apparel, $5,000; I. Schreiber, L. Stone, N. Ranchoff. (Attorneys, Kaufmann & Kaufmann, 25 West 43d St.)

Nemo Garment Co., Manhattan, $15,000; H. Seifert, M. Flacher, H. W. Goldberg. (Attorney, S. S. Hauden, 205 Broadway.)

Adams Galvanizing Corp., Brooklyn, iron and steel products, $20,000; A. J. Adams, M. R. Alexander, H. Schiffman. (Attorney, L. J. Hanover, 1,540 Broadway.)

Freed Scenery Studios, Manhattan, general advising, $10,000; S. S. and R. Freed. (Attorney, J. E. Glass, 51 Chambers St.)

Lewis Fuhs, Manhattan, dealer in animals, 200 shares common stock, no par value; W. S. Sawyer, S. C. Worthen, C. F. Bailey. (Attorneys, Elkus & Gleason, 111 Broadway.)

Wertman Bag Co., Wilmington, manufacturer, $750,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Kann-Pangborn Co., Wilmington, stocks and bonds, $500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Black Duo Scribe Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia, acquire patents, $300,000. (Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co.)

Needler, Wilmington, grocery, $250,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Childress Lead and Zinc Co., mining, $300,000; Frank Childress, O. L. Childress, E. Childress, Joplin, Mo. (Corporation Service Co.)

Randolph McCowen Co., Philadelphia, automobiles, $50,000. (Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co.)

Creech & Fitzgerald Co., Dover, manufacture leather goods, trunks, $60,000. (Capital Trust Co. of Del.)

Penn, Delphia, Philadelphia, boats, Queen $25,000. (Corporation Guarantee & Trust Co.)

Elkay Oil & Gas Co., Wilmington, lands, $250,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Grisinger Corp., Wilmington, merchandise, $20,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Phillipsdale Waterproofing Corp., Wilmington, $10,800. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Roy G. Pratt, Wilmington, builders, decorators, $5,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Penn Barre Ware Co., Wilmington, agency, $5,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Crouse & Pope Foundry Corp., Auburn, $100,000 to $300,000.

Reichard-Coulston, Manhattan, $900,000 to $960,000.

Harry Geist Co., Manhattan, 100 to 400 common, no par value.

Wilkinson, Manhattan, 2,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each, and 500 common, $100 each, to 5,000 shares preferred stock, no par value and 5,000 common, no par value.

Ace La Pierre, Buffalo, $10,000 to $50,000.

Pontiac Theatre Corp., Saranac Lake, $40,000 to $100,000.

Rathbun Manufacturing Co., Jamestown, $80,000 to $100,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Magnus Imports, Limited, Manhattan, 600 shares, of which 500 are preferred stock, $100 each, and 500 common, no par value, to 300 shares common, no par value.

A. J. Pickard & Co., Manhattan, 1,000 shares common stock, $100 each, to 100 common, no par value; 500 shares preferred, $100 each, same as heretofore.

NAME CHANGES.

Howard & Shelhorn, Manhattan, to Van Tassel & Shelhorn.

Down South Music Publishing Corp., Manhattan, to Majestic Music Co.

Blankfort-Frankell Corp., Manhattan, to Joseph Blankfort.

Pickard & Melchior, Manhattan, to F. Melchior.

DESIGNATION.

Consolidated Aircraft Corp., Del., make aircraft, $40,000; rep., Secretary of State.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Mademoiselle Fron-Fron, Manhattan.

Olsan Co. of Rochester, Rochester.

R. Vanderveen & Co., Brooklyn.

John F. Woodruff & Co., Mount Vernon.

Edgar Metal Decorating Co., Walden.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Sept. 5.—Charters filed today:

E. W. McCarroll Co., Wilmington, manufacture playing cards, $6,500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Consolidated Stock Yards Co. of St. Louis, Wilmington, $3,000,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Four Forty-four West Thirty-fourth Street Corp., to deal in real estate, $8,000,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

The Farlak Co., Wilmington, brokers, $5,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Empire Oil and Transport Co., Del., New York, producing, $3,000,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Harriman Bond and Mortgage Co., New York, $1,000,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Crystal Mica Corp., Wilmington, mining of mica, $500,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Wertman Bag Co., Wilmington, manufacture, $750,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Kann-Pangborn Co., Wilmington, stocks and bonds, $500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Black Duo Scribe Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia, acquire patents, $300,000. (Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co.)

Needler, Wilmington, grocery, $250,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Childress Lead and Zinc Co., mining, $300,000; Frank Childress, O. L. Childress, E. Childress, Joplin, Mo. (Corporation Service Co.)

Randolph McCowen Co., Philadelphia, automobiles, $50,000. (Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co.)

Creech & Fitzgerald Co., Dover, manufacture leather goods, trunks, $60,000. (Capital Trust Co. of Del.)

Penn, Delphia, Philadelphia, boats, Queen $25,000. (Corporation Guarantee & Trust Co.)

Elkay Oil & Gas Co., Wilmington, lands, $250,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Grisinger Corp., Wilmington, merchandise, $20,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Phillipsdale Waterproofing Corp., Wilmington, $10,800. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Roy G. Pratt, Wilmington, builders, decorators, $5,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Penn Barre Ware Co., Wilmington, agency, $5,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

LACKAWANNA UP ON MERGER RUMOR

Report Circulated That It Would Be Included in Nickel Plate System.

STOCK GAINS 3⅛ POINTS

Advances in Opposition to General Trend of the Market to New High Price.

On the rumor that the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company was to be included in the proposed Nickel Plate merger 13,700 shares were traded in on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday. The stock, which is $50 par and pays a dividend of $6 a year, advanced during the day to 143¾ a share, a new high record since the declaration of the 100 per cent. stock dividend in 1921.

Keen interest was displayed in the stock because of its decided upward movement in opposition to most of the remainder of the market, which was suffering from the effects of the passing of the American Woolen Company dividend on Thursday.

Delaware, Lackawanna & Western closed at 137¾ on Thursday afternoon. Friday morning it opened up a full point at 138, and after a single sale at that figure advanced in one jump to 140. By 12 o'clock it was selling at 142, and before 1 o'clock it had reached 143¾, the high point for the day and for the year. During the afternoon it fluctuated, closing at 140¾, a net advance of 3⅛ points for the day.

Numerous reports were circulated as to the supposed terms of exchange of the stock of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western for the new Nickel Plate. One rumor was that the Glen Alden Coal bonds would be distributed among the Lackawanna stockholders, following which the stock of the Lackawanna would be taken over at 2½ shares of the new Nickel Plate for one of Lackawanna. Such rumors were not verified but illustrate the reasons for the advance in the stock.

2 BANKERS GO ABROAD.

Fred W. Gehle and S. S. Campbell Sail for Europe Today.

Fred W. Gehle and S. S. Campbell, Vice President of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, will leave today for Europe. Mr. Gehle will go to England, France and Germany. His trip will be of a holiday nature. But at the same time he will study business conditions. Mr. Campbell will go to France. Both are expected back in October.

The exodus of American bankers to Europe this year is believed to have exceeded all former records. Two months ago, when it appeared that a settlement of the reparations problem was in prospect, officers of a score of national, State and private banks went abroad.

UNCLAIMED BANK DEPOSITS. | UNCLAIMED BANK DEPOSITS.

REPORT
Of the Unclaimed Deposits, Dividends and Interest of
THE BANK OF AMERICA
on the first day of August, 1924, made in accordance with the provisions of the Banking Law, Sections 184 and 219.

Full name of depositor or shareholder.	Last known residence or post office address of depositor or shareholder.	Amount of deposit.	Date of first publication.
Amada, Ralph S.	New York City	$295.80	Sept., 1924
Anthony, N. W.	New York City	11.56	Sept., 1924
Byrtis Laboratories	New York City	79.10	Sept., 1924
Cowan, E. J.	New York City	333.33	Sept., 1923
Curry, Wm. L.	New York City	141.72	Sept., 1924
Fanning Co., James M.	New York City	285.44	Sept., 1921
East Coast Electric Light and Power and Ice Co.	New York City	98.45	Sept., 1914
Fernandez, M.	New York City	185.80	Sept., 1924
Goodman, M.	New York City	147.40	Sept., 1924
Jones, Emma E.	New York City	291.26	Sept., 1924
Lawson, Est. of Edw. J.	New York City	151.45	Sept., 1924
Lichtenstein, Marie E.	New York City	605.31	Sept., 1923
Loran, Mary C.	New York City	158.00	Sept., 1923
Lozier Gould Mining Co.	New York City	98.55	Sept., 1924
McCaffrey, Estate of Helen or Ellen	New York City	250.00	Sept., 1924
Marquez, Luis Cuneo	New York City	125.14	Sept., 1924
Martin, Louis M.	New York City	75.00	Sept., 1924
Morgan, J. H., Assembly Account	New York City	154.97	Sept., 1924
Newton, Estate of Elizabeth A.	New York City	140.00	Sept., 1924
New York Warehouse & Security Co.	New York City	131.16	Sept., 1920
Norman, Est. of Elizabeth—Income a-c	New York City	90.22	Sept., 1924
Porter, Elizabeth V.	New York City	238.85	Sept., 1924
Pouch, O. G.	New York City	429.80	Sept., 1924
Prindle, E. J.	New York City	147.00	Sept., 1924
Reynolds, C. C., Trustee	New York City	75.00	Sept., 1924
Robinson, Est. of H. G.	New York City	525.36	Sept., 1924
Roman Catholic Diocese of Bklyn.	New York City	152.18	Sept., 1924
Runyon, C. R., Trustee	New York City	86.21	Sept., 1923
Scarborough Estates	New York City	172.90	Sept., 1924
Stineman, Estate of Wm. H.	New York City	492.71	Sept., 1924
Steamer Cape Cod	New York City	374.50	Sept., 1924
Stewart, H.	New York City	73.58	Sept., 1924
Timolat, I. G.	New York City	250.67	Sept., 1924
Venezuela	New York City	86.86	Sept., 1924
Ware, Joe	New York City	99.98	Sept., 1924

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK, } ss.:

Charles E. Curtis, Vice President, and Henry J. Schuler, Assistant Cashier, of the Bank of America, a bank located and doing business in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself says that the foregoing report is a full, true and correct statement of the unclaimed deposits, dividends and interest of The Bank of America made in accordance with the provisions of Sections 184 and 219 of the Banking Law as shown by the books of said bank on the first day of August, 1924.

CHARLES E. CURTIS, Vice President.
H. J. SCHULER, Assistant Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 4th day of September, 1924, before me.

(Seal of Notary.) IR

COTTON SAGS LOWER IN NARROW MARKET

Decline Comes After Early Strength in Most Nearby Options.

SOUTHERN SALES ARE LARGE

Transactions Reported of 50,000 Bales, Heaviest Day's Business of Season.

The course of the cotton market yesterday proved almost an exact duplication of Thursday's movements, an early depression followed by a recovery of a quarter of a cent and a later loss of all improvement that left final quotations slightly lower on the day. Demand for cotton was supplied by steady pressure of small hedging orders as contracts were sold against purchases in the South. Unusually cool, dry weather continued throughout the cotton belt. Two private reports appeared, one for a condition of 58 and another of 61.2. The average guess of Exchange members on Monday's report was 60.6. Spot transactions in Southern markets aggregated 50,000 bales, largest business of the season.

The extremely narrow character of the present market was illustrated by the fact that October in Liverpool did not move a point for an hour before the local opening. After losing 10 points early, the foreign market recovered before the close and ended the day at a net gain of 7 to 11 points.

Hedging operations supplied a sufficient quantity of contracts to meet demand from various operators disposed to reduce obligations before the Washington report and later in the session the entire advance disappeared. Virtually no rain fell in Southern States, while temperatures continued lowest of the Summer. Most stations reported under 65 degrees at 8 o'clock, with predictions of even cooler weather in some States for today.

Insight figures for the week were 233,000 against 270,000 last year, making 585,000 for the season against 793,000 last season. Spinners took 144,000 bales against 168,000 last year, making 589,000 for the season compared with 652,000 last season. The visible supply increased 109,000, against 107,000 a year ago, making the world's visible supply of American 947,000 compared with 1,031,000 a year ago.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Oct.	24.10	24.36	24.28	24.34-47	24.40
Dec.	24.12	24.36	24.02	24.05-06	24.06
Jan.	24.01	24.22	23.92	23.92-96	23.98
March	24.23	24.32	24.15	24.19	24.22
May	24.40	24.54	24.30	24.34-38	24.40

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, advancing 5 points to 25.70 in middling uplands. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 24.30, unchanged; New Orleans, 23.72, 7 points advance; Savannah, 23.94, 4 points advance; Augusta, 23.88, 7 points advance; Memphis, 24.55, unchanged; Houston, 24.20, unchanged; Little Rock, 23.18, 13 points decline; Dallas, 23.30, 5 points advance.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yester-day.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	22,000	80,283	18,396
Exports	11,010	71,634	1,563
Exports, season	206,962	131,182	343,085
N. Y. stocks	51,105	64,198	13,522
Ports' stocks	238,626	267,406	241,330
N. Y. arrivals	250	4,902	...

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, a fair business doing, 9 points decline. 15.16d for middling. Sales 8,000 bales, of which American 5,000; imports 7,000, American 3,000. Futures opened quiet, 8 to 10 points decline and closed very steady, 5 to 11 points advance. Prices: Oct. 13.99d, Dec. 13.83d, Jan. 13.85d, March 13.87d.

Manchester—Yarns quiet and firm, cloths quiet and unchanged.

RETURN OF STERLING TO PAR IS PREDICTED

But Bankers Look for a Slow and Natural Advance Without Artificial Aid.

Europe and America are both watching closely the course of the pound sterling in the foreign exchange market. Conjecture has been aroused as to the possibility of the London rate going back to par, and on this subject a variety of views have been expressed. Both in London and in New York there are some bankers who believe that sterling's return to par is a matter only of months. A majority view, however, seems to be that a longer period will be required.

The recent advance of sterling to and around the year's high point gave encouragement to those who have been hoping for a return to parity, and in London considerable agitation has been started with a view to stimulating the movement artificially. This has been suggested through the expedient of raising the interest rates of London, but so far no such action has been taken, and if present indications are a fair barometer it is not likely that the British bankers will permit of such action.

According to the theories held by some Londoners, a higher bank rate in that country would draw still further the balances held by British banks and other European nations in New York, already the London rate is considerably higher than the New York rate, and during the last three months there has been a fairly well defined movement of balances from New York to London. Most of this conversion has been done for the accounts of London banks and of New York banks. French and other banking institutions have continued with little change their ample balances here, despite the lure of a better interest rate return in London.

Opposed to the adoption of an artificial way of calling balances to London are many London bankers who contend that the present rates prevailing in the two countries, both based on the sound laws of supply and demand and not influenced by Governmental action one way or the other, will bring about a remedy soon enough in their own natural course. To advance the Bank of England rate for the specific purpose of drawing more balances to London would, they hold, be unsound practice and while it might accelerate the movement momentarily, it would be difficult to maintain the immediate gains obtained.

"London will start nothing that it can't finish," according to the opinion of a New York banker who has been kept closely informed on British banking sentiment. "The bankers of London are content that sterling is returning slowly to par, and they prefer to let this come about in the natural course of events rather than to take any short cuts which might prove dangerous."

The advance of sterling has given rise to a widespread belief that England can at any time now carry sterling to par, and much has been heard of the likelihood that England might follow the lead of Sweden and place its currency on a gold basis, making the pound sterling redeemable at parity in gold, an action that would of course place the paper at parity. But there is doubt as to whether this would be good practice, for it was demonstrated very markedly in the March rise of the French franc that too rapid an advance can hamper trade almost as much as a sharp decline. Importers were confused during the covering movement that drove the franc up nearly 2 cents, and in France there was an accompaniment of the movement in the form of rising prices, all of which served to discommode French trade, and led to heavy selling of francs by the Bank of France in order to keep the price movement within bounds. Since then the franc has been held steadily at or near the prevailing quotations. London, it is believed, will follow that lead, preferring to keep the rate steadily advancing rather than to permit of a sharp rise.

MOST GRAINS DROP, BUT RYE GAINS

Speculative Interest Proves Not Large Enough to Absorb the Profit-Taking Sales.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Speculative interest in the grain markets is not sufficiently large at the present time to absorb the hedging and profit taking sales which are constantly coming in, and the lack of support was largely responsible for the lower range today. Wheat closed 1@1¼ cents lower, with corn off 1¼@1½ cents.

Houses with seaboard connections were good buyers of wheat to remove hedges against export sales, but rather persistent selling was credited to local longs who were gradually slipping out of their lines and, with the prospects of Spring wheat better, gradually carried values lower in the face of drought in Argentina, wet weather in parts of Europe and an advance of ¾@¾d in Liverpool.

A short time ago the daily turnover in futures was running around 100,000,000 bushels, yesterday it was down to 68,000,000 bushels, counting only purchases—a shrinkage of around 33 per cent in a little over a week.

Today's export sales aggregated 750,000 bushels of wheat and 50,000 barrels of flour, Germany taking both, and also American hard Winter flours. Local handlers sold 550,000 bushels of wheat to exporters with charters for 1,200,000 bushels at 2 cents to Buffalo, the rate comparing with 1½ cents a short while ago.

Frost overnight in parts of North Dakota and Minnesota and forecast for light frost tonight in the lowlands of Michigan and Wisconsin failed to bring in any buying of consequence in corn. There was considerable selling at times by local operators, who found support lacking.

A little new corn is now being fed in parts of South Dakota where early grain has practically matured, but this will not be general for several weeks.

Local industries bought 20,000 bushels of old corn at Omaha today and have been buying there for some time. Basis on spot was ¼@¾ cent higher, with No. 2 yellow 3 cents over September. Charters were for 100,000 bushels to Buffalo.

September oats closed ¼ cent higher, on buying by cash houses, while the deferred futures were off ¼@¾ cent, the weakness in corn being a factor. New crop grain is moving freely.

Buying by exporters gave rye independent strength and it closed ¾@1¼ cents higher, with export sales estimated at 750,000 to 1,000,000 bushels.

Primary receipts of wheat today are 2,601,000 bushels, last year, 1,533,000. Shipments were 2,420,000 bushels, last year, 1,538,000.

Primary receipts corn were 445,000 bushels, last year, 644,000; and shipments, 390,000 bushels; last year, 396,000.

Chicago.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
Sept.	$1.34⅝	$1.32⅝	$1.32⅝	$1.34	$1.03
Dec.	1.35¾	1.33¾	1.33¾	1.35	1.06⅞
May	1.35¾	1.34	1.34¼	1.35¼	1.12⅜
July	1.26⅜	1.25¼	1.25¼	1.26⅛	...

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev.	Last
Sept.	1.19	1.17	1.17⅜	1.19	.85⅝	
Dec.	1.14	1.11¾	1.12¼	1.13⅝	.63¾	
May	1.15	1.13⅞	1.14⅛	1.14⅝	.69¼	
July	1.14⅜	1.13¾	1.13¾	1.15¼	...	

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev.	Last
Sept.	.48¼	.47¼	.47⅜	.47⅜	.37⅜	
Dec.	.52⅞	.51⅝	.51⅝	.52¼	.39¼	
May	.57	.56	.56	.56¼	.43¾	

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.91½	.90¼	.91¼	.90¼	.70¼	
Dec.	.93⅝	.94⅛	.93⅝	.95	.72	
May	1.01	1.00¼	1.00¾	1.00	.78¾	

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
Sept.	13.50	13.35	13.40	13.65	12.15
Oct.	13.45	13.30	13.35	13.62	12.07
Nov.	13.45	13.32	13.35	13.62	...
Dec.	13.37	13.25	13.30	13.62	...
Jan.	13.30	13.20	13.20	13.65	10.90
May	13.55	13.25	13.25	13.65	...
Ribs—					
Oct.	11.80	11.75	11.75	12.05	9.22

Winnipeg.

Today's Winnipeg prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Oct.	1.29¾	1.28¾	1.28¾	1.29¾-¼	.99
Dec.	1.26¾	1.25¾	1.25¾	1.26	.95¾
May	1.31⅛	1.30	1.30⅛	1.30¼	1.01

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last
Oct.	.57⅝	.57	.57⅛	.57⅝	.45⅛	
Dec.	.54	.54	.54⅛	.54⅜-⅝	.40⅝	
May	.57⅛	.56⅝	.56⅞	.57⅛	...	

COMMODITY PRICES.

Declining Tendency Found in Majority of Cash Staples—Few Gains Reported.

Cash markets showed a number of striking price declines in yesterday's dealings, corn, coffee, butter, eggs, lard and lead reacting from Thursday's values, while flour and spot cotton improved slightly upon previous levels. Other provisions and metals were unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before and a year ago:

	Sept. 5.	Aug. 29.	Sept. 7, 1923.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.41¼	$1.45	$1.19
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.40½	1.40½	1.08¼
Oats, No. 2 white	.56	.60	.51
Flour, std. spg. pts.	8.80@7.40	7.50	6.90
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.17¼	.17¼	.19½
Sugar, granulated	.07¼	.07¼	.06
Butter, cr. 92 score	.37½	.39	.45
Eggs, fr.-gath. lrgs.	.34@.37	.36¼	.37
Lard, Mid. W.	14.15@14.25	14.25	12.35
Pork, mess	38.00@39.00	37.00	36.00
Beef, family	19.00@20.00	21.00	16.50
METALS—			
Iron, 2X, Phil.	21.25@22.25	22.25	27.25
Steel billets, Pitts.	38.00	38.00	42.50
Lead	5.00	5.15	7.00
Copper	13.37½	13.37½	12.75
Tin	42.25	42.00	43.07½
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	25.70	27.15	27.90
Printcloths	.09¾	.09¾	.07

Range of prices for 1924 to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.53	Aug. 16	$1.19	Mar. 27
Corn	1.43	Aug. 16	.88¾	Jan. 3
Oats	.65½	July 28	.54¼	Jan. 3
Flour	8.10	Aug. 19	6.15	Jan. 2
Coffee	.17¾	July 28	.10⅝	Jan. 9
Sugar	.09	Feb. 14	.04	June 23
Butter	.55	Jan. 7	.35½	Apr. 17
Eggs	.49	Jan. 7	.22	Mar. 29
Lard	14.65	Aug. 19	10.65	May 28
Pork	38.75	Aug. 11	24.00	Feb. 28
Beef	22.00	Jan. 2	18.00	Feb. 28
Iron	34.50	Jan. 3	21.25	July 16
Steel	40.00	Jan. 3	38.00	July 10
Lead	8.87½	Feb. 29	7.00	May 23
Tin	48.75	Mar. 3	39.75	May 29
Copper	14.00	Mar. 4	12.26	July 8
Cotton	35.70	Jan. 8	25.65	Sept. 2
Printcloths	.09	Jan. 2	.06¾	July 19

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.
Spot	...	...	...	11.50	...
Sept.	300	11.10	11.00	11.00	11.25
Oct.	16,200	10.42	10.37	10.25	10.38
Nov.	2,600	9.72	9.53	9.60	9.65
Dec.	6,400	9.69	9.50	9.56	9.65
Jan.	5,700	9.71	9.56	9.70	9.64
Feb.	...	...	...	9.70	9.64
March	1,500	9.80	9.61	9.65	9.76
April	...	...	...	9.50	9.65
Total.	33,800				

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	16.55	16.55	16.40	16.55	8.97
Dec.	16.05	15.75	15.80	16.00	7.97
March	15.60	15.35	15.37	15.55	7.65
May	15.05	14.85	15.00	15.14	7.38
July	14.60	14.35	14.60	14.74	...

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	4.00	3.90	4.01	4.14	4.25
Dec.	3.02	2.92	2.94	2.97	4.45
March	3.45	3.38	3.40	3.37	3.75
May	3.49	3.40	3.47	3.45	3.85
Oct.	4.08	4.08	4.08	...	...

*Closing bid.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, SEPT. 5, 1924.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
400 Adirondack Pwr & Lt	34½	34	34½
100 Allied Packg. prior pf	38¾	38¾	38¾
100 Amal Leath. pf	9¼	8¾	9¼
10 Am Cigar pf	88	88	88
1,800 Am Pwr & Lt, new, w i	35¾	33¾	34
800 AmG&E, new	35	33½	35
100 Do pf	85	85	85
200 Am Lt & Tr, 123	123¼	122½	123
100 Do pf	93¼	93¼	93½
85 Am Pow&Lt, 303	33¼	33	33¼
600 Do new, w i	33¾	33¼	33½
100 Am Stores, n	36	36	36
30 Appalachian Power	75	75	75
700 Atl Frt&Sug	1¾	1¾	1¾
200 Border, Land	128	128	128½
500 BklynCity&R	10	9¾	10
110 Burr Adding Mach, new	60	59½	59½
70 Do pf	100½	100½	100½
300 CentriCast, cl	23	21	21
100 Chi Nipple, A, new	35½	35½	35½
200 Do pf	14	14	14
100 Clev'd M pf	90	90	90
100 Do com	19¼	19¼	19¼
1,180 Cuttwith Pwr	110	106¾	108¾
30 Do pf	77	77	77
100 Cuba Co	24½	24½	24½
100 Doehler D C	18¾	18¾	18¾
1,800 Dubilier C&R	49¾	47½	48
1,900 Du Pont Mtrs	1¾	1¾	1¾
800 Durant Mtrs	18	17¾	17¾
22,200 Dus Co, Inc, Cl A, w i	25	24½	24¾
180 East Fx Elec	105¼	104	104
100 Elec Ry Sec	14¾	14¾	14¾
500 Fed Metals	34½	34	34
100 Film Ins	8¾	8¾	8¾
30 FiresideTAR	81	80	80
500 Franklin S	2	2	2
Co pf, w l	106	106¾	105¾
120 F'dation pf	109½	109	109
2,400 Gen Mtrs, w i	39¾	39¼	39½
50 Gillette S R	25¾	201	201
500 Ginter Co	26¾	26½	26⅝
300 G'dyear TAR	12¼	12¼	12¼
300 Hall S&S pf	20	18	20
6,200 Hazeltine	26¾	24	26¾
200 Heyden Ch	8	8	8
200 Hud&ManRR	19½	19½	19½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

700 Angio-Am	15¾	15¾	15¾
100 Atl Lobos	2¾	2¾	2¾
400 De pf	6¼	6¼	6¼
250 Buckeye P L	54	52	52
300 Chesebrough	49¾	49½	49¾
50 Eureka P L	98	95	95
10 Illinois P L	132	132	132
515 ImpOCan, cp	106	105	106
150 Ind Pipe L	99	97	97
9,000 Inter Pet	19¼	19¼	20¼
60 Kanotex	130	130	130
100 Nat Transit	21¾	21¾	21¾

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

800 Boston-Wyo	85c	82c	82c
200 Carib Synd	5⅜	3¼	3¼
30 Cities Svc	144	143½	144
$2,000 Do scrip	82	82	82
$2,000 Do C scrip	70	70	70
100 Do bkrs al	14¾	14¾	14¾
100 Do pf	76½	76½	76½
2,200 Creole Synd	5⅛	5	5⅛
3,000 Engineers P	5c	5c	5c
10,000 Federal	35c	34c	35c
1,200 Gulf Oil, Pa	69¾	69¾	69¾
9,000 Hudson	2c	2c	2c
1,800 Lago Pet	5	4¾	4¾
2,000 Latin Am	4c	4c	4c
2,400 Mtn Prod	18¾	18	18

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000 Bkhwk Con	2c	2c	2c
600 Black Oak	1	1	1
1,000 Caledonia	10c	10c	10c
2,100 Canario Cop	4	3¾	4
4,100 Con Copper	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
100 ConMines, Ltd	2¼	2¼	2¼
26,000 Cortes Silver	13c	12c	12c
28,000 Diamondfield B B (reor)	20c	18c	20c
3,000 Ely Cons	2c	2c	2c
400 Engrs Gold	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,000 Eureka-Cres	1c	1c	1c
5,000 Ton Divide	26c	20c	20c
3,000 Goldf Flor	11c	10c	10c
2,000 Gold Z Dev	4c	4c	4c
2,000 Harmill Div	10c	10c	10c
1,000 Hawthorne	22c	22c	22c
5,000 Indep Con	15c	13c	13c
23,700 Jib Con	61c	53c	55c
1,900 Kay Copper	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
2,000 LoneStarCon	1c	1c	1c
5,500 Lor St I S	65c	63c	65c
200 Mason Val	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000 Mex C Dev	4c	4c	4c
4,000 McN M & M	11c	6c	10c
1,000 Mohican Cop	12c	12c	12c
6,000 Nevada Hills	33c	32c	33c
500 Nipissing	6¼	6¼	6¼
2,000 Ohio	1¼	1¼	1¼
200 Parmac Foro	80c	80c	80c
2,300 Plym Lead	13c	10c	12c
5,000 Rex Con	25c	22c	25c
700 Rooky Mtn	1¼	1¼	1¼
200 Do pf	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000 Teck-Hughes	1¾	1¾	1¾
600 Ton Exten	64c	64c	64c
5,100 Trinity Cop	64c	61c	64c
4,000 U S Cont'l	16c	14c	16c
1,000 Unity Gold	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,300 Wenden Cop	1¾	1¾	1¾
700 W End Cons	68c	65c	68c
24,000 W End Ext	22c	20c	20c
2,000 Wettlaufer Lorraine	22c	22c	22c

BONDS.

(In $1,000 lots.)

4 Allied Pack 6s	71	70¼	71
30 Do s f 8s '39	85¼	85	85
5 AmG&Eds, 2014	95¾	95¼	95¼
7 Am Ice 7s, 10-year 7%	103	101¾	101¾
12 AmP&Ls, 2016	94¾	94¼	94½
1 Do old w i attached	94¼	94¼	94¼
5 Am Roll Mills 7s, 1938	100¾	100¾	100¾
1,800 Dubilier C&R	49¾	47½	48
1,900 Du Pont Mtrs	1¾	1¾	1¾
800 Durant Mtrs	18	17¾	17¾
22,200 Dus Co, Inc, Cl A, w i	25	24½	24¾
180 East Fx Elec	105¼	104	104
100 Elec Ry Sec	14¾	14¾	14¾
500 Fed Metals	34½	34	34
100 Film Ins	8¾	8¾	8¾
30 FiresideTAR	81	80	80
500 Franklin S	2	2	2
Co pf, w l	106	106¾	105¾
120 F'dation pf	109½	109	109
2,400 Gen Mtrs, w i	39¾	39¼	39½
50 Gillette S R	25¾	201	201
500 Ginter Co	26¾	26½	26⅝
300 G'dyear TAR	12¼	12¼	12¼
300 Hall S&S pf	20	18	20
6,200 Hazeltine	26¾	24	26¾
200 Heyden Ch	8	8	8
200 Hud&ManRR	19½	19½	19½
700 Angio-Am	15¾	15¾	15¾
100 Atl Lobos	2¾	2¾	2¾
400 De pf	6¼	6¼	6¼
250 Buckeye P L	54	52	52
300 Chesebrough	49¾	49½	49¾
50 Eureka P L	98	95	95
10 Illinois P L	132	132	132
515 ImpOCan, cp	106	105	106
150 Ind Pipe L	99	97	97
9,000 Inter Pet	19¼	19¼	20¼
60 Kanotex	130	130	130
100 Nat Transit	21¾	21¾	21¾

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

4,100 Mutual v t c	10¾	10½	10¾
120 Nat Fuel G	110	110	110
400 New Bradf'd	4¾	4½	4¾
100 N Y Nav Land	6¼	6¼	6¼
110 Ohio Fuel	13¾	13¾	13¾
2,000 Penn Beaver	35c	30c	30c
2,000 Pennok	16¼	15¾	15¾
100 Producers	100	100	100
2,000 Red Bank	45	41	45¾
800 RoyalCanada sub shares	6	6	6
800 Salt of Sicily	23¼	23¼	23¼
100 Un Oil of Cal Cl D, w l	122	122	122
800 Wilcox O & G	5⅞	5¾	5¾
800 Woodly Pet	10¾	10¼	10¼

BONDS.

(In $1,000 lots.)

2 Ohio P 5s '52	87¼	87¼	87¼
5 Penn P & L 5s, 1952	87¼	87¼	87¼
4 PhillipsPet 6½s, '31 with twar	102	101½	102
3 Phillips 5½s '53	102¾	102¾	102¾
10 Pub Serv of N J 7s, 1941	108	108	108
2 Do 6s, 1944	96	96	96
1 Pure Oil 6½s, Ser A, 1935	95¼	95¼	95¼
16 SimswheenMills 10-yr 7s, '31	104	104	104
1 Solvay 6s, 1934	100¾	100¾	100¾
21 Std Gas & Elec 6½s, 1951	97¼	97¼	97¼
1 S O N Y 7s, '35	100¾	100¾	100¾
1 Do 7s, '37	105	105	105
1 Do 7s, '32	103¾	103¾	103¾
1 Do 7s, '33	106¾	106¾	106¾
6 Do 7s, '30	106¾	106	106
2 Do 6½s, '33	107¼	107¼	107¼
12 Swift 5s, 1932	94	93¾	94
10 Tidal Osage 7s, 1931	103¾	103¾	103¾
1 S O N Y 7s, '35	100¾	100¾	100¾
1 Do 7s, '37	105	105	105
1 Do 7s, '32	103¾	103¾	103¾
1 Do 7s, '33	106¾	106¾	106¾
6 Do 7s, '30	106¾	106	106
2 Do 6½s, '33	107¼	107¼	107¼
12 Swift 5s, 1932	94	93¾	94
10 Tidal Osage 7s, 1931	103¾	103¾	103¾
1 Un Elec Lt & P of Ill 6½s, '54	97¾	97¾	97¾
3 Une Cit Fruit 6½s, 1931	99¾	99¾	99¾
15 Vacuum Oil 7s	106¾	106¾	106¾
1 ValvolineOil 7s, '37, A	102¾	102¼	102¼
2 Virginian Ry 5s, Ser A, 1962	95	95	95
41 Webster Mills 6½s, 1933	106¼	102¾	103

FOREIGN BONDS.

25 Gt Cen El Pwr (L D D K K) Ser A 7s, '44	91¾	91¼	97¼
6 Ind Bk of Japan 6s, 1927, w-i	89¾	89¾	89¾
11 Kingd of Norway 6s, Ser B, '72	96¼	96¼	96¼
5 LowerAusHydro-elec Pwr new series 6½s, '44, w i	85¼	85¼	85¼
11 Russian 6½s, '19	17¼	16¾	16¾
1 Do 6½s, '19, ctfs	16¼	16¼	16¼
12 Do 5½s, '21	17	16½	16½
3 Do 5½s, 1921, ctfs	17	17	17
8 Swiss 5s, '26	100¼	100¼	100¼

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, SEPT. 5, 1924.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Air Reduc	77¾	77¾	77¾
230 Ajax Rubber	9¾	9	9
500 Allied C & D	72½	71¾	71¾
310 Allis-Chalm	28¾	28¼	28¼
100 AmAgCh pf	32	32	32
80 Am Beet Su	42¾	42¾	42¾
6,490 Am Can	120¾	120	120¾
100 Am Chain A	24¾	24¾	24¾
150 Am Express	119¾	119¾	119¾
80 Am H & L pf	61¾	61¾	61¾
200 Am Ice	57¾	57¾	57¾
200 Am Internat	26¾	26¾	26¾
140 Am Loco	80¾	79½	79¾
210 Am Radiat	117	116½	116½
610 Am S & R	74¾	73¾	73¾
100 Am Smelt	86¾	86¼	86¼
530 Am Sug Ref	47¾	47¾	47¾
30 Do pf	91¼	91¼	91¼
200 Am Tob pf	122	122	122
150 Am Woolen	57¾	54¾	55¾
100 Am Zinc pf	28¾	28¾	28¾
750 Anacon Cop	39	37¾	37¾
480 Asso Dry G	116¾	114¾	115¾
810 At T & T	104	103¾	103¾
360 At, Bir & At	1¾	1¾	1¾
150 Atl Coast L	152½	152¾	152¾
50 Atl G & W I	15	15	15
350 Atlas Pwd	87½	85¾	85¾
2,080 Bald Loco	122	119¼	119¾
130 Balt & Ohio	62	60¾	60¾
20 Barnsdall, A	31¾	31¼	31¼
150 Beechnut Pk	52¾	52¾	52¾
650 Beth Steel	45¾	44¾	44¾
100 Burns Bro, A	104½	104½	104½
50 Do B	25¾	25¾	25¾
100 Butte C & Z	16	16	16
75 Butte & Sup	16¾	16¾	16¾
115 Cal Petrol	21¾	21¼	21¼
425 Callahan Z D	4	4	4
310 Cerro de P	45¾	45¾	45¾
1,490 Chand Mot	40	36¾	36¾
270 Ches & Ohio	86¼	85¾	85¾
160 Chi Gt West	6¾	6¾	6¾
150 Do pf	16	16	16
135 C, M & St P	15¼	14¾	14¾
1,210 Do pf	25¾	24½	24½
100 Chi & N W	63¼	63¼	63¼
90 C, R I & P	40¾	39¾	39¾
70 Chi Yel Cab	45	45	45
70 Chile Cop	33¾	33	33
100 Chile Exp	59	58¾	59
1,570 Coca-Cola	76¾	73¾	74¼
890 Col F & I	36¾	35¾	36¼
20 Col South	33¾	33¾	33¾
510 Congoleum	46¾	46	46¾
530 Cons Gas	71¾	70¾	70¾
180 Cons Textile	2¾	2¾	2¾
180 Cont Can	56¼	56¼	56¼
180 CornProdRef	33¼	33¼	33¼
476 Cosden Co	28	26¼	26¾
690 Crucible Stl	56¾	54½	54½
70 Cuban Am S	31¾	31¾	31¾
110 Cuba Cane S	14¾	14¼	14¼
200 Do pf	68	68	68
100 Kuppenheimer	38	38	38
8Co cums pf	91	91	91
200 Le Pwr Sec	78	77¾	77¾
12,300 Lehi Val Coal cfts,

REVISED TAX BILLS ON INCOMES MAILED

Payments of Third Instalment Due Sept. 15 Are Already Being Made.

MANY REFUNDS SENT OUT

Rebates to Those Who Paid in Full Will Be Completed This Month.

Federal income tax officials in New York City finished yesterday the work of mailing corrected bills for the third instalment of income taxes for 1923, due Sept. 15, to individual tax payers. Payments have already commenced to come in and will be received in constantly increasing volume until midnight on the last day.

Charles W. Anderson, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District, said that his office had sent out about 70,000 bills for payments due this month. About 300,000 returns were filed in the Third District last March. Of this number some 100,000 were forwarded to Washington and will be collected through the office there. These include returns on trust funds and corporation taxes. Seventy-five thousand more of the total number of returns are made up of those in which the exemptions are so great that no money is due the Government.

"The majority of persons filing income tax returns March 15 made full payment at that time," said Mr. Anderson. "As the act of Congress authorizing a reduction of 25 per cent. had not been passed then, and did not become effective until June 2, it became necessary for us to compute the amount of the rebate due on all such payments. We have been mailing out checks from day to day and have sent out about 30,000 in the Third District thus far. The remaining 20,000 will all be sent out by the end of this month. It is not necessary for those who made full payment in March to apply for a 25 per cent. refund. They will get it automatically.

"The second payment was due June 15 and most of the returns sent in then were received with the 25 per cent. reduction taken out by the remitter.

"The reductions must be pro-rated on each payment. It is not allowable to deduct 25 per cent. on the entire tax due, if the instalment method of paying is utilized. In that event, 25 per cent. of the instalment may be deducted at the time it is paid. If the entire balance due is sent in this month, of course it is permissible to make the full reduction."

FIGHTS TAX EXEMPTION OF B. & O. IN MARYLAND

Lawyer Urges State to Revoke Rights in Permitting $75,000,000 Bond Issue.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 5.—In his efforts to force the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company to forego its claim for tax exemption, granted by the Maryland Assembly when the corporation was organized, John E. Dempster, a Baltimore lawyer, today filed with the Public Service Commission a request that the commission assist in the movement.

In his petition Mr. Dempster asked that the commission, in granting the Baltimore & Ohio the right to issue $75,000,000 of bonds, so word the authorization that in accepting it the company would be forced to surrender its tax-exemption claim.

This is the second step that Mr. Dempster has taken in his fight to compel the railroad to pay State and city taxes. Several weeks ago he filed with the State Tax Commission a copy of a petition urging that commission to demand that the Baltimore & Ohio pay taxes as other railroads of the State do.

Both of Mr. Dempster's petitions set forth that the company's right to tax exemption under its charter has been abrogated by more recent legislation.

The Public Service Commission on Sept. 11 will pass on the application of the railroad for permission to issue fifty-year first mortgage non-taxable gold bonds at 5 per cent. The issue would amount to $75,000,000. The Interstate Commerce Commission today authorized the railroad to issue the bonds.

SINCLAIR MEN BEFORE FEDERAL GRAND JURY

Teapot Dome Apparently Concerned in New Inquiry Into Fall's Acts.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Henry L. Phillips and E. J. Bullock of Chicago, both officials of the Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company, were called today before the Federal Grand Jury here which is investigating further the official acts of Albert B. Fall. They were summoned at the request of the Government's special oil counsel.

The Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company occupied certain lands in the Teapot Dome oil reserve acquired from the Mammoth Oil Company, lessee of the reserve. In its civil suit, filed at Cheyenne, the Government sought to eject the company as a trespasser.

ACTS TO MAKE ROADS SAFE.

Harnett Takes Licenses From Reckless Liquor-Using Motorists.

ALBANY, Sept. 5.—Starting today active efforts to drive from New York State highways reckless and drunken drivers of motor vehicles, Charles A. Harnett, State Motor Vehicle Commissioner, revoked and suspended the operating licenses of several motorists.

The license revoked was that of William Bancroft of 1,540 East Ninety-second Street, Brooklyn, who was licensed on July 29 and who, on Aug. 24, was convicted in a Brooklyn Traffic Court of driving an automobile while intoxicated.

Suspension of licenses was ordered in the cases of Joseph V. Ryan, evidently a Brooklyn chauffeur, who failed to answer a summons to appear in a Traffic Court; Demetereo Nekas of 601 Jackson Avenue, the Bronx; Walter A. Kenney of 3,142 Park Avenue, Brooklyn, and Samuel Greenspan of 256 Siegel Street, Brooklyn. All were charged with violation of traffic or motor vehicle laws.

Nicholas Citarella of 170 Mulberry Street, Manhattan, arrested on Aug. 25 charged with driving at forty-three miles an hour over Manhattan Bridge, was ordered to file a written explanation.

The Commissioner ordered posted at license-issuing agencies throughout the State the names of hundreds of operators considered to be reckless drivers or habitual users of intoxicants and to whom licenses would not be issued until their cases had been investigated. The names were obtained from Police Chiefs throughout the State.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The sales schedule of the New York Auction Company, Inc., for 1925 was announced yesterday by General Manager J. Gordon Yoxas. The season will start on Friday, Jan. 2, with a sale on May 2 and the Fall sale on Oct. 3. The 1924 Fall auction of the company will begin in the Masonic Hall here a week from Monday.

Jos. Berger is no longer with the Hamilton Silk Mills. He is now associated with A. W. Frank & Co., Inc., silk manufacturers and converters, 481 Fourth Avenue, as sales manager.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—3¾@4% for the best names.
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The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Heavy Cottons Selling Slowly.

Although there is some business being done in heavy colored cottons in this market from day to day, it is none too satisfactory to the manufacturers. The demand for denims was said yesterday to have let down considerably, with the result that second hands are again shading prices in order to move the goods they do not want to cut up themselves. It was further said, however, that the reduction they offer is probably in no case greater than half a cent a yard. Tickings, hickories and other coarse-yarn goods that "eat up" cotton have been moving of late in a fair way, but at prices that the mills contend are too low. In many cases no new goods are being made up, as the cost of production is more than the buyers will pay for them, and the only available cloths are those in stock.

***

Weather Halted Coal Demand.

Extremely hot weather this week had a quieting effect on the demand for anthracite, especially in the retail end, Seward's Journal will say today. The situation is better than it was two or three weeks ago, when the depression was most acute, but more moderate temperatures right after Labor Day would have accelerated the rate of recovery. It is believed that from now on the demand will be strong enough to sustain a normal rate of operations at most collieries. The bituminous trade is on tiptoe, figuratively, waiting for promises to blossom out into realities. It is a little too soon, however, to tell just what September is going to bring forth in the way of increased business.

***

Against Prison-Made Merchandise.

Probably no two classes of manufacturers are more in favor of the proposed national legislation to label prison-made merchandise as such than the producers of work shirts and the materials that go into them. This is particularly true of the makers of chambrays. Prices of these goods have been forced down by close buying by the "outside" work shirt manufacturers, who have been forced to buy in this manner in order to meet the competition of the "inside" or prison-contract manufacturers. At least one of the latter group was said yesterday to be offering chambray work shirts at $5.50 a dozen, which was characterized as a low figure. In addition to this, it was asserted that an average 28-inch 4.30-yard chambray could not be made and sold at a profit by the mill nowadays at less than 13½ cents. Yet 12 cents is the price at which many of these goods are selling from stock, and prison-made shirts are held responsible for it.

***

Will Wait for Cotton Report.

From present indications there will be nothing like a general opening of Spring ribbed and balbriggan underwear until late Monday afternoon or Tuesday morning. The manufacturers are showing a tendency to hold off until the next Government report on the condition of the cotton crop is issued, which will be on Monday, for the way cotton goes following the report may have considerable to do with the levels at which a number of the new lines are priced. Although the quotations that have been given out so far show reductions from last year's opening levels, the jobbers are said to regard them with none too great favor. A break in cotton might make possible a little further shading, and this is why there seems to be no disposition to rush things.

***

Little Doing in Gray Goods

Owing to the unwillingness of buyers to operate, pending the issuance on Monday of the Government report on the condition of the cotton crop, trading was inactive in the local gray goods market yesterday. In the limited business that was done, most of it for delivery during the last week in September, did the bulk of the selling. For 12½ cents they let out small quantities of 39-inch 80-squares, and they also sold 39-inch 68-72s and 38½-inch 64-60s at 9¾ and 8¾ cents, respectively. Sheeting yarns were quiet, but more or less firm on the basis of 10½ cents for 37-inch 48-square, four-yard goods. Business was done in 37-inch 3.95-yard drills at 10¾ cents, but the rest of the market was devoid of features.

***

Some Increase in Shirt Buying.

Some stiffening to the demand for men's shirts for immediate delivery is noted by manufacturers here, but the general situation in this merchandise, they say, continues rather quiet. Within the next few weeks the trade expects considerable more activity as the buying competition of the holiday shirts is scheduled to set in. According to leading markers, there is some headway to the trend away from white and solid color shirts to fancy stripes. The former are still in a strong position, however, the broadcloth shirt continuing its popularity as a volume proposition in many centres. Collar attached models are also retaining their vogue and, if anything, are being featured more than heretofore by retailers.

***

Starting Fall Retail Season.

Retailers of men's clothing are now swinging actively into he Fall season, although in many sections the stores are still closing out their lines of Summer merchandise. According to reports in the local market, the retailers have done well in their sales of these goods and, for that matter, did rather nicely through the Summer. This condition, it is believed, will give the retailers a good cash start on the Fall selling. The general expectation here is that the new season will be a satisfactory one, with considerable last minute ordering by the stores to cover deficiencies in their stocks. It was figured that around Labor Day there would be a substantial influx of orders to the clothing manufacturers, because of the light early buying, but it has not yet materialised to the extent expected.

***

Fall Fabric Demand Is Active.

Strength continues evident in many sections of the women's wear market as far as Fall fabrics are concerned. The mills are all busier now than they have been for some time, production being concentrated on woolen, as worsteds, like the case of men's wear, are not in demand. In the woolen coatings, both the cheaper and higher grade ranges are in active request for immediate delivery, with allotments of certain cloths being made and premiums being paid by garment manufacturers. The situation, however, is considerably different from anything like a boom period, despite the strong tone evident, as both the mills and their customers continue to operate in a most cautious manner, the former producing solely on order. It will be a matter of from two weeks to a month before the leading lines of Spring fabrics will be opened by the mills.

***

Short Gloves With Cuffs Lead.

While reports from abroad indicate that long black suede gloves are being worn in the style centres there, a similar trend has not manifested itself here, according to leading makers of women's gloves. Instead, the novelty short glove with French cuffs, known as the Biarritz slip-on is by far the leading type in both fabric and leather merchandise. Black, a series of brownish casts and white are the leading shades. It is estimated that retailers, so far have not placed orders for more than 40 per cent. of their requirements. This is said to be somewhat less than the figures covering orders for men's gloves to date.

***

Last Season for Woolens.

While there is nothing, so far, to indicate a change from woolens to worsteds in the men's wear trade, the reverse being the case in the Spring buying, some selling agents feel that the Spring will be the last season, for a while, in which woolens will dominate. At the present time this feeling appears based more on hope than on certainty, but the selling agents put forth some arguments which they believe will in time provide reasons for a swing back to worsteds. In the first place, they say worsteds are given much more intrinsic value than do the woolens. Moreover, at the present time the prices asked for quite a few ranges of the wanted woolens are practically on a basis with many worsteds. In addition, it is held that few of the woolens now being bought can stand up under wear as well as worsteds, and they cannot be tailored to the fine degree that worsteds can.

REAL ESTATE BOARD FIGHTS GAS RULING

Declares That Cut-Off Device Ordered Would Be Menace in Apartments.

WILL APPEAL TO COURTS

Says That Installation Will Cost Property Owners in the City About $25,000,000.

Several thousand orders having been issued by the Fire Department, under a ruling of the Board of Standards and Appeals, requiring property owners to install and maintain gas cut-off valves at their own expense, the Real Estate Board of New York, through its counsel, Alexander C. MacNulty, has begun another legal battle contesting the validity of the ordinance which requires the installation of the valves.

It is estimated that the enforcement of the ordinance will cost the building owners of New York City about $25,000,000. The cost of installation for each building runs from $150 to $800, to which the yearly cost of maintenance must be added. It is estimated that about 125,000 buildings will come within the scope of the ordinance.

The Real Estate Board of New York believes that the installation of the cut-off devices would be not only of doubtful benefit in the majority of cases, but would be a positive menace in tenements and apartment houses. The board's new attempt to protect its members and property owners is in the form of an appeal to the Board of Appeals from the Fire Department's order. If the appeal is denied recourse will be had to certiorari proceedings for review of the decision by the Supreme Court.

The test case was instituted on Sept. 3 in behalf of the board by Frederick Fox & Co., agents for Esther Polsky, owner of the premises at 30 Great Jones Street. The Real Estate Board maintains that the Fire Commissioner has no authority to make or serve orders other than conferred by the gas cut-off ordinance, which is invalid and unenforceable for several reasons, among which are the following:

That to force a property owner to pay for the protection of the property of the gas company would amount to the taking of property without due process of law and for a private use, which is unconstitutional.

That the ordinance is inconsistent with the Public Service Commission law, which provides that gas companies shall safeguard and protect their own service and apparatus.

That the enforcement of the ordinances under the rules laid down by the Board of Standards and Appeals is a violation of that section of the City Charter prohibiting the Fire Commissioner from forcing upon the householders or freeholders any patented article, unless that patented article has been adopted as the result of fair and reasonable competition.

SHIPYARDS FACE IDLENESS.

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DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.: Miss A. Lund, furs; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Bennecke Co.: W. O. Peterson, general mdse.; 130 W. 32d (J. Frantz); Pennsylvania.

DALLAS, Texas—Dallas Jobbing Co.: L. Sachs, notions; Pennsylvania.

LEXINGTON, Ky.—S. L. Hayman & Co.; S. L. Hayman, dry goods, carpets; Pennsylvania.

CINCINNATI—Adler Stores: L. Pulvers, fur jaquettes, caracul, muskrat, marmot, beaverette, raccoon; 225 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Adler Stores: B. Adler, fur jaquettes, caracul, muskrat, marmot, beaverette, raccoon; 225 5th Av.

CINCINNATI—The Fair Store: H. Alexander, silks; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.: Miss Stephens, furs; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

CINCINNATI—Rollman & Sons Co.: Mrs. Kay, dresses; 38 W. 224 (Littman & Storch).

EL PASO, Texas—B. Farber & Bro.: B. Farber, ready-to-wear, piece goods; Pennsylvania.

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DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.: Miss A. Lund, furs; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Bennecke Co.: W. O. Peterson, general mdse.; 130 W. 32d (J. Frantz); Pennsylvania.

DALLAS, Texas—Dallas Jobbing Co.: L. Sachs, notions; Pennsylvania.

LEXINGTON, Ky.—S. L. Hayman & Co.; S. L. Hayman, dry goods, carpets; Pennsylvania.

CINCINNATI—Adler Stores: L. Pulvers, fur jaquettes, caracul, muskrat, marmot, beaverette, raccoon; 225 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Adler Stores: B. Adler, fur jaquettes, caracul, muskrat, marmot, beaverette, raccoon; 225 5th Av.

CINCINNATI—The Fair Store: H. Alexander, silks; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.: Miss Stephens, furs; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

CINCINNATI—Rollman & Sons Co.: Mrs. Kay, dresses; 38 W. 224 (Littman & Storch).

EL PASO, Texas—B. Farber & Bro.: B. Farber, ready-to-wear, piece goods; Pennsylvania.

RICHMOND, Va.—Weisberger Co.: S. Weisberger, coats, dresses; 115 W. 36th (B. F. Levis).

THE WEEK'S PRICE TREND.

Advances, Though Numerous, Were in Most Instances Slight.

So marked was the gain in the number of advances in Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices this week, compared with the declines, that there were just short of two of the former for each of the latter. Of the seventy-seven revisions indicated fifty-one were upward, while last week, in seventy-nine changes, there were but forty advances. The greatest increases in advances were shown by the foodstuffs and by domestic wool.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted this week on selected standard commodities. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	2.50	2.50	5.00
Beans, m. p., 100 lbs.	†	†	5.25
Butter, cream., ex., lb.	.39½	.39½	.45
Do. D., lb.	†	†	.37
Cabbage, per bbl.	1.00	1.00	3.00
Cheese, fcy., new, lb.	.22	.22	.20
Codfish, D. S., 100 lbs.	9.00	9.00	5.50
Coffee, Santos 4, lb.	.21½	.21½	.13½
Eggs, near-by, doz.	.53	.53	.60
Flour, Kans. Minn.	8.50	8.75	....
Onions, yellow, 100 lbs.	2.00	2.00	1.50
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	7.25	7.25	7.50
Potatoes, bbl., new	3.25	3.50	4.50
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.07¼	.07¼	.07¼
Sugar, fact., lb.	.17	.17	.20
Tea, Japan, best, lb.	.50	.50	.60
Bacon, 14/c down, lb.	.15¾	.15¾	.14¾
Beef, steers, live, 100 lbs.	10.50	10.25	10.50
Hams, sm., lb.	.17¾	.17¾	.17¾
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	9.75	9.00	8.90
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	10.50	10.00	8.50
Barley, malting, bu.	1.06	1.04	.75½
Hay, No. 1, 100 lbs.	1.40	1.40	1.50
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.03	.97½	.90
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.28	.28	.27
Copper, electro., lb.	.13½	.13½	.13½
Zinc, lb.	.06¼	.06¼	.06¼
Brown sheet, yd.	.15¾	.15¾	.15¾
Drugs, cr., Cal., yd.	.09¾	.09	.09¾
Hides, packer, lb.	.19	.18	.14
Hides, cows, lay., lb.	.18	.17	.13
Lea., un. bkt., c.r., lb.	.33	.37	.40
Rubber, up-riv., fine, lb.	.29½	.29¾	.35¾
Do. 1st later cr., lb.	1.36¾	1.37	.35¾
Silk, China, fil. 1st, lb.	8.00	7.90	9.30
Silk, Japan, fil. No. 1, lb.	6.90	6.25	7.55
Sisalhi, lb.	.25	.18	.78‡
Wool, dom., ex., fine, qua., lb.			

†Nominal.

Middle Western lard showed the only advance in the local market for provisions this week. Neither hams nor bacon showed change here, and in the flours the only fluctuation was a drop of 45 cents a barrel in fancy Minnesota, family grade. No declines were seen in provisions at Chicago. Mess pork and short ribs were unchanged, while live hogs, sheep and beef were all higher.

The dairy products list established a new record in that the only change indicated was an advance of a quarter of a cent a pound in the best listed butter. Even greater stability was shown by the prices quoted for fresh and dried fruits, neither of which showed change either way. The vegetables were more unsettled than for some time, with a decline of 25 cents a barrel shown by turnips and a similar decline, per barrel and bag, respectively indicated in potatoes and onions. Choice pea beans continued to rise and there was a slight upturn also in choice red kidneys, but with them are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	2.50	2.50	5.00
Beans, m. p., 100 lbs.	†	†	5.25
Butter, cream., ex., lb.	.39¾	.39¾	.45
Do. D., lb.	†	†	.37
Cabbage, per bbl.	1.00	1.00	3.00
Cheese, fcy., new, lb.	.22	.22	.20
Codfish, D. S., 100 lbs.	9.00	9.00	5.50
Coffee, Santos 4, lb.	.21½	.21½	.13½
Eggs, near-by, doz.	.53	.53	.60
Flour, Kans. Minn.	8.50	8.75	....
Onions, yellow, 100 lbs.	2.00	2.00	1.50
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	7.25	7.25	7.50
Potatoes, bbl., new	3.25	3.50	4.50
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.07¼	.07¼	.07¼
Sugar, fact., lb.	.17	.17	.20
Tea, Japan, best, lb.	.50	.50	.60
Bacon, 14/c down, lb.	.15¾	.15¾	.14¾
Beef, steers, live, 100 lbs.	10.50	10.25	10.50
Hams, sm., lb.	.17¾	.17¾	.17¾
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	9.75	9.00	8.90
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	10.50	10.00	8.50
Barley, malting, bu.	1.06	1.04	.75½
Hay, No. 1, 100 lbs.	1.40	1.40	1.50
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.03	.97½	.90
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.28	.28	.27
Copper, electro., lb.	.13½	.13½	.13½
Zinc, lb.	.06¼	.06¼	.06¼
Brown sheet, yd.	.15¾	.15¾	.15¾
Drugs, cr., Cal., yd.	.09¾	.09	.09¾
Hides, packer, lb.	.19	.18	.14
Hides, cows, lay., lb.	.18	.17	.13
Lea., un. bkt., c.r., lb.	.33	.37	.40
Rubber, up-riv., fine, lb.	.29½	.29¾	.35¾
Do. 1st later cr., lb.	1.36¾	1.37	.35¾
Silk, China, fil. 1st, lb.	8.00	7.90	9.30
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Sugar, fact., lb.	.17	.17	.20
Tea, Japan, best, lb.	.50	.50	.60
Bacon, 14/c down, lb.	.15¾	.15¾	.14¾
Beef, steers, live, 100 lbs.	10.50	10.25	10.50
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Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	10.50	10.00	8.50
Barley, malting, bu.	1.06	1.04	.75½
Hay, No. 1, 100 lbs.	1.40	1.40	1.50
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.03	.97½	.90
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.28	.28	.27
Copper, electro., lb.	.13½	.13½	.13½
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Sisalhi, lb.	.25	.18	.78‡
Wool, dom., ex., fine, qua., lb.			

†Nominal.

MANSFIELD MANOR SALE.

Creditors' Trustees to Sell 82 Houses at Public Auction.

With five-cent fare buses now in operation on Kings Highway by the Queens Bus Line, Inc., Travis Whitney, Vice President, and the Transit Commission strongly urging the restoration of trolley service on Nostrand Avenue, between Kings Highway and Avenue U, the Nostrand Avenue-Kings Highway new centre of activity in the Flatbush section of Brooklyn has become the chief centre of interest in Brooklyn among real estate speculators, builders and homeseekers.

It is here, at Kings Highway and Bedford Avenue, from East Twenty-fourth Street to East Twenty-ninth Street, where the new $3,000,000 James Madison High School is in course of being completed in the very heart of the new Mansfield Manor residential section, where more than 100 one and two family detached tax-exempt houses on plots 50 by 100—some with garages—are in all stages of completion and in the hands of the trustees for the creditors of Dodson & Frankel, who failed to fulfill their contracts and owned the property, in its entirety, over to the creditors.

Eighty-three of these "model" one-family and seven two-family houses, with red and green Spanish tile roofs, terraced lawns and all improvements, together with forty-one lots additional, are to be sold at absolute auction today by the trustees for the creditors, who are George W. Egbert, George W. Whitbread and Daniel McKenzie. The properties will be sold by the Jere Johnson Jr. Co., Fred B. Snow, auctioneer, on the premises, under a

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by order of Trustees for Creditors

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Some with garages. Plots 50 x 100

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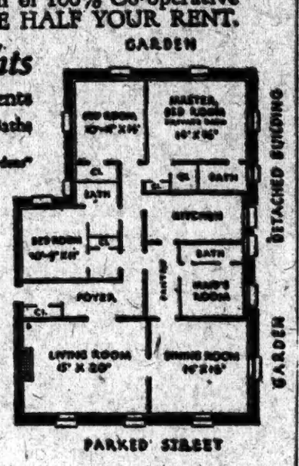

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NO COURTS

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THE LENOX HILL
THE CARROLLTON
1 ROOMS, 1 BATH, $1,200
1 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $1,800
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OR
ALSTON PEALTY CO., 1457 B'way Bryant 2373

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Garden Apartments FOR RENT at Jackson Heights

A wide choice in size, location and price

Possession Now or October 1st

3 Rooms with bath, Garden Apartment. Southern exposure, overlooking 100 ft. parked street and landscaped garden. Cross ventilation.

5 Rooms and 2 baths; some with sun parlors. Overlooking great landscaped garden and a quiet wide parked street. Spacious rooms; splendidly arranged. Cross ventilation.

4 Rooms with bath and garage. An unusually well planned and spacious small apartment, with a delightful outlook. Cross ventilation.

6 Rooms and 2 baths, with sun parlor. Delightful garden outlook, facing parked street. Large rooms, cross ventilation.

7 Rooms, 3 baths, maid's room. Set in great landscaped Italian gardens, facing parked street. Splendid living room, open fireplace. Exceptional light, cross ventilation.

Rentals from $90 to $330

Unusual social, recreational and educational advantages include Golf, Tennis, Private Schools, New Public Schools, Children's Playgrounds, fine Churches

Restricted Neighborhood Business and Social References Required

Send for Plans, Prices, etc.

THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION
Manhattan Office: 50 East 42nd St., Murray Hill 9900
Or Inquire at our Jackson Heights Office, Rental and Resale Dept.
25th St., near Roosevelt Ave., Opposite Subway Station
VISIT JACKSON HEIGHTS TODAY

To go to Jackson Heights by Subway: Take Broadway B. M. T. from any Manhattan or Brooklyn station to 25th St., Jackson Heights station; or Interboro subway to Grand Central and transfer to Queensboro subway (Corona Div.) to 25th St. Queensboro Corporation office at foot of stairs.

NEW MARBRO 15-STORY APARTMENTS

165-173 WEST 79th St.

Immediate Occupancy

Leases from Oct. 1

Unusually Large Rooms — 4 & 5 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths — Abundance of Closet Space

Representatives on premises. Open for inspection today.

MARCUS BROWN CONSTRUCTION CO., INC. BUILDER AND OWNER

Unfurnished—West Side.

Just Completed

353-359-371 Fort Washington Ave.

Between 176th and 177th Sts.
The Parkway of Washington Heights
HIGH CLASS
Elevator Apartments
2-3-4-5-6-7 Rooms
ONE, TWO AND THREE BATHS
RENTS REASONABLE
Apply on premises or
KRAFMOR BLDG. CORP.
135 B'way. Tel. Rector 6336

Riverside Drive, 454

near 116th St.

Excellent location
on choicest part of Drive.
October Rentals.
4 Rooms, 1 bath, $1,500
5 Rooms, 2 Baths, $2,100
6 Rooms, 2 Baths, $2,500
Supt. on Premises.

27 West 55th St.

Just off Fifth Avenue

3 and 4 Rooms
AND STUDIO APARTMENT

Open fireplaces, separate kitchens, and servants' quarters if desired. New 9-story fireproof building with passenger and service elevators.

Rents $2,400 to $3,600
Renting Agents on Premises
Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison, Inc
385 Madison Ave. Tel. Vand. 5825

JUST COMPLETED
New Elevator Apartments
325 W. 71st Street
4 Rooms and Bath
$110
Inquire on Premises.

401 WEST END AVE.
NORTHWEST CORNER 79th ST.
Southern Exposure
2 & 10 Rooms 2 & 4 Baths
$3,750 to $6,500
Renovations to suit tenant.
Apply premises or
LOUIS SCHLECHTER
103 West 72d St. Tel. Endicott 1700

Unfurnished—West Side.

NEW 13 STORY BUILDING

FORTY-ONE FIFTH AVENUE

Southeast Corner 11th Street
Washington Square Section
Now Leasing Occupancy Sept. 15
2 LARGE ROOMS AND KITCHEN
3 & 4 LARGE ROOMS INCLUDING KITCHEN
With Dining Alcove
Three Elevators.
Main entrance on quiet residential Street.
Abundance of closet space.
Doctors' apt. with entrance on Ave.
Representative on premises.
Telephone STUYVESANT 3125 or
GAINES, VAN NOSTRAND & MORRISON, Inc.
Managing Agents
385 Madison Avenue
Telephone Vanderbilt 5825
A. D'ANTONA, Owner & Builder

THE ROGER MORRIS

Elevator Apartments
1, 4 AND 5 ROOMS
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT
400 WEST 160TH ST.
OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS
Near "L" and Broadway Subway Stations
PHONE WASHINGTON HEIGHTS 3000

Unfurnished—Bronx.

BEAUTIFUL APARTMENTS
IN NEW HOUSES
LATEST CONVENIENCES

Immediate Possession
4 & 5 ROOMS
1269 GRAND CONCOURSE
Cor. 166th St.

Immediate Possession
4, 5 & 6 ROOMS
2162 VALENTINE AVE.
Cor. 182nd St.

Occupancy Oct. 1st
5, 6 & 7 ROOMS
50. BOULEVARD
Bet. 176th & 177th Sts.

VERY MODERATE RENTS
Apply on Premises. DAVID GARMAN.

TO LEASE

10 Rooms, 3 Baths

EXTRA LAVATORY; GARAGE ACCOMMODATION; IN MAGNIFICENT CASTLE-LIKE RESIDENCE. JUST COMPLETED AT 1,565 JESUP AVE. OWNER ON PREMISES.

Lebanon-Jerome Ave. Express to Mount Eden Station, walk 1 block west to Undercliff Ave. In Featherbed Lane

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

Concourse Plaza
161st ST.-GRAND CONCOURSE
NEW YORK CITY.
A Few More
2-3-4 room apartments, with real kitchens, available for immediate occupancy
Furnished or Unfurnished.
Full Hotel Service Optional.
Inspection Invited.
This Building is the
LAST WORD IN COMFORTS AND CONVENIENCE
TEL. JEROME 4700.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

Meeker Arms
READY SEPTEMBER 15TH
A Park Ave. Apartment at Bushwick Parkway Prices.
The finest choice in Brooklyn elevator apartments.
24 Hours Service,
Exclusive Business Section.
3-4-5-6-7 ROOMS
Abundant closet space. Five minutes from Brooklyn shopping centre, within 3 streets Shubert's Teller, Loew's Gates and Keith's Bushwick Theatres. One block from Gates avenue surface car station, Broadway lines B. R. T.; twenty minutes Times Square.
Apply on premises, Robert Nevins, Agent, or
BUSHWICK-LINDEN REALTY CORP.
42 Linden St. Phone Foxcroft 6481

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS
New Buildings
HIGH CLASS
Elevator Apartments
October Occupancy
3 to 8 ROOMS 1 & 2 BATHS
195 HICKS ST.
35 CLARK ST.
34 MONROE PL.
114 CLINTON ST.
Apply on premises, or
SOLOMON SILK
18 EAST 41st. VAND. 7881

LIVINGSTON COURT
59-65 Livingston Street, Brooklyn
(Borough Hall Subway Station)
5 minutes to Wall Street.
High-class elevator apartments.
4-5-6-7 ROOMS
1-2-3 BATHS, RENT $1200 TO $2800
Possession now or Oct. 1.
Apply on premises or
Phone office, Vanderbilt 0116.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

PELDEAN COURT
High-class elevator apartments
32 minutes from Grand Central
3, 4 and 5 Rooms—1 bath
6 Rooms—2 baths
THE JOHN T. BROOK COMPANY
Pelham, N. Y. Tel. Pelham 4788.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

SEE MR. DREYFUSS.
Quick mortgage money available; will buy or place; this week: Brooklyn preferred. William De Goode, 99 Court St., Brooklyn. Main 5668.

MONEY for building loans, 1st and 2d mortgages; quick action assured. JOHN J. HENRY & SON, 309-311 5th Av., N. Y., 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE, half interest $20,000 second mortgage, 4½ years in public garage, Fordham section, Bronx. Principal reply only, Birth Road, Yonkers.

PRINCIPAL has up to $100,000 to lend on small second mortgages; each mortgage $4,000 to $6,000; quick action. M 894 Times Downtown.

FUNDS available for purchase money, second mortgages; brokers protected. I. Metzger & Co., 1,819 Broadway, Columbus 3356.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

$10,000 first mortgage wanted, established public garage Astoria. William Mahler, 277 Broadway.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Manhattan For Sale or Rent.

87TH, west of Broadway—3-story, basement, 11 rooms, 4 baths, all improvements; fine condition; $35,000, fully furnished; reasonable terms. Hidalgo, 25 West 42d.

254TH, 233 WEST—Bradley one block east)—Sell or rent twin houses, new, every improvement; 1932 tax exemption; owner there will help finance.

GREENWICH VILLAGE — 15-room house with 4 baths; gas steam heat, electricity; $29,000, cash $5,000. Mr. Waighn, 57 Greenwich Av. Chelsea 8339.

FOR SALE or rent, immediate possession, 6-room brick house, practically new, all improvements, near Mount Vernon High School. 6 Hartley Av., Hillcrest 3533J.

BARGAIN for quick purchaser, 106 West 97th; suitable for business; all improvements; immediate possession. Martha Thompson, Morsemere, N. J.

Bronx For Sale or Rent.

176TH ST. (near Crotona Park)—Four-family house, bargain; all improvements; plot 20x189; price $19,000; cash $5,000. M. A. Horowitz, 33 Union Square.

RIVERDALE.
Six of the latest style, just finished, brick and stucco houses, with garage, for particular people; in the country, still in the city; closing will commence; no builder wanted; tax exempt; terms to suit. 261st St. and Riverdale Av.

RIVERDALE.
—Beautiful new hollow tile and stucco two-family house; seven rooms and 4 bath on each floor; all improvements; terms, price to suit; tax exempt; garage; 100 feet west of Broadway, 260th St.

RIVERDALE—Beautiful two-family brick, 14 rooms, garage, particularly well built under owner's supervision. M 913 Times Downtown.

ROCKWOOD ST., 103—Concourse, block north 172d, Jerome Av. line, nine-room private house, improvements, garden, garage.

UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS—BIG BARGAIN.
Two-family brick, 13 rooms, 2 baths, all improvements, porches, garden, splendid view, good neighborhood, Jerome subway and Elevated; this week's price $18,000. M. 743 Kingsbridge Terrace.

WEBB AV., 2,836—SEVEN-ROOM APARTMENT, VERY LARGE ROOMS; ALSO SUN PARLOR AND GARAGE.

A HOME FOR SALE.
Woodlawn—Cozy 6-room frame house, sun parlor, attic, all improvements, garden, shade, fruit trees, arbor, chicken run. 20 Glover Av., or Madison Square 0631.

TWO-FAMILY TAX-EXEMPT.
Most convenient and best renting section of West Bronx; will sell right to quick buyer. Stern, 1,229 Gerard Av. Block east of 167th St. station, Jerome Av. line.

SEVEN, eight and nine room houses, two families; improvements; tax exempt; 2-car garages; 4 blocks west of University Av., between 179th and Burnside. 1,917 Hennesy Place, Fordham 7189.

PRIVATE houses, 1 and 2 family, brick, with garages, apartments; sale or rent. Owner, 1,152 Inman Ave., Harlem.

SEVEN-ROOM stucco house, garage, sun parlor. Beautiful Riverdale section, Kingsbridge 1013.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Bronx For Sale or Rent.

TWO-FAMILY HOUSES,
UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS.

Montgomery Av., corner 176th St. Two blocks west of University Av. Seven rooms, tile sanitary each floor; three-car garage, plot 25x100, separate showers, extra lavatory, tile kitchen, &c.; finest construction throughout; savings banks long term, 5½ per cent. mortgage; liberal terms. Inquire Montgomery Holding Corp. on premises. Phone Bingham 7689.

TO LEASE.
Northeast corner 176th St. and Concourse, 14 rooms, maidens, 3 baths; could be used for 3-family house; also garage for 5 cars. Apply Leo Levinson, 3,210 3d Av. Telephone Melrose 8201.

AT OPPORTUNITY.
To the right buyer a 2-family house, 15 large rooms and 3 sun parlors; detached; Spanish tile roof; cedar wood clothes closets and all other modern improvements; first mortgage $15,000, second mortgage $6,000; will not refuse reasonable offer. 2,326 Webb Av. north of 197th St., Jerome Av. subway.

A GOOD HOME at a right price on terms you can afford to pay; scientifically constructed; all work done by our own organization; before you buy or build see Ford Foundation, Inc., Dyre Av. Station, Westchester & Boston R. R. Block west of station. Phone Oakwood 8194.

TAX EXEMPT.
Two-family attractive brick house; fifteen rooms; large hall, parquet floors; tiled kitchen, bathroom, every convenience; must be seen to be appreciated; 3,397 Wayne Av., four blocks east of Jerome Av. S. Gunhill Road, 10-F FY M. Olinville 2490.

Brooklyn For Sale or Rent.

BAY RIDGE—For sale, private house, 11 rooms, garage, beautiful corner plot, 90x100. Phone Shore Road 4178.

EAST 19TH ST., 12, adjoining Prospect Park South, $31,500; newly completed Colonial, detached, 11 rooms, 3 baths, garage. Pierson, 823 Flatbush Av. 4300 Sterling.

FLATBUSH—Beautiful one-family detached home, six rooms, sun parlor, breakfast nook, fireplace and garage; in the finest section of Flatbush; will sell at sacrifice completely furnished with latest period furniture or without, complete $14,500; without furniture $12,500; house and furniture 6 months old; real bargain for quick buyer. 3,263 Bedford Av., between Av. K and Av. L, Brooklyn.

FLATBUSH — Elegant, modern 1-family house, exclusive section, 8 rooms, sun parlor, 3 baths, garage; reasonable rent. 1,327 21st St., corner Avenue L.

MANHATTAN BEACH—Sacrifice, brick dwelling, garage, completely appointed, landscaped, tax exempt or rent. Lewis, Irwin St., Coney Island 2675.

QUINCY ST., near Bedford Av., detached dupl.; two-story two-family dwelling; lot 37.6x100; first apartment, 5 rooms and bath; second apartment, 6 rooms and 2 baths; all hardwood floors; decorated; with every modern improvement. Wm. F. Rae Co., 163 Remsen St.

PROSPECT PARK SOUTH section, 80 Argyle Road—14-room house, double garage, finest section Brooklyn; plot 71x103, irregular; newly decorated; all modern improvements; steam, laundry, enclosed porch, parquet floors, &c.; price $25,000. Phone owner, Stagg 8404.

We specialize in new houses, either one or two family; and have some very beautiful ones to offer for your inspection; see these six and seven room one-family detached homes with large plots and all improvements; tiled kitchen and bath, breakfast room; oil burning heat; tax exempt, parquet throughout, standing shower; some with garages and some without; some of these one-family houses can be bought with an initial payment as low as $1,000; these houses are all within easy walking distance of the Kings Highway station of the Brighton Beach Line. You will do well to get in touch with us promptly as the choice of these houses will sell very quickly. Call Dewey 8539. Allyn S. Crumm, 1721 Kings Highway, Brooklyn.

IN BOROUGH PARK.
A REAL HOME.
Attractive 1-family stucco, now occupied by owner; purchaser can get early possession; built at pre-war costs; 12 rooms and bath; extra large sun porch with quarry tile floor, glass and screen enclosed; also upper deck porch leading off bedrooms; hot water heat, instantaneous hot water heater; parquet floors throughout; plot 60x100; fine residential community; 2-car stucco garage; conservatively valued at $32,000; offered at $27,500 for quick sale; terms arranged. Owner, care Williams Advertising Co., 175 5th Av. Tel. Ashland 6903.

EXCEPTIONAL bargain, corner Av. K and Ocean Parkway, 3 two-family detached houses, tiled walls in kitchens and bathrooms, bullitin showers, parquet floors; desirable location for professional man; must see to appreciate. Inquire on premises or phone Midwood 4297.

NEW tax-exempt house, ten rooms, billiard room, two bathrooms, two-car garage, well constructed; East Midwood section; cash required, $6,000; balance mortgage. Call at 982 East 24. Av. J.

BARGAIN PLANT.
50x115, 13th St., east of 4th Av., Brooklyn; price $15,000, cash $5,000. M. Horowitz, 33 Union Square.

RUGBY section, Flatbush—One and two family houses for sale. Flatbush 8749. Callow, 381 East 53d St., Brooklyn.

Queens For Sale or Rent.

BEECHHURST—Most attractive small home in Beechhurst for sale because owner building larger house across street; tax exempt; 7 rooms; garage; flowers, shrubs; newly painted; sacrifice; terms. Phone Flushing 3560.

BELLE HARBOR—Comfortably furnished 10 rooms, 2 baths, garage; reasonable. Belle Harbor 1001.

ELMHURST.
Doctor's residence in finest section, plot 50x100, semi-detached; trim and gables, large rooms; $17,500, easy terms; sacrifice.
HALLWEN REALTY CO.,
110 Junction Av., Junction Av. subway station. Look for the arrow.

JACKSON HEIGHTS GARDEN APARTMENT—Four light, airy, modern rooms; upkeep $38 monthly; fine opportunity; among most reasonably priced apartments; not for rent. See Superintendent, 131, 25th St., Jackson Heights.

JAMAICA—Near L. I. Station; modern two-family house, English basement, 13 rooms, 2 tiled baths with showers, enclosed porch; $16,500, terms. 508 Times.

RICHMOND HILL—9-room modern 1-family house; restricted; $80. Decatur 4616.

BUILDER sacrifices $2,600 less than cost, beautiful Colonial tax-exempt house; plot 5,000 square feet, restricted hill section in Jamaica; 10-mile view; 20 minutes Manhattan; 535 trains daily; all conveniences; steam, electricity, open fireplace, tile bath, kitchen, sewers, pavement, garage, golf course, $1,000 cash; balance $42 monthly principal. Monday, 94 Union Hall St., Jamaica. (Union Hall Depot) Phone Jamaica 8010, daily and Sunday.

GREAT BARGAIN—$5,950
buys beautiful Colonial tax-exempt $7,000 house; plot 2,850 square feet; high elevation; select neighborhood; large trees; 23 minutes Manhattan; 110 trains daily; trolleys, buses; steam, electricity, gas; tile bath; tile kitchen, sun parlor, porcelain tub, perfection roofing; $500 cash, $25 monthly principal. McNeece, 94 Union Hall St., Jamaica (Union Hall Depot). Phone Jamaica 8010 daily, Sunday.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY — 8-room brick residence, 3 baths, tiled kitchen and pantry, centre hall, fireplace, laundry and toilet in cellar; brass type of plumbing, hot water heat, finest construction throughout, with every known convenience; brick garage; plot 80x100; a real bargain at $25,000, with $5,000 cash. Hamilton Realty Co., 193d St. and Northern Blvd., Auburndale, Flushing. Phone Flushing 4012. Open daily and Sunday.

$500 CASH AND UP.
PRICES, $4,900 TO $12,500.
Special $7,500 bargain; steam, electricity, parquet, hot water, gas range, breakfast nook, decorations; garage space; 28 minutes Manhattan; daily, evenings, Sundays. FRONTIER, 90-50 Sutphin Boulevard, Jamaica. Block Jamaica Station. Phone Jamaica 8257.

BEAUTIFUL 10-room house, 1st floor 4 large rooms; 2d floor 4 airy bedrooms; 3d floor 2 furnished rooms; all moderate improvements; entrance 4 stairs; slate roof; garage; plot 50x104; near Brooklyn Manor station; 18 minutes to Penn. station. Behrens & Koch, 105-106 Jamaica Av. Richmond Hill 4400.

SEE DALY'S two-family brick houses; 36 now nearing completion; 46 sold; located at 35th St., between Hayes and Fillmore Avs., Jackson Heights, Elmhurst. Apply on premises or at office.

THOS. DALY, OWNER AND BUILDER.
Roosevelt Av. and 95th St., 2 blocks west Junction Av., "L" Station, Elmhurst.

SEVEN ROOMS, stucco home, four blocks from station; four large bedrooms, attic, tile bath and kitchen, shower, parquet floors, stucco garage; plot 40x100; a real sacrifice at $9,500; cash $1,500. Hamilton Realty Co., 193d St. and Northern Blvd., Auburndale, Flushing. Phone Flushing 4012. Open daily and Sunday.

Long Island For Sale or Rent.

AMITYVILLE, L. I.—17-room house on Broadway; about one and one-half acres land; beautiful surroundings; all improvements; $15,000. Inquire of H. Vogel, 114 Lexington Av., New York City.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Long Island For Sale or Rent.

BALDWIN—Bargain, 50x150; new house, 6 rooms, butlers' pantries, tiled bath, steam, electricity, gas; immediate possession; liberal arrangements; 7 minutes' walk station, schools. Owner, 132 Harrison Av. Phone Freeport 1159R or city, Canal 6300, particulars.

BALDWIN—Private party selling new 6-room house, built to order; tiled kitchen and bath, hardwood floors; all improvements. Biegler, 137 Milburn Av.

BAYSIDE—New 7-room, open attic; most desirable neighborhood, near the bay; $13,500. McKnight-Dayton, station Plaza, Bayside, N. Y. Phone Bayside 1237.

BEECHHURST,
overlooking the Sound; just completed; half hour from Penn. Station; one block from private bathing beach; two blocks from station; eight rooms and enclosed porch; oak floors throughout; two tiled baths, tiled kitchen; breakfast alcove; heated garage; hot water heat; every improvement; terms.
PHONE OWNER,
Flushing 3518.

BELLE HARBOR (130th St.)—3-story stucco, 10 rooms, 2 baths, garage; all year round house; completely furnished; price $16,000; cash $5,000. Apply William Smith, 260 Lenox Av. Harlem 6500.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
$11,000—Splendid one family house; 6 rooms, tiled bath, garage; all latest improvements; near station and schools; small cash, balance like rent.
$13,000—Two family house, 11 rooms, 2 baths, all complete; large plot in good location; easy terms; rent of one floor pays all charges.
A. J. KENWIN REALTY CO.,
B'way and 22d St. Flushing. Tel. Flush. 4004.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
New tax exempt, Colonial home, 6 rooms and bath, sun porch and attic; lot 60x100; all improvements; close to station; best location; reduced from $16,500 to $12,500; lot is worth $4,000. Telephone Wilson, Flushing 3828.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Six rooms, tiled bath, tile kitchen; stucco house with asbestos roof; enclosed porch; good plot; close to station; price $12,500, easy terms.
J. THOMPSON SCOTT JR.,
B'way and 22d St. Tel. Flushing 4240-4518.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING—Tax-exempt beautiful tapestry brick house; slate roof; 7 rooms, center hall, sun parlor, breakfast nook, tile bath, extra toilet, open attic, garage; plot 60x100; highly restricted. 137 North 19th St. Phone Flushing 5049.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING—SPECIAL
7-room tax-exempt two-family dwelling; lot 37.6x100; first apartment, 5 rooms and bath; second apartment, 6 rooms and 2 baths; all hardwood floors; decorated; with every modern improvement. Wm. F. Rae Co., 163 Remsen St.

PROSPECT PARK SOUTH section, 80 Argyle Road—14-room house, double garage, finest section Brooklyn; plot 71x103, irregular; newly decorated; all modern improvements; steam, laundry, enclosed porch, parquet floors, &c.; price $25,000. Phone owner, Stagg 8404.

BUILDER'S OWN HOME.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.

57TH ST., 26 WEST—Two-room and bath apartment; modern and light. Lack. 4753.

57TH, 4 WEST—Beautifully furnished two bedrooms, living room, kitchenette, bath; maid if desired. Medicus Bonard 6683.

EAST 4, WEST (HOTEL WOLCOTT)—BEAUTIFUL SUITES; PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; SUMMER RATES, $40 AND $45 PER WEEK. SEE MANAGER.

57TH, 50 WEST—Artistic, remodeled, Oriental rugs, antique furniture; 2 rooms, large kitchenette, bath; shower, parquet floors, steam, telephone; refined neighborhood; near parks; maid service if desired; lease $110 month; 1 room, bath, kitchenette, $75. Supt.

403 (near B'way)—Two beautiful rooms, bath; elevator. Winters, 25 West 42d St.

44TH ST., 123 WEST—Attractive 3-room suites, residential hotel, midtown section; moderate rental; inspection solicited.

46TH, 241 WEST (HILDONA COURT)—Elevator apartments, one, two and three rooms and bath, showers, kitchen, kitchenettes; all newly furnished and decorated; $20 to $30 weekly. Longacre 3560.

49TH (5th Av.)—Cozy large room, 2 daybeds, dressing table, large closet, foyer hall, bath, kitchenette; gas, electricity included; lease $110; reference. Phone mornings, except Sunday, Bryant 10440.

49TH, 58 WEST—1 and 2 room apartments; $60, $70, $75 monthly.

49TH, 60 WEST—One large room, nicely furnished; kitchenette and bath.

50TH, 57 WEST—Attractive 2-room apartment, kitchen; southern exposure. Circle 6264.

54TH, 161 WEST—Selling Sept. 10, must sacrifice beautifully furnished 4-room apartment for 6 months.

54TH ST., BROADWAY (HOTEL CUMBERLAND)—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; FROM $30 PER WEEK.

57TH CORNER 7TH AV.—THE REGAL—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICE; TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $100 AND UPWARD; REFERENCES.

57TH ST., 112 WEST (GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL)—TABLE D'HOTE WEEK OR TO OCT. 1; DESIRABLE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $45 WEEK.

57TH, 208 WEST—Elegantly furnished two-room, kitchenette housekeeping apartment; rear or will consider longer; large closets. Merritt, Circle 0480.

57TH ST., 301 WEST—Two rooms, bath and miniature kitchen; perfect light; elevator building; $100 per month. Columbus 7430.

58TH, 59 WEST—Artistic two rooms, bath, real kitchen; year's lease; $110.

60TH, 249 WEST—1 and 2 room apartments, bath and kitchenette; $20 upward.

60TH, 19 WEST—Congress apartments; one, two rooms, bath; hotel service; fireproof.

60TH, 144 WEST—Large room, bath, kitchen; high-class house; permanent.

61ST ST., 167 WEST—Beautifully furnished two rooms and bath; new building; unusual location; elevator building; $110 per month. Endicott 9747.

61ST, 102 WEST—Newly remodeled house, 1, 2 room apartments; new furniture.

62D, 121 WEST—Prompt application will secure the most distinctive little apartment on the west side, 70c; expensively furnished for discriminating person; $1,050. Or, lease; full particulars. Plaza. Endicott 1239.

62D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished 2-room suite, bath; hotel service, restaurant; by week, month or year; from $23 week or $100 month up. Endicott 1000.

62D, 118 WEST (HOTEL EARLTON)—VERY DESIRABLE 2 ROOMS AND BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; BREAKFAST; MONTHLY OR EARLY SUMMER RATES.

62D, 124 WEST—Handsomely furnished four-room apartment, grand piano, Oriental rugs; $270 a month. Endicott 9440.

62D, 132 WEST—Houghton Company will recommend only inspected apartments. Endicott 9273.

62D, 36 WEST (Apartment 1)—Furnishings, 8 rooms, for sale with lease.

63D, 63 WEST—Newly remodeled house, 1, 2 room apartments; new furniture.

74TH, 55 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, fireplace; beautifully furnished; reasonable. Superintendent.

74TH, 244 WEST—Five-room apartment, overlooking Hudson River; possession Sept. 15. See Superintendent on premises.

75TH ST., 25 WEST—Magnificent entire floor; complete apartment; also handsome large room, kitchen, bath; refined American home.

75TH—Beautiful one large room, bath, complete kitchenette apartment; $100. Endicott 6040.

76TH, 8 WEST—Newly decorated small housekeeping apartment; immediate possession; $35 per month. Superintendent.

76TH, 33 WEST—Beautiful two-three room suite; newly furnished; $100-$150.

76TH, 326 WEST (Drive)—Newly decorated and furnished 2-room apartment; private bath; suitable family; owner's home; reasonable.

76TH, 20 WEST—1 and 2 room apartments, beautifully furnished; all conveniences.

77TH, 10 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 1-2 ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, REAL KITCHEN; PIANO; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY.

77TH, 129 WEST—Parlor floor, 3 or 4 rooms, kitchenette, bath; references.

80TH, 102 W. (HOTEL ANDERSON)—1-2 ROOM SUITES; REFINED ATMOSPHERE.

81ST AND COLUMBUS AV., FACING PARK—HOTEL COLONIAL—One, two and three outside rooms, bath. Newly furnished and redecorated. Special summer inducements.

81ST ST., 133 WEST.

Two-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; improvements.

82D, 23 WEST—Exceptional parlor floor, exquisitely furnished; bath, kitchenette; bachelors. Owner.

82D, 60 WEST—One or two furnished room apartment; bath, kitchenette; lease.

84TH, 49 WEST—VERY EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM SUITE, PRIVATE BATH, SHOWER, KITCHEN, COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING, PIANO.

84TH, 25 WEST—Studio parlor floor, electricity, piano, maid service included; references.

84TH, 21 WEST—Exceptional floor, southern exposure; kitchenette; phone, maid service included.

84TH ST., 76 WEST—Two unusually attractive bedrooms, sitting room; electricity; kitchenette. Bell 2.

84TH, 319 WEST—Elegant one-room apartments, bath, kitchenette; $15-$25.

86th (Near Riverside)—Beautiful five-room elevator apartment; piano; $125. Endicott 6540.

86TH, 89 WEST—Kitchenette apartment, attractively furnished; every convenience; suitable 2-3; moderate.

91ST, 37 WEST—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS, TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $75 UP; MAID SERVICE.

92D ST., 315 WEST—Sublet, high-class 4-room apartment, 2 bedrooms, furnished or unfurnished. Apt. 6D.

92D, 308 WEST—Beautiful 1, 2 rooms, kitchenette, elevator, maid service, telephone.

92D, 333 WEST (west of Broadway)—Attractively furnished one room, bath; kitchenette.

95TH ST. (1,284 Broadway)—One way, 12-3 rooms, bath. Riverside 4768.

96TH, 205 WEST (SCHUYLER ARMS)—Delightfully situated modern housekeeping apartment; hotel.

Two rooms, kitchenette, $110.

Four rooms, real kitchen, $175 up.

Three rooms, large kitchenette, $150.

Rates include maid service, linen, laundry, electricity, silverware, kitchen utensils, &c.

97TH—Beautifully furnished apartment, 3 or 4 rooms, 2 baths; rent all or exclusive suite with foyer and bath; ideal for two, three gentlemen; one door from Riverside Drive.

100TH, 255 WEST (near West End Av.)—Very clean, modern, well furnished private apartment, 3 rooms, bath, kitchen; references essential; reasonable rent; lease. Cook. Riverside 7497.

101ST ST., 20 WEST.

Corner Manhattan Av.

1-2-3-4-room elevator apartments.

By month or week, reasonable.

101ST, 311 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 1-2 ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; $15 UP.

102D, 315 WEST—2 rooms, improvements; bath, electricity; for housekeeping. Inquire Superintendent.

103D, 308 WEST—Beautiful 1, 2, 3 rooms, kitchenette; elevator; maid service.

104TH, 210 WEST—High class two rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower, telephone. Hull.

105TH, 34 WEST—Sublet or sell 7-room apartment; hardwood floors; reasonable.

106TH, WEST—Beautiful six-room front; elevator; year; $490. Endicott 4004.

126TH, 4 WEST (APT. 2)—Six rooms, 2 bedrooms, 2 baths; rent, $125 month.

207TH, 302 WEST—Large room, bath, kitchenette, $35 monthly; references.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.

126TH (215 Manhattan Av.)—2, 3, 4, 5, 6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and janitor service; 24 hr. reference; every modern convenience; $15 up; references essential. Apply 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1047, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Open Sunday.

126TH, 59 WEST—Five light rooms, all improvements; handy location; reasonable.

110TH, 410 WEST (corner Columbus Av.)—CATHEDRAL PLAZA—One, two and three room apartments, bath and kitchenette, $6 month up; high-class elevator apartment house. Reference essential. Phone Academy 9013 Monday, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. Open Sunday.

111TH, 307 WEST—2-3-4-5-6 rooms, completely equipped housekeeping apartments; unusually artistic homes, high-grade fireproof elevator buildings; linens, silver, Oriental rugs; several apartments available now, 9th to 20th of October.

113TH ST., 535 WEST—Beautiful apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; comfortably furnished; high-grade neighborhood; rent $100.

113TH, 546 WEST—(Broadway)—High-class apartment 2 rooms, bath; maid service.

115TH, 310 WEST—Well furnished, immaculate, 3 rooms; southwestern exposure, 93d. Academy 4040. Clark.

116TH, 423 WEST—Two-room housekeeping suite; large kitchen; Columbia, subway. Murphy.

119TH, 419 WEST (overlooking Columbia)—Two rooms, kitchenette; tenth floor; entirely front, south; accommodates four; references required. Hildreth.

119TH, 419 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette; entirely front, south; for month. 4B.

122D, 416 WEST (Apply Apt. 53)—Delightful location overlooking Morningside Park, near Cathedral; choice environment; independent housekeeping suites; one large front room and kitchen, $95; two large front rooms and large kitchen, $100; wide view; elevator.

140TH, 604 WEST—Handsome front apartment; six months; $250 monthly.

156TH, 501 WEST—Leaving city, sacrifice apartment 3 rooms; immediate; seen mornings. Delahunt.

168TH, 601 WEST—Refined couple will share apartment, kitchen privileges. Supt.

BROADWAY CORNER—6 rooms, beautifully furnished, in 140s; elevator apartment; also 5 rooms for sale; rent reasonable. For particulars Audubon 7084.

BROADWAY, 3,099 (near 122d)—Four sunny rear rooms; elevator; $65; must buy furniture; $580; call after 3. Kulp.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—3 rooms, bath, wood-burning fireplace; every convenience; charming; small house; Cherry Lane. Spring 6496.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,470—Beautiful, light, corner apartments, eight rooms, reception hall; also 3 rooms. E. Kelly, 90 Union Square, Stuyvesant 1125.

LEXINGTON AV., 740—Sublet 2 large rooms and bath; rental $60. Inquire Mr. H. Weiss, Bloomingdales, 59th St. and Lexington Av.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,278—2, 3 and 6 rooms, electric light, all improvements; $65, $85, $100.

LEXINGTON AV., 101—6 light rooms, all improvements. Inquire janitor on premises.

LEXINGTON AV., 620 (53d)—2 rooms, tiled kitchenette, tiled bath; $110. Briner.

LIVINGSTON PLACE, 9 (corner 16th St.), facing Stuyvesant Park—5 rooms; all improvements; reasonable rent.

MADISON AV., 1,627 (100th St.)—Six rooms, bath, hot water, electricity; no steam; two flights up; newly decorated; no dogs allowed; well-kept house; rent $55. Maichers, University 2606.

MADISON AV., 121—Three and four room housekeeping, also seven-room duplex; $1,000-$2,000. Harks Realty Corp., 125 Madison Av. Madison Square 9173.

MADISON AV., 669—Entire 4th floor, 8 rooms, 2 baths, elevator apartment; $3,200.

MADISON AV., 116—Two elegant rooms, bath, kitchenette; $80 month. Janitor, 12 East 30th. Bryant 7911.

MADISON AVE., 1,013 (78TH)—Several beautiful apartments comprising entire floors; $1,620.

MADISON AV., 926 (78D)—2-3 rooms, all modern, rental $75 and $115.

MURRAY HILL—Artistic roof bungalow, 2 bedrooms, living room, wonderful views; garden, pergola; $4,800 Tel. Vanderbilt 2028.

PARK AV., 520 (northwest corner 60th St.)—Elegant apartment, entire floor, 12 rooms, 3 baths, south-east and southern exposures. Superintendent. Regent 2068.

PARK AV., 945—5 rooms, electric light, all improvements; $100.

PARK AV., 1,126—Seven rooms, 2 baths, $150. Inquire between 12-6.

CALL AND SEE THE

MURRAY HILL APARTMENTS

36TH ST., CORNER LEXINGTON AV.

The sunniest, brightest, most attractive and perfectly equipped apartments in the world.

3 ROOMS AND BATH.....$1,800 UP

4 ROOMS AND BATH.....$2,400 UP

OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

AGENT ON PREMISES OR

WILLIAM H. PECKHAM.

200 Madison Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 2800. Booklet sent upon request.

THE LOWEST RENT APARTMENT IN THE FASHIONABLE SECTION at 17 and 19 East 96th St., near 5th Av.; elevator apartments, five and six rooms, $125 to $150; immediate possession. William Cruikshank's Sons, agents, 85 Liberty St.

WHY LIVE UPTOWN?

105 East 10th St. is CENTRALLY LOCATED, excellent transportation facilities; SIX ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, bath; all improvements; only $65.

Unfurnished—West Side.

7TH AV., 1,902 (corner 115th, Afterthe Court)—2-3 rooms, up-to-date, modern apartments, elevator service; 5-room apartment, previously occupied by dentist. Apply Superintendent on premises.

8TH ST., 11-15 WEST (5th Av., Washington Square section)—2 and 4 rooms, high class elevator apartment.

10TH ST., 142 WEST—High-class 5-room apartment; lease $125.

12TH, 219 WEST—3-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; private residence; reasonable; unfurnished.

19TH, 145 WEST—Four beautiful rooms, steam, electricity, parquet floors, telephone.

16TH, 31 WEST—3 and 8 rooms, bath; all improvements; newly decorated.

42D, 236 WEST—1-2 rooms, all improvements; non-housekeeping; rent reasonable. Supt.

50TH, 244 WEST — 3-4 beautiful rooms, steam, electricity, parquet floors, telephone.

44TH, 123 WEST—Large 3-room suite, southeastern exposure; general hotel service; moderate rental; yearly lease.

45TH ST., 341 WEST.

HILDONA COURT.

In the Heart of Times Square,

Convenient to subway and "L" stations.

ELEGANT UP-TO-DATE ELEVATOR APTS.

One room and bath, built-in kitchenette, $85 month.

Two rooms and bath, built-in kitchenette, $105 month.

3 rooms and bath, with kitchen, $125 month.

Also furnished apartments.

Agent on premises. Phone Longacre 2580.

46TH, 328 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, remodeled dwelling; reasonable; after 5.

49TH, 34 WEST—Dentist's office, elegant location; all plumbing and wiring completely installed; ready for occupancy. Apply premises.

49TH, 126 WEST—Beautiful six-room apartment and bath; $100 per month. Inquire Doorman, 122 West 49th St.

49TH, 21 WEST—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette, north and south exposures; unusually attractive. See Agent, 3 West 50th.

50TH, 3 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; exclusive elevator apartment; unusually attractive.

50TH, 7 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; open fireplace; artistic; $1,600; possession.

51ST, 8 WEST—Beautiful two-room, bath and kitchenette apartments; 3 doors off 5th Av. Apply premises or phone Bryant 7125.

54TH, 300 WEST (Alton)—Sublet unfurnished 4-room apartment, corner, all outside rooms, Knickle, Apt. 10B.

55TH, 16 WEST—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath. Elberson or Supt.

56TH, 20 WEST—Studio apartment, 2 attractive rooms, kitchenette and bath; reasonable rent. E. Weinstein.

56TH ST., 41 WEST—Exceptionally large rooms; elevator. Inquire 45 West 56th.

57TH ST., 201 WEST—Unusually light 2 and 3-room apartments; miniature kitchen; also large studio apartments with miniature kitchen; elevator building; 3 rooms, $75; studio, first up, 2 rooms, $55; can be seen at any time. Endicott 9747.

57TH ST., 205 WEST (CORNER 7TH AV.)—THE OSBORNE.

Newly remodeled apartments of 2, 3 OR 4 ROOMS AND BATH.

Kitchens, kitchenettes, dining bays.

Rents $1,500 to $3,000.

Also at concessions one apartment each of 8 LARGE ROOMS & 3 BATHS (Corner) 12 LARGE ROOMS AND 6 BATHS

Apartments have high ceilings, foyers, large closets, telephones; immediate or later possession, with liberal allowances to Oct. 1. Renting Office on premises. Circle 9430.

57TH ST., 136-138 WEST (The Shrewsbire)—Apartments of two rooms, tiled bathroom, good closets, in a well-appointed building. Just west of Broadway, convenient to elevated express stations and subways, 66th St.; rentals from $75 to $80 monthly on lease; service if desired. Superintendent on premises.

57TH, 1 WEST (Hotel des Artistes)—Two choice studio apartments now available; free cooking, refrigeration; restaurant; electric dumb waiter; maid service; swimming pool; rents $2,400 and $4,200.

57TH, 19 WEST (Congress Apartments)—2 rooms, bath; maid service; fireproof building.

57TH ST., 127 WEST—Two large rooms, nicely decorated; kitchenette, bath; modern.

57TH, 237-239 WEST (off Broadway)—Beautiful one room, bath, kitchenette; parquet.

57TH, 209 WEST—Unusual two rooms, bath; spacious closets; high-class house.

57TH, 131 WEST—Modern two-room unfurnished sunny apartment; plenty hot water.

57TH ST., 167 WEST (at Bro adway)—Three beautiful rooms on ground floor, just completed; unusual high ceilings and perfect light; especially suitable for doctor or dentist. Endicott 8747.

57TH, 342 WEST (adjoining Riverside Drive)—Eight immense sunny outside rooms, two master bathrooms; all-night elevator; $200-$235. Ernest Tribelhorn, Riverside 7830.

71ST, 17 WEST—Five elegant large rooms, two baths; highest class new building, near Central Park; reasonable rental.

72D, 121 WEST—Offering a few selected apartments, 2 to 8 rooms; modern; new buildings, in 70s; $1,200 to $2,600. Partridge, Flagg, Endicott 1229.

72D ST., 53 WEST (corner)—Two, three rooms, large foyer, bath, kitchenette; elevator house.

72D ST., 53 WEST (corner)—Large 8-room studios, north light, bath, kitchenette; elevator house.

72D, 161 WEST—New 3 large rooms, bath, kitchenette, spacious closets; $100.

73D, 132 WEST—2 rooms, bath; southern exposure; quiet people; references.

74TH ST., 202 WEST (corner Broadway)—Beautiful 6 and 7-room apartments, one flight up; unusually light; 6 rooms, $110 up; 7 rooms, $125. Endicott 3110.

74TH, 135 WEST—Two beautiful rooms, southern exposure, bathroom, large closets; exclusive; references; lease $50-$100.

74TH, 53 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath, fireplace; very exclusive; reasonable. Superintendent.

75TH ST., 316 WEST—New; 1-2 large rooms, each kitchenette; equipped with accessories of highest quality for every home convenience; elevator; $1,200, $1,380, $1,440, $1,500.

75TH, 327 WEST—Large room, bath, kitchenette; ground floor; refined house; lease. Hughton Av.

76TH, 40 WEST—2-room apartment, kitchenette; reasonable.

76TH, 244 WEST—Two elegant 8-room apts.; modern elevator house; one suitable for doctor or dentist; $2,400.

76TH, 302 WEST—Modern 2 rooms, bath and small kitchen apartment; $100.

79TH ST., 315 WEST.

Beautiful 5 and 6 room apartments, near Riverside; one-half block to subway; $1,800 to $2,100 per annum. Bause, 2096 8th Av.

80TH, 323 WEST—Unfurnished apartment, 3 rooms and bath; inquire 3d apt.

81ST ST., 283 AND 285 WEST (between Broadway and 8th Av.)—Just completed, ready for occupancy, strictly modern, two rooms, bath, apartments inspection invited. Supt., premises, or Klein, Triangle 8686.

81ST, 159 WEST—3, 4, 5 large, light rooms, beautiful kitchen, modern fireproof building, ground floor; suitable physicians.

82D, 54 WEST—Front parlor and basement 4100 feet, with all improvements; dentist, doctor or private; $85; also rear parlor floor, 3 rooms, bath and kitchen, living room 25 by 20, all improvements; very elegant throughout; $150; doctor, dentist or private. Apply Janitor.

82D ST., 221 WEST (cor. Broadway)—New house, 4 rooms; finest apartment house on west side; $2,000 immediate possession. Trafalgar 9363, Garrison 2363.

82D, 206 WEST—Six rooms, all light, bath, steam heat, electricity, near subway, L; $85 monthly; lease. Janitor.

82D, 19 WEST—Bachelor apartment; large living room, bedroom, kitchen, bath, parquet.

82D, 61 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; also complete one-room apartment.

83D ST., 69 WEST—Sublet beautiful 4 rooms, parlor floor; newly decorated.

84TH, 201 WEST—Four and five room apartment for rent, all light, all improvements; newly renovated.

84TH, 37 WEST—6 light rooms and bath; all improvements; desirable neighborhood.

86TH, 250 WEST—New 14-story; 2, 3 and 4 room kitchen and kitchenette apartments; $1,800 to $2,200 yearly.

85TH, 77 WEST.

7 and 8 rooms, every improvement.

86TH, 204 WEST (at Airy Bath; 5 bath; 6 completely furnished rooms; kitchen, conveniences; southern exposure; immediate possession. Clayton.

86TH, 329 WEST (Riverside)—Large unfurnished one or two rooms in private house, kitchenette, bath. Schuyler 6062.

86TH, 76 WEST.

7 and 8 rooms, every improvement.

86TH STREET, 320 WEST.

Modern small suites, $95 up.

87TH, 116 WEST—Artist studio; north sky-light; bedroom, bath; every improvement; $65.

87TH, 315 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath; $80-$100; newly renovated; near Drive. Ring basement.

87TH, 116 WEST—2 elegant rooms, bath; improvements; subway, elevated; $85-$90.

87TH ST., 25 WEST—1-2-3 rooms, baths, kitchenette; bachelors, business women.

88TH, 22 WEST—Elegant two and three room apartments; extraordinary light rooms, tiled bath; just completed; $90-$135. Murray Hill 0784. 12-2 P.M.

88TH, 250 WEST (Apt. 14)—Three desirable rooms, furnished or unfurnished; homelike surroundings; seen mornings, evenings.

88TH ST., 50 WEST—Two large rooms and bath; reasonable rental.

89TH, 262 WEST—Large living room, kitchen, bath, thoroughly modern private house.

90TH, 312 WEST—Modern, light, airy apartment, five rooms and bath, in owner's own home; Superintendent. Schuyler 6885.

91ST—Seven rooms, $80; 4 rooms, average, $125; chance reduce expenses for living comfortably; sell completely furnished, reliable party, $750; no agents. Riverside 9083.

93D ST., 317 WEST—Elevator apartments. 6 rooms and bath.....$2,100 per annum. 4 rooms and bath.....1,200 per annum. Apply Superintendent or F. J. Feuerbach, 220 West 42d St. Bryant 0100.

96TH, 300 WEST—7 large, light, attractive rooms, completely renovated, modern improvements, elevator; rent $168. Apply Supt.

83D, 4 WEST (at Central Park)—Eight unusually large rooms, elevator building; $176 up. Fridecut 8747.

98D, 252 WEST—Two room and bath apartments, new house, $95-$90.

94TH, 319 WEST—Five, seven large, light rooms; elevator; reasonable rent.

97TH, 171 WEST.

5-8 large, sunny rooms; $1,200-$1,800.

98TH ST., 210 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY). NEW UP-TO-DATE ELEVATOR APARTMENTS; EXCEPTIONALLY BEAUTIFUL SUITES; 2, 3 ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; MODERATE RENTAL.

97TH, 302 WEST—Five, six immense rooms, all light, redecorated throughout; all-night elevator service, convenient transit facilities. Ernest Tribelhorn, Riverside 7350.

97TH ST., 311 WEST—Elevator apartment, 6 large, light rooms; all improvements; near Riverside Drive; reasonable rent. Gans.

97TH, 316 WEST—Six rooms, high-class apartment house, facing Drive; reasonable, rent; immediate possession. Apply Supt.

97TH ST., 29 WEST—Six rooms and bath, all improvements, near park, reduced to $80.

99TH ST., 309 WEST—High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms; all improvements.

99TH ST., 310 WEST—7-room, elevator apt., immense living room, $2,400.

101ST ST., 30 WEST.

Corner Manhattan Av.

4, 5, 6, 7 ROOM ELEVATOR APARTMENTS Reasonable.

101ST, 354 WEST (near Drive)—Beautiful 5-room, apartment, $1,200, dressing room, complete kitchen, tiled bath; reasonable.

102D, 253 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; beautifully decorated; private house; reasonable.

102D ST., 263 WEST (between West End Drive)—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; $115

104D, 318 WEST—Sublet three rooms, bath, beautiful light apartment. Apt. 2D.

103D, 216 WEST—Apartment, 7 rooms, bath, $150; bargain. Elberson or Supt.

104TH, 318 WEST—Three rooms and bath, including kitchen; newly decorated throughout; in attractive building, near 104th St. subway station; $80 monthly.

104TH ST., 344 WEST (near Broadway)—All improvements; elevator; newly decorated rooms and bath; rent $1,800. Apply Supt. on premises or Committee of Residents, 55 5th Av. Telephone Vanderbilt 2600.

104TH, 201 WEST—Leasing now for Oct. 11 high class non-elevator corner apartments; five extra large, light rooms, bath; all modern improvements $1152.

104TH, 129 WEST—Two rooms, bath; all improvements.

Five light rooms, newly decorated; parquet; electric; steam; $45.

104TH, 321 WEST—One and two room apartments, overlooking river, southern exposure, large closets, kitchenettes, baths; reasonable.

107TH, 210-220-230 WEST (near Broadway)—Five, six, seven and twelve rooms; all improvements; high-class elevator apartments; moderate rent. Superintendent on premises. Telephone Bingham 1228.

107TH, 300 WEST—Corner, 7-8 large, light rooms; all improvements; high-class elevator apartment; possession Oct. 1.

107TH, 337 WEST—6-7 light rooms, front elevator apartment; reasonable.

ELTH, 15 WEST (park, subway, "L", bus)—All improvements, newly decorated; white enamel woodwork, stippled walls, French doors.

Four rooms, two flights up, $70.
Five rooms, two flights up, $75.
Six rooms, two flights up, $85.
Six rooms, four flights up, $80.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

108TH, 315 WEST—Modern apartment, 5 rooms, electricity, telephone; Broadway subway; $75.

108TH, 325 WEST—Elevator apartment, 4-5 rooms; light; improvements; $100 up.

108TH ST., 203 WEST—Beautiful modern four-room apartment; $60; near subway.

110TH, 241 WEST—4 and modern rooms, facing Central Park; wonderful apartment and locality for doctor. Apply Superintendent.

LTH, 452 WEST—Seven large, light rooms; elevator; reasonable rent. Superintendent.

111TH ST., 249 WEST.

Seven and eight ROOMS, $100 up.

MANHATTAN AV. 439.

CORNER OF 113TH ST.

Four, five and six ROOMS, $65 up.

Apply premises or phone Bryant 4110.

111TH ST., 249 WEST.

Seven and eight ROOMS, $100 up.

MANHATTAN AV. 439.

CORNER OF 113TH ST.

Four, five and six ROOMS, $65 up.

Apply premises or phone Bryant 4110.

111TH, 501 WEST—Three, four and five room apartments; elevator; telephone; all improvements; $65 to $100. Inquire Supt.

111TH, 57 WEST (corner)—Six and seven rooms, elevator; rent $100. Superintendent.

112TH, 116-118 and 120-122 West—4 and 6 room elevator apartments, buildings being renovated; rents reasonable. Apply Whitehead-Goodman, 372 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0216.

112TH ST., 533 WEST—Six-room apartment, all improvements; high-class fireproof building; reasonable rent. Superintendent on premises.

112TH, 210 WEST—Three large attractive rooms, kitchenette and bath; entire floor private house. Grossman, Cathedral 7758.

112TH ST., 604-612 WEST—6, 7 rooms; elevator, up-to-date apartments; suitable for doctor; reasonable rent.

113TH, 141 WEST—4 and 6 rooms, immediate possession; $35, $75.

113TH ST., 401 WEST (corner Morningside Drive)—6 and 8 rooms, high-class elevator apartments; all improvements; separate rents. Apply on premises, Bowling Green 6094.

113TH ST., 535 WEST—Beautiful apartments, 2 and 4 rooms; all modern improvements; high-grade elevator apartment house, near Columbia; moderate rentals. Superintendent.

113TH, 625 WEST—6 and 7 rooms, 2 baths; fireproof elevator building at Riverside. Superintendent.

116TH ST., 606 WEST—High-class apartments, four, seven, eight rooms. Whitehead-Goodman, 372 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0216.

119TH ST., 430 WEST (near Morningside Drive)—Seven, eight and nine rooms; high-class elevator apartment; all improvements; moderate rents. Apply on premises. Bowling Green 6094.

119TH ST., 371 WEST—Six and seven rooms, all improvements; facing Morningside Park; very desirable location; reasonable rent.

119TH ST., 56 WEST—6 large, light rooms, all improvements; reasonable rent.

121ST ST., 163 WEST.

Corner apt., 7 beautiful, light rooms; all modern improvements, parquet floors; $110.

121ST, 414 WEST—6 rooms, high-class elevator apartment; reasonable rent.

122D ST., 516 WEST.

4, 5, 6 room elevator apartments; very desirable; immediate possession; $90 up. Supt.

123D ST., 540 WEST—New building, ready Oct. 1; two, three and four rooms; housekeeping apartments; $53 to $80; now open for inspection.

123D, 1 WEST—Elevator apartment, 4 rooms, choice location. See Supt.

126TH ST., 445 WEST.

Three, four and five rooms, bath; hot water supply, electricity; $40 to $50. Apply A. COSGROVE.

127TH ST., 275 WEST (near Convent Av.)—Four and five rooms; steam heat, hot water, electric lights, telephone service; rents $60 to $75. Inquire Superintendent on premises or Goodwin & Goodwin, Inc., 200 Lenox Av.

130TH ST., 408 WEST—6 rooms, elevator apartment, extra large modern rooms, overlooking Park; reasonable. Inquire Supt.

130TH, 420 WEST—5 and 6 room high-class elevator apartment; reasonable rent. Inquire Superintendent.

130TH ST., 523 WEST (near Broadway)—4-5-6 rooms, high-class elevator apartment; all improvements; moderate rent. Apply on premises. Bowling Green 6094.

130TH, 565 WEST—6 or 7 beautiful rooms, high-class, elevator; moderate rents. Apply on premises, or Samuel Beiar, 345 Madison Av., or Murray Hill 4050.

132D, WEST (289 Convent Av.)—New high-class elevator apartments, just completed; 3-4-5-6 rooms, 1-2 baths; immediate occupancy. Inquire premises, Bradhurst 6621.

135D ST., 519 WEST—6 large, light rooms, all improvements; elevator; reasonable rent.

143D (653 Riverside Drive) 5 rooms, all facing Drive; wonderful view. Supt.

144TH ST., 565 WEST (corner Broadway)—Five, six and seven room apartments; elevator; rents $90-$120-$140. Inquire Superintendent on premises or Goodwin & Goodwin, 200 Lenox Av.

144TH, 510 WEST (off Broadway) — Very choice elevator apartment; 4-5-6 rooms, all improvements, elegantly decorated; buses, subway, trolley, "L"; open inspection. Supt.

145TH, 402 WEST—Seven rooms, light, modern improvements, high-class apartment house; occupancy Oct. 1. Apply Supt.

147TH (3,404 Broadway)—7 light rooms; all improvements; $90. Apply on premises.

149TH, 490 WEST (corner Convent)—Front apartment, three rooms, bathroom, kitchenette; $70.

149TH, 450 WEST—High-class elevator apartment, five beautiful large rooms; $80.

149TH, 567 WEST (Broadway)—Six rooms; attractive walk-up; modern improvements $90.

151ST, 600 WEST—2, 3, 4 extra large rooms, high-class, new, elevator apartment, reasonable rent. Apply Superintendent.

152D, 514 WEST—High-class elevator apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette; quaint and modern apartment; colony of New York. Apply Thurnauer Realty, 1,521 Broadway. Riverside 9083. Cor. 94th St., Office No. 3.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 220 (at 126th St.)—Beautiful 4 and 5 room apartments, completely decorated, facing Italian garden, block from subway, excellent service. Apply Superintendent on premises, or phone Billings 0421.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 845-853 (at 135th St.)—High-class elevator apartments, 2-3-4-5-6 room apartments to lease. Inquire Superintendent or Fried-man White Realty Co., 200 Riverside Drive. Phone Wadsworth 8335.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 250 (65th)—6 spacious rooms; river view; modernized to date, high-class elevator apartment; rent reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 310 (corner 102d)—2-3-4-5-6-7 rooms, 1-3 baths; October occupancy; some immediate possession; elevator. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 700 (158th to 157th)

THE RIVERTON.

2, 3 AND 5 ROOMS.

BILLINGS 2900. RESIDENT MGR.

RIVERSIDE DR., 300 (161st)—High-class elevator apt., 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, facing drive; all improvements. Inquire Supt. on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE 578 (COR. 136TH).

Six beautiful rooms, all front; paneled; stippled; French doors; every improvement. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 555 (north of 156th)—New elevator building; 3, 4, 5 and 6 rooms. Apply Supt. on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 360 (143D)—5 and 7 room elevator apartments; reasonable rents.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 450—Very choice 7-room elevator apartment; reasonable; possession. Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (148th)—New fireproof 4-5-6-7-8; doctor's apartment, $100-$225. Murray Hill 5800, Audubon 6804.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362—Very choice elevator apartments; 6 rooms, 3 baths. Supt.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 240 (northeast corner 167th St.)—New elevator building; 3, 4, 5 and 6 rooms. Superintendent on premises.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 564—Four and five beautiful rooms, exceptionally large; southern exposure. Ring outside bell.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 31 WEST.

Facing directly on Square; unusually attractive apartments; one to two rooms, with alcove and bath; elevator, wood-burning fireplaces; fireproof construction; $1,500 upwards. Apply premises or phone Vanderbilt 5600.

WEST END AV., 378—On account of leaving city owner will rent at sacrifice beautiful new apartments; Riverside District. 32 Front St., Buffalo, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

WEST END AV., 375—two rooms, bath; immediate or October possession; $18-$19. Apply Superintendent, 377 West 89th, or Ferd. Wolf Co., 317 West 45th. Bryant 5480.

W. 87 END AV., 809 (84th St.)—Attractive 6-room apartment; new building; rent reasonable. Apply on premises.

WEST END AV., 840—3, 4 room apartments; 3 baths. Theatre Superintendent or Wells, 1 West 34th St.

[illegible] High-class apartments; 6 and 7 rooms. Apply White-Goodman, 372 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0216.

RENTS REDUCED.

232TH ST., WEST (corner Marble Hill Av.)—At Broadway subway station and one block from New York Central station. MODERN ELEVATOR HOUSE, all modern improvements, day and night service. Supt. on premises, or phone office, Gramercy 3850.

OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK.

113TH ST., 15a WEST—High-class apartment, 4 beautifully decorated, light, airy rooms, all improvements; real kitchen; $70.

LARGE, airy studio, unfurnished; ample closet room; hot and cold water; light and heat; facing Central Park; references asked and given. Phone Circle 8029.

DOCTOR OR DENTIST APARTMENT, 5 rooms, occup

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

WEDNESDAY, 6 P. M.—Schools, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with cuts, photographs, matrices or drawings.

FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Editorial Section.

FRIDAY, 9 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, Business Opportunities.

TODAY, SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to omission.

Daily Edition

Advertisements for daily edition must be received before 6 P. M. on day preceding publication.

Classified Advertising Rates

Minimum space 3 lines. Agate line of 8 words.

Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	50c
Employment Agencies, Boarders Wanted	50c
Help Wanted	60c
Lost and Found	60c
Real Estate, &c.	60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	60c
Country Board	60c
For Sale	60c
Automobile Exchange	60c
Agents Wanted	60c
Mortgage Loans	60c
Employment Agencies	60c
Business Opportunities	$1.00
For Women	$1.00
Buyers' Wants, Offerings in Buyers	75c
Book Exchange (Sundays)	75c
Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted until midnight for insertion in next day's issue by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.	

Record of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

Telephone LAckawanna 1000.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

Continued from preceding page.

35TH, 56 EAST—Double rooms, with private and adjoining bath; select neighborhood.

36TH (Park Av.)—Large room, steam, service; reference; gentleman; exclusive. 3912 Plaza.

37TH, 439 EAST (near Sutton Place)—Attractive rooms, furnished and unfurnished studios.

39TH AND 5TH AV. (HOTEL NETHERLAND)—LIGHT, AIRY ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, ON BACHELOR FLOORS; SHOWER AND TUB BATH ON FLOOR; $15 WEEKLY.

39TH AND 5TH AV. (HOTEL NETHERLAND)—LARGE, QUIET, DOUBLE ROOMS AND BATHS, $35 PER WEEK.

39TH, 138 EAST — Room, private English family; references. Apt. 8D, Regent 3510.

39TH, 236 EAST—Small room, all improvements; $5; gentleman. Dr. Schneider.

41ST, 174 EAST—Bedroom with sitting room; piano; private family. Neuvel, Rhinelander 4561.

41ST, 101 EAST—Newly furnished front parlor with bedroom, piano; parquet floor.

45TH, 118 EAST — Large and small room, reasonable; all improvements; private house.

46TH, 68 EAST—Corner, front, suitable 2-3; every convenience; subway, 5th Av bus; also single; reasonable. Wallack.

90TH, 74 EAST—Private house, double and connecting rooms. Telephone Lenox 2489.

92D, 30 EAST—Exclusive rooms, private bath; elegant private house.

93D ST. (at Madison Av.)—Hotel Ashton—Newly decorated, furnished rooms with use of bath, $12 weekly up; rooms with private bath, $15 weekly up; buses, surface cars, subway; full hotel service; restaurant.

95TH, 20 EAST—Large room; also single rooms; quiet house; every convenience.

96TH, 104 EAST—Large front parlor and bedroom, private family; steam, hot water; phone, 4c. near subway. $15. Wimburgh.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,423—Two nice rooms, one medium and one large; kitchen privileges; telephone; women only.

MADISON AV., 1,292 (924)—Desirable room; modern improvements, references. Harders, Lenox 6226.

MADISON (30th)—Well furnished outside room, private bath; large closets. Madison 1016.

MADISON AV., 1,069 (near 81st St.)—Newly decorated room; all conveniences.

MADISON AV., 189—Ideal single and double rooms; running water; bath; reasonable.

MADISON AV., 1,561—Outside room, private washroom; elevator apartment. Apt. 7L

PARK AV., 1,128 (between 90th and 91st)—Attractive single room; private apartment; all conveniences; reasonable. Faugeres or Janitor.

"ALLERTON HOUSE."

Club residence for men conveniently located, affording every comfort of home, with surroundings and service of the select club; rates, $10 to $20 a week, for approved residents only.

43 EAST 26TH ST. / 143 EAST 39TH ST.
22 EAST 26TH ST. / 302 WEST 22D ST.

West Side.

87TH AV., 115TH (Near 23d St.)—Fourth floor, very attractively furnished rooms; gentlemen; telephone, electricity; $10 each. Gillet.

12TH, 38—WEST—Newly decorated rooms, running water, electricity and all conveniences.

12TH, 111 WEST—Large room, in bachelor's residence; twin beds; business men.

23D, 94 WEST—Parlor floor, two adjoining beautiful rooms, private bath, kitchenette; charmingly furnished; piano; exclusive residence; reasonable.

51ST ST., 4 WEST (WOLCOTT HOTEL)—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $15 WEEKLY; DOUBLE ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, TWIN BEDS, RUNNING WATER, $24 WEEKLY FOR TWO; SINGLE ROOMS WITH BATH, $21 WEEKLY UP.

53D ST., 127 WEST (HOTEL WOODSTOCK)—COMFORTABLE ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, ON BACHELOR FLOOR; BATHS ON FLOOR; $14 WEEKLY.

53D ST., 255 WEST (TIMES SQUARE HOTEL)—ROOMS ON WOMAN'S FLOOR, $12 WEEKLY AND UP.

47TH ST., 106 WEST—RALEIGH HALL, A RESIDENCE FOR MEN.

Attractively furnished rooms, with, without private bath or shower; club advantages and accommodations with hotel service.

RATES FROM $10 WEEKLY.

60TH, 34 WEST—Attractive large room, private bath; also small room; gentlemen; permanent; references.

51ST, 248 WEST—Large and small rooms, all modern improvements.

54TH ST. AND BROADWAY (HOTEL CUMBERLAND)—MODERN, FIREPROOF ROOMS, WITH RUNNING WATER, $17.50 WEEKLY SINGLE, $21 WEEKLY DOUBLE.

55TH, 103 WEST APT. 2.
Attractive, light room, every convenience; references.

57TH ST., 347 WEST—Delightful rooms, exceptionally quiet home; permanent guests.

57TH, 323 WEST—Large room, beautifully furnished; kitchenette; suitable for 3; reasonable.

58TH, 128 WEST—Front room, single, running water; electricity, gas; refined. Johnson.

58TH, 62 WEST—Suite, single, double; call after 6 evenings. Plaza 4044.

60TH ST., 44 WEST (St. Paul Hotel)—Very desirable newly furnished single and double rooms; rooms with private bath, $14 per week upward; rooms with running water, $10 per week upward; inspection invited.

61ST ST., 10 WEST—Newly furnished 2 rooms and bath; hotel service; $35 to $50 weekly, $100 to $200 monthly or lease; restaurant a la carte.

65TH, NORTHEAST CORNER BROADWAY (HOTEL SIDNEY)—ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; $2 PER DAY UP; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES.

65TH ST., 10 WEST—Light, clean running water; exceptionally comfortable bed; gentleman. Freligh.

65TH, WEST (Corner Central Park)—Exceptional room for high-class gentleman; permanent; modern conveniences. Inquire elevator man.

70TH, 244 WEST—Attractively furnished, large back parlor, bath, complete kitchenette; reasonable.

70TH, 135 WEST—Select house, beautifully furnished one, two rooms, kitchenette, bath.

70TH, 306 WEST—Nice large rooms with kitchenette, private bath, electricity, phone.

70TH, 238 WEST—Attractively furnished; modern improvements; private bath; phone; kitchenette; single, double; $12, $15, $20, $22.

70TH, 206 WEST—Newly decorated rooms, single or double; $7 to $15.

70TH, 22 WEST—Large room, bath, shower; always hot water; other vacancies.

70TH, 150 WEST—Front parlor, alcove, bedroom, complete bath; steam heat; jeans.

70TH, 130 WEST—Medium room, neat, bath; steam heat, running water; references.

71ST ST., 324 WEST.
Unusually desirable room, bath, shower, newly remodeled; private home; ideal location. Bachelor.

71ST, 346 WEST—Exceptionally large outside room; single, double, kitchen; reasonable. Schaefer.

71ST, 102 WEST—Newly remodeled house; double, medium, single, baths; new furniture.

71ST, 342 WEST (1B)—Attractive large room; running water, bath, shower; reasonable.

71ST, 22 WEST (near Park)—Medium sized room, running water, electricity; $10.

72D (Riverside)—Beautifully decorated room in exclusive apartment for gentleman; available Sept. 10; $15. Endicott 4546.

72D, 22 WEST—Exceptionally desirable rooms, private baths, large studio, basement.

72D ST., 24 WEST—Unusually desirable outside room; private family; references.

72D, 16-20 WEST—VERY EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; REAL KITCHEN; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; MODERATE.

72D, 265 WEST—Unusually attractive large, sunny room, every convenience; reasonable; references.

72D, 63 WEST—New remodeled house; double, medium, single baths; new furniture.

72D, 168 WEST—Handsomely furnished room, 2d floor, private bath; $20; references.

73D, 55 WEST—Large rooms, kitchenette, bath; also single; quiet; clean; reasonable.

73D, 160 WEST—Front room in refined home; attractive location; gentlemen only.

74TH, 5 WEST—Beautiful double room, private bath, twin beds; kitchenette privileges.

74TH, 32 WEST—Spacious room, private bath; perfectly appointed house; breakfast optional.

74TH, 159 WEST — DOUBLE ROOMS, KITCHENETTES; $10 UP.

74TH, 306 WEST—Rooms, large, small, newly furnished; business people; studio.

74TH (2,131 Broadway)—Large, newly furnished room, all conveniences. Apt. 5A.

75TH, 112-115 WEST—Rooms, private baths, toilets, $15 up; single, $8; also 2 and 3 room suites.

75TH, 300 WEST—Attractive large room, kitchenette; also large room, adjoining bath, newly decorated.

76TH, 327 WEST—Charming room, running water, with, without bath; excellent service.

76TH, 251 WEST—Beautiful large, $26; small, $18; unusual table, refined service.

76TH, 235 WEST—Large, newly decorated room; private bath; private family. Seidel.

76TH, 319 WEST—Opportunity for gentleman to share attractive, large room, unusual, private house, with gentleman; references required.

76TH, 305 WEST—Attractive double room, adjoining bath; excellent service; refined home.

76TH, 60 WEST—Nicely furnished, large room; all improvements; elevator apartment. O'Brien.

76TH, 325 WEST (Drive)—Newly decorated, single and double; owner's home; reasonable.

76TH, 251 WEST—Rooms, bath, second floor; well furnished; twin beds; electricity.

76TH, 118 WEST—Large, beautiful room, private bath; private house; references.

76TH, 112 WEST—Newly furnished large rooms, twin beds; private bath; $18.

76TH, 44 WEST—Large rooms, with, without private bath; twin beds. Owner.

76TH, 237 WEST—Large room, private bath, 3 closets; 1 flight; $15.

76TH, 42 WEST—Attractively furnished, large basement; suitable housekeeping.

76TH, 43 WEST—Attractively furnished large rooms, private bath, twin beds.

77TH, 338 WEST—Large, attractive room, sunny room, every convenience; reasonable; references.

77TH, 341 WEST—Room with bath, $18 per week; gentlemen only; references.

77TH, 118 WEST—Beautiful large rooms, with or without private bath; select.

77TH, 111 WEST—Attractive large room, all conveniences; references; reasonable.

78TH, 463 WEST—Refined accommodations; quite different; immaculate; private bath, kitchenette; references.

78TH, 209 WEST.
Two large rooms, bath; $10-$12.

80TH, 128 WEST—Exceptionally desirable room, private bath, twin beds, kitchenette; immaculate.

80TH, 130 WEST—Kitchen, bedroom, living room, bath, telephone, electric lights, Victrola. Greene.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. (HOTEL ENDICOTT)—ROOMS FROM $2 PER DAY OR $12 PER WEEK; ROOMS WITH BATH FOR ONE PERSON $2.50 PER DAY OR $15 WEEKLY FOR ONE PERSON; $3.50 PER DAY OR $21 WEEKLY FOR TWO PERSONS.

81ST, 231 WEST (corner Broadway)—Single, double, running water; $8 up. Hull.

82D, 20 WEST—Large, handsomely furnished front rooms; high class business people preferred; exceptional opportunity to locate in owner's beautiful home; every comfort assured.

82D, 119 WEST—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; running water, electricity.

82D, 25 WEST—Comfortable large back parlor, twin beds, steam, kitchenette, electricity, bath, phone; reasonable; reference.

82D, 22 WEST—Luxuriously furnished parlor floor, double, medium, single rooms. Owner.

82D—Attractive large room, running water; one or two gentlemen. Endicott 52123.

83D, 262 WEST—Large sunny room, running water, elevator; reference.

84TH, 320 WEST—Large outside room, private family. Endicott 3360. Apt. 2W.

84TH, 54 WEST—Attractive single room, scrupulously clean; bathroom floor; electricity; $7.

84TH, 328 WEST—Beautifully new furnished large front room, all conveniences.

85TH, 344 WEST—Suitable 2 gentlemen, most attractively furnished living and bedroom, 3 windows, facing front; unusual. Duffy.

85TH, 342 WEST—Newly furnished, single, double rooms; absolutely cleanliness. Monroe.

85TH, 34 WEST—Artistically furnished rooms, single, private bath, kitchenette; reasonable; exclusive.

85TH, 100 WEST—Comfortably furnished medium, bath, conveniences; $6; one flight. Hanly.

85TH, 344 WEST (4W), Broadway subway—Comfortable double room, elevator apartment.

85TH, 300 WEST—Single room, southern exposure, adjoining bath; private house; $7.

86TH, 315 WEST—Attractive front room; also single, shower, bathroom; references.

86TH, 43 WEST—Single room; redecorated, large closet, steam heat, kitchen; references.

86TH, 21 WEST—Attractive room, bath, electricity; phone; $10 to $18 weekly.

86TH, 206 WEST—Light, airy room, single, double; elevator. Emery.

86TH, 34 WEST—2-room suite; also medium room; refined private home.

86TH, 100 WEST—2-3 front, connecting, housekeeping; $15-$18-$20. Ruffels.

87TH ST. (near Broadway)—In high-class apartment, desirable corner room, large closet, twin beds; ladies or gentlemen; reasonable. Phone Schuyler 8443.

87TH, 355 WEST—Exceptionally large attractively furnished, with or without private bath; southern exposure; light housekeeping; near Drive, subway.

87TH, 53 WEST—Beautiful newly furnished large, medium rooms; private baths, kitchenette.

87TH, 151 WEST—Large rooms; suitable for two; all conveniences; references.

87TH, 204 WEST (2E)—Back parlor, two windows; kitchenette privilege; $12. Lawice.

87TH, 48 WEST—Large room, private bath, kitchenette; others with, without bath.

87TH, 19 WEST—Large room with bath; front basement adjoining bath. Owner.

88TH, 106 WEST—Newly decorated, three large front rooms, housekeeping; complete; private entrance; electricity; reasonable. Raphael, Schuyler 0627.

88TH, 66 WEST—Very desirable room; business person; conveniences; reasonable. Alces.

88TH, 177 WEST—Front and back parlor, 2 baths, kitchenette; rooms, kitchenette.

88TH, 254 WEST—Large front room, in private house; all conveniences.

90TH, 12 WEST—Elegantly furnished double room, kitchenette; all improvements, service, reasonable.

91ST, 126 WEST—Independent front suite, all conveniences; piano; French family. Steudler.

91ST, 112 WEST—Large, well-furnished private bath; southern exposure; business people.

91ST, 128 WEST—Front parlor with connecting room; single room; phone. Ullman.

91ST, 52 WEST—Two-room suite, bath, kitchenette; monthly or weekly rate.

92D, 208 WEST (Apt. 8A)—Large single or double, running water, opposite bath; electricity, telephone; convenient transit.

92D, 214 (BROADWAY)—Double room, private lavatory; single room; newly decorated. Kittredge, Academy 3451.

92D, 48 WEST—Newly decorated rooms, southern exposure; bath adjoining; electricity, phone.

92D, 66 WEST—Beautiful large connecting rooms, bath; all conveniences; private residence.

92D, 257 WEST—Large front, medium room, piano; $6 up. Mrs. Grill.

93D, 303 WEST — Exceptionally desirable front suite, private bath, electricity, telephone, kitchenette.

93D, 306 WEST—Attractive two front rooms, suitable three; all conveniences; homelike; also small room, bath. 4 west.

93D, 4 WEST—Large, comfortable, clean room, running water; all improvements. Apartment 2W.

93D, 9 WEST—Rooms, newly decorated; $7-$8; running water; next to bath.

93D, 325 WEST (Apt. 31)—Well appointed double room, private family.

94TH, 51 WEST—Magnificently furnished rooms; bath, shower, telephone; smaller rooms; gentlemen.

94TH, 180 WEST—Outside, clean, homelike; reasonable; business person preferred. Riverside 7748.

94TH, 14 WEST—Attractive single and double suites, convenience, homelike. Riverside 7462.

96TH, 315 (Apartment 61)—Light room, shower bath; business people. Riverside 0300.

96TH, 330 WEST (Apt. 60)—Comfortable room for gentleman; elevator; reference; $7.50.

96TH, 115 WEST—Attractive room, adjoining bath; dressing room; $11; gentlemen; references.

96TH, 317 WEST—Charming two-room suite, twin beds; reasonable rent. Gorton.

96TH, 330 WEST—Very clean; near Drive, subway; references; $7.50. Apt. 32.

96TH, 316 WEST (Apt. 32)—Large front room, also medium; refinement; gentlemen.

96TH, 38 WEST—Beautifully furnished, private bath, all conveniences; refined house; reasonable.

96TH, 21 WEST—Parlor floor, private baths, twin beds; together or separate.

97TH, 256 WEST (Apt. 42)—Rooms for three or four clean young business men; $6 to $12.

98TH, 254 WEST (Apt. 5)—Attractive rooms, twin beds; bath with shower; piano; excellent cuisine optional; breakfast, dinner.

98TH, 310 WEST—Opportunity business man, high-class furnished room; private family; all conveniences. Apt. 42. Riverside 5236.

99TH, 304 WEST (7W)—Large, cool front room, beautifully furnished; shower; elevator.

99TH, 306 WEST (2E)—Large front room, twin beds; also single; reasonable.

99TH, 243 WEST—Large front room, twin beds, elevator, kitchen privileges. Watts.

100TH, 235 WEST—Nicely furnished room, running water, adjoining bath, $12; convenient.

102D, 244 WEST (Broadway)—Large, small rooms, bath, electricity; reasonable. Riverside 2023.

102D, 316 WEST—Attractive large room, bath, kitchenette; medium room. Riverside 10084.

102D, 254 WEST—Pleasant outside room, bath; private family; reasonable; gentleman.

102D, 214 WEST—Two connecting rooms; also small; gentlemen. Apt. 4W.

102D, 218 WEST (Corner Broadway)—Large and small rooms, elevator; reasonable. (4D.)

103D, 155 WEST—Double front, also single; improvements; $9, $5; phone. Meehan.

105TH, 201 WEST—Outside large, small sunny rooms, newly decorated; modern improvements; elevator; Southern family; gentlemen only. Gourley.

109TH ST. (West End Av.) — Ideal home, large double room, connecting bath; private family. Phone Hall, Academy 3451.

106TH, 217 WEST—Bedrooms, connecting; electricity; gentlemen; also parlor and bedroom. Bearcroft.

106TH, 61 WEST (Apt. 10)—Comfortable, homelike room; elevator; business man, $7.

107TH, 14 WEST—Newly furnished and decorated room; private family; lady preferred; no other roomers; elevator service. Mole.

107TH, 220 WEST—Attractive, large, single, front room; private family; gentlemen; references. Academy 2028. Apt. 61.

107TH, 220 WEST (Apt. 43)—Front, corner, beautifully furnished, private home; reasonable.

106TH, 328 WEST—HIGH-CLASS, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED LARGE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE TILED ROMAN BATH, SHOWER, KITCHENETTE.

106TH, 241 WEST (Apt. 3)—Academy 2726; front room, kitchen privilege; couple.

106TH, 215 WEST—Outside room, phone, electricity, shower; $6. Pastorino, Apt. 14.

108TH, 318 WEST—Double, single, private bath; running water; $8 up.

109TH, 312 WEST—Beautifully furnished outside room; running water, bath adjoining; one or two gentlemen. Boise apartment.

109TH, 259 WEST—Immaculate large front, also single, kitchen; business people. Waltz.

109TH, 302 WEST—1 large room, bath, kitchenette apartment, $585 monthly; references.

109TH (Broadway)—Magnificent room, ideal surroundings; private family; gentleman; reasonable. Academy 1524.

112TH, 542 WEST (Apt. 2A)—Attractive furnished room, ideal surroundings, refined home.

113TH, 556 WEST—Large front room, running water, bath; private house; reasonable.

113TH, 905 WEST—Beautiful, clean, double room; elevator; kitchen privileges. Apt. 53.

113TH, 806 WEST—Outside room, private bath, southern exposure; reference. West.

115TH, 567 WEST—Attractive front room, single or double, running water. Henry.

114TH, 417 WEST—Large, sunny, outside room; also single; elevator, electricity, Kellogg.

114TH, 125 WEST (Apt. 8)—Front room, newly furnished; one, two.

114TH ST., 508 WEST—Fine rooms; $40 month; elevator; transit limit.

115TH, 606 WEST—Single front room; well furnished; near subway, Columbia. Murphy.

115TH, 404 WEST—Sunshiny corner room, also single; business people. Apartment 2.

115TH, 601 WEST—Comfortable double room, twin beds; private home. Apt. 35.

115TH ST., 410 WEST (Apt. 2W, Columbia)—Attractive, running water, shower.

116TH, 438 WEST (Apt. 6S)—Large, southern rooms, running water; business women.

116TH, 438 WEST—Two comfortable single rooms, private. Apt. 54. Cathedral 1976.

118TH, 249 WEST.
HOTEL CECIL.
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATH; FROM $10 PER WEEK UP, INCLUDING FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

118TH ST., 406 WEST (Apt. 6I)—Light, comfortable room for gentleman; references required.

118TH, 352 WEST (Apt. 3I)—Comfortable rooms, one or two; Columbia students.

119TH, 420 WEST—Beautiful room, large closets; near Columbia; for lady. Bosworth.

118TH, 420 WEST—Attractive, sunny, single room; homelike; conveniences; private family. Apartment 6I.

121ST, 451 WEST (Columbia section)—Comfortable rooms; elevator apartment. Apply dining room.

121ST ST., 522 WEST.
(Apt. 6d)—Comfortable outside single, double rooms, running water. Morningside 5271.

122D, 416 WEST (apply Apt. 52)—Delightful location overlooking Morningside Park; near Columbia; choice environment; single room, private bath or kitchenette, $7-$8; housekeeping front room, for two, kitchenette, $14; private bath, $15; attractive reception rooms.

122D ST., 560 WEST—Newly furnished, light rooms; suitable for one or two persons. Apartment 6-B.

122D, 500 WEST (8D)—Neatly furnished outside, every convenience; suitable 1-2.

122D ST., 521 WEST—Light room; lady; use parlor. Apt. 2A.

124TH, 400 WEST—Furnished rooms, large, small; homelike; private family; first floor; references.

124TH, 546 WEST (Apt. 21) — Attractive, front room; lavatory; elevator; $7-$10.

127TH, 619 WEST (Apt. 53)—Well furnished, clean, sunny room, overlooking Riverside Drive; all conveniences; private family; reasonable.

127TH (6 Convent Av.)—Elegant housekeeping suite, bath, phone, electricity; reference; reasonable.

127TH, 1 WEST (Apt. 4)—Large room with private family; all conveniences. Call Harlem 5770.

135TH ST., 635 (Apt. 44)—Clean, comfortable room; attractive and reasonable.

140TH (3,440 Broadway)—Lovely large room with business woman; young lady. 27.

149TH, 56 WEST (B'way)—Business woman has attractive room, private apartment, running water, elevator, shower. Audubon 2970. (4d)

144TH, 562 WEST—Attractive large front room, newly decorated, near bath, elevator; business couple or women. Apt. 64.

144TH, 600 WEST—Desirable large front, adjoining bath; electricity; elevator; reasonable. Turner.

144TH, 500 WEST—Front room, bath; gentlemen; elevator. Audubon 1820. Apt. 31.

145TH (Broadway)—Every comfort, suitable 2; reasonable. Audubon 2440. Apt. 31.

148TH ST., 562 WEST (Cor. B'way)—Newly decorated bedroom-sitting room; couple or gentleman; also double and single, running water. Apt. 3.

156TH, 559 WEST (BROADWAY).
Handsomely furnished room with reasonable kitchen privileges; refined business people; one running water; monthly, weekly; moderate. Story, Apt. 44.

156TH, 601 WEST—Beautiful, large, light, running water; elevator; private; reasonable. Brevillier.

157TH, 602 WEST—Large front room, $12; single, $6; elevator apartment. 5D.

160TH, 520 WEST—Beautiful room to rent; references exchanged. Apt. 12.

162D, 601 WEST (3F)—Nicely furnished front room, two windows; kitchen privileges.

162D, 429 WEST—Large room, kitchenette, select private house. Washington Heights 2208.

173D (ST. NICHOLAS AV.)—Gentlemen; large, light room; reference. Washington Heights 1483.

180TH, 601 WEST—Sunny front room; one or two; subway. Apt. 2F.

BROADWAY, 2,789 (97TH ST.)—Large room; refined family; no others; reference. Riverside 2511.

BROADWAY (100th St.)—Small room, private bath; private family; references. Wadsworth 6400.

BROADWAY, 2,569 (Hotel Nagragamett)—1, 2, 3 and 4 rooms; splendid accommodations for Summer students; reasonable rates.

B'WAY, 3,136—Two furnished outside rooms, use of kitchen and a separate small room; all improvements; see all day. Apt. 21.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

CENTRAL PARK (51 West 81st)—Large parlor, $5; gentlemen; German family.

CLAREMONT AV., 182—Large room, business couple; kitchen privilege; $10. Apt. 51.

CONVENT AV., 825 (143d)—Unusually attractive light rooms, single, double; owner's private residence; Christian family, desirable neighborhood. Cooper.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Clean, cosy room; steam, electricity; unusual transportation; $7.50. Spring 5829.

EUCLID HALL—Spacious corner room, private lavatory; exceptionally desirable. Jackson, Schuyler 1700.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 50 — Corner exposure, quiet, overlooking park. Apartment 1. Phone Cathedral 7770.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 322—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE; COMPLETE; OTHER ROOMS.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790 (Riviera, 157th)—Magnificent, large, outside room; small private family; $60 monthly. Wilson, Apt. 2L.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 205—Student's home, attractively furnished; exceptional table. Phone Riverside 3497.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362 (4B, 109th)—Attractive room, single, double; overlooking Hudson; references.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 151 (87th)—Large room; smaller rooms; meals optional; elevator.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214—Beautiful room overlooking Hudson; kitchen, private bath. Riverside 1210.

RIVERSIDE, 745—Comfortable room, $3; gentleman; all conveniences. Apt. 6S. Audubon 2956.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222 (94th)—Large, airy, beautifully furnished, single, double rooms, with bath; $18-$15. Marsin. Apt. 34.

RIVERSIDE LRIVE, 530 (Apt. 5A)—A pleasant place to live.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 322 (94th)—Light, clean, airy, comfortable; shower; $8. Apart. 52.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 312½—Elegantly furnished room and kitchenette; best location. 87TH ST. Riverside 10084.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 854 (near 153d)—One or two large rooms with kitchen, elegantly furnished; high-class private house.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 40 (Apt. 3C)—Elegant front room, reasonable; reference required.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 141—Private house on Sheridan Square; homelike, comfortable, well cared for; 1 or 2 men or women.

WEST END AV., 411 (79th)—Clean single, double rooms, elevator, shower, electricity; business people; references. Endicott 6643. 2E.

WEST END AV., 700 (94th)—Unusually attractive rooms, pianos; teachers or students; also singles; electricity, running water. Britten.

WEST END AV., 843 (101st)—Comfortable rooms, running water, breakfast; $10. Lobkowood.

WEST 58TH (near 5th)—Single room, private bath; $10. Phone Plaza 6108.

FURNISHED, unfurnished, large, light rooms, bath; board optional; no other guests; convenient B. M. T., I. R. T. subways; unusual opportunity. 18 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

LARGE rooms, kitchenette, private bath with lavatory; all conveniences. C 310 Times.

TWO large rooms, running water, all improvements; bath; private house; together or single. Plaza 2446 Forenoon.

PRIVATE family can accommodate one refined gentleman, room with lavatory. Academy 1360.

Brooklyn.

PARK SLOPE (816 Union St.)—Attractive room, gentlemen, business woman; 20 minutes Times Square; all subways. Sterling 1460.

A HOME truly combining comforts of a luxurious hotel for men exclusively; free billiard rooms, handball, tennis courts, yet unostracized by its rates, $7 to $10.50 the week; thirty minutes to Times Square. Phone HOTEL BLACKSTONE, Manhattan Beach, New York City. Phone 3000 Coney Island.

Queens.

JACKSON HEIGHTS—Would let to responsible business party, furnished or unfurnished 1 or 2 nice rooms in new, modern apartment; 1 block from Broadway station. Telephone Havemeyer 2588.

States Island.

EVELYN LODGE—Overlooking bay, delightful commuting, 25 min. lower Manhattan, lovely furnished, excellent cuisine, porches, select, quiet, 16 years one management; weekly with meals, $20 single; $32 double, up. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Booklet.

Long Island.

LONG BEACH—Rooms by day, week, month; bathing from house. Byrne, 217 East Front St. Long Beach 843.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

9TH, 41 WEST—Large club-like centre; interesting to business or professional people; entire floor, 2 large rooms and bath, $150; single with bath, $85; small rooms, $45-$50.

35TH, 28 EAST—Studios, single and connecting; also front basement, newly decorated.

LEXINGTON AV., 310 (28th St.) — Large front parlor, suitable studio or doctor's office; also entire basement; references required.

SINGLE room, private bath, private entrance; $40 month. Inquire only Apt. 63, 69 Tremaan Place (619 West 127th).

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

BACHELOR, 51 (Jewish), merchant, desires room from west 10th and 72d Sts.; permanent. S. N., Room 1108, Elks Club, 434 6.

RELIABLE vocal student; furnished or partly furnished room; reasonable. D 32 Times.

LADY, Jewish; home; family; placing character above high rates. S 875 Times.

GENTLEMAN wishes hall room; one flight; kindly state terms. C 311 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 218 (34th)—Single, double rooms; excellent table; references.

PARK AV., 38 (39th)—Double rooms, private baths; exclusive residence; home cooking.

ROOM with private bath and meals for two, $65 weekly; special American plan rate. Hotel Le Marquis, 12 East 31st St., New York City. Telephone Caledonia 1250.

West Side.

5TH AV., 1—WELL-FURNISHED ROOMS, PRIVATE BATHS, SWITCHBOARD; UNUSUAL TABLE; REFINED SERVICE; BOOKLET.

49TH, 43 WEST—Rooms, bath, excellent table, rates reasonable. Bryant 3916.

54TH, 54 WEST—Single and double rooms, private bath; references.

58TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator. Madison Arms.

76TH, 34 WEST—Large front room, modern conveniences; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 40 WEST—Beautiful doubles, also suites, privates baths, accommodating large families; excellent American, Hungarian cuisine; refined surroundings.

79TH ST., 112 WEST.
79TH ST., 122 WEST.
82D ST., 124 WEST.

Attractive homes, unique in a city like New York; group capable 250, permitting us to furnish service and convenience found only in the residential hotel; modern accommodations; moderately priced; booklet.

79TH, 124 WEST—Floor, single studio; grand piano; furnished, unfurnished. Endicott 10250.

80TH, 123 WEST—For those seeking home environment, excellent table; immaculate references.

80TH, 143 WEST—Commodious suite with private bathroom, steam, electricity; homelike; references.

83D, 5 WEST—Attractive rooms, single, double, en suite; central location, all points; excellent table; reasonable.

83D, 42 WEST—Attractively furnished room, private bath; small room; board optional.

86TH, 114 WEST—Large second-story front room, quiet, refined home; references.

87TH, 201 WEST (the Kennedy)—Single and double rooms, suites, private phone; elevator; unusual restaurant.

90TH, 24 WEST—For those desiring real home, elegant double room, southern exposure, exceptional table. Spier, 0564 Schuyler.

92D, 307 WEST—Large, light rooms; southern exposure; board optional. Apt. 3.

93D, 254-256 WEST—Single, double rooms, private baths; home cooking. Manion.

94TH, 13 WEST—Real home place, home meals, desirable large back parlor, southern exposure, private bath; also large double and single; clean. Owner's home.

94TH, 54 WEST—Rooms, breakfast, $13; refined business couple or gentleman. Anderson.

94D, 254-256 WEST—Single, double; connecting; private baths; excellent table. Manion.

147TH ST., 414 WEST—Board and table board; references exchanged.

154TH, 428 WEST (near Amsterdam)—Attractive double front room, lavatory; good table.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 294 (102d)—Double, single rooms; excellent table; elevator; ideal location.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575—Attractive outside rooms, excellent table; $12.50 up. Robinson.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD and care for Hebrew-American, 7-year-old boy; room for father; private family only; west of Harlem or Heights. N 852 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Staten Island.

HUGUENOT PARK (The Willows)—Refined accommodation; French table d'hote. Phone Tottenville 1028.

Long Island.

FAR ROCKAWAY (phone 1434)—Beautiful home; September guests; week-ends. 2,524 Franklin.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Refined accommodations; excellent board; Winter rates. 907 Seaview Av.

LONG BEACH—Catering to few refined guests for September, week ends; good location; excellent table. Long Beach 879.

New Jersey.

MORRISTOWN, N. J.—Miller Road Inn, 65 Maple Av.—First-class board; accommodations, large rooms, fine location; references.

PRIVATE boarding school, nursery, infants, children. The Bird House, Oldwick, N. J.

PRIVATE home, care aged, paralytic or blind. Miss Bell, Bernardsville, N. J.

New York State.

ELLISWOOD—Enjoy September; fruit farm. Arrange, White, 309 West 46th. Longacre 2118.

ROCKLAND COUNTY—Nice country place; board children under school age; Board of Health permit; mother's care; 1 hour from New York. Mrs. Frances Reilly, Box 871, Pearl River, N. Y.

NURSE, experienced, board, convalescents, invalids, country, every convenience, reasonable. Mrs. Carry, 827 East Main St., Middletown, N. Y.

CHILDREN boarded, with educational advantages. Apply 1101 Times Building. Bryant 1141.

CHILDREN'S American Hebrew boarding school; special house care. Frank, 302 Broadway, city.

Other Sections.

TOWANDA, PA.—Woodleigh and cottages; fine for vacation; swimming, fishing, saddle horses, auto trips, cool, restful, excellent appointments and service; owner trained nurse; green vegetables, fruits, cream, good milk; booklet. Miss Elisabeth Lamb.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board in refined private home for 6-year-old girl; suburb preferred. Call Murray Hill 1135.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ACCOMPANIST, talented pianist, thorough musician, rapid sight reader, experienced. J 584 Times.

DRESSMAKER, French, wishes more customers; silk gowns, $10; best references. 308 West 119th St., Apt. 5. University 8439.

GOVERNESS, teaching French, wishes position, one or two children; salary $80. Call or write care of Mrs. Berge, 208 West 88th St.

HOUSEKEEPER, middle aged, educated woman, wants immediate position; good cook; excellent references. Write Miss Louise Lowenthal, care of Mrs. Hand, 17-21 Gifford Av., Jersey City, N. J.

HOUSEWORKER, thoroughly competent, wants part time; mornings or afternoons; references. Morningside 2117.

HOUSEWORK, refined, colored girl, sleep out. Pearman. Phone Bradhurst 4710.

LAUNDRESS wishes to take in several washings to do; open air dry; ironing in fair weather; sanitary conditions; calls and delivers; dozen or piecework; good references. 709 Columbus Av. Riverside 9867.

LAUNDRESS, German, takes home ladies' gentlemen's washing, table linen; first-class; also hampers; open-air drying. Endicott 1949.

NURSE, Swiss girl, speaking French, German, to 1-2 children, 5 years and over. D'Graggen, 180 West 81st.

NURSE or household assistant, vic

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—A disturbance of moderate intensity is central Friday night over the Middle St. Lawrence Valley, with a trough extending southward to the Middle Atlantic Coast. Pressure is low and falling over the Canadian Northwest and the Rocky Mountain region, while high pressure obtains over the Upper Mississippi Valley and on the North Pacific Coast. During the last twenty-four hours showers and thunder storms have occurred in the lake region, the Middle Atlantic States and at scattered points in the Northern Rocky Mountain region and Washington. Temperatures continue below the seasonal average generally from the Mississippi Valley eastward, while northwestward they are above normal.

The outlook is for fair weather Saturday and Sunday in the States east of the Mississippi River, with continued cool weather on Saturday and temperatures moderating slowly to warmer Sunday. Storm warnings remain displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Sandy Hook, N. J., to Eastport, Me.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday the temperatures are those of the west during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M., and the lowest during the preceding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M.; the barometer reading and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M., and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.

Station.	Temperature. High.	Low.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	92	64	29.94	Clear
Albany	80	54	29.64	.26 Pt. Cldy
Atlanta	84	64	29.86	Clear
Atlantic City	76	62	29.76	.26 Cloudy
Baltimore	72	60	29.84	.14 Clear
Bismarck	78	48	29.96	Cloudy
Boston	76	58	29.96	Cloudy
Buffalo	76	52	29.86	Cloudy
Charleston	88	66	29.82	Clear
Chicago	84			Clear
Cincinnati	72	58	30.02	Clear
Cleveland	80	62	29.94	.68 Rain
Denver	90	62	29.94	Cloudy
Detroit	68	48	30.02	Clear
Galveston	86	74	29.96	Clear
Helena	78	46	29.98	.08 Pt. Cldy
Indianapolis	66	54	30.06	Clear
Jacksonville	84	72	29.86	Clear
Kansas City	74	56	30.06	Clear
Los Angeles	84	62	29.92	Clear
Milwaukee	62	50	30.08	Clear
Minneapolis-St. Paul	68	48	30.06	Clear
New Orleans	88	72	29.96	Clear
New York	71	57	29.68	.58 Clear
Oklahoma	88	64	29.96	Clear
Philadelphia	72	58	29.76	.14 Clear
Pittsburgh	68	58	29.84	.10 Clear
Portland, Me.	62	54	29.64	Rain
Portland, Ore.	76	52	30.02	Clear
Salt Lake City	76	68	29.94	.22 Clear
San Antonio	92	64	29.94	Clear
San Diego	74	64	29.90	Clear
San Francisco	68	54	29.84	Clear
Seattle	64	58	30.06	Cloudy
St. Louis	74	66	30.00	Clear
Tampa	92			Clear
Washington	74	58	29.96	Pt. Cldy

Northern New England, New Jersey, Eastern New York and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Saturday; Sunday fair and slightly warmer.

Southern New England—Partly cloudy Saturday; cooler on the coast; Sunday fair and slightly warmer.

District of Columbia, Delaware and Maryland—Fair and continued cool Saturday; Sunday fair, slightly warmer.

Western New York and Western Pennsylvania—Fair and continued cool Saturday; Sunday fair and slightly warmer.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

8 AM.	59	12 M.	70	6 PM.	57	
9 AM.	61	1 PM.	71	7 PM.	56	
8 AM.	61	2 PM.	70	8 PM.	55	
9 AM.	63	3 PM.	69	9 PM.	55	
10 AM.	67	4 PM.	68	10 PM.	54	
11 AM.	69	5 PM.	68			

Average temperature yesterday, 63.
Average same date last year, 67.
Average same date for 40 years, 70.
High yesterday, 71, at 1 P. M.; low, 54, at 10 P. M.

Barometer—8 A. M., 29.90; 8 P. M., 29.67.
Humidity—8 A. M., 91; 8 P. M., 90.
Wind—8 A. M., southwest, velocity 18 miles; 8 P. M., northwest, velocity 18 miles.
Weather—8 A. M., clear; 8 P. M., cloudy.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Forecast:

North and South Carolina—Fair and slightly cooler Saturday; Sunday fair.

Georgia, Extreme Northwest Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

Florida—Unsettled with local thunder-showers Saturday and probably Sunday.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair and continued cool Saturday; Sunday fair and warmer.

Ohio—Fair and cool Saturday; Sunday unsettled and warmer.

Illinois—Fair Saturday, warmer; Sunday unsettled, probably followed by showers, warmer.

Indiana—Fair Saturday, warmer; Sunday cloudiness, probably followed by showers, warmer.

Lower Michigan—Fair Saturday, warmer west and north; Sunday increasing cloudiness, warmer, probably followed by showers.

Upper Michigan—Fair Saturday, not so cool; Sunday probably showers, warmer.

Wisconsin—Fair Saturday, rising temperature; Sunday probably showers, warmer east and south.

Missouri—Increasing cloudiness, warmer Saturday, probably showers at night or on Sunday; warmer Sunday southeast.

Iowa—Cloudy, warmer Saturday, probably showers by afternoon or night west; Sunday showers.

Minnesota—Cloudy Saturday, probably showers, by night west; warmer; Sunday showers.

North Dakota—Unsettled, probably showers Saturday and possibly east Sunday; warmer Saturday east.

South Dakota—Cloudy Saturday, probably local showers or thunderstorms; cooler west and central; Sunday cloudy.

Nebraska—Unsettled Saturday, probably local showers or thunderstorms; somewhat warmer extreme east; Sunday cloudy.

Kansas—Cloudy, local showers or thunder-showers by Sunday afternoon; warmer Saturday east.

Montana—Unsettled Saturday, probably scattered showers or thunderstorms, somewhat cooler extreme west; Sunday cloudy.

Wyoming—Local showers or thunderstorms Saturday; Sunday fair; not much change in temperature.

East Texas and West Texas—Saturday and Sunday fair.

Fire Record.

A.M.	Loss.
12:06—In front of Pier 20, East River, Fulton Ice Co.	No damage
12:20—65-67 E. 161 St.; not given.	Not given
2:25—1908-1911 5 Av.; front of gasoline station	$100
3:20—156 Dyckman St.; Charles Wild.	Trifling
3:18—30 Hamilton Pl., awning; Hamilton Place Hotel.	Trifling
5:20—419 E. 60 St.; American Yellow Taxi Co.	Trifling
7:20—849, in front W. 149 St., automobile; Margaret Gibbon	Trifling
8:25—3,610 Bronxwood Av., the Bronx; Frank Dalco	Not given
10:45—Bleecker and Varick St.; rubbish in street	No damage
11:00—Dock Sweeper St. and Centre St., Camp, the Bronx, bungalow; Freda Drescher	Not given
11:18—4,206 Carpenter Av., the Bronx; Julia Arras	Not given
11:25—33 Forsyth St.; Joseph Schneider.	Not given
11:45—222 Brook Av., the Bronx; Morris Miverman	Not given
P.M.	
12:30—2,338 Andrews Av., the Bronx; not given	Trifling
1:50—60 W. 37 St.; Malson Simon.	Not given
2:50—504 W. 25 St.; Howland & Abbott.	Considerable
3:20—224 E. 13 St.; not given.	Trifling
6:38—224 Mulberry St.; T. Muccio.	Trifling
7:30—571 Hudson St.; Seymour Morgan drugs	Trifling
7:30—993 Columbus Av.; A. McDermott.	Trifling
7:30—15 Jay St.; Cleaners and Perfumers Chemists, Inc.	Trifling
7:50—26 Delancey St.; F. Suberinzk.	Trifling
8:50—6 W. 37 St.; Russeck & Co.	Trifling
8:50—208 W. 56 St.; Lawrence & Goldberg	Trifling

Wills for Probate.

New York.

GERNIGLIA, ANDREA (Aug. 9). Estate, $10,000. To widow, Tomasa, after bequests of $50 each to nine children, Son, Joseph, of 251 East Seventy-seventh Street, executor.

COX, PALMER (July 24). Estate, more than $10,000. To relatives and friends. Frank E. Miller of 144 West Fifty-fourth Street, one of two executors.

KATZ, MARY (April 28). Estate, not more than $5,000. Divided equally between sons Louis and Moses, of 145 West Olive Street, both executors.

MOOTNICK, ROSIE (Aug. 8). Estate, more than $10,000. To husband, Samuel, of 605 West End Avenue, one of the executors, for life.

SULLIVAN, KATHERINE A. (Aug. 17). Estate, about $2,000. To husband, Edward, of 222 East Sixty-seventh Street, executor.

COWDREY, PHOEBE A. (July 18). Estate, $3,000, to daughter, Hattie M. Curtis, executrix, 1,414 Seventy-sixth Street.

DONEGAN, DENIS (Aug. 3). Estate, realty, personal property exceeds $10,000. To a niece, Bridie Doyle, 113 St. John's Place, and three nephews, Thomas, Denis and Joseph Doyle, each $1,000; one-half of the residuary estate in trust, two-thirds to widow, Laura Donegan, and a son, Denis, one-third, 1,449 Fifty-ninth Street; the residuary one-half of the estate in trust for three daughters, Katherine Donegan, executrix, 1,242 Fifty-seventh Street; Mary Hanrahan, 85 Main Street, Mansfield, Mass., and Elizabeth Donegan, 6,086 Twelfth Avenue.

CAMPLE, LOUIS (Aug. 17). Estate, $1,500, to widow, Minnie Gamble, executrix, 867 Eastern Parkway.

SCHULMAN, HARRIS (Aug. 18). Estate, $5,000, to widow, Sarah Schulman, 778 Myrtle Avenue, Leah Solomon, a daughter, 227

Police Department.

Commissioner Enright issued this order yesterday:

Pensioned.

PATROLMAN—Thomas J. Kilmartin, 47th Precinct, on his own application, at $1,250 per annum.

Transfers and Assignments.

To take effect 6 A. M., Sept. 6, 1924:

SERGEANTS.

Matthew D. Kelly, from 3d Precinct to 16th. From precincts indicated to 12th Division, assigned to duty in plain clothes: William J. Maloney, 6; Edward H. Walsh, 19.

PATROLMEN.

William T. Frost, from 26 Precinct to 13th Division, Raided Premises Squad, assignment as attendant discontinued; Charles F. Duffy, from 36th Precinct to 1st, assigned as operator of patrol wagon; Lee J. Miller, from 9th Precinct to 45d; John Petrizzo, from 10th Precinct to 11th Division, designated as Acting Detective Sergeant, 3d Grade; Charles L. Farrell, from 28th Precinct to 12th Division, assigned to clerical duty, assignment to bicycle duty discontinued; Matthew E. Bongard, from 41st Precinct to 26, assigned as attendant at Albert G. Milbank, from 11th Division, Main Office Bureau, to 13th Division, office of Chief Inspector, assigned to duty in Narcotic Bureau of 11th Division; Edward D. Hanrahan, from 13th Division to 21st Precinct, assigned to bicycle duty, assignment to duty in plain clothes discontinued.

From precincts indicated to 12th Division, assigned to duty in plain clothes—William J. Ford, 1; Jeremiah P. Buckley, 2; James H. McWilliams Jr., 3; Francis Miele, 6; John F. McCormick Jr., 7; Joseph A. Monahan, 10; Edward G. Seaman, 16; Leonidas H. Newsome, 18; Charles Weldig, 17; Philip V. Ryan, 17; John T. Kerrigan, 23; Edgar X. Frost, 37; Arthur G. Irwin, 40; James J. Desmond, 41; Charles A. Hanneman, 42; John Doddato, 44; Joseph M. McGowan, 44; George E. Marsh, 47; Thomas Kelly, 49.

Temporary Assignments.

PATROLMEN—Cornelius V. Bohan, 3d Precinct to 18th Division, chauffeur, for 18 days, from Sept. 8, during absence of Patrolman on vacation; Joseph Russo, 19th Precinct to 13th Division, office of Fourth Deputy Commissioner, assigned to duty in Investigating Squad, to Sept. 16; Thomas A. Cosgrove and John J. Gerhard, 69th Precinct to 11th Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Richmond, to Sept. 9.

POLICEWOMEN.

From precincts indicated to 12th Division, to Sept. 16—Sara Bahr, 4; Barbara C. Popken, 6; Mary I. Vaughan, 18; Maud M. Leslie, 19; Gertrude Wehner, 21; Katherine V. Relyea, 22; Margaret Taylor, 54; Anna E. Conklin, 66.

PATROLWOMEN.

From precincts indicated to 12th Division, to Sept. 16—Margaret Henry, 1; Helena C. Brady, 7.

Leave Without Pay.

PATROLMAN—John J. Finn, 48-A Precinct, for 2 days, from 12:01 A. M., Sept. 21.

Sick Leave Granted.

PATROLMAN—Daniel Cullinane, 24th Precinct, for 90 days, from 8 A. M., Sept. 8.

Restored to Duty.

PATROLMEN—Patrick C. Dougherty, 28th Precinct; William J. Mahoney, 28th Precinct.

Suspended Without Pay.

PATROLMEN—Patrick C. Dougherty, 28th Precinct; William J. Mahoney, 28th Precinct.

Fire Department.

Chief John Kenlon made these announcements yesterday:

Ununiformed Fireman Alexander J. Nicol, of Hook and Ladder Co. No. 10, having completed his probationary period, is appointed as fireman, Fourth Grade, at $1,760 per annum, as of Aug. 9.

Fireman Charles A. Santoro, of Eng. Co. No. 217, is fined $5 for loss of coat badge.

Special leaves of absence are granted to: Captain John J. Cashman, Eng. Co. 278, for 15 hours, from 6 P. M., Sept. 6; Fireman 1st grade Joseph F. Ahern, Eng. Co. 18, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., Sept. 6; Fireman 1st grade Edward C. Garvey, Eng. Co. 207, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., Sept. 7; Fireman 1st grade Charles J. Lawson, Eng. Co. 224, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., Sept. 7; Fireman 1st grade Anthony D. Peirano, Eng. Co. 248, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., Sept. 6.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The War Department published these orders today:

Infantry.

Swab, Capt. R. E., to N. Y. and sail for Honolulu about Jan. 25.
Dixon, 1st Lt. W. L., is retired.

Quartermaster Corps.

Armstrong, Col. F. S., is assigned as Asst. Comdt., the Comdt. Sch., Phila.
Yates, Col. A. W., to San Francisco and sail about Dec. 30 for Manila.

Engineers.

Neilson, 1st Lt. A. M., is assigned to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss.
Bruton, 1st Lt. P. G., to San Francisco and sail about Dec. 12 for Manila.

Miscellaneous.

Stewart, Capt. D. L., Med. Corps, to N. Y. and sail about Nov. 7 for Honolulu.
Eagle, 1st Lt. A. I., A. S., to N. Y. and sail about Dec. 12 for Manila.

Resignations.

Homer, Capt. H. Z., V. C.
Scott, 1st Lt. B. G., F. A.

Leaves.

Wetherill, Lt. Col. R., Gen. Sff., 1 mo.
Franklin, Capt. D., M. C., 1 mo.
Reimel, Capt. S. E., Ord. Dept., 1 mo.
Newman, Capt. R. J., M. C., 2 mos.
Hebbard, 1st Lt. A. F., S. S., 10 days.

National Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 5.—These National Guard orders were bulletined in the office of the Adjutant General today:

Kopf, Capt. Carrol B., 51st Cav., commissioned for assignment as Supply Officer.
Bigich, 2d Lt. Louis R., 369th Inf., commissioned for assignment to 2d Bn.

Reserve Corps Orders.

Second Corps Area.

At Headquarters Second Corps Area, Governors Island, these orders were announced yesterday:

To Hdqrs., 99th Div. (Reg.): Attached for training purposes only—1st Lt. Alfred E. Delmonico, Dent., O. R. C., Syracuse; Lt. Col. Ralph K. Fitch, Med., O. R. C., Rochester; Maj. Col. Charles E. Long, Med., O. R. C., Buffalo; Lt. Col. Raymond C. Hill, Med., O. R. C., Bath, N. Y.

So much Special Orders as pertains to Maj. Almuth C. Vandvier, J. A., O. R. C. (Bag.), is revoked.

Lt. Col. Weston Jenkins, Inf., O. R. C., Rome, N. Y., promoted, is re-assigned to 99th Div.

1st Lt. Joseph Panzarella, Inf., O. R. C., Buffalo, promoted, is re-assigned to Hdqrs. 98th Div.

Maj. Gilbert W. Crissey, Med.-ORC., Mechanicsville, N. Y., promoted, is re-attached to 323d Med. Regt., 98th Div.

So much of Special Orders as pertains to 1st Lt. Philemo D. Carr is revoked; moved out of C. A.

So much of Special Orders 116 as pertains to 2d Lt. Frederick S. Barney, Inf., O. R. C., is revoked.

1st Lt. Marvin B. Robinson, Inf., O. R. C., is relieved from assignment to 390th Inf., 98th Div.; moved to 1st C. A.

2d Lt. Lloyd C. Royce, Inf., O. R. C., is relieved from attachment to Hq., 98th Div.; moved to 77th Div. area.

Estates Appraised.

Kings.

DEYO, PERMELIA (Dec. 27, 1922). Gross estate, $1,717; net, $1,292—to a sister, Matilda Suydam, administratrix, 3,718 Avenue J. The estate consists of bank deposits.

EVENSON, ANTHON (Oct. 8, 1918). Gross estate, $12,394; net, $11,294—to a brother, Gustav Evenson and two nephews at Sanderherad, Norway. F. V. Kelly, 44 Court Street, executor. The estate consists of bank deposits.

JOHNSON, Millard F. (May 30, 1923). Gross estate, $13,786; net, $12,686—to widow A. M. Johnson, executrix, 351 Hancock Street. The estate includes interest in house and lot at 351 Hancock Street and realty at Pomona, N. Y., $5,500, the remaining equity in which was owned by the widow; bank deposits, $3,852; stocks and bonds, $4,474, and an interest of $1,000 in the estate of Thomas C. Morgan.

NEIMAN, ESTHER (Oct. 29, 1922). Gross estate, $15,393; net, $8,234—to husband, Michael Neiman, executor, 1,873 Cropsey Avenue. The estate consists of realty at 1,873 Cropsey Avenue, $11,500; bank deposits and jewelry.

SINCLAIR, CHARLES F. (Dec. 19, 1923). Gross estate, $12,006; net, $10,612. To a sister, Amelia Sinclair, 503 West 121st Street, Manhattan, $500; residuary estate to widow, Lillian H. Sinclair, executrix, 125 St. John's Place. The estate includes bank deposits, $6,530; shares in the Mutual Building and Loan Association, $1,021; Cranford Mutual Building and Loan Association, $1,080; Liberty bonds, $1,500.

SMITH, JAMES H. (Feb. 3, 1921). Gross estate, $2,686; net, $2,581—to a sister, Josephine A. Smith, executrix, 966 McDonough Street. The estate consists of bank deposits, $1,749, and shares in the Bushwick Cooperative Building and Loan Association, $1,000.

TOWNSEND, FRANK (Feb. 1). Gross estate, $7,745; net, $6,805—to widow, Gertrude V. Townsend, administratrix, 138 Cambridge Place. The estate consists of bank deposits, $1,766, and stocks and bonds.

STELLA, JULIA F. (Oct. 6, 1923). Gross estate, $33,629; net, $32,031—to a daughter, Mary T. Buskey of Manhattan, 9 Vernon Place. The estate includes realty, $29,101; bank deposits, $3,123; mortgage, $1,000; stocks and bonds, $2,067.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The Bureau of Navigation published these orders today:

LIEUTENANT COMMANDERS.

DeLaney, W. S., to Bur. of Nav., Navy Dept.

Henry, W. O., to Squad. Gun's Offr., Destr. Squad. 9, Scouting Fleet.

Loy, J. A., to Squad. Gun's Offr., Destr. Squad. 14, Scouting Fleet.

Wills, E. O., to aid on staff Cmdr. Destr. Squad., Battle Fleet.

LIEUTENANTS.

Clement, C. W., and Shattuck, G. A., to Harvard Univ.

Captain Hutchins, R., retired, died Aug. 29, at Newburgh, N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

(Time indicated is Daylight Saving Time.)

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Rises.	Sets.
High water	1:38	2:13	1:35	2:17	3:41	4:07	A.M.	P.M.
Low water	7:57	8:48	8:16	9:19	9:54	10:36	6:26	7:22

Steamships Arrived Yesterday

Steamer.	From.	Date.	Steamer.	From.	Date.
MAURETANIA	Southampton	Aug. 30	WINONA	Alexandria	Aug. 30
SUFFREN	Havre	Aug. 26	CARENCO	Naples	Aug. 30
DE GRASSE	Havre	Aug. 27	THE LAMBS	Naples (tow)	Aug. 30
ROCHAMBEAU	Havre	Aug. 27	MARSUD	Philadelphia	
METAPAN	Cristobal	Aug. 28	*IUME	Leghorn	July 30
HAITI	Port au Prince	Aug. 24	BRATLAND	Norfolk	
SAN JUAN	San Juan	Aug. 28	CAPE MAY	Colon	Aug. 28
MONTEVIDEO	Cadiz	July 30	VIRGINIA EXPRESS	Richmond	
CIBAO	Kingston		CITY MONTGOMERY	Savannah	
GWYNMEDE	Tulea	Aug. 5	JOSEPH SEED	Baton Rouge	

Incoming Steamships

Steamer and Line.	Sailed From.	Date.	Will Dock.
ALMAGRO, R. Mail S. Packet	Callao, July 19	†Today, A.M.	Morton St.
*PARIS, French	Havre, Aug. 30	†Today, 10 A.M.	W. 13th St.
*STUTTGART, Nor. Ger. Lloyd	Bremen, Aug. 26	†Today, 9 A.M.	46th St., Hbkn.
EGREMONT, Kerr	Aden, July 11	Today	57th St., Hbkn.
*GUIANA, F. Withy	Barbados, Aug. 26	Today, 9 A.M.	Comfrose St.
*CAMAMU, Lloyd Brasileiro	Rio Janeiro, Aug. 8	Today, 9 A.M.	148th St., Hbkn.
*DROTTNINGHOLM, Swed. Am.	Gothenburg, Aug. 22	Today, 12 M.	W. 13th St.
*RYNDAM, Hol.-Amer.	Rotterdam, Aug. 27	Today, 5 P.M.	5th St., Hbkn.
VERRANA, Cunard	London, Aug. 23	Today, 12 M.	W. 53d St.
*LAFLAND, Red Star	Antwerp, Aug. 28	Tomorrow, P.M.	W. 16th St.
*PASTORES, United Fruit Co.	Havana, Sept. 2	Tomorrow, 2 P.M.	Fiechter St.
*DEUTSCHLAND, Un. Amer.	Hamburg, Aug. 28	Tomorrow, A.M.	W. 48th St.
*BALTIC, White Star	Liverpool, Aug. 30	Monday, 9 A.M.	W. 19th St.
*FRANCONIA, Cunard	Liverpool, Aug. 30	Monday, 9 A.M.	W. 14th St.
*AMERICA, U. S.	Bremen, Aug. 28	Tomorrow, 10 A.M.	W. 58th St., Hbkn.
SAHALE, Black Diamond	Rotterdam, Aug. 24	Tomorrow	60th St., Hbkn.
*SANTA TERESA, Grace	Valparaiso, Aug. 20	†Monday, 9 A.M.	Hamilton Av.
*MAYARO, Trinidad	Trinidad, Aug. 30	†Monday, A.M.	Congress St.
*BOGOTA, Colombian	Savanilla, Aug. 29	Monday	Cuylers Alley.
*FORT ST. GEORGE, Furness	Hamilton, Sept. 6	Monday	W. 55th St.
*CARNA, R. Dutch Mail	Maracaibo, Aug. 27	Monday	Montague St.
CARIBO VILLANO, Span. Amer.	Leghorn, Aug. 1	Monday, P.M.	Beard St., Bn.
*LANCASTRIA, Cunard	Hamburg, Aug. 28	Monday	W. 14th St.
CAUCASIER, R. Belge	Antwerp, Aug. 24	Monday	Beard St., Bn.
*AGWISTAR, Ward	Vera Cruz, Aug. 25	Monday	Wall St.
*BRIDGETOWN, Colombian	Kingston, Sept. 2	Monday	Cuylers Alley.
*GAASTERDYK, Hol.-Amer.	Rotterdam, Aug. 21	Monday	5th St., Hbkn.
*GEN. W. C. GORGAS, Pan. R.R.	Colon, Aug. 31	†Monday, A.M.	W. 26th St.
*PORTO RICO, N. Y. & P. R.	San Juan, Sept. 4	Tuesday, A.M.	Hamilton Av.
*HELLIG OLAV, Scan. Amer.	Christianis, Aug. 29	†Tuesday, A.M.	12th St., Hbn.
MONGOLIA, American	Hamburg, Aug. 31	Tuesday	W. 42d St.
AMER. FARMER, Winchester	London, Aug. 30	Tuesday	3d St., Hbkn.
*OLYMPIC, White Star	Southampton, Sept. 3	Tuesday	W. 17th St.
CALYPSO, R. Dutch Mail	Port au Prince, Aug. 26	Wednesday	Montague St.
*MANCHURIA, Panama Pac.	San Francisco, Aug. 23	†Wednesday	W. 20th St.
*MUNARGO, Munson	Antilla, Sept. 2	Wednesday	Old Slip.
*ZULIA, Red D.	La Guayra, Sept. 1	Wednesday	11, Furman St.
SIERRA VENTANA, N. G. L.	Bremen, Aug. 31	Thursday	6th St., Hbkn.
FRES. ADAMS, Dollar	Marseilles, Aug. 28	Thursday	14th St., Stapleton.
MENOMINEE, I. M. M.	London, Aug. 30	Thursday	W. 20th St.
SKIPSEA, Fabre	Marseilles, Aug. 19	Thursday	31st St., Bkln.
IDAHO, Ellerman's Wilson	Antwerp, Aug. 30	Thursday	7th St., Hbkn.
OLEN, Cosmopolitan	Rotterdam, Aug. 23	Thursday	48th St., Hbkn.
CALIFORNIA, Anchor	Glasgow, Sept. 3	Thursday	W. 54th St.
SIXAOLA, United Fruit	Santa Marta, Sept. 2	Thursday	Fletcher St.
ROTTERDAM, Hol.-Amer.	Rotterdam, Sept. 3	Friday	24 St., Bkln.
RESLANCE, United Amer.	Cherbourg, Sept. 3	Friday	W. 60th St.

*Carries mail. †Reported by radio yesterday.

Outgoing Passenger and Mail Steamships

The following table shows the destination of steamers, when their mails close (at the General Post Office and the City Hall Stations), when they sail, location of piers and points for which they carry mail:

SAIL TODAY (Sept. 6)

LEVIATHAN, Southampton (mails close 12:30 P. M.; sails 5:00 P. M.), West 46th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia; also parcel-post mails for Great Britain, France and the countries mentioned in Notes "A" and "B" below.

MAJESTIC, Southampton (mails close 7:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), West 17th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).

MARTHA WASHINGTON, Trieste (mails close 8:30 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), 41st St., Brooklyn.
Azores Islands (Portugal, Italy, Greece and Yugoslavia specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Azores Islands, Portugal, Italy, Greece and Yugoslavia.

NIEUW AMSTERDAM, Rotterdam (mails close 7:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), 5th St., Hoboken.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for the Netherlands.

CAMERONIA, Glasgow (no mails; sails 12:00 M.), West 14th St.

HANSA, Hamburg (mails close 9:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), West 46th St.
Germany (specially addressed).

REPUBLIC, Bremen (mails close 9:00 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), 1st St., Hoboken.
Irish Free State (Germany specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Irish Free State, Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Switzerland.

CEDRIC, Liverpool (no mails; sails 12:00 M.), West 19th St.

LACONIA, Liverpool (no mails; sails 12:00 M.), West 13th St.

MINNETONKA, London (no mails; sails 10:00 A. M.), West 16th St.

OHIO, Hamburg (no mails; sails 11:00 A. M.), Morton St.

ROSALIND, St. John's (mails close 7:00 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), Jays St., Brooklyn.
Newfoundland.

SIBONEY, Havana (mails close 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Wall St.
Cuba (specially addressed).

FORT VICTORIA, Hamilton (mails close 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), West 55th St.
Bermuda.

CALAMARES, Port Limon (mails close 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Rector St.
Costa Rica, Canal Zone, Panama, El Salvador (prints, &c.), Nicaragua (except East Coast), Amapala City, Chaluteca (prints, &c., for Nacaome, Tegucigalpa and Yuscaran) in Honduras, Cauca and Narino Departments of Colombia and Ecuador (Cuba and other parts Honduras specially addressed).

TIVIVES, Puerto Castilla (mails close 9:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Fletcher St.
Jamaica, Guatemala (El Salvador letter mail only), British Honduras, Cities of Puerto Castilla and Trujillo in Honduras (Cuba and other parts Honduras specially addressed).

BARACOA, St. Vincent (mails close 9:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Main St., Brooklyn.
St. Thomas, St. Croix, Saba, St. Martins, St. Kitts, Nevis, Antigua, Montserrat, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbados and Guiana (Grenada, St. Vincent and Trinidad specially addressed).

CARIB, San Juan (mails close 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Hamilton Av., Brooklyn.
Porto Rico, St. Thomas, St. Croix, Saba, St. Martins and St. Eustatius (ordinary mail only).

IROQUOIS, Barahona (mails close 9:30 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), Hamilton Av., Brooklyn.
Turks Island and Dominican Republic.

VESTRIS, Buenos Aires (mails close 10:00 A. M.; sails 2:00 P. M.), 16th St., Hoboken.
South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay.

SAIL TOMORROW (Sept. 7)

ROCHAMBEAU, Havre (no mails; sails 5:00 P. M.), West 24th St.

SAIL MONDAY (Sept. 8)

MONTEVIDEO, Barcelona (mails close 8:30 A. M.; sails 10:30 A. M.), Cuylers Alley.
Spain (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Spain, Balearic Islands, Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Tangier in Morocco.

SABLE I., St. John's (mails close 8:00 A. M.; sails 2:00 P. M.), Jays St., Brooklyn.
Newfoundland (parcel-post mails and specially addressed); by rail to Boston, Mass.

DE GRASSE, Havre (mails close 5:00 P. M.; sails 5:00 P. M.), West 15th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).

CIBAO, Kingston (mails close 2:00 P. M.; sails 5:00 P. M.), Rector St.
Jamaica.

SAIL TUESDAY (Sept. 9)

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT, Bremen (mails close 9:00 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), 1st St., Hoboken.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (Norway specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Great Britain, France, Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Switzerland and the countries mentioned in Notes "A" and "B" below.

STUTTGART, Bremen (mails close 9:00 A. M.; sails 2:00 P. M.), 58th St., Brooklyn.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).

UNITED STATES, Copenhagen (mails close 10:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), 17th St., Hoboken.
Norway, Finland (other countries specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Norway, Sweden and Denmark.

MADONNA, Beirut (mails close 11:30 A. M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), 21st St., Brooklyn.
Greece, Rumania, Syria and Palestine (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Greece, Rumania, Syria and Palestine.

ROUSSILLON, Bordeaux (no mails; sails 11:00 A. M.), West 34th St.

MATURA, Georgetown (mails close 7:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Congress St., Brooklyn.
Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana.

HAITI, Jacmel (mails close 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), 2, Jay St., Brooklyn.
Haiti.

NOTE A—Parcel-post mail via England to Aden (including Kamaran and Perim), Afghanistan (Kabul), Albania (certain places), Ascension, Belgian Congo (Katanga and Eastern Provinces) and the territories of Ruanda and Urundi, British Central Africa (Nyasaland Protectorate, British India, British Somaliland, Cameroons (British and French zone), Cape Verde Islands, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, French India (specially addressed), Gambia, Gold Coast, Ireland (North), Kenya and Uganda, Lagos and Protectorate, Madeira, Malta, Mauritius (including Rodriguez), Mesopotamia (Iraq), including Kuwait, Morocco (British), Larache and Tetuan only, Nigeria, Nyassaland Protectorate, Palestine, Pemba, Persia, Portuguese India, Portuguese Timur, Portuguese West Africa, St. Helena, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Tanganyika Territory, Tibet, Togoland (British), Trans-Jordania (territory east of Jordan River), Turkey in Europe, Turkey in Asia and Zanzibar.

NOTE B—Parcel-post mail via France to Abyssinia, Algeria, Cameroons, Corsica, Dahomey, French Equatorial Africa, French Guiana, French establishments in India, French Indochina (Annam, Cambodia, Cochinchina, Laos and Tonkin), French Post Offices in China, French Somaliland, French Soudan (Upper Senegal), Niger and Upper Volta, Ste. Marie de Madagascar, Nossi-Be, Comoro Islands, Mayotte, Gde, Comoro, Anjouan and Moheli, Madagascar, Monaco, Morocco (French), New Caledonia and dependencies, Niger Territory, Reunion, Senegal, Togoland (French), Syria (French), (Beirut, Damascus, Aleppo and the Western and Eastern Zone), Tunis.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
TAKAOKA MARU, Yokohama	Sep. 6	2 P.M.
GALILEO, Hull	Sep. 6	12 M.
DAYTONIAN, Manchester	Sep. 6	12 M.
NORTHWESTERN MILLER, London	Sep. 6	11 A.M.
VERENTIA, London	Sep. 6	12 M.
HELEN, San Juan	Sep. 6	12 M.
CENTAURUS, Los Angeles	Sep. 6	5 A.

Business Opportunities

Bank and business references required.

Under the laws of the State of New York it is a misdemeanor for any person, firm, corporation or association to publish an advertisement containing any statement which is false, deceptive or misleading.

CAPITAL WANTED.

DECORATING AND COSTUMING CONcern having large orders on hand desires an active partner, able to invest three to five thousand; large profits; investigate. Eastman Studio, 127 West 47th St., city.

BUSINESS EXECUTIVE WITH TEN thousand dollars and services to invest in electrical business established seven years; principals only; give full details and references. S 928 Times Downtown.

PARTNER WANTED, ABLE TO HELP finance either with his own money or who controls mortgage funds. Apply T. M. E., 905 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

$10,000 OR MORE WANTED TO FINANCE new patent in plumbing line; call personally. Sutton Realty, 342 East 57th.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

EXECUTIVE AND SALESMAN INVEST $7,000 to $10,000 and services in successful going business; acquainted with the working and finishing of sheet and cast metals and hard rubber; general outline first letter. Z 2417 Times Annex.

WILL INVEST $10,000 WITH SERVICES; building operation preferred; no schemers or brokers. W. H. G., Room 206, 229 West 43d.

WANT TO PURCHASE OR RENT GOOD paying garage in Brooklyn; state full particulars. S5 Times 185 Broadway.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

LARGE, CAPABLE GERMAN CLOTH MANufacturing works manufacturing ladies' cloth, velours de laine, worsted flannel, blouse flannels, &c., want to appoint energetic, thoroughly active agent who must be well introduced among wholesale customers. Please address offers, stating references, to J. A. 12373, care Advertising Agency, Rudolf Mosse, Berlin S. W. 19, Germany.

REAL OPPORTUNITY OFFERED HUSTLER capable developing New York business, selling Ford dealers and service stations; Buffalo, Rochester, Scranton representatives doing wonderful business; necessary carry stock, which, however, is resold on cash basis. Give telephone number. J 369 Times.

WOODWORK—LARGE CONCERN, FIRSTclass reputation, plant, wants contract to manufacture cabinets, novelties, &c; any wood; prompt quotations; scheduled deliveries. P 686 Times Downtown.

HALF OF GOWN SHOP FOR MILLINERY established clientele for 14 years; fully equipped for business, including work room. Dorothy Ford, 2,231 Broadway, 79th St.

Distributors Wanted.

PENNSYLVANIA MANUFACTURER ANNOUNCES secure financially responsible distributer handle New York City; means hard work, but profits well worth while; give telephone. J 370 Times.

FOR SALE.

Plants and Factories.

COMMERCIAL PHOTOGRAPHIC PLANT, complete; established business. A. G., 175 Times.

Stores and Shops.

FOR SALE—LICENSED PAWN-SHOP AND sales store; established 16 years on Main St.; wonderful opportunity; pledged and stock will stand closest inspection. For further particulars, Irving J. Fink, 220 Main St., Orange, N. J.

LADIES' DRESS AND FUR CORNER [illegible] main thoroughfare, doing big business; must sell on account of sickness; bargain. Sullys, 96 Broadway, Flushing, L. I.

BARBER'S OPPORTUNITY, BEAUTIful fully fitted place, completely equipped, established two years; 5th Av. section; low rental. S 502 Times.

Garages.

FOLLOW "MAIER" FOR GOOD GARAGES. 160 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 0245.

FINANCING—LOANS.

AUTO OWNERS—QUICK LOANS, LOWEST RATES. NO PUBLICITY. WHILE IN YOUR POSSESSION. DEALS MADE SAME DAY. PEERLESS FINANCE CORPORATION, 2,700 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 5743.

BETHLEHEM FINANCE CORPORATION. AUTO OWNERS: QUICK ACTION. CAR IN YOUR POSSESSION. CONFIDENTIAL. NO RED TAPE; LOWEST RATES. MORTGAGE LOANS; RENT ASSIGNMENTS 1,650 Broadway, corner 51st St. Circle 0050.

COMMERCIAL FINANCING. Advances on accounts and merchandise. Consult our principals with your financial problems in strictest confidence. WORMSER & CO., 66 5th Av. Cor. 17th St.

MONEY FOR BUSINESS EXPANSION. Reorganization, commercial paper, real estate. Phoenix Factors Corp., 1,265 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS OBTAIN LOANS while using cars; quick answers; confidential. Bryant 2385.

Buildings and Babies

A careful builder usually thinks as highly of his new apartments as a mother of her first.

To avoid boasting, therefore, we ask you to compare some of the others—and there are good ones—with 77 Park Avenue.

Renting Agent
DOUGLAS L. ELLIMAN & CO.
15 East 49th Street—Plaza 9200

77 Park Avenue
Corner 39th Street

Lost Articles

Inform the readers of The New York Times immediately, in the event of a loss of a treasured possession, through an announcement in the Lost and Found columns.

Telephone LAckawanna 1000

Advertisements received before midnight are inserted the next day. Rate, 50 cents a line one time; 3 times in one week, 75 cents a line.

POLICE WILL START FIELD DAYS TODAY

Exhibition of Flying Will Be One of the Features at Jamaica Track.

EPINARD TO RUN A RACE

Athletic Contests Also on the Program—Department Clowns Will Perform.

The Police Department Field Days will open today at the Jamaica race track. The first day will be Governor's Day and next Saturday has been dedicated to Mayor Hylan. The program for today calls for boxing bouts between well-known prizefighters, flying and athletic events.

An aeronautical exhibition by the United States Army Air Service under command of Major William N. Hensley will be a feature of the day. There will be twenty-one army planes in the review. The first exhibition in the air will be formation flying. This will be followed by a demonstration of air fighting by two pursuit planes, and a five-mile race between five De Haviland planes. Two other planes will then chase released balloons, exploding them by contact, which the airmen call "bubble chasing." After a demonstration of how a village is bombed there will be two parachute drops, the weather permitting. Besides the army planes the cruising non-rigid airship J-1, commanded by Lieutenant Clinton H. Havill, United States Navy; three navy planes, units from the Curtiss Company and from the aviation division of the Police Department, will take part.

The exhibition will begin in the afternoon by the singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner" by Bianca Saroya, dramatic soprano; Tamaki Miura, lyric soprano; Manuel Salazar, tenor, and Giuseppe Interrante, baritone, of the San Carlo Grand Opera Company.

The Queens County Jockey Club will stage a number of races and Eugene Leigh, trainer of Epinard, has promised an exhibition race between the French champion and another to be selected, probably a stable mate.

The athletic events include the 100-yard dash, 300-yard run, one-mile run, one-mile relay race, shoe scratch race, throwing the hammer, tug-of-war and jumping. There will be an exhibition by the Riot Battalion under Captain Charles E. Schofield. Plenty of amusement will be furnished at nearly all times by a troupe of fifty clowns, the funny men of the department, gathered by Policeman Michael Connolly of Traffic B.

Music there will be in abundance. In addition to the professional singers and the department glee club, under Acting Lieutenant Patrick G. Fitzgibbons, it is also promised that the department band, the Municipal band, Keith's band, Catholic Protectory band and the Hebrew Orphan Asylum band will play.

WAR ON KLAN BEGUN BY GOVERNOR BLAINE

Suspends Wisconsin Prosecutor and Declares Hooded Order a Menace to Peace.

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 5.—Governor Blaine started an open fight on the Ku Klux Klan today when he announced that an order had been issued suspending George B. Clementson as District Attorney of Grant County. The order was made effective Sept. 9.

The Governor in a letter declared that "the Klan is a potential menace to the peace and security of our citizens," and that "it incites to riots and lawlessness and engenders the possibility of bloodshed, such as has been repeatedly demonstrated at Herrin, Ill., and other places." The Klan, he said, "must not be permitted to get a foothold in Wisconsin."

The letter was written as the result of a hooded parade at Boscobel three weeks ago and of difficulties at Muscoda, also in Grant County, as a result of which one man was shot and wounded.

The Governor charges that Clementson failed to follow his orders regarding the prosecution of those alleged to have been involved in the Boscobel demonstration when a Deputy Sheriff was said to have been assaulted.

Clementson today stated he would appear in Madison on Sept. 9 to tell his side of the case to the Governor. He indicated he would go to the Supreme Court if the Governor's removal order was not rescinded.

23 DETECTIVES REDUCED.

All Sent Back to Uniform Patrol Duty—24 New Appointments.

Police Commissioner Enright reduced twenty-three detectives yesterday and sent them to uniformed patrol duty. John J. Kennel, first grade, was transferred from the Lost Property Bureau. He will lose $800 a year in salary. The other twenty-two, belonging to the second grade, and the stations from which they were transferred are:

James E. Key, Fifth Street; John E. Sheedy, East Thirty-fifth Street; Alfred Benfor, East Sixty-seventh Street; John J. Downey, East 126th Street; William La Tour, East 126th Street; Edward J. Shields, West 135th Street; Sylvester Connaughton, Wadsworth Avenue; Arthur G. Wallet, Bay Ridge; John J. Keefe, Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn; Charles E. Pretting, Bergen Street, Brooklyn; John Kiely, Liberty Avenue, Brooklyn; Anthony Galewski and Ralph De Martini, Greenpoint Avenue, Brooklyn; George Sarter, Rockaway Beach; Richard T. Fahey and Thomas P. McGovern, Pickpocket Squad; Peter Minerman and Matthew Nelson, Lost Property Bureau; Italo Cassatti, Fifth Street; William H. Purcell, Morrisania, the Bronx; Frank Bals, Brooklyn Avenue, Brooklyn, and Henry E. Burgess, Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn.

Sergeant Edward F. England and the following patrolmen who have graduated from the detective school were assigned to the Detective Division as second grade detectives: James A. Corey, Patrick Shanley, George W. Morgan, George F. Rasburn, Sylvester Clader, Gaetano Grecco, Andrew M. O'Connor, Patrick J. J. Carey, William F. Cullen, Charles P. Dinegar, Samuel B. Bossom, Walter F. Curtis, John J. Mullen, James A. Curtain, Abraham Stern, Edward J. Curry, Thomas L. Harnett, Matthew J. Cash, William J. Greeley, George L. Knab, Cesari Bomanno, Edward J. O'Neill and John Pitrisslo.

The changes went into effect at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Bobbing Hurts Chefoo Hair Trade.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—American women have almost ruined the export trade of Chefoo, China, by having their hair bobbed. Figures from Consul John R. Puman, ceived by the Department of Commerce, disclosed that shipments of human hair from Chefoo during the first half of this year dwindled to $130,881, as compared with $461,399 in the corresponding period of 1923. Exporting of human hair is the chief item of Chefoo's foreign trade.

Saginaw Has a $200,000 Fire.

SAGINAW, Mich., Sept. 5.—Fire that destroyed the two four-story buildings occupied by the Bruske Hardware Company caused damage early today estimated at $200,000.

H. R. H. The Prince of Styles

The Stroller

All One Price $2.85

OUR windows are showing an assortment of styles that are showing up every other hatter in town—*and they're all $2.85.*

We're featuring some rakish grey light-weight felts that look like the pick of Piccadilly—*and they're all $2.85.*

Powder Blue, Pearl, Dove Grey, Polo Tan, Forest Brown—no matter what shade or shape you want, we have it. If you don't know what you want we'll *show* you. And no matter what hat you choose, we'll save you money. *For they're all $2.85.*

Kaufman

World's Largest Retailer of Hats

89 Nassau Street.
1 Park Row.
54 East 14th Street.
103 East 14th Street.
29 East 23rd Street.
Broadway & 32nd Street.
1380 Broadway.
123 West 42nd Street.
503 Eighth Avenue.
156 East 42nd Street.
1495 Broadway.
982 Third Avenue.
1524 Third Avenue.
1924 Third Avenue.
2292 Third Avenue.
3823 Third Avenue.
861 Prospect Ave.
501 E. Tremont Ave.
1407 St. Nicholas Ave.
258 West 125th Street.
109 Canal Street.
82 Delancey Street.

BROOKLYN
361 Fulton Street.
724 Broadway.
1371 Broadway.
1739 Pitkin Ave.

NEWARK
167 Market St., nr. Broad.

UNION HILL
163 Bergenline Avenue.

JERSEY CITY
142 Newark Avenue.

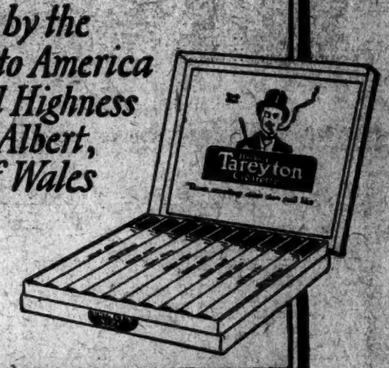
ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

The New PRINCE'S SIZE

22 KARAT GOLD TIP

Herbert Tareyton Cigarettes

Inspired by the second visit to America of his Royal Highness Edward Albert, Prince of Wales



Introducing The Prince's Size

Accept with our compliments this 50c package of the new Prince's Size with the purchase of each package of 100 Regular Size Herbert Tareyton.

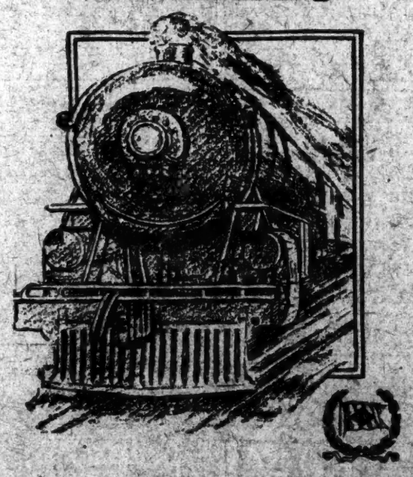
Herbert Tareyton Regulars, Humidor Tin of 100 $1.25
Herbert Tareyton 20's PRINCE'S SIZE .50
$1.75

Both for $1.25

Manufactured by The American Tobacco Co. Incorporated

"There's Something About Them You'll Like"

Lehigh Valley Service to Buffalo



Do you know that The Lehigh Limited leaves the Pennsylvania Station, New York every night at 8.10, arriving Buffalo 7.55 A. M.? Returning, leaves Buffalo 9.00 P. M., arriving New York 8.26 A. M. Standard Time.

Fare $14.29—the lowest available

For information, etc.—Phone, Bryant 4212

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WHAT IS THE TROUBLE IN CHINA?—The situation is reviewed and the helplessness of the Federal Government at Peking shown.

EPIC OF A NORTH ATLANTIC HURRICANE—Story of the half dozen men adrift six days on a raft with sharks in wait after the recent West Indian gale.

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